LC 3360 2013 Regular Session 2/6/13 (CMT/ps)

## DRAFT

## SUMMARY

Makes legislative findings regarding tax credit allowed for biomass. Provides that tax credit for biomass may be claimed only by bioenergy producer. Discontinues eligibility of agricultural producer or biomass collector to claim credit. Modifies relevant definitions. Eliminates fixed rates for credit for various types of biomass. Allows State Department of Energy to establish rates for credit. Authorizes Director of State Department of Energy to suspend or revoke tax credit certification in certain instances.

Applies to tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2014. Takes effect on 91st day following adjournment sine die.

## A BILL FOR AN ACT

2 Relating to tax credit for biomass; creating new provisions; amending ORS

3 315.141 and 459.109 and section 6, chapter 739, Oregon Laws 2007; repeal-

4 ing ORS 469B.403; and prescribing an effective date.

5 Be It Enacted by the People of the State of Oregon:

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**SECTION 1.** The Legislative Assembly finds and declares that:

7 (1) A bioenergy industry can help support and enhance key Oregon
8 industries in agriculture, forest products, food processing and natural
9 resource management.

10 (2) Strengthening the health of our environment, our rural com-11 munities and key industries in agriculture, forest products, food pro-12 cessing and natural resource management is a priority for the state 13 and will be advanced by a strategic, integrated approach to bioenergy 14 opportunities.

(3) Sustainable production of bioenergy provides a renewable source
 of energy and can reduce net greenhouse gas emissions, reduce air

pollution that is caused by wildfires, improve water quality, improve
fish and wildlife habitat, create jobs and provide economic benefits to
rural communities.

4 (4) The policy of this state is to support efforts to build and sustain
5 bioenergy facilities that will create jobs in Oregon and that will pro6 vide other environmental, economic and social benefits to the state.

7 (5) The goal of allowing an income or excise tax credit for biomass
8 production is to support the development of new bioenergy and biofuel
9 production facilities.

<u>SECTION 2.</u> Section 3 of this 2013 Act is added to and made a part
 of ORS chapter 315.

12 <u>SECTION 3.</u> (1) Under the procedures for a contested case under 13 ORS chapter 183, the Director of the State Department of Energy may 14 order the suspension or revocation of the certification issued under 15 ORS 315.141 if the director finds that:

(a) The certification was obtained by fraud or misrepresentation;
 or

18 (b) The bioenergy production facility is no longer in operation.

(2) As soon as the order of revocation under this section becomes
final, the director shall notify the Department of Revenue, the facility
owner, the contract purchaser or lessee and any transferee under ORS
315.144 of the order of revocation.

(3)(a) The Department of Revenue shall have the benefit of all laws 23of this state pertaining to the collection of income and excise taxes 24and may proceed to collect any amount due from the person that ob-25tained certification from the State Department of Energy or any suc-26cessor in interest to the business interests of that person. All prior tax 27credits provided to the holder of the certificate by virtue of the cer-28tificate shall be forfeited. No assessment of tax shall be necessary and 29no statute of limitation shall preclude the collection of taxes described 30 in this subsection. 31

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1 (b) For purposes of this subsection, a lender, bankruptcy trustee 2 or other person that acquires an interest through bankruptcy or 3 through foreclosure of a security interest is not considered to be a 4 successor in interest to the business interests of the person that ob-5 tained certification from the State Department of Energy.

6 (4) Notwithstanding subsections (1) to (3) of this section, a certif-7 ication held by a transferee under ORS 315.144 may not be considered 8 revoked for purposes of the transferee, the tax credit allowable to the 9 transferee under ORS 315.141 may not be reduced and a transferee is 10 not liable under subsection (3) of this section.

11 <u>SECTION 4.</u> ORS 315.141, as amended by section 15, chapter 45, Oregon
 12 Laws 2012, is amended to read:

13 315.141. (1) As used in this section:

14 [(a) "Agricultural producer" means a person that produces biomass in 15 Oregon that is used, in Oregon, as biofuel or to produce biofuel.]

(a) "Bioenergy" means electricity or thermal energy produced from
 biomass.

