

A-Engrossed
Senate Bill 405

Ordered by the Senate April 13
Including Senate Amendments dated April 13

Printed pursuant to Senate Interim Rule 213.28 by order of the President of the Senate in conformance with pre-session filing rules, indicating neither advocacy nor opposition on the part of the President (at the request of Senate Interim Committee on Judiciary)

SUMMARY

The following summary is not prepared by the sponsors of the measure and is not a part of the body thereof subject to consideration by the Legislative Assembly. It is an editor's brief statement of the essential features of the measure.

Allows State Board of Higher Education to authorize university under board control to establish police department.

Declares emergency, effective on passage.

A BILL FOR AN ACT

1
2 Relating to university police; creating new provisions; amending ORS 40.275, 44.550, 90.440, 124.050,
3 131.605, 133.005, 133.033, 133.318, 133.525, 133.721, 133.726, 136.595, 146.003, 147.425, 153.005,
4 153.630, 161.015, 163.730, 165.535, 180.320, 181.010, 181.610, 181.715, 181.781, 181.860, 236.350,
5 238.005, 238.608, 243.005, 348.270, 414.805, 419B.005, 419B.902, 420.905, 430.735, 441.630, 506.521,
6 609.652, 686.450, 756.160, 801.395, 810.410, 811.720, 811.745, 811.747, 823.081 and 830.005 and sec-
7 tion 2, chapter 102, Oregon Laws 2010; and declaring an emergency.

8 **Be It Enacted by the People of the State of Oregon:**

9 **SECTION 1. (1) The State Board of Higher Education may, at the request of a public**
10 **university under its control, authorize the university to establish a police department and**
11 **commission one or more employees as police officers. A police department established under**
12 **this section has all of the authority and immunity of a municipal police department of this**
13 **state.**

14 **(2) Police officers commissioned under this section:**

15 **(a) May enforce criminal laws and any administrative rules and policies adopted by the**
16 **board or the commissioning university; and**

17 **(b) Have all the authority and immunity of a peace officer or police officer of this state.**

18 **(3) When a university establishes a police department and commissions one or more**
19 **employees as police officers, the president of the university, in cooperation with the chief**
20 **of the police department, shall establish a process by which the university will receive and**
21 **respond to complaints involving the policies of the police department and the conduct of the**
22 **police officers.**

23 **(4) The board may:**

24 **(a) Enter into an agreement, or authorize a university under its control to enter into an**
25 **agreement, with a municipal corporation or any department, agency or political subdivision**
26 **of this state for the provision of mutual aid by their respective police officers.**

NOTE: Matter in **boldfaced** type in an amended section is new; matter *[italic and bracketed]* is existing law to be omitted. New sections are in **boldfaced** type.

1 **(b) Adopt rules to carry out the provisions of this section.**

2 **SECTION 2.** ORS 40.275 is amended to read:

3 40.275. (1) As used in this section, “unit of government” means:

4 **(a)** The federal government or any state or political subdivision thereof; **or**

5 **(b) A university that has commissioned police officers under section 1 of this 2011 Act.**

6 (2) A unit of government has a privilege to refuse to disclose the identity of a person who has
7 furnished information relating to or assisting in an investigation of a possible violation of law to a
8 law enforcement officer or member of a legislative committee or its staff conducting an investi-
9 gation.

10 (3) The privilege created by this section may be claimed by an appropriate representative of the
11 unit of government if the information was furnished to an officer thereof.

12 (4) No privilege exists under this section:

13 (a) If the identity of the informer or the informer’s interest in the subject matter of the com-
14 munication has been disclosed to those who would have cause to resent the communication by a
15 holder of the privilege or by the informer’s own action, or if the informer appears as a witness for
16 the unit of government.

17 (b) If it appears from the evidence in the case or from other showing by a party that an informer
18 may be able to give testimony necessary to a fair determination of the issue of guilt or innocence
19 in a criminal case or of a material issue on the merits in a civil case to which the unit of govern-
20 ment is a party, and the unit of government invokes the privilege, and the judge gives the unit of
21 government an opportunity to show in camera facts relevant to determining whether the informer
22 can, in fact, supply that testimony. The showing will ordinarily be in the form of affidavits, but the
23 judge may direct that testimony be taken if the judge finds that the matter cannot be resolved sat-
24 isfactorily upon affidavit. If the judge finds that there is a reasonable probability that the informer
25 can give the testimony, and the unit of government elects not to disclose identity of the informer,
26 the judge on motion of the defendant in a criminal case shall dismiss the charges to which the tes-
27 timony would relate, and the judge may do so on the judge’s own motion. In civil cases, the judge
28 may make any order that justice requires. Evidence submitted to the judge shall be sealed and pre-
29 served to be made available to the appellate court in the event of an appeal, and the contents shall
30 not otherwise be revealed without consent of the unit of government. All counsel and parties shall
31 be permitted to be present at every stage of proceedings under this paragraph except a showing in
32 camera, at which no counsel or party shall be permitted to be present.

33 (c) If information from an informer is relied upon to establish the legality of the means by which
34 evidence was obtained and the judge is not satisfied that the information was received from an in-
35 former reasonably believed to be reliable or credible. The judge may require the identity of the
36 informer to be disclosed. The judge shall, on request of the unit of government, direct that the dis-
37 closure be made in camera. All counsel and parties concerned with the issue of legality shall be
38 permitted to be present at every stage of proceedings under this paragraph except a disclosure in
39 camera, at which no counsel or party shall be permitted to be present. If disclosure of the identity
40 of the informer is made in camera, the record thereof shall be sealed and preserved to be made
41 available to the appellate court in the event of an appeal, and the contents shall not otherwise be
42 revealed without consent of the unit of government.

43 **SECTION 3.** ORS 44.550 is amended to read:

44 44.550. As used in ORS 44.550 to 44.566:

45 (1) “Civil case” means any proceeding other than a criminal prosecution.

1 (2) "Law enforcement unit" means:

2 (a) The police department of a city *[or]*;

3 (b) The sheriff's department or other police organization of a county; **or**

4 (c) **A police department established by a university under section 1 of this 2011 Act.**

5 (3) "Police officer" means an officer or member of a law enforcement unit who is employed
6 full-time as a peace officer by the city or county and who is responsible for enforcing the criminal
7 laws of this state.

8 (4) "Tribunal" means any person or body before which attendance of witnesses may be required
9 by subpoena, including an arbitrator in arbitration proceedings.

10 **SECTION 4.** ORS 90.440 is amended to read:

11 90.440. (1) As used in this section:

12 (a) "Group recovery home" means a place that provides occupants with shared living facilities
13 and that meets the description of a group home under 42 U.S.C. 300x-25.

14 (b) "Illegal drugs" includes controlled substances or prescription drugs:

15 (A) For which the tenant does not have a valid prescription; or

16 (B) That are used by the tenant in a manner contrary to the prescribed regimen.

17 (c) "Peace officer" means a sheriff, constable, marshal or deputy or a member of a state or city
18 police force, **or a police officer commissioned by a university under section 1 of this 2011**
19 **Act.**

20 (2) Notwithstanding ORS 90.375 and 90.435, a group recovery home may terminate a tenancy and
21 peaceably remove a tenant without complying with ORS 105.105 to 105.168 if the tenant has used
22 or possessed alcohol or illegal drugs within the preceding seven days. For purposes of this sub-
23 section, the following are sufficient proof that a tenant has used or possessed alcohol or illegal
24 drugs:

25 (a) The tenant fails a test for alcohol or illegal drug use;

26 (b) The tenant refuses a request made in good faith by the group recovery home that the tenant
27 take a test for alcohol or illegal drug use; or

28 (c) Any person has personally observed the tenant using or possessing alcohol or illegal drugs.

29 (3) A group recovery home that undertakes the removal of a tenant under this section shall
30 personally deliver to the tenant a written notice that:

31 (a) Describes why the tenant is being removed;

32 (b) Describes the proof that the tenant has used or possessed alcohol or illegal drugs within the
33 seven days preceding delivery of the notice;

34 (c) Specifies the date and time by which the tenant must move out of the group recovery home;

35 (d) Explains that if the removal was wrongful or in bad faith the tenant may seek injunctive
36 relief to recover possession under ORS 105.121 and may bring an action to recover monetary dam-
37 ages; and

38 (e) Gives contact information for the local legal services office and for the Oregon State Bar's
39 Lawyer Referral Service, identifying those services as possible sources for free or reduced-cost legal
40 services.

41 (4) A written notice in substantially the following form meets the requirements of subsection (3)
42 of this section:

43 _____
44 _____
45 This notice is to inform you that you must move out of _____ (insert address of group

1 recovery home) by _____ (insert date and time that is not less than 24 hours after delivery
2 of notice).

3 The reason for this notice is _____ (specify use or possession of alcohol or illegal drugs,
4 as applicable, and dates of occurrence).

5 The proof of your use or possession is _____ (specify facts).

6 If you did not use or possess alcohol or illegal drugs within the seven days before delivery of
7 this notice, if this notice was given in bad faith or if your group recovery home has not substantially
8 complied with ORS 90.440, you may be able to get a court to order the group recovery home to let
9 you move back in. You may also be able to recover monetary damages.

10 You may be eligible for free legal services at your local legal services office _____ (in-
11 sert telephone number) or reduced fee legal services through the Oregon State Bar at 1-800-452-7636.
12 _____

13
14 (5) Within the notice period, a group recovery home shall allow a tenant removed under this
15 section to follow any emergency departure plan that was prepared by the tenant and approved by
16 the group recovery home at the time the tenancy began. If the removed tenant does not have an
17 emergency departure plan, a representative of the group recovery home shall offer to take the re-
18 moved tenant to a public shelter, detoxification center or similar location if existing in the commu-
19 nity.

20 (6) The date and time for moving out specified in a notice under subsection (3) of this section
21 must be at least 24 hours after the date and time the notice is delivered to the tenant. If the tenant
22 remains on the group recovery home premises after the date and time for moving out specified in
23 the notice, the tenant is a person remaining unlawfully in a dwelling as described in ORS 164.255
24 and not a person described in ORS 105.115. Only a peace officer may forcibly remove a tenant who
25 remains on the group recovery home premises after the date and time specified for moving out.

26 (7) A group recovery home that removes a tenant under this section shall send a copy of the
27 notice described in subsection (3) of this section to the Oregon Health Authority no later than 72
28 hours after delivering the notice to the tenant.

29 (8) A tenant who is removed under subsection (2) of this section may obtain injunctive relief to
30 recover possession and may recover an amount equal to the greater of actual damages or three
31 times the tenant's monthly rent if:

32 (a) The group recovery home removed the tenant in bad faith or without substantially complying
33 with this section; or

34 (b) If removal is under subsection (2)(c) of this section, the removal was wrongful because the
35 tenant did not use or possess alcohol or illegal drugs.

36 (9) Notwithstanding ORS 12.125, a tenant who seeks to obtain injunctive relief to recover pos-
37 session under ORS 105.121 must commence the action to seek relief not more than 90 days after the
38 date specified in the notice for the tenant to move out.

39 (10) In any court action regarding the removal of a tenant under this section, a group recovery
40 home may present evidence that the tenant used or possessed alcohol or illegal drugs within seven
41 days preceding the removal, whether or not the evidence was described in the notice required by
42 subsection (3) of this section.

43 (11) This section does not prevent a group recovery home from terminating a tenancy as pro-
44 vided by any other provision of this chapter and evicting a tenant as provided in ORS 105.105 to
45 105.168.

1 **SECTION 5.** ORS 124.050 is amended to read:

2 124.050. As used in ORS 124.050 to 124.095:

3 (1) “Abuse” means one or more of the following:

4 (a) Any physical injury to an elderly person caused by other than accidental means, or which
5 appears to be at variance with the explanation given of the injury.

6 (b) Neglect.

7 (c) Abandonment, including desertion or willful forsaking of an elderly person or the withdrawal
8 or neglect of duties and obligations owed an elderly person by a caretaker or other person.

9 (d) Willful infliction of physical pain or injury upon an elderly person.

10 (e) An act that constitutes a crime under ORS 163.375, 163.405, 163.411, 163.415, 163.425, 163.427,
11 163.465 or 163.467.

12 (f) Verbal abuse.

13 (g) Financial exploitation.

14 (h) Sexual abuse.

15 (i) Involuntary seclusion of an elderly person for the convenience of a caregiver or to discipline
16 the person.

17 (j) A wrongful use of a physical or chemical restraint of an elderly person, excluding an act of
18 restraint prescribed by a licensed physician and any treatment activities that are consistent with
19 an approved treatment plan or in connection with a court order.

20 (2) “Elderly person” means any person 65 years of age or older who is not subject to the pro-
21 visions of ORS 441.640 to 441.665.

22 (3) “Facility” means:

23 (a) A long term care facility as that term is defined in ORS 442.015.

24 (b) A residential facility as that term is defined in ORS 443.400, including but not limited to an
25 assisted living facility.

26 (c) An adult foster home as that term is defined in ORS 443.705.

27 (4) “Financial exploitation” means:

28 (a) Wrongfully taking the assets, funds or property belonging to or intended for the use of an
29 elderly person or a person with a disability.

30 (b) Alarming an elderly person or a person with a disability by conveying a threat to wrongfully
31 take or appropriate money or property of the person if the person would reasonably believe that the
32 threat conveyed would be carried out.

33 (c) Misappropriating, misusing or transferring without authorization any money from any ac-
34 count held jointly or singly by an elderly person or a person with a disability.

35 (d) Failing to use the income or assets of an elderly person or a person with a disability effec-
36 tively for the support and maintenance of the person.

37 (5) “Intimidation” means compelling or deterring conduct by threat.

38 (6) “Law enforcement agency” means:

39 (a) Any city or municipal police department.

40 (b) Any county sheriff’s office.

41 (c) The Oregon State Police.

42 (d) Any district attorney.

43 **(e) A police department established by a university under section 1 of this 2011 Act.**

44 (7) “Neglect” means:

45 (a) Failure to provide the care, supervision or services necessary to maintain the physical and

1 mental health of an elderly person that may result in physical harm or significant emotional harm
2 to the elderly person; or

3 (b) The failure of a caregiver to make a reasonable effort to protect an elderly person from
4 abuse.

5 (8) "Person with a disability" means a person described in:

6 (a) ORS 410.040 (7)(b); or

7 (b) ORS 410.715.

8 (9) "Public or private official" means:

9 (a) Physician, naturopathic physician, osteopathic physician, chiropractor, physician assistant
10 or podiatric physician and surgeon, including any intern or resident.

11 (b) Licensed practical nurse, registered nurse, nurse practitioner, nurse's aide, home health aide
12 or employee of an in-home health service.

13 (c) Employee of the Department of Human Services or community developmental disabilities
14 program.

15 (d) Employee of the Oregon Health Authority, county health department or community mental
16 health program.

17 (e) Peace officer.

18 (f) Member of the clergy.

19 (g) Regulated social worker.

20 (h) Physical, speech or occupational therapist.

21 (i) Senior center employee.

22 (j) Information and referral or outreach worker.

23 (k) Licensed professional counselor or licensed marriage and family therapist.

24 (L) Any public official who comes in contact with elderly persons in the performance of the
25 official's official duties.

26 (m) Firefighter or emergency medical technician.

27 (n) Psychologist.

28 (o) Provider of adult foster care or an employee of the provider.

29 (p) Audiologist.

30 (q) Speech-language pathologist.

31 (10) "Services" includes but is not limited to the provision of food, clothing, medicine, housing,
32 medical services, assistance with bathing or personal hygiene or any other service essential to the
33 well-being of an elderly person.

