# Senate Bill 394

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#### **SUMMARY**

The following summary is not prepared by the sponsors of the measure and is not a part of the body thereof subject to consideration by the Legislative Assembly. It is an editor's brief statement of the essential features of the measure as introduced.

Provides that offenders sentenced to mandatory minimum terms of imprisonment for certain crimes committed when they were 15, 16 or 17 years of age are eligible for conditional release hearing after having served one-half of sentence imposed.

Declares emergency, effective on passage.

#### A BILL FOR AN ACT

Relating to conditional release; creating new provisions; amending ORS 137.707 and 420A.203; declaring an emergency; and providing for criminal sentence reduction that requires approval by a two-thirds majority.

## Be It Enacted by the People of the State of Oregon:

SECTION 1. ORS 420A.203 is amended to read:

420A.203. (1)(a) This section and ORS 420A.206 apply only to persons who were under 18 years of age at the time of the commission of the offense for which the persons were sentenced to a term of imprisonment, who committed the offense on or after June 30, 1995, and who were **sentenced to a term of imprisonment**:

- (A) [Sentenced to a term of imprisonment] Of at least 24 months following waiver under ORS 419C.349, 419C.352, 419C.364 or 419C.370; [or]
- (B) [Sentenced to a term of imprisonment] Of at least 24 months under ORS 137.707 (5)(b)(A) or (7)(b); or

### (C) Under ORS 137.707 (2).

- (b) When a person described in paragraph (a) of this subsection has served one-half of the sentence imposed, the sentencing court shall determine what further commitment or disposition is appropriate as provided in this section. As used in this subsection and subsection (2) of this section, "sentence imposed" means the total period of mandatory incarceration imposed for all convictions resulting from a single prosecution or criminal proceeding not including any reduction in the sentence under ORS 421.121 or any other statute.
- (2)(a) No more than 120 days and not less than 60 days before the date on which a person has served one-half of the sentence imposed, the Oregon Youth Authority or the Department of Corrections, whichever has physical custody of the person, shall file in the sentencing court a notice and request that the court set a time and place for the hearing required under this section. The youth authority or department shall serve the person with a copy of the notice and request for hearing on or before the date of filing.
- (b) Upon receiving the notice and request for a hearing under paragraph (a) of this subsection, the sentencing court shall schedule a hearing for a date not more than 30 days after the date on

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- which the person will have served one-half of the sentence imposed or such later date as is agreed upon by the parties.
  - (c) The court shall notify the following of the time and place of the hearing:
  - (A) The person and, if the person is a minor, the person's parents;
  - (B) The records supervisor of the correctional institution in which the person is incarcerated; and
    - (C) The district attorney who prosecuted the case.
- 8 (d) The court shall make reasonable efforts to notify the following of the time and place of the 9 hearing:
  - (A) The victim and, if the victim is a minor, the victim's parents or legal guardian; and
  - (B) Any other person who has filed a written request with the court to be notified of any hearing concerning the transfer, discharge or release of the person.
    - (3) In a hearing under this section:

- (a) The person and the state are parties to the proceeding.
- (b) The person has the right to appear with counsel. If the person requests that the court appoint counsel and the court determines that the person is financially eligible for appointed counsel at state expense, the court shall order that counsel be appointed.
  - (c) The district attorney represents the state.
- (d) The court shall determine admissibility of evidence as if the hearing were a sentencing proceeding.
- (e) The court may consider, when relevant, written reports of the Oregon Youth Authority, the Department of Corrections and qualified experts, in addition to the testimony of witnesses. Within a reasonable time before the hearing, as determined by the court, the person must be given the opportunity to examine all reports and other documents concerning the person that the state, the Oregon Youth Authority or the Department of Corrections intends to submit for consideration by the court at the hearing.
- (f) Except as otherwise provided by law or by order of the court based on good cause, the person must be given access to the records maintained in the person's case by the Oregon Youth Authority and the Department of Corrections.
- (g) The person may examine all of the witnesses called by the state, may subpoen and call witnesses to testify on the person's behalf and may present evidence and argument. The court may permit witnesses to appear by telephone or other two-way electronic communication device.
  - (h) The hearing must be recorded.
  - (i) The hearing and the record of the hearing are open to the public.
- (j) The question to be decided is which of the dispositions provided in subsection (4) of this section should be ordered in the case.
- (k) The person has the burden of proving by clear and convincing evidence that the person has been rehabilitated and reformed, and if conditionally released, the person would not be a threat to the safety of the victim, the victim's family or the community and that the person would comply with the release conditions.
- (4)(a) At the conclusion of the hearing and after considering and making findings regarding each of the factors in paragraph (b) of this subsection, the court shall order one of the following dispositions:
- (A) Order that the person serve the entire remainder of the sentence of imprisonment imposed, taking into account any reduction in the sentence under ORS 421.121 or any other statute, with the

- 1 person's physical custody determined under ORS 137.124, 420.011 and 420A.200.
  - (B) Order that the person be conditionally released under ORS 420A.206 at such time as the court may order, if the court finds that the person:
  - (i) Has been rehabilitated and reformed;