(b) "Bioenergy producer" means a person that produces bioenergy
 or biofuel in Oregon.

[(b)] (c) "Biofuel" means liquid, gaseous or solid fuels[,] derived from biomass[, that have been converted into a processed fuel ready for use as energy by a biofuel producer's customers or for direct biomass energy use at the biofuel producer's site]. "Biofuel" does not include hog fuel, chipped fuel, charcoal or pellets used for cooking.

25 [(c) "Biofuel producer" means a person that through activities in Oregon:]

26 [(A) Alters the physical makeup of biomass to convert it into biofuel;]

27 [(B) Changes one biofuel into another type of biofuel; or]

28 [(C) Uses biomass in Oregon to produce energy.]

(d) "Biomass" means organic matter that is available on a renewable orrecurring basis and that is derived from:

31 [(A) Forest or rangeland woody debris from harvesting or thinning con-

[3]

1 ducted to improve forest or rangeland ecological health and reduce uncharac2 teristic stand replacing wildfire risk;]

3 [(B) Wood material from hardwood timber described in ORS 321.267 (3);]

4 (A) Woody biomass as defined in ORS 526.005;

5 (B) Used cooking oil or waste grease that is composed of organic 6 polar compounds derived from vegetable, plant or animal sources;

7 (C) Agricultural residues;

8 (D) Offal and tallow from animal rendering;

9 (E) Food wastes collected as provided under ORS chapter 459 or 459A;

10 (F) Wood debris collected as provided under ORS chapter 459 or 459A;

11 (G) Wastewater solids; or

12 (H) Crops grown solely to be used for energy.

(e) "Biomass" does not mean wood that has been treated with creosote,
pentachlorophenol, inorganic arsenic or other inorganic chemical compounds
or waste, other than matter described in paragraph (d) of this subsection.

16 [(f) "Biomass collector" means a person that collects biomass in Oregon to 17 be used, in Oregon, as biofuel or to produce biofuel.]

[(g) "Oilseed processor" means a person that receives agricultural oilseeds
and separates them into meal and oil by mechanical or chemical means.]

20 (2) The Director of the State Department of Energy may adopt rules to 21 [define criteria, only as the criteria apply to organic biomass, to determine 22 additional characteristics of biomass] determine the eligibility of 23 bioenergy, biofuel production and biomass for purposes of the credit 24 allowed under this section.

(3)(a) [An agricultural producer or biomass collector] A bioenergy producer shall be allowed a credit against the taxes that would otherwise be
due under ORS chapter 316 or, if the taxpayer is a corporation, under ORS
chapter 317 or 318 for[:] the production of bioenergy or biofuel from
biomass that is produced or collected in Oregon.

30 [(A) The production of biomass in Oregon that is used, in Oregon, as 31 biofuel or to produce biofuel; or]

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1 [(B) The collection of biomass in Oregon that is used, in Oregon, as biofuel 2 or to produce biofuel.]

3 (b) A credit under this section may be claimed in the tax year [in] for
4 which the credit is certified under subsection (5) of this section.

5 [(c) A taxpayer may be allowed a credit under this section for more than 6 one of the roles defined in subsection (1) of this section, but a biofuel producer 7 that is not also an agricultural producer or a biomass collector may not claim 8 a credit under this section.]

9 [(d)] (c) A credit under this section may be claimed only once for each 10 unit of biomass.

[(e)] (d) Notwithstanding paragraph (a) of this subsection, a tax credit is not allowed for grain corn, but a tax credit shall be allowed for other corn material.

(4) The amount of the credit shall equal the amount certified under sub-section (5) of this section.

(5)(a) The State Department of Energy may establish by rule procedures and criteria for determining the amount of the tax credit to be certified under this section[, *consistent with ORS 469B.403*]. The department shall provide written certification to taxpayers that are eligible to claim the credit under this section.

(b) The State Department of Energy shall establish by rule credit rates for eligible biomass consistent with the rules established pursuant to subsection (2) of this section.

[(b)] (c) The State Department of Energy may charge and collect a fee from taxpayers for certification of credits under this section. The fee may not exceed the cost to the department of determining the amount of certified cost and of verifying compliance with this section.

