Senate Bill 486

Sponsored by Senator BONAMICI (Presession filed.)

SUMMARY

The following summary is not prepared by the sponsors of the measure and is not a part of the body thereof subject to consideration by the Legislative Assembly. It is an editor's brief statement of the essential features of the measure **as introduced.**

Requires insurer using credit information in issuance of personal insurance policies to rerate any personal insurance policy held by consumer with insurer if requested by consumer even if credit information was not used by insurer in initial rating of policy.

Declares emergency, effective on passage.

A BILL FOR AN ACT

2 Relating to personal insurance policies; amending ORS 746.661; and declaring an emergency.

Be It Enacted by the People of the State of Oregon:

- **SECTION 1.** ORS 746.661 is amended to read:
- 5 746.661. (1) An insurer that issues personal insurance policies in this state:
 - (a) May not cancel or nonrenew personal insurance that has been in effect for more than 60 days based in whole or in part on a consumer's credit history or insurance score.
 - (b) May use a consumer's credit history to decline coverage of personal insurance in the initial underwriting decision only in combination with other substantive underwriting factors. An offer of placement with an affiliate insurer does not constitute a declination of insurance coverage.
 - (c) May not use the following types of credit history to decline coverage of personal insurance, calculate an insurance score or determine personal insurance premiums or rates:
 - (A) The absence of credit history or the inability to determine the consumer's credit history, if the insurer has received accurate and complete information from the consumer, unless the insurer does one of the following:
 - (i) If the insurer presents information that the absence of credit history or the inability to determine the consumer's credit history relates to the risk for the insurer, uses the absence of a credit history or inability to determine a consumer's credit history as allowed by rules adopted by the Director of the Department of Consumer and Business Services;
 - (ii) Treats the consumer as if the applicant or insured has neutral credit history, as defined by the insurer; or
 - (iii) Excludes the use of credit information as a factor and uses only other underwriting criteria.
 - (B) Credit inquiries not initiated by the consumer or inquiries requested by the consumer for the consumer's own credit information.
 - (C) Inquiries identified on a consumer's credit report relating to insurance coverage.
 - (D) Multiple lender inquiries identified as being from the home mortgage industry and made within 30 days of one another, unless only one inquiry is considered.
 - (E) Multiple lender inquiries identified as being from the automobile lending industry and made within 30 days of one another, unless only one inquiry is considered.
 - (F) The consumer's total available line of credit. However, an insurer may consider the total

NOTE: Matter in **boldfaced** type in an amended section is new; matter [italic and bracketed] is existing law to be omitted. New sections are in **boldfaced** type.

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amount of outstanding debt in relation to the total available line of credit.

(d) May not rerate an existing policy or rerate a customer based on a customer's credit history or the credit history component of a customer's insurance score when the marital status of the customer changes due to death or divorce.

(2)(a) If an insurer currently uses [the consumer's] credit history or insurance [score at any time in the rating of a personal insurance policy] scores in the initial rating of personal insurance policies, [the] a consumer may request, no more than once per insurer per policy line annually, that the insurer rerate [the consumer] every policy held by the consumer with the insurer, whether or not the policy has ever had a credit history or insurance score applied to it, according to the standards that the insurer would apply if the consumer were initially applying for the same insurance policy.

- (b) The insurer shall rerate the consumer within 30 days after receiving a request from the consumer. After rerating the consumer based upon the request, the insurer may not use credit information from rerating to increase the premium on any personal insurance policy the consumer holds. If the consumer qualifies for a more favorable rating category, the insurer shall reduce the premiums on all the personal insurance policies the consumer holds in the related policy line for which the consumer's credit history and insurance score would entitle the consumer to lower premiums if the consumer were applying for a new policy. The effective date of any rate change is the date of the consumer's request.
- (c) If a request to rerate a policy is received within 60 days prior to a renewal date, or if the difference between the current rate and the improved rate is less than \$10, the insurer may provide the consumer with the difference between the current rate and the improved rate over the remainder of the current period as a credit upon renewal. If the policy is canceled or not renewed, the insurer shall refund the unearned premium. Any existing claim-related discounts or surcharges shall carry forward for each rerated policy.
- (3) If an insurer uses disputed credit history to determine eligibility for coverage of personal insurance and places a consumer with an affiliate that charges higher premiums or offers less favorable policy terms:
- (a) The insurer shall rerate the policy retroactive to the effective date of the current policy term; and
- (b) The policy, as reissued or rerated, shall provide the premiums and policy terms for which the consumer would have been eligible if accurate credit history had been used to determine eligibility.
- (4) If an insurer charges higher premiums due to disputed credit history, the insurer shall rerate the policy retroactive to the effective date of the current policy term. As rerated, the insurer shall charge the consumer the same premiums the consumer would have been charged if accurate credit history had been used to calculate an insurance score.
- (5) Subsections (3) and (4) of this section apply only if the consumer resolves the credit dispute under the process set forth in the federal Fair Credit Reporting Act (15 U.S.C. 1681) and notifies the insurer in writing that the dispute has been resolved.
- (6) Except as provided in subsections (2), (3) and (4) of this section, an insurer may only use rating factors other than credit history or insurance score to rerate the policy at renewal.

SECTION 2. This 2011 Act being necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health and safety, an emergency is declared to exist, and this 2011 Act takes effect on its passage.