34 (11)(a) "Sexual abuse" means:

35 (A) Sexual contact with an elderly person who does not consent or is considered incapable of
36 consenting to a sexual act under ORS 163.315;

37 (B) Sexual harassment, sexual exploitation or inappropriate exposure to sexually explicit mate-
38 rial or language;

39 (C) Any sexual contact between an employee of a facility or paid caregiver and an elderly per-
40 son served by the facility or caregiver;

41 (D) Any sexual contact between an elderly person and a relative of the elderly person other
42 than a spouse; or

43 (E) Any sexual contact that is achieved through force, trickery, threat or coercion.

44 (b) "Sexual abuse" does not mean consensual sexual contact between an elderly person and a
45 paid caregiver who is the spouse of the elderly person.

1 (12) “Sexual contact” has the meaning given that term in ORS 163.305.

2 (13) “Verbal abuse” means to threaten significant physical or emotional harm to an elderly
3 person or a person with a disability through the use of:

4 (a) Derogatory or inappropriate names, insults, verbal assaults, profanity or ridicule; or

5 (b) Harassment, coercion, threats, intimidation, humiliation, mental cruelty or inappropriate
6 sexual comments.

7 **SECTION 6.** ORS 131.605 is amended to read:

8 131.605. As used in ORS 131.605 to 131.625, unless the context requires otherwise:

9 (1) “Crime” has the meaning provided for that term in ORS 161.515.

10 (2) “Dangerous weapon,” “deadly weapon” and “person” have the [*meaning provided for*]
11 **meanings given** those terms in ORS 161.015.

12 (3) “Frisk” is an external patting of a person’s outer clothing.

13 (4) “Is about to commit” means unusual conduct that leads a peace officer reasonably to con-
14 clude in light of the officer’s training and experience that criminal activity may be afoot.

15 **(5) “Peace officer” has the meaning given that term in ORS 133.005.**

16 [(5)] (6) “Reasonably suspects” means that a peace officer holds a belief that is reasonable under
17 the totality of the circumstances existing at the time and place the peace officer acts as authorized
18 in ORS 131.605 to 131.625.

19 [(6)] (7) A “stop” is a temporary restraint of a person’s liberty by a peace officer lawfully pres-
20 ent in any place.

21 **SECTION 7.** ORS 133.005 is amended to read:

22 133.005. As used in ORS 133.005 to 133.381 and 133.410 to 133.450, unless the context requires
23 otherwise:

24 (1) “Arrest” means to place a person under actual or constructive restraint or to take a person
25 into custody for the purpose of charging that person with an offense. A “stop” as authorized under
26 ORS 131.605 to 131.625 is not an arrest.

27 (2) “Federal officer” means a special agent or law enforcement officer employed by a federal
28 agency who is empowered to effect an arrest with or without a warrant for violations of the United
29 States Code and who is authorized to carry firearms in the performance of duty.

30 (3) “Peace officer” means:

31 (a) A member of the Oregon State Police [*or*];

32 (b) A sheriff, constable, marshal, municipal police officer[,] **or a police officer commissioned**
33 **by a university under section 1 of this 2011 Act;**

34 (c) **An** investigator of a district attorney’s office if the investigator is or has been certified as
35 a peace officer in this or any other state[.]; or

36 (d) An investigator of the Criminal Justice Division of the Department of Justice of the State
37 of Oregon.

38 **SECTION 8.** ORS 133.033 is added to and made a part of ORS 133.005 to 133.381.

39 **SECTION 9.** ORS 133.033 is amended to read:

40 133.033. (1) Except as otherwise expressly prohibited by law, any peace officer [*of this state, as*
41 *defined in ORS 133.005,*] is authorized to perform community caretaking functions.

42 (2) As used in this section, “community caretaking functions” means any lawful acts that are
43 inherent in the duty of the peace officer to serve and protect the public. “Community caretaking
44 functions” includes, but is not limited to:

45 (a) The right to enter or remain upon the premises of another if it reasonably appears to be

1 necessary to:

2 (A) Prevent serious harm to any person or property;

3 (B) Render aid to injured or ill persons; or

4 (C) Locate missing persons.

5 (b) The right to stop or redirect traffic or aid motorists or other persons when such action
6 reasonably appears to be necessary to:

7 (A) Prevent serious harm to any person or property;

8 (B) Render aid to injured or ill persons; or

9 (C) Locate missing persons.

10 (3) Nothing contained in this section shall be construed to limit the authority of a peace officer
11 that is inherent in the office or that is granted by any other provision of law.

12 **SECTION 10. ORS 133.318 is added to and made a part of ORS 133.005 to 133.381.**

13 **SECTION 11.** ORS 133.318 is amended to read:

14 133.318. (1) Any person who provides to a peace officer a copy of a writing purporting to be a
15 foreign restraining order as defined by ORS 24.190 knowing that no valid foreign restraining order
16 is in effect shall be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.

17 (2) Any person who represents to a [*police*] **peace** officer that a foreign restraining order is the
18 most recent order in effect between the parties or that the person restrained by the order has been
19 personally served with a copy of the order or has actual notice of the order knowing that the rep-
20 resentation is false commits a Class A misdemeanor.

21 **SECTION 12. ORS 133.400 is added to and made a part of ORS 133.005 to 133.381.**

22 **SECTION 13.** ORS 133.525 is amended to read:

23 133.525. As used in ORS 133.525 to 133.703, unless the context requires otherwise:

24 (1) "Judge" means any judge of the circuit court, the Court of Appeals, the Supreme Court, any
25 justice of the peace or municipal judge authorized to exercise the powers and perform the duties
26 of a justice of the peace.

27 (2) "Police officer" means:

28 (a) **A member of the Oregon State Police;**

29 (b) **A sheriff[,]** or municipal police officer[, *member of the Oregon State Police,*] **or a police of-**
30 **ficer commissioned by a university under section 1 of this 2011 Act;**

31 (c) **An** investigator of a district attorney's office if the investigator is or has been certified as
32 a peace officer in this or any other state[,]; or

33 (d) An investigator of the Criminal Justice Division of the Department of Justice.

34 **SECTION 14.** ORS 133.721 is amended to read:

35 133.721. As used in ORS 41.910 and 133.721 to 133.739, unless the context requires otherwise:

36 (1) "Aggrieved person" means a person who was a party to any wire, electronic or oral com-
37 munication intercepted under ORS 133.724 or 133.726 or a person against whom the interception was
38 directed and who alleges that the interception was unlawful.

39 (2) "Contents," when used with respect to any wire, electronic or oral communication, includes
40 any information concerning the identity of the parties to such communication or the existence,
41 substance, purport or meaning of that communication.

42 (3) "Electronic communication" means any transfer of signs, signals, writing, images, sounds,
43 data or intelligence of any nature transmitted in whole or in part by a radio, electromagnetic,
44 photoelectronic or photo-optical system, or transmitted in part by wire, but does not include:

45 (a) Any oral communication or any communication that is completely by wire; or

1 (b) Any communication made through a tone-only paging device.

2 (4) "Electronic, mechanical or other device" means any device or apparatus that can be used
3 to intercept a wire, electronic or oral communication other than:

4 (a) Any telephone or telegraph instrument, equipment or facility, or any component thereof that
5 is furnished to the subscriber or user by a telecommunications carrier in the ordinary course of its
6 business and that is being used by the subscriber or user in the ordinary course of its business or
7 being used by a telecommunications carrier in the ordinary course of its business, or by an investi-
8 gative or law enforcement officer in the ordinary course of official duties; or

9 (b) A hearing aid or similar device being used to correct subnormal hearing to not better than
10 normal.

11 (5) "Intercept" means the acquisition, by listening or recording, of the contents of any wire,
12 electronic or oral communication through the use of any electronic, mechanical or other device.

13 (6) "Investigative or law enforcement officer" means an officer or other person employed **to**
14 **investigate or enforce the law** by:

15 (a) A county sheriff or municipal police department, **or a police department established by a**
16 **university under section 1 of this 2011 Act;**

17 (b) The Oregon State Police, **the Department of Corrections, the** Attorney General[,] **or a**
18 **district attorney [or the Department of Corrections, and officers or other persons employed by]; or**

19 (c) Law enforcement agencies of other states or the federal government[, *to investigate or enforce*
20 *the law*].

21 (7) "Oral communication" means:

22 (a) Any oral communication, other than a wire or electronic communication, uttered by a person
23 exhibiting an expectation that such communication is not subject to interception under circum-
24 stances justifying such expectation; or

25 (b) An utterance by a person who is participating in a wire or electronic communication, if the
26 utterance is audible to another person who, at the time the wire or electronic communication oc-
27 curs, is in the immediate presence of the person participating in the communication.

28 (8) "Telecommunications carrier" means:

29 (a) A telecommunications utility as defined in ORS 759.005; or

30 (b) A cooperative corporation organized under ORS chapter 62 that provides telecommunications
31 services.

32 (9) "Telecommunications service" has the meaning given that term in ORS 759.005.

33 (10) "Wire communication" means any communication made in whole or in part through the use
34 of facilities for the transmission of communications by the aid of wire, cable or other like connection
35 between the point of origin and the point of reception, whether furnished or operated by a public
36 utility or privately owned or leased.

37 **SECTION 15.** ORS 133.726 is amended to read:

38 133.726. (1) Notwithstanding ORS 133.724, under the circumstances described in this section, a
39 law enforcement officer is authorized to intercept an oral communication to which the officer or a
40 person under the direct supervision of the officer is a party, without obtaining an order for the in-
41 terception of a wire, electronic or oral communication under ORS 133.724.

42 (2) For purposes of this section and ORS 133.736, a person is a party to an oral communication
43 if the oral communication is made in the person's immediate presence and is audible to the person
44 regardless of whether the communication is specifically directed to the person.

45 (3) An ex parte order for intercepting an oral communication in any county of this state under

1 this section may be issued by any judge as defined in ORS 133.525 upon written application made
2 upon oath or affirmation of the district attorney or a deputy district attorney authorized by the
3 district attorney for the county in which the order is sought or upon the oath or affirmation of any
4 peace officer as defined in ORS 133.005. The application shall include:

5 (a) The name of the applicant and the applicant's authority to make the application;

6 (b) A statement demonstrating that:

7 (A) There is probable cause to believe that a person whose oral communication is to be inter-
8 cepted is engaged in committing, has committed or is about to commit a particular felony, or a
9 misdemeanor under ORS 167.007, and that intercepting the oral communication will yield evidence
10 thereof; or

11 (B)(i) There is reasonable suspicion to believe that a person whose oral communication is to be
12 intercepted is engaged in committing, has committed or is about to commit a crime;

13 (ii) There is reasonable suspicion to believe that the circumstances in which the oral communi-
14 cation is to be intercepted present a substantial risk of death, serious physical injury or sexual as-
15 sault to a law enforcement officer or a person under the direct supervision of the officer;

16 (iii) Interception of the oral communication is necessary to protect the safety of the person who
17 may be endangered; and

18 (iv) Other investigative procedures have been tried and have failed or reasonably appear to be
19 unlikely to succeed if tried or are likely to be too dangerous; and

20 (c) The identity of the person, if known, suspected of committing the crime and whose oral
21 communication is to be intercepted.

22 (4) The judge may require the applicant to furnish further testimony or documentary evidence
23 in support of the application.

24 (5) Upon examination of the application and evidence, the judge may enter an ex parte order,
25 as requested or as modified, authorizing or approving the interception of an oral communication
26 within the state if the judge determines on the basis of the facts submitted by the applicant that:

27 (a)(A) There is probable cause to believe that a person is engaged in committing, has committed
28 or is about to commit a particular felony, or a misdemeanor under ORS 167.007; and

29 (B) There is probable cause to believe that the oral communication to be obtained will contain
30 evidence concerning that crime; or

31 (b)(A) There is reasonable suspicion to believe that a person whose oral communication is to
32 be intercepted is engaged in committing, has committed or is about to commit a crime;

33 (B) There is reasonable suspicion to believe that the circumstances in which the oral communi-
34 cation is to be intercepted present a substantial risk of death, serious physical injury or sexual as-
35 sault to a law enforcement officer or a person under the direct supervision of the officer;

36 (C) Interception of the oral communication is necessary to protect the safety of the person who
37 may be endangered; and

38 (D) Other investigative procedures have been tried and have failed or reasonably appear to be
39 unlikely to succeed if tried or are likely to be too dangerous.

40 (6) An order authorizing or approving the interception of an oral communication under this
41 section must specify:

42 (a) The identity of the person, if known, whose oral communication is to be intercepted;

43 (b) A statement identifying the particular crime to which the oral communication is expected
44 to relate;

45 (c) The agency authorized under the order to intercept the oral communication;

1 (d) The name and office of the applicant and the signature and title of the issuing judge;

2 (e) A period of time after which the order shall expire; and

3 (f) A statement that the order authorizes only the interception of an oral communication to
4 which a law enforcement officer or a person under the direct supervision of a law enforcement of-
5 ficer is a party.

6 (7) An order under ORS 133.724 or this section is not required when a law enforcement officer
7 intercepts an oral communication to which the officer or a person under the direct supervision of
8 the officer is a party if the oral communication is made by a person whom the officer has probable
9 cause to believe has committed, is engaged in committing or is about to commit:

10 (a) A crime punishable as a felony under ORS 475.840, 475.846 to 475.894 or 475.904 to 475.910
11 or as a misdemeanor under ORS 167.007; or

12 (b) Any other crime punishable as a felony if the circumstances at the time the oral communi-
13 cation is intercepted are of such exigency that it would be unreasonable to obtain a court order
14 under ORS 133.724 or this section.

15 (8) A law enforcement officer who intercepts an oral communication pursuant to this section
16 may not intentionally fail to record and preserve the oral communication in its entirety. A law
17 enforcement officer, or a person under the direct supervision of the officer, who is authorized under
18 this section to intercept an oral communication is not required to exclude from the interception an
19 oral communication made by a person for whom probable cause does not exist if the officer or the
20 person under the officer's direct supervision is a party to the oral communication.

21 (9) A law enforcement officer may not divulge the contents of an oral communication intercepted
22 under this section before a preliminary hearing or trial in which an oral communication is going to
23 be introduced as evidence against a person except:

24 (a) To a superior officer or other official with whom the law enforcement officer is cooperating
25 in the enforcement of the criminal laws of this state or the United States;

26 (b) To a magistrate;

27 (c) In a presentation to a federal or state grand jury; or

28 (d) In compliance with a court order.

29 (10) A law enforcement officer may intercept an oral communication under this section only
30 when acting within the scope of the officer's employment and as a part of assigned duties.

31 (11) As used in this section, "law enforcement officer" means an officer employed **to enforce**
32 **criminal laws** by:

33 (a) The United States, this state or a municipal government within this state[, or];

34 (b) A political subdivision, agency, department or bureau of [*those governments, to enforce crim-*
35 *inal laws*] **the governments described in paragraph (a) of this subsection; or**

36 (c) **A police department established by a university under section 1 of this 2011 Act.**

37 (12) Violation of subsection (9) of this section is a Class A misdemeanor.

38 **SECTION 16.** ORS 133.726, as amended by section 3, chapter 442, Oregon Laws 2007, is
39 amended to read:

40 133.726. (1) Notwithstanding ORS 133.724, under the circumstances described in this section, a
41 law enforcement officer is authorized to intercept an oral communication to which the officer or a
42 person under the direct supervision of the officer is a party, without obtaining an order for the in-
43 terception of a wire, electronic or oral communication under ORS 133.724.

44 (2) For purposes of this section and ORS 133.736, a person is a party to an oral communication
45 if the oral communication is made in the person's immediate presence and is audible to the person

1 regardless of whether the communication is specifically directed to the person.

