

# Alignment with the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act

Senate Health Care Committee
May 2, 2013

Judy Mohr Peterson Medical Assistance Programs Oregon Health Authority Bruce Goldberg, MD Director,
Director
Oregon Health Authority

## Oregon's Strategic Approach



- To move away from traditional budget balancing actions:
  - Cut people from care
  - Cut provider rates
  - Cut services

# Oregon's Strategic Approach Health Reform 2.0



- Changing care model to bend the cost curve
- Align purchasing of care model- begin with Oregon Health Plan – extend to other state purchasing and align with private sector purchasing

## Oregon's Strategic Approach Coordinated Care Organizations



- Serve Oregon Health Plan (Medicaid) members
- 15 across the state
- Coordinate mental and physical health care
- Global budget
- Designed to encourage wellness, not just treat illness
- Prevention, chronic disease management, community health workers
- Improving the way people receive care

## Coverage and Access to Care in Medicaid



- Medicaid/Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP)
  - Coverage expansion for low income adults up to 138% of poverty (2014)
  - Enhanced federal funding for new eligibles
    - 100% in 2014-16
    - 95% in 2017
    - 94% in 2018
    - 93% in 2019
    - 90% in 2020 and beyond

## Medicaid/Oregon Health Plan



- Currently covers children up to 300% Federal Poverty Level (FPL), categorical adults and about 60,000 non-categorical adults through OHP standard lottery.
- ACA allows expansion to all adults age 19-65 with incomes less than 138% FPL
  - Single person \$15,856 year
  - Family of four \$32,499
- Expert analysis of financial implications to Oregon completed in January

Table 2. ACA Medicaid Expansion Projected Financial Effect on Oregon by Funding Source, 2014 to 2020	
(Dollars in millions)	

Type of Effect	Effect on General Fund Expenditures	Effect on Other/Lottery Funds Expenditures	New Federal Funding and Tax Revenue	Net Effect on Health Care Expenditures
Expansion to newly eligible (excludes OHP Standard)	\$433		\$9,913	\$10,346
New enrollment by previously eligible (welcome mat effect)	\$158		\$278	\$436
New Coverage Subtotal	\$591	-	\$10,191	\$10,782
Transitioning select Medicaid enrollees to newly eligible category	(\$24)		\$24	-
Savings to state programs for uninsured	(\$204)			(\$204)
Transitioning OHP Standard to newly eligible category		(\$1,072)	\$1,072	-
Premium reductions for PEBB & OEBB	(\$93)	(\$37)		(\$130)
Savings Subtotal	(\$321)	(\$1,109)	\$24	(\$334)
Net Cost of Coverage	\$270	(\$1,109)	\$11,286	\$10,448
State tax revenue from economic activity	(\$349)		\$349	-
Net Effect of Expansion	(\$79)	(\$1,109)	\$11,635	\$10,448

Notes: Positive numbers represent expenditures; negative numbers (in parentheses) represent program savings or revenue offsets. Numbers that appear twice in a row represent a change in funding source (general or other funds to federal funds).

