Senate Concurrent Resolution 19

Sponsored by Senators ROSENBAUM, COURTNEY

SUMMARY

The following summary is not prepared by the sponsors of the measure and is not a part of the body thereof subject to consideration by the Legislative Assembly. It is an editor's brief statement of the essential features of the measure as introduced.

In memoriam: Betty Roberts, 1923-2011.

1	CONCURRENT RESOLUTION
2	Whereas Betty Roberts was one who defined an era in the history of this state, serving as a
3	mentor and role model for many with strength, fairness, compassion and integrity; and
4	Whereas Betty Roberts was born in Arkansas City, Kansas, on February 5, 1923, spent much
5	of her childhood in Texas and moved to Oregon after World War II; and
6	Whereas Betty Roberts attended Eastern Oregon University and graduated from Portland State
7	College with a bachelor of science degree in education in 1958; and
8	Whereas Betty Roberts taught at Portland high schools and Mt. Hood Community College from
9	1958 to 1967; and
10	Whereas Betty Roberts earned a master's degree in political science in 1962 and a law degree
11	from Lewis and Clark Law School in 1966; and
12	Whereas Betty Roberts raised four children while pursuing her education, her teaching career
13	and launching her political career; and
14	Whereas Betty Roberts was first elected to the House of Representatives in 1964, representing
15	Multnomah County, and was re-elected in 1966; and
16	Whereas in 1968 Betty Roberts was elected to the Oregon Senate, where she was the only
17	woman; and
18	Whereas in 1971, Betty Roberts was a cosponsor of the landmark Bottle Bill, the first bill of its
19	kind in the nation and a model for similar legislation throughout the United States; and
20	Whereas Betty Roberts ran unsuccessfully for Governor of Oregon in 1974, but lost in the pri-
21	mary to the person who would become Governor, Robert W. Straub; and
22	Whereas Governor Straub appointed Betty Roberts to the Oregon Court of Appeals in 1977,
23	where she was the first woman to serve as appellate judge in the state's history; and
24	Whereas, when up for election to retain her position on the Court of Appeals, Betty Roberts
25	overcame discrimination based on her gender and won the election to a full six-year term in 1978;
26	and
27	Whereas Betty Roberts was appointed to the Oregon Supreme Court in 1982, again being the
28	first woman in the history of the State of Oregon to serve on the Supreme Court; and
29	Whereas Justice Roberts authored many landmark opinions including establishing, in Hewitt v.

NOTE: Matter in **boldfaced** type in an amended section is new; matter [*italic and bracketed*] is existing law to be omitted. New sections are in **boldfaced** type.

Whereas Justice Roberts retired from the Supreme Court in 1986 in order to spend time with

SAIF, that men and women have equal rights under the Oregon Constitution; and

her husband, Keith Skelton; and

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1	Whereas after retirement Betty Roberts continued to serve as a mediator and senior judge in
2	this state; and
3	Whereas Betty Roberts received many awards for her unflagging commitment to equality and
4	justice and for her leadership in promoting the role of women in the law and in politics; and
5	Whereas Betty Roberts died in Portland on June 25, 2011; now, therefore,
6	Be It Resolved by the Legislative Assembly of the State of Oregon:
7	That we, the members of the Seventy-sixth Legislative Assembly, express our gratitude for the
8	lifelong commitment to justice, leadership in combating discrimination and selfless service of Betty
9	Roberts on behalf of all Oregonians; and be it further
10	Resolved, That a copy of this resolution be presented with our condolences to Betty Roberts
11	children Dian, Jo, John and Randy.

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