2 (3) An ex parte order for intercepting an oral communication in any county of this state under
3 this section may be issued by any judge as defined in ORS 133.525 upon written application made
4 upon oath or affirmation of the district attorney or a deputy district attorney authorized by the
5 district attorney for the county in which the order is sought or upon the oath or affirmation of any
6 peace officer as defined in ORS 133.005. The application shall include:

7 (a) The name of the applicant and the applicant's authority to make the application;

8 (b) A statement demonstrating that there is probable cause to believe that a person whose oral
9 communication is to be intercepted is engaged in committing, has committed or is about to commit
10 a particular felony, or a misdemeanor under ORS 167.007, and that intercepting the oral communi-
11 cation will yield evidence thereof; and

12 (c) The identity of the person, if known, suspected of committing the crime and whose oral
13 communication is to be intercepted.

14 (4) The judge may require the applicant to furnish further testimony or documentary evidence
15 in support of the application.

16 (5) Upon examination of the application and evidence, the judge may enter an ex parte order,
17 as requested or as modified, authorizing or approving the interception of an oral communication
18 within the state if the judge determines on the basis of the facts submitted by the applicant that:

19 (a) There is probable cause to believe that a person is engaged in committing, has committed
20 or is about to commit a particular felony, or a misdemeanor under ORS 167.007; and

21 (b) There is probable cause to believe that the oral communication to be obtained will contain
22 evidence concerning that crime.

23 (6) An order authorizing or approving the interception of an oral communication under this
24 section must specify:

25 (a) The identity of the person, if known, whose oral communication is to be intercepted;

26 (b) A statement identifying the particular crime to which the oral communication is expected
27 to relate;

28 (c) The agency authorized under the order to intercept the oral communication;

29 (d) The name and office of the applicant and the signature and title of the issuing judge;

30 (e) A period of time after which the order shall expire; and

31 (f) A statement that the order authorizes only the interception of an oral communication to
32 which a law enforcement officer or a person under the direct supervision of a law enforcement of-
33 ficer is a party.

34 (7) An order under ORS 133.724 or this section is not required when a law enforcement officer
35 intercepts an oral communication to which the officer or a person under the direct supervision of
36 the officer is a party if the oral communication is made by a person whom the officer has probable
37 cause to believe has committed, is engaged in committing or is about to commit:

38 (a) A crime punishable as a felony under ORS 475.840, 475.846 to 475.894 or 475.906 or as a
39 misdemeanor under ORS 167.007; or

40 (b) Any other crime punishable as a felony if the circumstances at the time the oral communi-
41 cation is intercepted are of such exigency that it would be unreasonable to obtain a court order
42 under ORS 133.724 or this section.

43 (8) A law enforcement officer who intercepts an oral communication pursuant to this section
44 may not intentionally fail to record and preserve the oral communication in its entirety. A law
45 enforcement officer, or a person under the direct supervision of the officer, who is authorized under

1 this section to intercept an oral communication is not required to exclude from the interception an
2 oral communication made by a person for whom probable cause does not exist if the officer or the
3 person under the officer's direct supervision is a party to the oral communication.

4 (9) A law enforcement officer may not divulge the contents of an oral communication intercepted
5 under this section before a preliminary hearing or trial in which an oral communication is going to
6 be introduced as evidence against a person except:

7 (a) To a superior officer or other official with whom the law enforcement officer is cooperating
8 in the enforcement of the criminal laws of this state or the United States;

9 (b) To a magistrate;

10 (c) In a presentation to a federal or state grand jury; or

11 (d) In compliance with a court order.

12 (10) A law enforcement officer may intercept an oral communication under this section only
13 when acting within the scope of the officer's employment and as a part of assigned duties.

14 (11) As used in this section, "law enforcement officer" means an officer employed **to enforce**
15 **criminal laws** by:

16 (a) The United States, this state or a municipal government within this state[, or];

17 (b) A political subdivision, agency, department or bureau of [*those governments, to enforce crim-*
18 *inal laws*] **the governments described in paragraph (a) of this subsection; or**

19 (c) **A police department established by a university under section 1 of this 2011 Act.**

20 (12) Violation of subsection (9) of this section is a Class A misdemeanor.

21 **SECTION 17.** ORS 136.595 is amended to read:

22 136.595. (1) Except as provided in ORS 136.447 and 136.583 and subsection (2) of this section, a
23 subpoena is served by delivering a copy to the witness personally. If the witness is under 14 years
24 of age, the subpoena may be served by delivering a copy to the witness or to the witness's parent,
25 guardian or guardian ad litem. Proof of the service is made in the same manner as in the service
26 of a summons.

27 (2)(a) Every law enforcement agency shall designate an individual or individuals upon whom
28 service of subpoena may be made. At least one of the designated individuals shall be available dur-
29 ing normal business hours. In the absence of the designated individuals, service of subpoena pursu-
30 ant to paragraph (b) of this subsection may be made upon the officer in charge of the law
31 enforcement agency.

32 (b) If a peace officer's attendance at trial is required as a result of employment as a peace of-
33 ficer, a subpoena may be served on such officer by delivering a copy personally to the officer or to
34 one of the individuals designated by the agency that employs the officer. A subpoena may be served
35 by delivery to one of the individuals designated by the agency that employs the officer only if the
36 subpoena is delivered at least 10 days before the date the officer's attendance is required, the officer
37 is currently employed as a peace officer by the agency, and the officer is present within the state
38 at the time of service.

39 (c) When a subpoena has been served as provided in paragraph (b) of this subsection, the law
40 enforcement agency shall make a good faith effort to actually notify the officer whose attendance
41 is sought of the date, time and location of the court appearance. If the officer cannot be notified,
42 the law enforcement agency shall contact the court and a continuance may be granted to allow the
43 officer to be personally served.

44 (d) As used in this subsection, "law enforcement agency" means the Oregon State Police, a
45 county sheriff's department or a municipal police department, **or a police department established**

1 **by a university under section 1 of this 2011 Act.**

2 (3) When a subpoena has been served as provided in ORS 136.583 or subsection (1) or (2) of this
3 section and, subsequent to service, the date on, or the time at, which the person subpoenaed is to
4 appear has changed, a new subpoena is not required to be served if:

5 (a) The subpoena is continued orally in open court in the presence of the person subpoenaed;
6 or

7 (b) The party who issued the original subpoena notifies the person subpoenaed of the change
8 by first class mail and by:

9 (A) Certified or registered mail, return receipt requested; or

10 (B) Express mail.

11 **SECTION 18.** ORS 146.003 is amended to read:

12 146.003. As used in ORS 146.003 to 146.189 and 146.710 to 146.992, unless the context requires
13 otherwise:

14 (1) "Approved laboratory" means a laboratory approved by the State Medical Examiner as
15 competent to perform the blood sample analysis required by ORS 146.113 (2).

16 (2) "Assistant district medical examiner" means a physician appointed by the district medical
17 examiner to investigate and certify deaths within a county or district.

18 (3) "Cause of death" means the primary or basic disease process or injury ending life.

19 (4) "Death requiring investigation" means the death of a person occurring in any one of the
20 circumstances set forth in ORS 146.090.

21 (5) "Deputy medical examiner" means a person appointed by the district medical examiner to
22 assist in the investigation of deaths within a county.

23 (6) "District medical examiner" means a physician appointed by the State Medical Examiner to
24 investigate and certify deaths within a county or district, including a Deputy State Medical Exam-
25 iner.

26 (7) "Law enforcement agency" means a county sheriff's office, municipal police department, **po-**
27 **lice department established by a university under section 1 of this 2011 Act** and the Oregon
28 State Police.

29 (8) "Legal intervention" includes an execution pursuant to ORS 137.463, 137.467 and 137.473 and
30 other legal use of force resulting in death.

31 (9) "Manner of death" means the designation of the probable mode of production of the cause
32 of death, including natural, accidental, suicidal, homicidal, legal intervention or undetermined.

33 (10) "Medical examiner" means a physician appointed as provided by ORS 146.003 to 146.189 to
34 investigate and certify the cause and manner of deaths requiring investigation, including the State
35 Medical Examiner.

36 (11) "Pathologist" means a physician holding a current license to practice medicine and surgery
37 and who is eligible for certification by the American Board of Pathology.

38 (12) "Unidentified human remains" does not include human remains that are unidentified human
39 remains that are part of an archaeological site or suspected of being Native American and covered
40 under ORS chapters 97 and 390 and ORS 358.905 to 358.961.

41 **SECTION 19.** ORS 147.425 is amended to read:

42 147.425. (1) As used in this section:

43 (a) "Health care provider" has the meaning given that term in ORS 192.519.

44 (b) "Law enforcement agency" means:

45 (A) A city or municipal police department.

1 (B) A county sheriff's office.

2 (C) The Oregon State Police.

3 (D) A district attorney.

4 **(E) A police department established by a university under section 1 of this 2011 Act.**

5 [~~E~~] (F) A special campus security officer commissioned under ORS 352.385 or 353.050.

6 (c) "Person crime" means a person felony or person Class A misdemeanor, as those terms are
7 defined in the rules of the Oregon Criminal Justice Commission.

8 (d) "Personal representative" means a person selected under subsection (2) of this section to
9 accompany the victim of a crime to certain phases of an investigation and prosecution.

10 (e) "Protective service worker" means an employee or contractor of a local or state agency
11 whose role it is to protect children or vulnerable adults from abuse or neglect.

12 (2) A victim of a person crime, who is at least 15 years of age at the time the crime is com-
13 mitted, may select a person who is at least 18 years of age as the victim's personal representative
14 for purposes of this section. The victim may not select a person who is a suspect in, or a party or
15 witness to, the crime as a personal representative.

16 (3) Except for grand jury proceedings and child abuse assessments occurring at a child advocacy
17 center recognized by the Department of Justice, a personal representative may accompany the vic-
18 tim to those phases of the investigation, including medical examinations, and prosecution of the
19 crime at which the victim is entitled or required to be present.

20 (4) A health care provider, law enforcement agency, protective service worker or court may not
21 prohibit a personal representative from accompanying a victim as authorized by subsection (3) of
22 this section unless the health care provider, law enforcement agency, protective service worker or
23 court believes that the personal representative would compromise the process.

24 (5) A health care provider, law enforcement agency, protective service worker or court is im-
25 mune from any liability, civil or criminal, that might otherwise be incurred or imposed with respect
26 to a decision under subsection (4) of this section to prohibit a personal representative from accom-
27 panying a victim.

28 (6) The fact that a personal representative was allowed or was not allowed to accompany a
29 victim may not be used as a basis for excluding otherwise admissible evidence.

30 (7) The fact that a victim has or has not selected a personal representative under this section
31 may not be used as evidence in the criminal case.

32 **SECTION 20.** ORS 153.005 is amended to read:

33 153.005. As used in this chapter:

34 (1) "Enforcement officer" means:

35 (a) A member of the Oregon State Police.

36 (b) A sheriff or deputy sheriff.

37 (c) A city marshal or a member of the police of a city, municipal or quasi-municipal corporation.

38 **(d) A police officer commissioned by a university under section 1 of this 2011 Act.**

39 [~~d~~] (e) An investigator of a district attorney's office if the investigator is or has been certified
40 as a peace officer in this or any other state.

41 [~~e~~] (f) An investigator of the Criminal Justice Division of the Department of Justice of the
42 State of Oregon.

43 [~~f~~] (g) A Port of Portland peace officer.

44 [~~g~~] (h) Any other person specifically authorized by law to issue citations for the commission
45 of violations.

1 (2) "Traffic offense" has the meaning given that term in ORS 801.555.

2 (3) "Violation" means an offense described in ORS 153.008.

3 (4) "Violation proceeding" means a judicial proceeding initiated by issuance of a citation that
4 charges a person with commission of a violation.

5 **SECTION 21.** ORS 153.630 is amended to read:

6 153.630. (1) Costs and one-half of all fines collected in traffic offense cases by any court having
7 jurisdiction of the traffic offense shall be paid as follows:

8 (a) If collected in a circuit court, to be credited and distributed under ORS 137.293 and 137.295,
9 as a monetary obligation payable to the state.

10 (b) If collected in a justice court, to be credited and distributed under ORS 137.293 and 137.295
11 to the treasurer of the county in which the offense occurred, as a monetary obligation payable to
12 the county.

13 (c) If collected in a municipal court, to be credited and distributed under ORS 137.293 and
14 137.295 to the city treasurer, as a monetary obligation payable to the city.

15 (2) The other half of such fines shall be paid as follows:

16 (a) If resulting from prosecutions initiated by or from arrests or complaints made by a member
17 of the Oregon State Police, to be credited and distributed under ORS 137.293 and 137.295, as a
18 monetary obligation payable to the state.

19 (b) If resulting from prosecutions initiated by or from arrests or complaints made by a motor
20 carrier enforcement officer, to be credited and distributed under ORS 137.293 and 137.295, as a
21 monetary obligation payable to the state.

22 (c) If resulting from prosecutions initiated by or from arrests or complaints made by a city police
23 officer, including a city marshal or a member of the police of a city or municipal or quasi-municipal
24 corporation, to be credited and distributed under ORS 137.293 and 137.295:

25 (A) To the treasurer of the city or municipal or quasi-municipal corporation by which such po-
26 lice officer is employed, as a monetary obligation to that political subdivision of the state if the of-
27 fense occurred within the boundaries of the city or municipal or quasi-municipal corporation; or

28 (B) As a monetary obligation payable to the state if the offense occurred outside the boundaries
29 of the city or municipal or quasi-municipal corporation.

30 (d) If resulting from prosecutions initiated by or from arrests or complaints made by a sheriff,
31 deputy sheriff or county weighmaster, to be credited and distributed under ORS 137.293 and 137.295
32 to the treasurer of the county in which the offense occurred, as a monetary obligation payable to
33 that county and to be credited to the general fund of that county.

34 (e) **If resulting from prosecutions initiated by or from arrests or complaints made by a**
35 **police officer commissioned by a university under section 1 of this 2011 Act, to be credited**
36 **and distributed under ORS 137.293 and 137.295, as a monetary obligation payable to the uni-**
37 **versity.**

38 [(e)] (f) If resulting from prosecutions for parking in a winter recreation parking location, to be
39 credited and distributed under ORS 137.293 and 137.295, as a monetary obligation payable to the
40 state.

41 [(f)] (g) In other cases, to be credited and distributed under ORS 137.293 and 137.295, as a
42 monetary obligation to the same entity to which payment is made of the half provided for in sub-
43 section (1) of this section.

44 (3) If provisions of subsection (2)(b) or [(e)] (f) of this section are applicable, and if the fine or
45 penalty imposed is remitted, suspended or stayed, or the offender against whom the fine or penalty

1 was levied or imposed serves time in jail in lieu of paying the fine or penalty or a part thereof, the
2 committing judge or magistrate shall certify the facts thereof in writing to the State Court Admin-
3 istrator in the case of a circuit court or the Department of Revenue in the case of a justice or
4 municipal court not later than the 10th day of the month next following the month in which the fine
5 was remitted or penalty suspended. If any part of the fine is thereafter paid, it shall be remitted to
6 the judge or magistrate who imposed the fine or penalty, who shall distribute it as provided in
7 subsections (1) and (2) of this section.

8 (4) If a fine is subject to division between two entities under this section and a sentence to pay
9 a fine is imposed by the court, any remittance, suspension or stay of the fine portion of the sentence
10 must be attributed on an equal basis to both of the entities entitled to a share of the fine.

11 (5) Distribution of fines and costs collected in a justice or municipal court under this section
12 must be made not later than the last day of the month immediately following the month in which
13 the fines and costs are collected.

14 (6) All fines collected as a result of citations issued for a violation of ORS 813.095 and credited
15 and distributed to the state under subsections (1)(a) and (2)(a) of this section shall be deposited in
16 the State Police Account established in ORS 181.175 to be used by the Department of State Police
17 for the enforcement of laws concerning driving while under the influence of intoxicants.

18 **SECTION 22.** ORS 161.015 is amended to read:

19 161.015. As used in chapter 743, Oregon Laws 1971, and ORS 166.635, unless the context requires
20 otherwise:

21 (1) "Dangerous weapon" means any weapon, device, instrument, material or substance which
22 under the circumstances in which it is used, attempted to be used or threatened to be used, is
23 readily capable of causing death or serious physical injury.

