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To: Public Safety Subcommittee

From: John Terpening, Legislative Fiscal Office (503) 986-1824

**Date:** June 25, 2013

Subject: HB 2117 Work Session Recommendations

HB 2117 relates to driving while under the influence of intoxicants. The measure clarifies that nothing in the implied consent law precludes a police officer from obtaining a chemical test of a person's breath or blood through lawful means for use in a crminial or civil proceeding.

The measure, the original staff measure summary, preliminary Joint Committee on Ways and Means staff measure summary, revenue impact statement [if available], and fiscal impact statement are available on the Oregon Legislative Information System (OLIS).

The measure previously had a work session in the Judiciary Committee on April 15<sup>th</sup>, 2013 and was referred to the Joint Committee on Ways and Means.

The –A9 amendment replaces the original measure and is a response to the United States Supreme Court decision, Missouri v. McNeely, decided April 17, 2013. There is no fiscal impact as a result of this measure.

## Motion to Move Measure

The measure is recommended to be amended and moved to the full Committee on Joint Ways and Means, as amended.

# Motion: Move the dash A9 amendment into HB 2117.

# Motion: Move HB 2117 to the full committee with a "do pass as amended" recommendation.

## **Assignment of Carriers**

Full:	
2nd Chamber:	

## FISCAL IMPACT OF PROPOSED LEGISLATION

Seventy-Seventh Oregon Legislative Assembly – 2013 Regular Session Legislative Fiscal Office

Only Impacts on Original or Engrossed Versions are Considered Official

Prepared by:John TerpeningReviewed by:Steve Bender, Linda Gilbert, Linda AmesDate:6-25-2013

#### Measure Description:

Provides for certification of ignition interlock devices and certification of service centers that install ignition interlock devices.

#### Government Unit(s) Affected:

Judicial Department, Oregon Department of Transportation (ODOT), Cities, Counties, Oregon Health Authority (OHA)

#### Analysis:

The proposed legislation has been determined to have

# **NO EXPENDITURE IMPACT**

on state or local government.

HB 2117-A9 (LC 257) 6/25/13 (HE/ps)

# PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO A-ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL 2117

1 On page 1 of the printed A-engrossed bill, delete line 3 and insert "813.100 2 and 813.140; and declaring an emergency.".

3 Delete lines 5 through 22 and delete pages 2 through 10 and insert:

4 "SECTION 1. ORS 813.100 is amended to read:

"813.100. (1) Any person who operates a motor vehicle upon premises open  $\mathbf{5}$ to the public or the highways of this state shall be deemed to have given 6 consent, subject to the implied consent law, to a chemical test of the person's 7 breath, or of the person's blood if the person is receiving medical care in a 8 health care facility immediately after a motor vehicle accident, for the pur-9 pose of determining the alcoholic content of the person's blood if the person 10 is arrested for driving a motor vehicle while under the influence of 11 intoxicants in violation of ORS 813.010 or of a municipal ordinance. A test 12shall be administered upon the request of a police officer having reasonable 13 grounds to believe the person arrested to have been driving while under the 14 influence of intoxicants in violation of ORS 813.010 or of a municipal ordi-15nance. Before the test is administered the person requested to take the test 16 shall be informed of consequences and rights as described under ORS 813.130. 17 "(2) No chemical test of the person's breath or blood shall be given, under 18 subsection (1) of this section, to a person under arrest for driving a motor 19 vehicle while under the influence of intoxicants in violation of ORS 813.010 20or of a municipal ordinance, if the person refuses the request of a police of-21ficer to submit to the chemical test after the person has been informed of 22

1 consequences and rights as described under ORS 813.130.

"(3) If a person refuses to take a test under this section or if a breath test under this section discloses that the person, at the time of the test, had a level of alcohol in the person's blood that constitutes being under the influence of intoxicating liquor under ORS 813.300, the person's driving privileges are subject to suspension under ORS 813.410 and the police officer shall do all of the following:

8 "(a) Immediately take custody of any driver license or permit issued by
9 this state to the person to grant driving privileges.

"(b) Provide the person with a written notice of intent to suspend, on forms prepared and provided by the Department of Transportation. The written notice shall inform the person of consequences and rights as described under ORS 813.130.

"(c) If the person qualifies under ORS 813.110, issue to the person, on
behalf of the department, a temporary driving permit described under ORS
813.110.

"(d) Within a period of time required by the department by rule, report action taken under this section to the department and prepare and cause to be delivered to the department a report as described in ORS 813.120, along with the confiscated license or permit and a copy of the notice of intent to suspend.

<sup>22</sup> "(4) If a blood test under this section discloses that the person, at the <sup>23</sup> time of the test, had a level of alcohol in the person's blood that constitutes <sup>24</sup> being under the influence of intoxicating liquor under ORS 813.300, the <sup>25</sup> person's driving privileges are subject to suspension under ORS 813.410 and <sup>26</sup> the police officer shall report to the department within 45 days of the date <sup>27</sup> of arrest that the person failed the blood test.

"(5) Nothing in this section precludes a police officer from obtaining
 a chemical test of the person's breath or blood through any lawful
 means for use as evidence in a criminal or civil proceeding including,

1 but not limited to, obtaining a search warrant.

<sup>2</sup> **"SECTION 2.** ORS 813.140 is amended to read:

"813.140. Nothing in ORS 813.100 is intended to preclude the administration of a chemical test described in this section. A police officer may obtain a chemical test of the **breath or** blood to determine the amount of alcohol in any person's blood or a test of the person's blood or urine, or both, to determine the presence of a controlled substance or an inhalant in the person as provided in the following:

9 "(1) If, when requested by a police officer, the person expressly consents 10 to such a test.

"(2) Notwithstanding subsection (1) of this section, from a person without the person's consent if:

"(a) The police officer has probable cause to believe that the person was
driving while under the influence of intoxicants and that evidence of the
offense will be found in the person's blood or urine; and

"(b) The person is unconscious or otherwise in a condition rendering the
 person incapable of expressly consenting to the test or tests requested.

"<u>SECTION 3.</u> The amendments to ORS 813.100 and 813.140 by
 sections 1 and 2 of this 2013 Act apply to offenses that occur on or after
 the effective date of this 2013 Act.

"<u>SECTION 4.</u> This 2013 Act being necessary for the immediate
preservation of the public peace, health and safety, an emergency is
declared to exist, and this 2013 Act takes effect on its passage.".

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#### 77<sup>th</sup> OREGON LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY – 2013 Session STAFF MEASURE SUMMARY

Joint Committee on Ways and Means

<b>Revenue:</b>	
Fiscal:	
Action:	
Vote:	
House	
Yeas:	
Nays:	
Exc:	
<u>Senate</u>	
Yeas:	
Nays:	
Exc:	
Prepared By:	John Terpening, Legislative Fiscal Office
Meeting Date:	[Full Committee Meeting Date]

**WHAT THE MEASURE DOES:** Clarifies that nothing in the implied consent law precludes a police officer from obtaining a chemical test of a person's breath or blood through lawful means for use in a criminal or civil proceeding

#### **ISSUES DISCUSSED:**

- Fiscal impact of the measure
- Proposed amendment

**EFFECT OF COMMITTEE AMENDMENT:** -A9 amendment replaces the original measure.

**BACKGROUND:** The change to HB 2117 is a response to the United State Supreme Court decision, Missouri v. McNeely, decided April 17, 2013. The measure reiterates the informed consent law.

## MEASURE: XB XXXX-X

Carrier – House: Rep. Carrier – Senate: Sen.