#### Impact of ACA

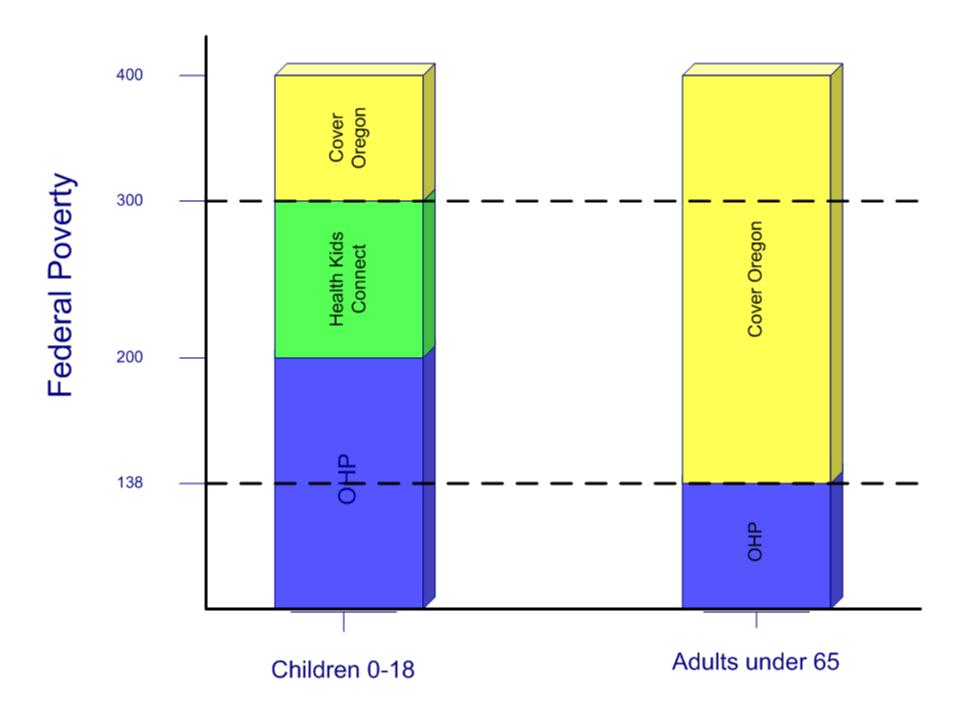


- ~180,000 uninsured adults could come on to the Oregon Health Plan next biennium
  - ~2/3 below poverty
  - ~1/3 living under 50% of poverty
- Diminished cost shift to those with insurance.
- County mental health and community corrections programs and mental health and drug courts, should see many of those they currently provide services to, having OHP coverage.

### **Program changes**



- More efficient eligibility and enrollment through Cover Oregon web site and customer service call centers
- Single OHP Benefit Package OHP Plus
  - Federal requirement for essential benefit package
  - OHP Standard does not meet federal benchmark
  - Medicaid Advisory Committee had a strong public process to recommend Oregon's Medicaid benefit



#### Children



- Currently:
  - 380,000 children in OHP
  - 7,900 children in Healthy Kids Connect
- HB 2091 OHP for children under 300% FPL
- Policy, fiscal and technical rationale follow

### **Policy**



- Children get a better benefit that is more affordable for families.
- There will be more continuity of care for children as ¼ of children fell off of HKC because of nonpayment of premiums.
- It is likely that more families will cover their children if in OHP.
- Children in OHP will be in CCO's and cost growth held to 3.4%.
- It will be easier for families to enroll in OHP 1/1/14 through the insurance exchange web portal.

#### **Fiscal**



- There are savings of ~ \$12 million GF for the 13-15 biennium
- It is expensive to administer a program for a small number of children

#### **Technical**



- With ACA changes Jan 1, 2014, families between 200-300% will be split with parents in the insurance exchange and children in either OHP (with HB2091) or HKC (without HB2091).
- The single web portal to enroll families in coverage will allow for enrollment of children in OHP and parents in Cover Oregon (the exchange).
- The portal is unable to enroll children in HKC at this time. (Technically too difficult and too expensive to program the needed system changes within the time frame to get the exchange operational.)





 Opportunity to give families choice of OHP or to purchase insurance on the exchange in 2015/16 using CHIP dollars

### **Statutory Changes**



- HB 2859: Alignment of state law with changes to federal Medicaid and Children's Health Insurance Program Laws
  - Makes technical and definitional fixes to clarify responsibilities of DHS and OHA in determining eligibility for public and medical assistance.
  - Makes changes in state statutes regarding medical assistance eligibility to conform with changes in federal law.
  - Allows Cover Oregon to be included in the transfer of information and delegation of duties for medical assistance eligibility determinations.

### **Statutory Changes**



- HB 2091: Transition children under 300% (FPL) to the Oregon Health Plan and phase out Healthy Kids Connect program
  - This bill ends the HKC program and transitions the HKC children to OHP, starting in October for newly eligible kids and taking one year for transition of current enrollees.