24 (2) "Deadly weapon" means any instrument, article or substance specifically designed for and
25 presently capable of causing death or serious physical injury.

26 (3) "Deadly physical force" means physical force that under the circumstances in which it is
27 used is readily capable of causing death or serious physical injury.

28 (4) "Peace officer" means:

29 (a) **A member of the Oregon State Police;**

30 (b) **A sheriff, constable, marshal[,] or municipal police officer, or a police officer commis-**
31 **sioned by a university under section 1 of this 2011 Act;** *[member of the Oregon State Police,]*

32 (c) **An** investigator of the Criminal Justice Division of the Department of Justice or investigator
33 of a district attorney's office; and

34 (d) *[such other persons as may be]* **Any other person** designated by law **as a peace officer.**

35 (5) "Person" means a human being and, where appropriate, a public or private corporation, an
36 unincorporated association, a partnership, a government or a governmental instrumentality.

37 (6) "Physical force" includes, but is not limited to, the use of an electrical stun gun, tear gas
38 or mace.

39 (7) "Physical injury" means impairment of physical condition or substantial pain.

40 (8) "Serious physical injury" means physical injury which creates a substantial risk of death or
41 which causes serious and protracted disfigurement, protracted impairment of health or protracted
42 loss or impairment of the function of any bodily organ.

43 (9) "Possess" means to have physical possession or otherwise to exercise dominion or control
44 over property.

45 (10) "Public place" means a place to which the general public has access and includes, but is

1 not limited to, hallways, lobbies and other parts of apartment houses and hotels not constituting
2 rooms or apartments designed for actual residence, and highways, streets, schools, places of
3 amusement, parks, playgrounds and premises used in connection with public passenger transporta-
4 tion.

5 **SECTION 23.** ORS 163.730 is amended to read:

6 163.730. As used in ORS 30.866 and 163.730 to 163.750, unless the context requires otherwise:

7 (1) "Alarm" means to cause apprehension or fear resulting from the perception of danger.

8 (2) "Coerce" means to restrain, compel or dominate by force or threat.

9 (3) "Contact" includes but is not limited to:

10 (a) Coming into the visual or physical presence of the other person;

11 (b) Following the other person;

12 (c) Waiting outside the home, property, place of work or school of the other person or of a
13 member of that person's family or household;

14 (d) Sending or making written or electronic communications in any form to the other person;

15 (e) Speaking with the other person by any means;

16 (f) Communicating with the other person through a third person;

17 (g) Committing a crime against the other person;

18 (h) Communicating with a third person who has some relationship to the other person with the
19 intent of affecting the third person's relationship with the other person;

20 (i) Communicating with business entities with the intent of affecting some right or interest of
21 the other person;

22 (j) Damaging the other person's home, property, place of work or school;

23 (k) Delivering directly or through a third person any object to the home, property, place of work
24 or school of the other person; or

25 (L) Service of process or other legal documents unless the other person is served as provided
26 in ORCP 7 or 9.

27 (4) "Household member" means any person residing in the same residence as the victim.

28 (5) "Immediate family" means father, mother, child, sibling, spouse, grandparent, stepparent and
29 stepchild.

30 (6) "Law enforcement officer" means any person employed in this state as a police officer by:

31 (a) A county sheriff, constable[,] or marshal;

32 (b) **A police department established by a university under section 1 of this 2011 Act;** or

33 (c) **A** municipal or state police agency.

34 (7) "Repeated" means two or more times.

35 (8) "School" means a public or private institution of learning or a child care facility.

36 **SECTION 24.** ORS 165.535 is amended to read:

37 165.535. As used in ORS 41.910, 133.723, 133.724, 165.540 and 165.545:

38 (1) "Conversation" means the transmission between two or more persons of an oral communi-
39 cation which is not a telecommunication or a radio communication.

40 (2) "Person" means any person as defined in ORS 174.100 and includes public officials and law
41 enforcement officers of:

42 (a) The state[,];

43 (b) **A** county, municipal corporation or any other political subdivision of the state; **or**

44 (c) **A police department established by a university under section 1 of this 2011 Act.**

45 (3) "Radio communication" means the transmission by radio or other wireless methods of writ-

1 ing, signs, signals, pictures and sounds of all kinds, including all instrumentalities, facilities, equip-
2 ment and services (including, among other things, the receipt, forwarding and delivering of
3 communications) incidental to such transmission.

4 (4) "Telecommunication" means the transmission of writing, signs, signals, pictures and sounds
5 of all kinds by aid of wire, cable or other similar connection between the points of origin and re-
6 ception of such transmission, including all instrumentalities, facilities, equipment and services (in-
7 cluding, among other things, the receipt, forwarding and delivering of communications) incidental
8 to such transmission.

9 **SECTION 25.** ORS 180.320 is amended to read:

10 180.320. (1) All state agencies, district attorneys and all police officers of the state, county or
11 any municipality, **university** or court thereof, shall cooperate with the Division of Child Support
12 of the Department of Justice in furnishing and making available information, records and documents
13 necessary to assist in establishing or enforcing support obligations or paternity, in performing the
14 duties set out in ORS 25.080 and in determining the location of any absent parent or child for the
15 purpose of enforcing any state or federal law regarding the unlawful taking or restraint of a child
16 or for the purpose of making or enforcing a child custody determination. Notwithstanding the pro-
17 visions of ORS 109.225, 416.430, 432.121, 432.230 and 432.430, records pertaining to the paternity of
18 a child shall be made available upon written request of an authorized representative of the Division
19 of Child Support. Any information obtained pursuant to this subsection is confidential, and shall be
20 used only for the purposes set out in this subsection.

21 (2) Information furnished to the Division of Child Support by the Department of Revenue and
22 made confidential by ORS 314.835 shall be used by the division and its employees solely for the
23 purpose of enforcing the provisions of ORS 180.320 to 180.365 and shall not be disclosed or made
24 known for any other purpose. Any person who violates the prohibition against disclosure contained
25 in this subsection, upon conviction, is punishable as provided in ORS 314.991 (2).

26 **SECTION 26.** ORS 181.010 is amended to read:

27 181.010. As used in ORS 181.010 to 181.560 and 181.715 to 181.730, unless the context requires
28 otherwise:

29 (1) "Bureau" means the Department of State Police bureau of criminal identification.

30 (2) "Criminal justice agency" means:

31 (a) The Governor;

32 (b) Courts of criminal jurisdiction;

33 (c) The Attorney General;

34 (d) District attorneys, city attorneys with criminal prosecutive functions, attorney employees of
35 the office of public defense services and nonprofit public defender organizations established under
36 contract with the Public Defense Services Commission;

37 (e) Law enforcement agencies;

38 (f) The Department of Corrections;

39 (g) The State Board of Parole and Post-Prison Supervision;

40 (h) The Department of Public Safety Standards and Training; and

41 (i) Any other state or local agency with law enforcement authority designated by order of the
42 Governor.

43 (3) "Criminal offender information" includes records and related data as to physical description
44 and vital statistics, fingerprints received and compiled by the bureau for purposes of identifying
45 criminal offenders and alleged offenders, records of arrests and the nature and disposition of crimi-

1 nal charges, including sentencing, confinement, parole and release.

2 (4) "Department" means the Department of State Police established under ORS 181.020.

3 (5) "Deputy superintendent" means the Deputy Superintendent of State Police.

4 (6) "Designated agency" means any state, county or municipal government agency where Oregon
5 criminal offender information is required to implement a federal or state statute, executive order
6 or administrative rule that expressly refers to criminal conduct and contains requirements or ex-
7 clusions expressly based on such conduct or for agency employment purposes, licensing purposes or
8 other demonstrated and legitimate needs when designated by order of the Governor.

9 (7) "Disposition report" means a form or process prescribed or furnished by the bureau, con-
10 taining a description of the ultimate action taken subsequent to an arrest.

11 (8) "Law enforcement agency" means county sheriffs, municipal police departments, **police de-**
12 **partments established by a university under section 1 of this 2011 Act**, State Police, other po-
13 lice officers of this state and other states and law enforcement agencies of the federal government.

14 (9) "State Police" means the members of the state police force appointed under ORS 181.250.

15 (10) "Superintendent" means the Superintendent of State Police.

16 **SECTION 27.** ORS 181.610 is amended to read:

17 181.610. In ORS 181.610 to 181.712, unless the context requires otherwise:

18 (1) "Abuse" has the meaning given the term in ORS 107.705.

19 (2) "Board" means the Board on Public Safety Standards and Training appointed pursuant to
20 ORS 181.620.

21 (3) "Certified reserve officer" means a reserve officer who has been designated by a local law
22 enforcement unit, has received training necessary for certification and has met the minimum stan-
23 dards and training requirements established under ORS 181.640.

24 (4) "Commissioned" means an authorization granting the power to perform various acts or duties
25 of a police officer or certified reserve officer and acting under the supervision and responsibility of
26 a county sheriff or as otherwise provided by law.

27 (5) "Corrections officer" means an officer or member of a law enforcement unit who is employed
28 full-time thereby and is charged with and primarily performs the duty of custody, control or super-
29 vision of individuals convicted of or arrested for a criminal offense and confined in a place of
30 incarceration or detention other than a place used exclusively for incarceration or detention of ju-
31 veniles.

32 (6) "Department" means the Department of Public Safety Standards and Training.

33 (7) "Director" means the Director of the Department of Public Safety Standards and Training.

34 (8) "Domestic violence" means abuse between family or household members.

35 (9) "Emergency medical dispatcher" means a person who has responsibility to process requests
36 for medical assistance from the public or to dispatch medical care providers.

37 (10) "Family or household members" has the meaning given that term in ORS 107.705.

38 (11) "Fire service professional" means a paid or volunteer firefighter, an officer or a member
39 of a public or private fire protection agency that is engaged primarily in fire investigation, fire
40 prevention, fire safety, fire control or fire suppression or providing emergency medical services, light
41 and heavy rescue services, search and rescue services or hazardous materials incident response.
42 "Fire service professional" does not include forest fire protection agency personnel.

43 (12)(a) "Law enforcement unit" means a police force or organization of the state, a city, **uni-**
44 **versity that has established a police department under section 1 of this 2011 Act**, port, school
45 district, mass transit district, county, county service district authorized to provide law enforcement

1 services under ORS 451.010, Indian reservation, **the** Criminal Justice Division of the Department of
2 Justice, the Department of Corrections, the Oregon State Lottery Commission or common carrier
3 railroad whose primary duty, as prescribed by law, ordinance or directive, is any one or more of the
4 following:

5 (A) Detecting crime and enforcing the criminal laws of this state or laws or ordinances relating
6 to airport security;

7 (B) The custody, control or supervision of individuals convicted of or arrested for a criminal
8 offense and confined to a place of incarceration or detention other than a place used exclusively for
9 incarceration or detention of juveniles; or

10 (C) The control, supervision and reformation of adult offenders placed on parole or sentenced
11 to probation and investigation of adult offenders on parole or probation or being considered for
12 parole or probation.

13 (b) "Law enforcement unit" also means:

14 (A) A police force or organization of a private entity with a population of more than 1,000 res-
15 idents in an unincorporated area whose employees are commissioned by a county sheriff;

16 (B) A district attorney's office; and

17 (C) A private, nonprofit animal care agency that has maintained an animal welfare investigation
18 department for at least five years and has had officers commissioned as special agents by the Gov-
19 ernor.

20 (13) "Parole and probation officer" means:

21 (a) Any officer who is employed full-time by the Department of Corrections, a county or a court
22 and who is charged with and performs the duty of:

23 (A) Community protection by controlling, investigating, supervising and providing or making
24 referrals to reformatory services for adult parolees or probationers or offenders on post-prison
25 supervision; or

26 (B) Investigating adult offenders on parole or probation or being considered for parole or pro-
27 bation; or

28 (b) Any officer who:

29 (A) Is certified and has been employed as a full-time parole and probation officer for more than
30 one year;

31 (B) Is employed part-time by the Department of Corrections, a county or a court; and

32 (C) Is charged with and performs the duty of:

33 (i) Community protection by controlling, investigating, supervising and providing or making re-
34 ferrals to reformatory services for adult parolees or probationers or offenders on post-prison super-
35 vision; or

36 (ii) Investigating adult offenders on parole or probation or being considered for parole or pro-
37 bation.

38 (14) "Police officer" means an officer, member or employee of a law enforcement unit who is
39 employed full-time as a peace officer commissioned by a city, port, school district, mass transit dis-
40 trict, county, county service district authorized to provide law enforcement services under ORS
41 451.010, Indian reservation, the Criminal Justice Division of the Department of Justice, the Oregon
42 State Lottery Commission, **a university that has established a police department under section**
43 **1 of this 2011 Act** or the Governor or who is a member of the Department of State Police and who
44 is responsible for enforcing the criminal laws of this state or laws or ordinances relating to airport
45 security or is an investigator of a district attorney's office if the investigator is or has been certified

1 as a peace officer in this or any other state.

2 (15) "Public or private safety agency" means any unit of state or local government, a special
3 purpose district or a private firm which provides, or has authority to provide, fire fighting, police,
4 ambulance or emergency medical services.

5 (16) "Public safety personnel" and "public safety officer" include corrections officers, youth
6 correction officers, emergency medical dispatchers, parole and probation officers, police officers,
7 certified reserve officers, telecommunicators and fire service professionals.

8 (17) "Reserve officer" means an officer or member of a law enforcement unit:

9 (a) Who is a volunteer or who is employed less than full-time as a peace officer commissioned
10 by a city, port, school district, mass transit district, county, county service district authorized to
11 provide law enforcement services under ORS 451.010, Indian reservation, the Criminal Justice Divi-
12 sion of the Department of Justice, the Oregon State Lottery Commission, **a university that has**
13 **established a police department under section 1 of this 2011 Act**, or the Governor or who is a
14 member of the Department of State Police;

15 (b) Who is armed with a firearm; and

16 (c) Who is responsible for enforcing the criminal laws and traffic laws of this state or laws or
17 ordinances relating to airport security.

18 (18) "Telecommunicator" means any person employed as an emergency telephone worker as de-
19 fined in ORS 243.736 or a public safety dispatcher whose primary duties are receiving, processing
20 and transmitting public safety information received through a 9-1-1 emergency reporting system as
21 defined in ORS 403.105.

22 (19) "Youth correction officer" means an employee of the Oregon Youth Authority who is
23 charged with and primarily performs the duty of custody, control or supervision of youth offenders
24 confined in a youth correction facility.

25 **SECTION 28.** ORS 181.715 is amended to read:

26 181.715. (1) The Department of State Police or another criminal justice agency designated by the
27 Director of the Oregon Department of Administrative Services shall operate a Criminal Justice In-
28 formation Standards program that coordinates information among state criminal justice agencies.
29 The program shall:

30 (a) Ensure that in developing new information systems, data can be retrieved to support evalu-
31 ation of criminal justice planning and programs, including, but not limited to, the ability of the
32 programs to reduce future criminal conduct;

33 (b) Ensure that maximum effort is made for the safety of public safety officers;

34 (c) Establish methods and standards for data interchange and information access between crim-
35 inal justice information systems, in compliance with the technology standards and policies of the
36 Oregon Department of Administrative Services;

37 (d) Design and implement improved applications for exchange of agency information; and

38 (e) Implement the capability to exchange images between criminal justice agencies.