[(c)] (d) The State Department of Energy shall provide to the Department of Revenue a list, by tax year, of taxpayers for which a credit is certified under this section, upon request of the Department of Revenue.

31 (6) The State Department of Energy may establish by rule proce-

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1 dures and criteria for verifying compliance with this section.

2 (7) If the director determines that the bioenergy or biofuel pro-3 duction is in accordance with this section and section 2 of this 2013 4 Act and any applicable rules or standards adopted by the director, the 5 director may enter into a performance agreement with the applicant 6 in anticipation of certification of credits under this section. The term 7 of the agreement may not exceed five years.

8 [(6)] (8) The amount of the credit claimed under this section for any tax
9 year may not exceed the tax liability of the taxpayer.

10 [(7)] (9) Each [agricultural producer or biomass collector] bioenergy pro-11 ducer shall maintain the written documentation of the amount certified for 12 tax credit under this section in its records for a period of at least five years 13 after the tax year in which the credit is claimed and provide the written 14 documentation to the Department of Revenue upon request.

[(8)] (10) The credit shall be claimed on a form prescribed by the Department of Revenue that contains the information required by the department.

[(9)] (11) Any tax credit otherwise allowable under this section that is 18 not used by the taxpayer in a particular tax year may be carried forward and 19 offset against the taxpayer's tax liability for the next succeeding tax year. 20Any credit remaining unused in the next succeeding tax year may be carried 21forward and used in the second succeeding tax year, and likewise any credit 22not used in that second succeeding tax year may be carried forward and used 23in the third succeeding tax year, and any credit not used in that third suc-24ceeding tax year may be carried forward and used in the fourth succeeding 25tax year, but may not be carried forward for any tax year thereafter. 26

27 [(10)] (12) In the case of a credit allowed under this section:

(a) A nonresident shall be allowed the credit under this section in theproportion provided in ORS 316.117.

30 (b) If a change in the status of the taxpayer from resident to nonresident 31 or from nonresident to resident occurs, the credit allowed by this section

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1 shall be determined in a manner consistent with ORS 316.117.

(c) If a change in the taxable year of the taxpayer occurs as described in
ORS 314.085, or if the department terminates the taxpayer's taxable year
under ORS 314.440, the credit allowed under this section shall be prorated
or computed in a manner consistent with ORS 314.085.

6 **SECTION 5.** ORS 459.109 is amended to read:

7 459.109. Nothing in ORS 215.203, 215.213, 215.283, 308A.056, 315.141,
8 315.144[,] and 469.320 [and 469B.403]:

9 (1) Supersedes any authority under ORS chapter 459 or 459A for cities and 10 counties to regulate the collection of solid waste; or

11 (2) Authorizes the collection of solid waste within a city or county with-12 out permission of the city or county.

SECTION 6. Section 6, chapter 739, Oregon Laws 2007, as amended by
section 5, chapter 590, Oregon Laws 2007, section 18, chapter 913, Oregon
Laws 2009, and section 2, chapter 730, Oregon Laws 2011, is amended to read:
Sec. 6. (1) ORS 315.141[,] and 315.144 [and 469.790] apply to tax credits
for tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2007, and before January 1,
2018.

(2) Notwithstanding subsection (1) of this section, a tax credit is not allowed for wheat grain (other than nongrain wheat material) for tax years
beginning before January 1, 2009, or on or after January 1, 2018.

22 SECTION 7. ORS 469B.403 is repealed.

23 <u>SECTION 8.</u> Section 3 of this 2013 Act, the amendments to ORS 24 315.141 and 459.109 and section 6, chapter 739, Oregon Laws 2007, by 25 sections 4 to 6 of this 2013 Act and the repeal of ORS 469B.403 by sec-26 tion 7 of this 2013 Act apply to tax years beginning on or after January 27 1, 2014.

<u>SECTION 9.</u> This 2013 Act takes effect on the 91st day after the date
 on which the 2013 regular session of the Seventy-seventh Legislative
 Assembly adjourns sine die.

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