39 (2) The program shall develop a plan to accelerate data sharing and information integration
40 among criminal justice agencies. The plan shall include, but is not limited to, priorities, timelines,
41 development costs, resources needed, the projected ongoing cost of support, critical success factors
42 and any known barriers to accomplishing the plan. Representatives of criminal justice agencies and
43 public safety agencies, including but not limited to local law enforcement agencies, courts of crimi-
44 nal jurisdiction, district attorneys, city attorneys with criminal prosecutive functions, public
45 defender organizations established under ORS chapter 151, community corrections directors, jail

1 managers and county juvenile departments, shall be invited to participate in the planning process.
2 The program shall present the plan to the Director of the Oregon Department of Administrative
3 Services no later than May 30 of each even-numbered year for development of the Governor’s budget
4 report. The program shall submit the plan to the Joint Legislative Committee on Information Man-
5 agement and Technology no later than December 31 of each even-numbered year.

6 (3) Notwithstanding the meaning given “criminal justice agency” in ORS 181.010, as used in this
7 section and ORS 181.720, “criminal justice agency” includes, but is not limited to:

- 8 (a) The Judicial Department;
- 9 (b) The Attorney General;
- 10 (c) The Department of Corrections;
- 11 (d) The Department of State Police;
- 12 (e) Any other state agency with law enforcement authority designated by order of the Governor;
- 13 (f) The Department of Transportation;
- 14 (g) The State Board of Parole and Post-Prison Supervision;
- 15 (h) The Department of Public Safety Standards and Training;
- 16 (i) The State Department of Fish and Wildlife;
- 17 (j) The Oregon Liquor Control Commission;
- 18 (k) The Oregon Youth Authority; *[and]*
- 19 (L) The State Commission on Children and Families; **and**
- 20 (m) **A university that has established a police department under section 1 of this 2011**

21 **Act.**

22 **SECTION 29.** ORS 181.781 is amended to read:

23 181.781. As used in ORS 181.781 to 181.796:

24 (1) “Employ,” when used in the context of the relationship between a law enforcement agency
25 and a police officer, includes the assignment of law enforcement duties on a volunteer basis to a
26 reserve officer.

27 (2) “Law enforcement agency” means the Department of State Police, the Department of Justice,
28 a district attorney, a political subdivision of the State of Oregon *[and]*, a municipal corporation of
29 the State of Oregon **and a university**, that maintains a law enforcement unit as defined in ORS
30 181.610 (12)(a)(A).

31 (3) “Police officer” means a person who is:

- 32 (a) A police officer or reserve officer as defined in ORS 181.610; and
- 33 (b) Employed by a law enforcement agency to enforce the criminal laws of this state.

34 **SECTION 30.** ORS 181.860 is amended to read:

35 181.860. (1) For the purposes of this section:

36 (a) “Emergency services provider” means any public employer that employs persons to provide
37 firefighting services.

38 (b) “Emergency services personnel” means any employee of an emergency services provider who
39 is engaged in providing firefighting services.

40 (c) “Employee assistance program” means a program established by a law enforcement agency
41 or emergency services provider to provide counseling or support services to employees of the law
42 enforcement agency or emergency services provider.

43 (d) “Law enforcement agency” means any county sheriff, municipal police department, **police**
44 **department established by a university under section 1 of this 2011 Act**, the Oregon State Po-
45 lice and any state or local public body that employs public safety personnel.

1 (e) "Public safety personnel" means a sheriff, deputy sheriff, municipal police officer, **police of-**
2 **ficer commissioned by a university under section 1 of this 2011 Act**, state police officer, parole
3 and probation officer, corrections employee, certified reserve officer, telecommunicator or emer-
4 gency medical dispatcher.

5 (2) Any communication made by a participant or counselor in a peer support counseling session
6 conducted by a law enforcement agency or by an emergency services provider for public safety
7 personnel or emergency services personnel, and any oral or written information conveyed in the
8 peer support counseling session, is confidential and may not be disclosed by any person participating
9 in the peer support counseling session.

10 (3) Any communication relating to a peer support counseling session made confidential under
11 subsection (2) of this section that is made between counselors, between counselors and the supervi-
12 sors or staff of an employee assistance program, or between the supervisors or staff of an employee
13 assistance program, is confidential and may not be disclosed.

14 (4) The provisions of this section apply only to peer support counseling sessions conducted by
15 an employee or other person who:

16 (a) Has been designated by a law enforcement agency or emergency services provider, or by an
17 employee assistance program, to act as a counselor; and

18 (b) Has received training in counseling and in providing emotional and moral support to public
19 safety personnel or emergency services personnel who have been involved in emotionally traumatic
20 incidents by reason of their employment.

21 (5) The provisions of this section apply to all oral communications, notes, records and reports
22 arising out of a peer support counseling session. Any notes, records or reports arising out of a peer
23 support counseling session are not public records for the purpose of ORS 192.410 to 192.505.

24 (6) Any communication made by a participant or counselor in a peer support counseling session
25 subject to this section, and any oral or written information conveyed in a peer support counseling
26 session subject to this section, is not admissible in any judicial proceeding, administrative proceed-
27 ing, arbitration proceeding or other adjudicatory proceeding. Communications and information made
28 confidential under this section may not be disclosed by the participants in any judicial proceeding,
29 administrative proceeding, arbitration proceeding or other adjudicatory proceeding. The limitations
30 on disclosure imposed by this subsection include disclosure during any discovery conducted as part
31 of an adjudicatory proceeding.

32 (7) Nothing in this section limits the discovery or introduction in evidence of knowledge ac-
33 quired by any public safety personnel or emergency services personnel from observation made dur-
34 ing the course of employment, or material or information acquired during the course of employment,
35 that is otherwise subject to discovery or introduction in evidence.

36 (8) This section does not apply to:

37 (a) Any threat of suicide or homicide made by a participant in a peer support counseling session,
38 or any information conveyed in a peer support counseling session relating to a threat of suicide or
39 homicide;

40 (b) Any information relating to abuse of children or of the elderly, or other information that is
41 required to be reported by law; or

42 (c) Any admission of criminal conduct.

43 (9) This section does not prohibit any communications between counselors who conduct peer
44 support counseling sessions, or any communications between counselors and the supervisors or staff
45 of an employee assistance program.

1 **SECTION 31.** ORS 236.350 is amended to read:

2 236.350. As used in ORS 236.350 to 236.370:

3 (1) “Disciplinary action” means action taken against a public safety officer by an employer to
4 punish the officer, including dismissal, demotion, suspension without pay, reduction in salary, writ-
5 ten reprimand and transfer.

6 (2) “Just cause” means a cause reasonably related to the public safety officer’s ability to per-
7 form required work. The term includes a willful violation of reasonable work rules, regulations or
8 written policies.

9 (3) “Public safety officer” means:

10 (a) A member of a law enforcement unit who is employed full-time as a peace officer commis-
11 sioned by a city, **university that has established a police department under section 1 of this**
12 **2011 Act**, port, school district, mass transit district, county, Indian reservation, the Criminal Justice
13 Division of the Department of Justice, the Oregon State Lottery Commission or the Governor and
14 who is responsible for enforcing the criminal laws of this state or laws or ordinances relating to
15 airport security.

16 (b) A corrections officer, a parole and probation officer or a youth correction officer as those
17 terms are defined in ORS 181.610.

18 **SECTION 32.** ORS 238.005, as amended by section 8, chapter 1, Oregon Laws 2010, is amended
19 to read:

20 238.005. For purposes of this chapter:

21 (1) “Annuity” means payments for life derived from contributions made by a member as provided
22 in this chapter.

23 (2) “Board” means the Public Employees Retirement Board.

24 (3) “Calendar year” means 12 calendar months commencing on January 1 and ending on De-
25 cember 31 following.

26 (4) “Continuous service” means service not interrupted for more than five years, except that
27 such continuous service shall be computed without regard to interruptions in the case of:

28 (a) An employee who had returned to the service of the employer as of January 1, 1945, and
29 who remained in that employment until having established membership in the Public Employees
30 Retirement System.

31 (b) An employee who was in the armed services on January 1, 1945, and returned to the service
32 of the employer within one year of the date of being otherwise than dishonorably discharged and
33 remained in that employment until having established membership in the Public Employees Retire-
34 ment System.

35 (5) “Creditable service” means any period of time during which an active member is being paid
36 a salary by a participating public employer and for which benefits under this chapter are funded by
37 employer contributions and earnings on the fund. For purposes of computing years of “creditable
38 service,” full months and major fractions of a month shall be considered to be one-twelfth of a year
39 and shall be added to all full years. “Creditable service” includes all retirement credit received by
40 a member.

41 (6) “Earliest service retirement age” means the age attained by a member when the member
42 could first make application for retirement under the provisions of ORS 238.280.

43 (7) “Employee” includes, in addition to employees, public officers, but does not include:

44 (a) Persons engaged as independent contractors.

45 (b) Seasonal, emergency or casual workers whose periods of employment with any public em-

1 ployer or public employers do not total 600 hours in any calendar year.

2 (c) Persons, other than workers in the Oregon Industries for the Blind under ORS 346.190, pro-
3 vided sheltered employment or made-work by a public employer in an employment or industries
4 program maintained for the benefit of such persons.

5 (d) Persons employed and paid from federal funds received under the Emergency Job and Un-
6 employment Assistance Act of 1974 (Public Law 93-567) or any other federal program intended pri-
7 marily to alleviate unemployment. However, any such person shall be considered an "employee" if
8 not otherwise excluded by paragraphs (a) to (c) of this subsection and the public employer elects to
9 have the person so considered by an irrevocable written notice to the board.

10 (e) Persons who are employees of a railroad, as defined in ORS 824.020, and who, as such em-
11 ployees, are included in a retirement plan under federal railroad retirement statutes. This paragraph
12 shall be deemed to have been in effect since the inception of the system.

13 (8) "Final average salary" means whichever of the following is greater:

14 (a) The average salary per calendar year paid by one or more participating public employers to
15 an employee who is an active member of the system in three of the calendar years of membership
16 before the effective date of retirement of the employee, in which three years the employee was paid
17 the highest salary. The three calendar years in which the employee was paid the largest total salary
18 may include calendar years in which the employee was employed for less than a full calendar year.
19 If the number of calendar years of active membership before the effective date of retirement of the
20 employee is three or fewer, the final average salary for the employee is the average salary per cal-
21 endar year paid by one or more participating public employers to the employee in all of those years,
22 without regard to whether the employee was employed for the full calendar year.

23 (b) One-third of the total salary paid by a participating public employer to an employee who is
24 an active member of the system in the last 36 calendar months of active membership before the ef-
25 fective date of retirement of the employee.

26 (9) "Firefighter" does not include a volunteer firefighter, but does include:

27 (a) The State Fire Marshal, the chief deputy fire marshal and deputy state fire marshals; and

28 (b) An employee of the State Forestry Department who is certified by the State Forester as a
29 professional wildland firefighter and whose primary duties include the abatement of uncontrolled
30 fires as described in ORS 477.064.

31 (10) "Fiscal year" means 12 calendar months commencing on July 1 and ending on June 30 fol-
32 lowing.

33 (11) "Fund" means the Public Employees Retirement Fund.

34 (12)(a) "Member" means a person who has established membership in the system and whose
35 membership has not been terminated as described in ORS 238.095. "Member" includes active, inac-
36 tive and retired members.

37 (b) "Active member" means a member who is presently employed by a participating public em-
38 ployer in a qualifying position and who has completed the six-month period of service required by
39 ORS 238.015.

40 (c) "Inactive member" means a member who is not employed in a qualifying position, whose
41 membership has not been terminated in the manner described by ORS 238.095, and who is not retired
42 for service or disability.

43 (d) "Retired member" means a member who is retired for service or disability.

44 (13)(a) "Member account" means the regular account and the variable account.

45 (b) "Regular account" means the account established for each active and inactive member under

1 ORS 238.250.

2 (c) "Variable account" means the account established for a member who participates in the
3 Variable Annuity Account under ORS 238.260.

4 (14) "Normal retirement age" means:

5 (a) For a person who establishes membership in the system before January 1, 1996, as described
6 in ORS 238.430, 55 years of age if the employee retires at that age as a police officer or firefighter
7 or 58 years of age if the employee retires at that age as other than a police officer or firefighter.

8 (b) For a person who establishes membership in the system on or after January 1, 1996, as de-
9 scribed in ORS 238.430, 55 years of age if the employee retires at that age as a police officer or
10 firefighter or 60 years of age if the employee retires at that age as other than a police officer or
11 firefighter.

12 (15) "Pension" means annual payments for life derived from contributions by one or more public
13 employers.

14 (16) "Police officer" includes:

15 (a) Employees of institutions defined in ORS 421.005 as Department of Corrections institutions
16 whose duties, as assigned by the Director of the Department of Corrections, include the custody of
17 persons committed to the custody of or transferred to the Department of Corrections and employees
18 of the Department of Corrections who were classified as police officers on or before July 27, 1989,
19 whether or not such classification was authorized by law.

20 (b) Employees of the Department of State Police who are classified as police officers by the
21 Superintendent of State Police.

22 (c) Employees of the Oregon Liquor Control Commission who are classified as enforcement of-
23 ficers by the administrator of the commission.

24 (d) Sheriffs and those deputy sheriffs or other employees of a sheriff whose duties, as classified
25 by the sheriff, are the regular duties of police officers or corrections officers.

26 (e) Police chiefs and police personnel of a city who are classified as police officers by the
27 council or other governing body of the city.

28 **(f) Police officers who are commissioned by a university under section 1 of this 2011 Act**
29 **and who are classified as police officers by the university.**

30 [(f)] (g) Parole and probation officers employed by the Department of Corrections, parole and
31 probation officers who are transferred to county employment under ORS 423.549 and adult parole
32 and probation officers, as defined in ORS 181.610, who are classified as police officers for the pur-
33 poses of this chapter by the county governing body. If a county classifies adult parole and probation
34 officers as police officers for the purposes of this chapter, and the employees so classified are re-
35 presented by a labor organization, any proposal by the county to change that classification or to
36 cease to classify adult parole and probation officers as police officers for the purposes of this
37 chapter is a mandatory subject of bargaining.

38 [(g)] (h) Police officers appointed under ORS 276.021 or 276.023.

39 [(h)] (i) Employees of the Port of Portland who are classified as airport police by the Board of
40 Commissioners of the Port of Portland.

41 [(i)] (j) Employees of the State Department of Agriculture who are classified as livestock police
42 officers by the Director of Agriculture.

43 [(j)] (k) Employees of the Department of Public Safety Standards and Training who are classified
44 by the department as other than secretarial or clerical personnel.

45 [(k)] (L) Investigators of the Criminal Justice Division of the Department of Justice.

1 *[(L)]* **(m)** Corrections officers as defined in ORS 181.610.

2 *[(m)]* **(n)** Employees of the Oregon State Lottery Commission who are classified by the Director
3 of the Oregon State Lottery as enforcement agents pursuant to ORS 461.110.

4 *[(n)]* **(o)** The Director of the Department of Corrections.

5 *[(o)]* **(p)** An employee who for seven consecutive years has been classified as a police officer as
6 defined by this section, and who is employed or transferred by the Department of Corrections to fill
7 a position designated by the Director of the Department of Corrections as being eligible for police
8 officer status.

9 *[(p)]* **(q)** An employee of the Department of Corrections classified as a police officer on or prior
10 to July 27, 1989, whether or not that classification was authorized by law, as long as the employee
11 remains in the position held on July 27, 1989. The initial classification of an employee under a sys-
12 tem implemented pursuant to ORS 240.190 does not affect police officer status.

13 *[(q)]* **(r)** Employees of a school district who are appointed and duly sworn members of a law
14 enforcement agency of the district as provided in ORS 332.531 or otherwise employed full-time as
15 police officers commissioned by the district.

16 *[(r)]* **(s)** Employees at youth correction facilities and juvenile detention facilities under ORS
17 419A.050, 419A.052 and 420.005 to 420.915 who are required to hold valid Oregon teaching licenses
18 and who have supervisory, control or teaching responsibilities over juveniles committed to the cus-
19 tody of the Department of Corrections or the Oregon Youth Authority.

20 *[(s)]* **(t)** Employees at youth correction facilities as defined in ORS 420.005 whose primary job
21 description involves the custody, control, treatment, investigation or supervision of juveniles placed
22 in such facilities.

23 *[(t)]* **(u)** Employees of the Oregon Youth Authority who are classified as juvenile parole and
24 probation officers.

25 (17) "Public employer" means the state, one of its agencies, any city, county, or municipal or
26 public corporation, any political subdivision of the state or any instrumentality thereof, or an agency
27 created by one or more such governmental organizations to provide governmental services. For
28 purposes of this chapter, such agency created by one or more governmental organizations is a gov-
29 ernmental instrumentality and a legal entity with power to enter into contracts, hold property and
30 sue and be sued.

31 (18) "Prior service credit" means credit provided under ORS 238.442 or under ORS 238.225 (2)
32 to (6) (1999 Edition).

33 (19) "Qualifying position" means one or more jobs with one or more participating public em-
34 ployers in which an employee performs 600 or more hours of service in a calendar year, excluding
35 any service in a job for which a participating public employer does not provide benefits under this
36 chapter pursuant to an application made under ORS 238.035.

37 (20) "Retirement credit" means a period of time that is treated as creditable service for the
38 purposes of this chapter.

39 (21)(a) "Salary" means the remuneration paid an employee in cash out of the funds of a public
40 employer in return for services to the employer, plus the monetary value, as determined by the
41 Public Employees Retirement Board, of whatever living quarters, board, lodging, fuel, laundry and
42 other advantages the employer furnishes the employee in return for services.

43 (b) "Salary" includes but is not limited to:

44 (A) Payments of employee and employer money into a deferred compensation plan, which are
45 deemed salary paid in each month of deferral;

1 (B) The amount of participation in a tax-sheltered or deferred annuity, which is deemed salary
2 paid in each month of participation;

3 (C) Retroactive payments described in section 7, chapter 1, Oregon Laws 2010; and

4 (D) Wages of a deceased member paid to a surviving spouse or dependent children under ORS
5 652.190.

6 (c) "Salary" or "other advantages" does not include:

7 (A) Travel or any other expenses incidental to employer's business which is reimbursed by the
8 employer;

9 (B) Payments for insurance coverage by an employer on behalf of employee or employee and
10 dependents, for which the employee has no cash option;

11 (C) Payments made on account of an employee's death;

12 (D) Any lump sum payment for accumulated unused sick leave;

13 (E) Any accelerated payment of an employment contract for a future period or an advance
14 against future wages;

15 (F) Any retirement incentive, retirement severance pay, retirement bonus or retirement
16 gratuitous payment;

17 (G) Payments for periods of leave of absence after the date the employer and employee have
18 agreed that no future services qualifying pursuant to ORS 238.015 (3) will be performed, except for
19 sick leave and vacation;

20 (H) Payments for instructional services rendered to institutions of the Oregon University System
21 or the Oregon Health and Science University when such services are in excess of full-time employ-
22 ment subject to this chapter. A person employed under a contract for less than 12 months is subject
23 to this subparagraph only for the months to which the contract pertains; or

24 (I) Payments made by an employer for insurance coverage provided to a domestic partner of an
25 employee.

26 (22) "School year" means the period beginning July 1 and ending June 30 next following.

27 (23) "System" means the Public Employees Retirement System.

28 (24) "Vested" means being an active member of the system in each of five calendar years.

29 (25) "Volunteer firefighter" means a firefighter whose position normally requires less than 600
30 hours of service per year.

31 **SECTION 33. The amendments to ORS 238.005 by section 32 of this 2011 Act apply only**
32 **to:**

33 **(1) Persons specified in ORS 238.005 (16)(f) who are employed by a university on or after**
34 **the effective date of this 2011 Act.**

35 **(2) Service rendered to a participating public employer on or after the effective date of**
36 **this 2011 Act.**

37 **SECTION 34.** ORS 238.608 is amended to read:

38 238.608. (1) The Public Employees Retirement Board shall conduct a study of the life expectancy
39 of members of the Public Employees Retirement System in the categories described in subsection (2)
40 of this section. If the board determines that members in the categories described in subsection (2)
41 of this section have a life expectancy that is substantially shorter than the life expectancy of mem-
42 bers of the system generally, the board shall adopt and use separate actuarial equivalency factor
43 tables under ORS 238.607 for the purpose of computing the payments to be made to members in the
44 categories described in subsection (2) of this section and to the beneficiaries and alternate payees
45 of those members. Any actuarial equivalency factor tables adopted under this section shall first be-

1 come effective January 1, 2005.

2 (2) The provisions of this section apply to members of the system who are defined as firefighters
3 under ORS 238.005 (9) or as police officers under ORS 238.005 (16)(a), (b), (d), (e), (f), [(k)] (g), (L),
4 [(n)] (m), (o), [or] (p) or (q).

5 **SECTION 35.** ORS 243.005 is amended to read:

6 243.005. As used in ORS 243.005 to 243.045:

7 (1) "Firefighter" means persons employed by a city, county or district whose duties involve fire
8 fighting and includes a volunteer firefighter whose position normally requires less than 600 hours
9 of service per year.

10 (2) "Police officer" includes police chiefs and police officers of a city who are classified as police
11 officers by the council or other governing body of the city; **police officers commissioned by a**
12 **university under section 1 of this 2011 Act who are classified as police officers by the uni-**
13 **versity;** sheriffs and those deputy sheriffs whose duties, as classified by the county governing body
14 are the regular duties of police officers; employees of districts, whose duties, as classified by the
15 governing body of the district are the regular duties of police officers; employees of the Department
16 of State Police who are classified as police officers by the Superintendent of State Police; employees
17 of the Criminal Justice Division of the Department of Justice who are classified by the Attorney
18 General as criminal investigators or criminal financial investigators; employees of the Oregon State
19 Lottery Commission who are classified by the Director of the Oregon State Lottery as enforcement
20 agents; and employees of Department of Corrections institutions as defined in ORS 421.005 whose
21 duties, as assigned by the superintendent, include the custody of persons committed to the custody
22 of or transferred to the Department of Corrections institution; but "police officer" does not include
23 volunteer or reserve police officers or persons considered by the respective governing bodies to be
24 civil deputies or clerical personnel.

25 (3) "Public employer" means a city, a county or the state, or one of its agencies or political
26 subdivisions that employs police officers or firefighters.

27 **SECTION 36.** ORS 348.270 is amended to read:

28 348.270. (1) In addition to any other scholarships provided by law, the Oregon Student Assist-
29 ance Commission shall award scholarships in any state institution under the State Board of Higher
30 Education, in the Oregon Health and Science University, in any community college operated under
31 ORS chapter 341, or in any Oregon-based regionally accredited independent institution, to any stu-
32 dent applying for enrollment or who is enrolled therein, who is:

33 (a) The natural child, adopted child or stepchild of any public safety officer who, in the line of
34 duty, was killed or so disabled, as determined by the Oregon Student Assistance Commission, that
35 the income of the public safety officer is less than that earned by public safety officers performing
36 duties comparable to those performed at the highest rank or grade attained by the public safety of-
37 ficer; or

38 (b) A former foster child who enrolls in an institution of higher education as an undergraduate
39 student not later than three years from the date the student was removed from the care of the De-
40 partment of Human Services, the date the student graduated from high school or the date the stu-
41 dent received the equivalent of a high school diploma, whichever date is earliest.

42 (2) Scholarships awarded under this section to students who are dependents of public safety of-
43 ficers or who are former foster children shall equal the amount of tuition and all fees levied by the
44 institution against the recipient of the scholarship. However, scholarships awarded to students who
45 attend independent institutions shall not exceed the amount of tuition and all fees levied by the

1 University of Oregon.

2 (3) If the student who is the dependent of a deceased public safety officer continues to remain
3 enrolled in a state institution of higher education or a community college or an independent insti-
4 tution within the State of Oregon, the student shall be entitled to renewal of the scholarship until
5 the student has received the equivalent of four years of undergraduate education and four years of
6 post-graduate education.

7 (4) If the student who is a former foster child or who is the dependent of a public safety officer
8 with a disability continues to remain enrolled in a state institution of higher education or a com-
9 munity college or an independent institution within the State of Oregon, the student shall be entitled
10 to renewal of the scholarship until the student has received the equivalent of four years of under-
11 graduate education.

12 (5) The Oregon Student Assistance Commission may require proof of the student's relationship
13 to a public safety officer described in subsection (1) of this section or proof that the student is a
14 former foster child.

15 (6) As used in this section:

16 (a) "Former foster child" means an individual who, for a total of 12 or more months while be-
17 tween the ages of 16 and 21, was a ward of the court pursuant to ORS 419B.100 (1)(b) to (e) and in
18 the legal custody of the Department of Human Services for out-of-home placement.

19 (b) "Public safety officer" means:

20 (A) A firefighter or police officer as those terms are defined in ORS 237.610.

21 (B) A member of the Oregon State Police.

22 (C) **A police officer commissioned by a university under section 1 of this 2011 Act.**

23 **SECTION 37.** ORS 414.805 is amended to read:

24 414.805. (1) An individual who receives medical services while in the custody of a law enforce-
25 ment officer is liable:

26 (a) To the provider of the medical services for the charges and expenses therefor; and

27 (b) To the Oregon Health Authority for any charges or expenses paid by the authority out of
28 the Law Enforcement Medical Liability Account for the medical services.

29 (2) A person providing medical services to an individual described in subsection [(1)(a)] (1) of
30 this section shall first make reasonable efforts to collect the charges and expenses thereof from the
31 individual before seeking to collect them from the authority out of the Law Enforcement Medical
32 Liability Account.

33 (3)(a) If the provider has not been paid within 45 days of the date of the billing, the provider
34 may bill the authority who shall pay the account out of the Law Enforcement Medical Liability
35 Account.

36 (b) A bill submitted to the authority under this subsection must be accompanied by evidence
37 documenting that:

38 (A) The provider has billed the individual or the individual's insurer or health care service
39 contractor for the charges or expenses owed to the provider; and

40 (B) The provider has made a reasonable effort to collect from the individual or the individual's
41 insurer or health care service contractor the charges and expenses owed to the provider.

42 (c) If the provider receives payment from the individual or the insurer or health care service
43 contractor after receiving payment from the authority, the provider shall repay the authority the
44 amount received from the public agency less any difference between payment received from the in-
45 dividual, insurer or contractor and the amount of the billing.

1 (4) As used in this section:

2 (a) “Law enforcement officer” means an officer who is commissioned and employed by a public
3 agency as a peace officer to enforce the criminal laws of this state or laws or ordinances of a public
4 agency.

5 (b) “Public agency” means the state, a city, **university that has established a police depart-**
6 **ment under section 1 of this 2011 Act**, port, school district, mass transit district or county.

7 **SECTION 38.** ORS 419B.005, as amended by section 4, chapter 60, Oregon Laws 2010, is
8 amended to read:

9 419B.005. As used in ORS 419B.005 to 419B.050, unless the context requires otherwise:

10 (1)(a) “Abuse” means:

11 (A) Any assault, as defined in ORS chapter 163, of a child and any physical injury to a child
12 which has been caused by other than accidental means, including any injury which appears to be
13 at variance with the explanation given of the injury.

14 (B) Any mental injury to a child, which shall include only observable and substantial impairment
15 of the child’s mental or psychological ability to function caused by cruelty to the child, with due
16 regard to the culture of the child.

17 (C) Rape of a child, which includes but is not limited to rape, sodomy, unlawful sexual pene-
18 tration and incest, as those acts are described in ORS chapter 163.

19 (D) Sexual abuse, as described in ORS chapter 163.

20 (E) Sexual exploitation, including but not limited to:

21 (i) Contributing to the sexual delinquency of a minor, as defined in ORS chapter 163, and any
22 other conduct which allows, employs, authorizes, permits, induces or encourages a child to engage
23 in the performing for people to observe or the photographing, filming, tape recording or other ex-
24 hibition which, in whole or in part, depicts sexual conduct or contact, as defined in ORS 167.002 or
25 described in ORS 163.665 and 163.670, sexual abuse involving a child or rape of a child, but not in-
26 cluding any conduct which is part of any investigation conducted pursuant to ORS 419B.020 or
27 which is designed to serve educational or other legitimate purposes; and

28 (ii) Allowing, permitting, encouraging or hiring a child to engage in prostitution, as defined in
29 ORS chapter 167.

30 (F) Negligent treatment or maltreatment of a child, including but not limited to the failure to
31 provide adequate food, clothing, shelter or medical care that is likely to endanger the health or
32 welfare of the child.

33 (G) Threatened harm to a child, which means subjecting a child to a substantial risk of harm
34 to the child’s health or welfare.

35 (H) Buying or selling a person under 18 years of age as described in ORS 163.537.

36 (I) Permitting a person under 18 years of age to enter or remain in or upon premises where
37 methamphetamines are being manufactured.

38 (J) Unlawful exposure to a controlled substance, as defined in ORS 475.005, that subjects a child
39 to a substantial risk of harm to the child’s health or safety.

40 (b) “Abuse” does not include reasonable discipline unless the discipline results in one of the
41 conditions described in paragraph (a) of this subsection.

42 (2) “Child” means an unmarried person who is under 18 years of age.

43 **(3) “Law enforcement agency” means:**

44 **(a) A city or municipal police department.**

45 **(b) A county sheriff’s office.**

1 **(c) The Oregon State Police.**

2 **(d) A police department established by a university under section 1 of this 2011 Act.**

3 **(e) A county juvenile department.**

4 [(3)] **(4)** “Public or private official” means:

5 (a) Physician, osteopathic physician, physician assistant, naturopathic physician, podiatric phy-
6 sician and surgeon, including any intern or resident.

7 (b) Dentist.

8 (c) School employee.

9 (d) Licensed practical nurse, registered nurse, nurse practitioner, nurse’s aide, home health aide
10 or employee of an in-home health service.

11 (e) Employee of the Department of Human Services, Oregon Health Authority, State Commission
12 on Children and Families, Child Care Division of the Employment Department, the Oregon Youth
13 Authority, a county health department, a community mental health program, a community develop-
14 mental disabilities program, a county juvenile department, a licensed child-caring agency or an al-
15 cohol and drug treatment program.

16 (f) Peace officer.

17 (g) Psychologist.

18 (h) Member of the clergy.

19 (i) Regulated social worker.

20 (j) Optometrist.

21 (k) Chiropractor.

22 (L) Certified provider of foster care, or an employee thereof.

23 (m) Attorney.

24 (n) Licensed professional counselor.

25 (o) Licensed marriage and family therapist.

26 (p) Firefighter or emergency medical technician.

27 (q) A court appointed special advocate, as defined in ORS 419A.004.

28 (r) A child care provider registered or certified under ORS 657A.030 and 657A.250 to 657A.450.

29 (s) Member of the Legislative Assembly.

30 (t) Physical, speech or occupational therapist.

31 (u) Audiologist.

32 (v) Speech-language pathologist.

33 (w) Employee of the Teacher Standards and Practices Commission directly involved in investi-
34 gations or discipline by the commission.

35 (x) Pharmacist.

36 (y) An operator of a preschool recorded program under ORS 657A.255.

37 (z) An operator of a school-age recorded program under ORS 657A.257.

38 (aa) Employee of a private agency or organization facilitating the provision of respite services,
39 as defined in ORS 418.205, for parents pursuant to a properly executed power of attorney under ORS
40 109.056.

41 [(4) “Law enforcement agency” means:]

42 [(a) Any city or municipal police department.]

43 [(b) Any county sheriff’s office.]

44 [(c) The Oregon State Police.]

45 [(d) A county juvenile department.]

1 **SECTION 39.** ORS 419B.902 is amended to read:

2 419B.902. (1) A subpoena may be served by the party or any other person 18 years of age or
3 older. Except as provided in subsections (2), (3) and (4) of this section, the service must be made by
4 delivering a copy to the witness personally. The service must be made so as to allow the witness a
5 reasonable time for preparation and travel to the place of attendance. If the subpoena is not ac-
6 companied by a command to appear at trial, hearing or deposition under ORS 419B.884, whether the
7 subpoena is served personally or by mail, copies of a subpoena commanding production and in-
8 spection of books, papers, documents or other tangible things before trial must be served on each
9 party at least seven days before the subpoena is served on the person required to produce and per-
10 mit inspection, unless the court orders a shorter period.

11 (2)(a) A law enforcement agency shall designate an individual upon whom service of a subpoena
12 may be made. A designated individual must be available during normal business hours. In the ab-
13 sence of a designated individual, service of a subpoena under paragraph (b) of this subsection may
14 be made upon the officer in charge of the law enforcement agency.

15 (b) If a peace officer's attendance at trial is required as a result of employment as a peace of-
16 ficer, a subpoena may be served on the officer by delivering a copy personally to the officer or to
17 an individual designated by the agency that employs the officer no later than 10 days prior to the
18 date attendance is sought. A subpoena may be served in this manner only if the officer is currently
19 employed as a peace officer and is present within the state at the time of service.

20 (c) When a subpoena has been served as provided in paragraph (b) of this subsection, the law
21 enforcement agency shall make a good faith effort to give actual notice to the officer whose at-
22 tendance is sought of the date, time and location of the court appearance. If the officer cannot be
23 notified, the law enforcement agency shall promptly notify the court and a postponement or contin-
24 uance may be granted to allow the officer to be personally served.

25 (d) As used in this subsection, "law enforcement agency" means the Oregon State Police, a
26 county sheriff's department [*or*], a municipal police department **or a police department established**
27 **by a university under section 1 of this 2011 Act.**

28 (3) Under the following circumstances, service of a subpoena to a witness by mail has the same
29 legal force and effect as personal service:

30 (a) The attorney mailing the subpoena certifies in connection with or upon the return of service
31 that the attorney, or the attorney's agent, has had personal or telephone contact with the witness
32 and the witness indicated a willingness to appear at trial if subpoenaed; or

33 (b) The subpoena was mailed to the witness more than five days before trial by certified mail
34 or some other designation of mail that provides a receipt for the mail signed by the recipient and
35 the attorney received a return receipt signed by the witness prior to trial.

36 (4) Service of subpoena by mail may be used for a subpoena commanding production of books,
37 papers, documents or other tangible things that is not accompanied by a command to appear at trial
38 or hearing or at a deposition under ORS 419B.884.

39 (5) Proof of service of a subpoena is made in the same manner as proof of service of a summons
40 except that the server is not required to certify that the server is not a party in the action or an
41 attorney for a party in the action.

42 **SECTION 40.** ORS 420.905 is amended to read:

43 420.905. As used in ORS 420.905 to 420.915, "peace officer" means:

44 (1) A [*any*] sheriff, constable[,], **or** marshal, or the deputy of any such officer[.];

45 (2) A [*any*] member of the state police; or

1 **(3) A [any] member of the police force of [any] a city or a university that has established a**
2 **police department under section 1 of this 2011 Act.**

3 **SECTION 41.** ORS 430.735 is amended to read:

4 430.735. As used in ORS 430.735 to 430.765:

5 (1) “Abuse” means one or more of the following:

6 (a) Abandonment, including desertion or willful forsaking of a person with a developmental dis-
7 ability or the withdrawal or neglect of duties and obligations owed a person with a developmental
8 disability by a caregiver or other person.

9 (b) Any physical injury to an adult caused by other than accidental means, or that appears to
10 be at variance with the explanation given of the injury.

11 (c) Willful infliction of physical pain or injury upon an adult.

12 (d) Sexual abuse of an adult.

13 (e) Neglect.

14 (f) Verbal abuse of a person with a developmental disability.

15 (g) Financial exploitation of a person with a developmental disability.

16 (h) Involuntary seclusion of a person with a developmental disability for the convenience of the
17 caregiver or to discipline the person.

18 (i) A wrongful use of a physical or chemical restraint upon a person with a developmental dis-
19 ability, excluding an act of restraint prescribed by a licensed physician and any treatment activities
20 that are consistent with an approved treatment plan or in connection with a court order.

21 (j) An act that constitutes a crime under ORS 163.375, 163.405, 163.411, 163.415, 163.425, 163.427,
22 163.465 or 163.467.

23 (k) Any death of an adult caused by other than accidental or natural means.

24 (2) “Adult” means a person 18 years of age or older with:

25 (a) A developmental disability who is currently receiving services from a community program
26 or facility or was previously determined eligible for services as an adult by a community program
27 or facility; or

28 (b) A mental illness who is receiving services from a community program or facility.

29 (3) “Adult protective services” means the necessary actions taken to prevent abuse or exploi-
30 tation of an adult, to prevent self-destructive acts and to safeguard an adult’s person, property and
31 funds, including petitioning for a protective order as defined in ORS 125.005. Any actions taken to
32 protect an adult shall be undertaken in a manner that is least intrusive to the adult and provides
33 for the greatest degree of independence.

34 (4) “Caregiver” means an individual, whether paid or unpaid, or a facility that has assumed re-
35 sponsibility for all or a portion of the care of an adult as a result of a contract or agreement.

36 (5) “Community program” means a community mental health program or a community develop-
37 mental disabilities program as established in ORS 430.610 to 430.695.

38 (6) “Facility” means a residential treatment home or facility, residential care facility, adult fos-
39 ter home, residential training home or facility or crisis respite facility.

40 (7) “Financial exploitation” means:

41 (a) Wrongfully taking the assets, funds or property belonging to or intended for the use of a
42 person with a developmental disability.

43 (b) Alarming a person with a developmental disability by conveying a threat to wrongfully take
44 or appropriate money or property of the person if the person would reasonably believe that the
45 threat conveyed would be carried out.

1 (c) Misappropriating, misusing or transferring without authorization any money from any ac-
2 count held jointly or singly by a person with a developmental disability.

3 (d) Failing to use the income or assets of a person with a developmental disability effectively
4 for the support and maintenance of the person.

5 (8) "Intimidation" means compelling or deterring conduct by threat.

6 (9) "Law enforcement agency" means:

7 (a) Any city or municipal police department;

8 **(b) A police department established by a university under section 1 of this 2011 Act;**

9 [(b)] (c) Any county sheriff's office;

10 [(c)] (d) The Oregon State Police; or

11 [(d)] (e) Any district attorney.

12 (10) "Neglect" means:

13 (a) Failure to provide the care, supervision or services necessary to maintain the physical and
14 mental health of a person with a developmental disability that may result in physical harm or sig-
15 nificant emotional harm to the person;

16 (b) The failure of a caregiver to make a reasonable effort to protect a person with a develop-
17 mental disability from abuse; or

18 (c) Withholding of services necessary to maintain the health and well-being of an adult which
19 leads to physical harm of an adult.

20 (11) "Person with a developmental disability" means a person described in subsection (2)(a) of
21 this section.

22 (12) "Public or private official" means:

23 (a) Physician, naturopathic physician, osteopathic physician, psychologist, chiropractor or
24 podiatric physician and surgeon, including any intern or resident;

25 (b) Licensed practical nurse, registered nurse, nurse's aide, home health aide or employee of an
26 in-home health service;

27 (c) Employee of the Department of Human Services or Oregon Health Authority, county health
28 department, community mental health program or community developmental disabilities program or
29 private agency contracting with a public body to provide any community mental health service;

30 (d) Peace officer;

31 (e) Member of the clergy;

32 (f) Regulated social worker;

33 (g) Physical, speech or occupational therapist;

34 (h) Information and referral, outreach or crisis worker;

35 (i) Attorney;

36 (j) Licensed professional counselor or licensed marriage and family therapist;

37 (k) Any public official who comes in contact with adults in the performance of the official's du-
38 ties; or

39 (L) Firefighter or emergency medical technician.

40 (13) "Services" includes but is not limited to the provision of food, clothing, medicine, housing,
41 medical services, assistance with bathing or personal hygiene or any other service essential to the
42 well-being of an adult.

43 (14)(a) "Sexual abuse" means:

44 (A) Sexual contact with a nonconsenting adult or with an adult considered incapable of con-
45 senting to a sexual act under ORS 163.315;

1 (B) Sexual harassment, sexual exploitation or inappropriate exposure to sexually explicit mate-
2 rial or language;

3 (C) Any sexual contact between an employee of a facility or paid caregiver and an adult served
4 by the facility or caregiver;

5 (D) Any sexual contact between a person with a developmental disability and a relative of the
6 person with a developmental disability other than a spouse; or

7 (E) Any sexual contact that is achieved through force, trickery, threat or coercion.

8 (b) "Sexual abuse" does not mean consensual sexual contact between an adult and a paid
9 caregiver who is the spouse of the adult.

10 (15) "Sexual contact" has the meaning given that term in ORS 163.305.

11 (16) "Verbal abuse" means to threaten significant physical or emotional harm to a person with
12 a developmental disability through the use of:

13 (a) Derogatory or inappropriate names, insults, verbal assaults, profanity or ridicule; or

14 (b) Harassment, coercion, threats, intimidation, humiliation, mental cruelty or inappropriate
15 sexual comments.

16 **SECTION 42.** ORS 441.630 is amended to read:

17 441.630. As used in ORS 441.630 to 441.680 and 441.995:

18 (1) "Abuse" means:

19 (a) Any physical injury to a resident of a long term care facility which has been caused by other
20 than accidental means.

21 (b) Failure to provide basic care or services, which failure results in physical harm or unrea-
22 sonable discomfort or serious loss of human dignity.

23 (c) Sexual contact with a resident caused by an employee, agent or other resident of a long term
24 care facility by force, threat, duress or coercion.

25 (d) Illegal or improper use of a resident's resources for the personal profit or gain of another
26 person.

27 (e) Verbal or mental abuse as prohibited by federal law.

28 (f) Corporal punishment.

29 (g) Involuntary seclusion for convenience or discipline.

30 (2) "Abuse complaint" means any oral or written communication to the department, one of its
31 agents or a law enforcement agency alleging abuse.

32 (3) "Department" means the Department of Human Services or a designee of the department.

33 (4) "Facility" means a long term care facility, as defined in ORS 442.015.

34 (5) "Law enforcement agency" means:

35 (a) Any city or municipal police department.

36 **(b) A police department established by a university under section 1 of this 2011 Act.**

37 *[(b)]* **(c)** Any county sheriff's office.

38 *[(c)]* **(d)** The Oregon State Police.

39 *[(d)]* **(e)** Any district attorney.

40 (6) "Public or private official" means:

41 (a) Physician, including any intern or resident.

42 (b) Licensed practical nurse or registered nurse.

43 (c) Employee of the Department of Human Services, a community developmental disabilities
44 program or a long term care facility or person who contracts to provide services to a long term care
45 facility.

1 (d) Employee of the Oregon Health Authority, county health department or community mental
2 health program.

3 (e) Peace officer.

4 (f) Member of the clergy.

5 (g) Regulated social worker.

6 (h) Physical, speech and occupational therapists.

7 (i) Legal counsel for a resident or guardian or family member of the resident.

8 **SECTION 43.** ORS 506.521 is amended to read:

9 506.521. Each member of the State Fish and Wildlife Commission, the State Fish and Wildlife
10 Director and every inspector, deputy fish warden, special deputy fish warden, and all peace officers
11 of this state or any political subdivision therein, **including police officers commissioned by a**
12 **university under section 1 of this 2011 Act**, shall enforce the commercial fishing laws within their
13 respective jurisdictions. In the performance of these duties such officers are subject to the direction
14 and control of the commission or director.

15 **SECTION 44.** ORS 609.652 is amended to read:

16 609.652. As used in ORS 609.654:

17 (1)(a) "Aggravated animal abuse" means any animal abuse as described in ORS 167.322.

18 (b) "Aggravated animal abuse" does not include:

19 (A) Good animal husbandry, as defined in ORS 167.310; or

20 (B) Any exemption listed in ORS 167.335.

21 (2) "Law enforcement agency" means:

22 (a) Any city or municipal police department.

23 **(b) A police department established by a university under section 1 of this 2011 Act.**

24 [(b)] (c) Any county sheriff's office.

25 [(c)] (d) The Oregon State Police.

26 [(d)] (e) A law enforcement division of a county or municipal animal control agency that em-
27 ploys sworn officers.

28 (3) "Public or private official" means:

29 (a) A physician, including any intern or resident.

30 (b) A dentist.

31 (c) A school employee.

32 (d) A licensed practical nurse or registered nurse.

33 (e) An employee of the Department of Human Services, Oregon Health Authority, State Com-
34 mission on Children and Families, Child Care Division of the Employment Department, the Oregon
35 Youth Authority, a county health department, a community mental health program, a community
36 developmental disabilities program, a county juvenile department, a licensed child-caring agency or
37 an alcohol and drug treatment program.

38 (f) A peace officer.

39 (g) A psychologist.

40 (h) A member of the clergy.

41 (i) A regulated social worker.

42 (j) An optometrist.

43 (k) A chiropractor.

44 (L) A certified provider of foster care, or an employee thereof.

45 (m) An attorney.

1 (n) A naturopathic physician.

2 (o) A licensed professional counselor.

3 (p) A licensed marriage and family therapist.

4 (q) A firefighter or emergency medical technician.

5 (r) A court appointed special advocate, as defined in ORS 419A.004.

6 (s) A child care provider registered or certified under ORS 657A.030 and 657A.250 to 657A.450.

7 (t) A member of the Legislative Assembly.

8 **SECTION 45.** ORS 686.450 is amended to read:

9 686.450. As used in ORS 686.450 to 686.465 and 686.990 (3):

10 (1)(a) "Aggravated animal abuse" means any animal abuse as described in ORS 167.322.

11 (b) "Aggravated animal abuse" does not include:

12 (A) Good animal husbandry, as defined in ORS 167.310; or

13 (B) Any exemption listed in ORS 167.335.

14 (2) "Law enforcement agency" means:

15 (a) Any city or municipal police department.

16 **(b) A police department established by a university under section 1 of this 2011 Act.**

17 [(b)] (c) Any county sheriff's office.

18 [(c)] (d) The Oregon State Police.

19 [(d)] (e) A law enforcement division of a humane society in Oregon that employs special agents
20 authorized under ORS 131.805.

21 [(e)] (f) A law enforcement division of a county or municipal animal control agency that employs
22 sworn officers.

23 (3) "Veterinarian" means a person licensed to practice veterinary medicine under ORS chapter
24 686.

25 **SECTION 46.** ORS 756.160 is amended to read:

26 756.160. (1) The Public Utility Commission shall inquire into any neglect or violation of any law
27 of this state or any law or ordinance of any municipality thereof relating to public utilities and
28 telecommunications utilities by any public utility or telecommunications utility doing business
29 therein, its officers, agents or employees and shall enforce all laws of this state relating to public
30 utilities and telecommunications utilities and may enforce all such laws and ordinances of a
31 municipality. The commission shall report all violations of any such laws or ordinances to the At-
32 torney General.

33 (2) The Attorney General, district attorney of each county, [and] all state, county and city police
34 officers **and police officers commissioned by a university under section 1 of this 2011 Act** shall
35 assist the commission in the administration and enforcement of all laws administered by the com-
36 mission, and they, as well as assistants and employees of the commission, shall inform against and
37 diligently prosecute all persons whom they have reasonable cause to believe guilty of violation of
38 any such laws or of the rules, regulations, orders, decisions or requirements of the commission made
39 pursuant thereto.

40 (3) Upon the request of the commission, the Attorney General or the district attorney of the
41 proper county shall aid in any investigation, hearing or trial, and shall institute and prosecute all
42 necessary suits, actions or proceedings for the enforcement of those laws and ordinances referred
43 to in subsection (1) of this section.

44 (4) Any forfeiture or penalty provided for in any law administered by the commission shall be
45 recovered by an action brought thereon in the name of the State of Oregon in any court of appro-

1 priate jurisdiction.

2 **SECTION 47.** ORS 801.395 is amended to read:

3 801.395. "Police officer" includes a member of the Oregon State Police, a sheriff, a deputy
4 sheriff, a city police officer, **a police officer commissioned by a university under section 1 of**
5 **this 2011 Act**, a Port of Portland peace officer or a law enforcement officer employed by a service
6 district established under ORS 451.410 to 451.610 for the purpose of law enforcement services.

7 **SECTION 48.** ORS 810.410 is amended to read:

8 810.410. (1) A police officer may arrest or issue a citation to a person for a traffic crime at any
9 place within or outside the jurisdictional authority of the governmental unit by which the police
10 officer is authorized to act as provided by ORS 133.235 and 133.310.

11 (2) A police officer may issue a citation to a person for a traffic violation at any place within
12 or outside the jurisdictional authority of the governmental unit by which the police officer is au-
13 thorized to act:

14 (a) When the traffic violation is committed in the police officer's presence; or

15 (b) When the police officer has probable cause to believe an offense has occurred based on a
16 description of the vehicle or other information received from a police officer who observed the
17 traffic violation.

18 (3) A police officer:

19 (a) Shall not arrest a person for a traffic violation.

20 (b) May stop and detain a person for a traffic violation for the purposes of investigation rea-
21 sonably related to the traffic violation, identification and issuance of citation.

22 (c) May make an inquiry into circumstances arising during the course of a detention and in-
23 vestigation under paragraph (b) of this subsection that give rise to a reasonable suspicion of crimi-
24 nal activity.

25 (d) May make an inquiry to ensure the safety of the officer, the person stopped or other persons
26 present, including an inquiry regarding the presence of weapons.

27 (e) May request consent to search in relation to the circumstances referred to in paragraph (c)
28 of this subsection or to search for items of evidence otherwise subject to search or seizure under
29 ORS 133.535.

30 (f) May use the degree of force reasonably necessary to make the stop and ensure the safety of
31 the [peace] **police** officer, the person stopped or other persons present.

32 (g) May make an arrest of a person as authorized by ORS 133.310 (2) if the person is stopped
33 and detained pursuant to the authority of this section.

34 (4) When a police officer at the scene of a traffic accident has reasonable grounds, based upon
35 the police officer's personal investigation, to believe that a person involved in the accident has
36 committed a traffic offense in connection with the accident, the police officer may issue to the per-
37 son a citation for that offense. The authority under this subsection is in addition to any other au-
38 thority to issue a citation for a traffic offense.

39 **SECTION 49.** ORS 811.720 is amended to read:

40 811.720. (1) Except as provided in subsection (4) of this section, any accident occurring on a
41 highway or upon premises open to the public resulting in injury or death to any person is subject
42 to the reporting requirements under the following sections:

43 (a) The reporting requirements for drivers under ORS 811.725.

44 (b) The reporting requirements for occupants of vehicles in accidents under ORS 811.735.

45 (c) The reporting requirements for owners of vehicles under ORS 811.730.

1 (2) Except as provided in subsection (4) of this section, an accident occurring on a highway or
2 upon premises open to the public resulting in damage to the property of any person in excess of
3 \$1,500 is subject to the following reporting requirements:

4 (a) The driver of a vehicle that has more than \$1,500 damage must report the accident in the
5 manner specified under ORS 811.725.

6 (b) The owner of a vehicle that has more than \$1,500 damage must report the accident in the
7 manner specified in ORS 811.730 and under the circumstances specified in ORS 811.730.

8 (c) If the property damage is to property other than a vehicle involved in the accident, each
9 driver involved in the accident must report the accident in the manner specified under ORS 811.725
10 and each owner of a vehicle involved in the accident must report the accident in the manner spec-
11 ified in ORS 811.730 and under the circumstances specified in ORS 811.730.

12 (d) If a vehicle involved in the accident is damaged to the extent that the vehicle must be towed
13 from the scene of the accident, each driver involved in the accident must report the accident in the
14 manner specified under ORS 811.725 and each owner of a vehicle involved in the accident must re-
15 port the accident in the manner specified in ORS 811.730 and under the circumstances specified in
16 ORS 811.730.

17 (3) The dollar amount specified in subsection (2) of this section may be increased every five
18 years by the Department of Transportation based upon any increase in the Portland-Salem Consumer
19 Price Index for All Urban Consumers for All Items as prepared by the Bureau of Labor Statistics
20 of the United States Department of Labor or its successor during the preceding 12-month period.
21 The amount determined under this subsection shall be rounded to the nearest \$100.

22 (4) The following are exempt from the reporting requirements of this section:

23 (a) Operators of snowmobiles, Class I all-terrain vehicles or Class III all-terrain vehicles.

24 (b) A law enforcement official acting in the course of official duty if the accident involved a law
25 enforcement official performing a lawful intervention technique or a law enforcement official and a
26 person acting during the commission of a criminal offense. As used in this paragraph:

27 (A) "Law enforcement official" means a person who is responsible for enforcing the criminal
28 laws of this state or a political subdivision of this state and who is employed or volunteers:

29 (i) As a peace officer commissioned by a city, **university that has established a police de-**
30 **partment under section 1 of this 2011 Act**, port, school district, mass transit district, county or
31 county service district authorized to provide law enforcement services under ORS 451.010;

32 (ii) With the Department of State Police or the Criminal Justice Division of the Department of
33 Justice; or

34 (iii) As an investigator of a district attorney's office, if the investigator is certified as a peace
35 officer in this state.

36 (B) "Lawful intervention technique" means a method by which one motor vehicle causes, or at-
37 tempts to cause, another motor vehicle to stop.

38 **SECTION 50.** ORS 811.745 is amended to read:

39 811.745. (1) Except as provided in subsection (4) of this section, any accident occurring on a
40 highway or upon premises open to the public resulting in injury or death to any person is subject
41 to the reporting requirements under the following sections:

42 (a) The reporting requirements for drivers under ORS 811.748.

43 (b) The reporting requirements for occupants of vehicles in accidents under ORS 811.750.

44 (2) Except as provided in subsection (4) of this section, an accident occurring on a highway or
45 upon premises open to the public resulting in damage to the property of any person in excess of

1 \$1,500 is subject to the following reporting requirements:

2 (a) The driver of a vehicle that has more than \$1,500 damage must report the accident in the
3 manner specified under ORS 811.748.

4 (b) If the property damage is to property other than a vehicle involved in the accident, each
5 driver involved in the accident must report the accident in the manner specified under ORS 811.748.

6 (c) If a vehicle involved in the accident is damaged to the extent that the vehicle must be towed
7 from the scene of the accident, each driver involved in the accident must report the accident in the
8 manner specified under ORS 811.748.

9 (3) The dollar amount specified in subsection (2) of this section may be increased every five
10 years by the Department of Transportation based upon any increase in the Portland-Salem Consumer
11 Price Index for All Urban Consumers for All Items as prepared by the Bureau of Labor Statistics
12 of the United States Department of Labor or its successor during the preceding 12-month period.
13 The amount determined under this subsection shall be rounded to the nearest \$100.

14 (4) The following are exempt from the reporting requirements of this section:

15 (a) Operators of snowmobiles, Class I all-terrain vehicles or Class III all-terrain vehicles.

16 (b) A law enforcement official acting in the course of official duty if the accident involved a law
17 enforcement official performing a lawful intervention technique or involved a law enforcement offi-
18 cial and a person acting during the commission of a criminal offense. As used in this paragraph:

19 (A) "Law enforcement official" means a person who is responsible for enforcing the criminal
20 laws of this state or a political subdivision of this state and who is employed or volunteers:

21 (i) As a peace officer commissioned by a city, port, **university that has established a police**
22 **department under section 1 of this 2011 Act**, school district, mass transit district, county or
23 service district authorized to provide law enforcement services under ORS 451.010;

24 (ii) With the Department of State Police or the Criminal Justice Division of the Department of
25 Justice; or

26 (iii) As an investigator of a district attorney's office, if the investigator is certified as a peace
27 officer in this state.

28 (B) "Lawful intervention technique" means a method by which one motor vehicle causes, or at-
29 tempts to cause, another motor vehicle to stop.

30 (5) The reporting requirements under this section are in addition to, and not in lieu of, the re-
31 porting requirements under ORS 811.720.

32 **SECTION 51.** ORS 811.747 is amended to read:

33 811.747. As used in ORS 811.748 and 811.750:

34 (1) "9-1-1 emergency reporting system" has the meaning given that term in ORS 403.105.

35 (2) "Law enforcement agency" means any agency that employs members of the Oregon State
36 Police, a sheriff, a deputy sheriff, a city police officer, **a police officer commissioned by a uni-**
37 **versity under section 1 of this 2011 Act** or a law enforcement officer employed by a service dis-
38 trict established under ORS 451.410 to 451.610 for the purpose of law enforcement services.

39 **SECTION 52.** ORS 823.081 is amended to read:

40 823.081. (1) The Department of Transportation shall inquire into any neglect or violation of any
41 law of this state, or any law or ordinance of any municipality thereof, relating to motor carriers or
42 railroads by any motor carrier or railroad doing business therein, its officers, agents or employees
43 and shall enforce all laws of this state relating to motor carriers and railroads and may enforce all
44 such laws and ordinances of a municipality. The department shall report all violations of any such
45 laws or ordinances to the Attorney General.

1 (2) The Attorney General, district attorney of each county, [and] all state, county and city police
2 officers **and police officers commissioned by a university under section 1 of this 2011 Act** shall
3 assist the department in the administration and enforcement of all laws related to motor carriers
4 and railroads administered by the department, and they, as well as assistants and employees of the
5 department, shall inform against and diligently prosecute all persons whom they have reasonable
6 cause to believe guilty of the violation of any such laws or of the rules, regulations, orders, deci-
7 sions or requirements of the department made pursuant thereto.

8 (3) Upon the request of the department, the Attorney General or the district attorney of the
9 proper county shall aid in any investigation, hearing or trial, and shall institute and prosecute all
10 necessary suits, actions or proceedings for the enforcement of those laws and ordinances referred
11 to in subsection (1) of this section.

12 (4) Any forfeiture or penalty provided for in any law regarding motor carriers or railroads ad-
13 ministered by the department shall be recovered by an action brought thereon in the name of the
14 State of Oregon in any court of appropriate jurisdiction or as provided in ORS 183.745.

15 **SECTION 53.** ORS 830.005 is amended to read:

16 830.005. As used in this chapter, unless the context requires otherwise:

17 (1) "Board" means the State Marine Board.

18 (2) "Boat" means every description of watercraft, including a seaplane on the water and not in
19 flight, used or capable of being used as a means of transportation on the water, but does not include
20 boathouses, floating homes, air mattresses, beach and water toys or single inner tubes.

21 (3) "Boating offense" means violation of any provision of law that is made a crime or violation
22 under the provisions of this chapter.

23 (4) "In flight" means from the moment a seaplane starts its takeoff run until the end of a normal
24 power-off landing run.

25 (5) "Length" means the length of a boat measured from end to end over the deck excluding
26 sheer.

27 (6) "Motorboat" means any boat propelled in whole or in part by machinery, including boats
28 temporarily equipped with detachable motors.

29 (7) "Navigable waters of the United States" means those waters of the United States, including
30 the territorial seas adjacent thereto, the general character of which is navigable, and that, either
31 by themselves or by uniting with other waters, form a continuous waterway on which boats or ves-
32 sels may navigate or travel between two or more states, or to and from foreign nations.

33 (8) "Operate" means to navigate or otherwise use a boat.

34 (9) "Operator of a boat livery" means any person who is engaged wholly or in part in the busi-
35 ness of chartering or renting boats to other persons.

36 (10) "Passenger" means every person on board a boat who is not the master, operator, crew
37 member or other person engaged in any capacity in the business of the boat.

38 (11) "Peace officer" includes a member of the Oregon State Police, a sheriff or deputy sheriff
39 [and], a city police officer **and a police officer commissioned by a university under section 1**
40 **of this 2011 Act.**

41 (12) "State waters" means those waters entirely within the confines of this state that have not
42 been declared navigable waters of the United States.

43 (13) "Waters of this state" means all waters within the territorial limits of this state, the mar-
44 ginal sea adjacent to this state and the high seas when navigated as part of a journey or ride to
45 or from the shore of this state.

1 **SECTION 54.** Section 2, chapter 102, Oregon Laws 2010, is amended to read:

2 **Sec. 2.** (1) Except as provided in subsection (2) of this section, it is an unlawful employment
3 practice for an employer to obtain or use for employment purposes information contained in the
4 credit history of an applicant for employment or an employee, or to refuse to hire, discharge, de-
5 mote, suspend, retaliate or otherwise discriminate against an applicant or an employee with regard
6 to promotion, compensation or the terms, conditions or privileges of employment based on informa-
7 tion in the credit history of the applicant or employee.

8 (2) Subsection (1) of this section does not apply to:

9 (a) Employers that are federally insured banks or credit unions;

10 (b) Employers that are required by state or federal law to use individual credit history for em-
11 ployment purposes;

12 (c) The employment of a public safety officer who is a member of a law enforcement unit, who
13 is employed as a peace officer commissioned by a city, port, school district, mass transit district,
14 county, **university under section 1 of this 2011 Act**, Indian reservation, the Criminal Justice Di-
15 vision of the Department of Justice, the Oregon State Lottery Commission or the Governor and who
16 is responsible for enforcing the criminal laws of this state or laws or ordinances related to airport
17 security; or

18 (d) The obtainment or use by an employer of information in the credit history of an applicant
19 or employee because the information is substantially job-related and the employer's reasons for the
20 use of such information are disclosed to the employee or prospective employee in writing.

21 (3) An employee or an applicant for employment may file a complaint under ORS 659A.820 for
22 violations of this section and may bring a civil action under ORS 659A.885 and recover the relief
23 as provided by ORS 659A.885 (1) and (2).

24 (4) As used in this section, "credit history" means any written or other communication of any
25 information by a consumer reporting agency that bears on a consumer's creditworthiness, credit
26 standing or credit capacity.

27 **SECTION 55.** (1) **Sections 1, 8, 10, 12 and 33 of this 2011 Act and the amendments to ORS**
28 **40.275, 44.550, 90.440, 124.050, 131.605, 133.005, 133.033, 133.318, 133.525, 133.721, 133.726, 136.595,**
29 **146.003, 147.425, 153.005, 153.630, 161.015, 163.730, 165.535, 180.320, 181.010, 181.610, 181.715,**
30 **181.781, 181.860, 236.350, 238.005, 238.608, 243.005, 348.270, 414.805, 419B.005, 419B.902, 420.905,**
31 **430.735, 441.630, 506.521, 609.652, 686.450, 756.160, 801.395, 810.410, 811.720, 811.745, 811.747,**
32 **823.081 and 830.005 and section 2, chapter 102, Oregon Laws 2010, by sections 2 to 7, 9, 11, 13**
33 **to 32 and 34 to 54 of this 2011 Act become operative on January 1, 2012.**

34 (2) **The State Board of Higher Education and any university under the control of the**
35 **board may adopt rules or take any other action before the operative date specified in sub-**
36 **section (1) of this section that is necessary to enable the board or university to exercise, on**
37 **or after the operative date specified in subsection (1) of this section, all the duties, functions**
38 **and powers conferred on the board or university by this 2011 Act.**

39 **SECTION 56.** **This 2011 Act being necessary for the immediate preservation of the public**
40 **peace, health and safety, an emergency is declared to exist, and this 2011 Act takes effect**
41 **on its passage.**

42