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- (ii) Is not a threat to the safety of the victim, the victim's family or the community; and
- (iii) Will comply with the conditions of release.
  - (b) In making the determination under this section, the court shall consider:
- 8 (A) The experiences and character of the person before and after commitment to the Oregon 9 Youth Authority or the Department of Corrections;
  - (B) The person's juvenile and criminal records;
  - (C) The person's mental, emotional and physical health;
  - (D) The gravity of the loss, damage or injury caused or attempted, during or as part of the criminal act for which the person was convicted and sentenced;
  - (E) The manner in which the person committed the criminal act for which the person was convicted and sentenced;
  - (F) The person's efforts, participation and progress in rehabilitation programs since the person's conviction;
    - (G) The results of any mental health or substance abuse treatment;
  - (H) Whether the person demonstrates accountability and responsibility for past and future conduct;
  - (I) Whether the person has made and will continue to make restitution to the victim and the community;
  - (J) Whether the person will comply with and benefit from all conditions that will be imposed if the person is conditionally released;
    - (K) The safety of the victim, the victim's family and the community;
  - (L) The recommendations of the district attorney, the Oregon Youth Authority and the Department of Corrections; and
  - (M) Any other relevant factors or circumstances raised by the state, the Oregon Youth Authority, the Department of Corrections or the person.
  - (5) The court shall provide copies of its disposition order under subsection (4) of this section to the parties, to the records supervisor of the correctional institution in which the person is incarcerated and to the manager of the institution-based records office of the Department of Corrections.
  - (6) The person or the state may appeal an order entered under this section. On appeal, the appellate court's review is limited to claims that:
    - (a) The disposition is not authorized under this section;
- 37 (b) The court failed to comply with the requirements of this section in imposing the disposition; 38 or
  - (c) The findings of the court are not supported by substantial evidence in the record.

## SECTION 2. ORS 137.707 is amended to read:

137.707. (1)(a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, when a person charged with aggravated murder, as defined in ORS 163.095, or an offense listed in subsection (4)(a) of this section is 15, 16 or 17 years of age at the time the offense is committed, and the offense is committed on or after April 1, 1995, or when a person charged with an offense listed in subsection (4)(b) of this section is 15, 16 or 17 years of age at the time the offense is committed, and the offense is committed

on or after October 4, 1997, or when a person charged with the offense described in subsection (4)(c) of this section is 15, 16 or 17 years of age at the time the offense is committed and the offense is committed on or after January 1, 2008, the person shall be prosecuted as an adult in criminal court.

- (b) A district attorney, the Attorney General or a juvenile department counselor may not file in juvenile court a petition alleging that a person has committed an act that, if committed by an adult, would constitute aggravated murder or an offense listed in subsection (4) of this section if the person was 15, 16 or 17 years of age at the time the act was committed.
- (2)(a) When a person charged under this section is convicted of an offense listed in subsection (4) of this section, the court shall impose at least the presumptive term of imprisonment provided for the offense in subsection (4) of this section. The court may impose a greater presumptive term if otherwise permitted by law, but may not impose a lesser term. [The person is not, during the service of the term of imprisonment, eligible for release on post-prison supervision or any form of temporary leave from custody. The person is not eligible for any reduction in, or based on, the minimum sentence for any reason under ORS 421.121 or any other provision of law.]
- (b) Except as otherwise provided in ORS 420A.203, a person sentenced under this section is not:
- (A) During the service of the term of imprisonment, eligible for release on post-prison supervision or any form of temporary leave from custody; or
  - (B) Eligible for any reduction in the minimum sentence for any reason.
- (c) ORS 138.012, 163.105 and 163.150 apply to sentencing a person prosecuted under this section and convicted of aggravated murder under ORS 163.095 except that a person who was under 18 years of age at the time the offense was committed is not subject to a sentence of death.
- (3) The court shall commit the person to the legal and physical custody of the Department of Corrections.
  - (4) The offenses to which this section applies and the presumptive sentences are:

27 (a)(A) Murder, as defined in 28 ORS 163.115 ......300 months 29 30 (B) Attempt or conspiracy 31 to commit aggravated murder, as defined 32 in ORS 163.095......120 months 33 34 (C) Attempt or conspiracy 35 to commit murder, as defined in ORS 163.115 ......90 months 36 37 (D) Manslaughter in the first degree, as defined 38 in ORS 163.118......120 months 39 (E) Manslaughter in the 40 second degree, as defined 41 in ORS 163.125......75 months 42 (F) Assault in the first 43 degree, as defined 44 in ORS 163.185.....90 months 45

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1	(G)	Assault in the second	
2		degree, as defined	
3		in ORS 163.17570	months
4	(H)	Kidnapping in the first	
5		degree, as defined in	
6		ORS 163.23590	months
7	(I)	Kidnapping in the second	
8		degree, as defined in	
9		ORS 163.22570	months
10	(J)	Rape in the first degree,	
11		as defined in ORS $163.375100$	months
12	(K)	Rape in the second	
13		degree, as defined in	
14		ORS 163.36575	months
15	(L)	Sodomy in the first	
16		degree, as defined in	
17		ORS 163.405100	months
18	(M)	Sodomy in the second	
19		degree, as defined in	
20		ORS 163.39575	months
21	(N)	Unlawful sexual	
22		penetration in the first	
23		degree, as defined	
24		in ORS 163.411100	months
25	(O)	Unlawful sexual	
26		penetration in the	
27		second degree, as	
28		defined in ORS 163.40875	months
29	(P)	Sexual abuse in the first	
30		degree, as defined in	
31		ORS 163.42775	months
32	(Q)	Robbery in the first	
33		degree, as defined in	
34		ORS 164.41590	months
35	(R)	Robbery in the second	
36		degree, as defined in	
37		ORS 164.40570	months
38	(b)(A)	Arson in the first degree,	
39		as defined in	
40		ORS 164.325, when	
41		the offense represented	
42		a threat of serious	
43		physical injury90	months
44	(B)	Using a child in a display	
45		of sexually explicit	

1		conduct, as defined in
2		ORS 163.67070 months
3	(C)	Compelling prostitution,
4		as defined in ORS 167.01770 months
5	(c)	Aggravated vehicular
6		homicide, as defined in
7		ORS 163.149240 months

- (5) If a person charged with an offense under this section is found guilty of a lesser included offense and the lesser included offense is:
- (a) An offense listed in subsection (4) of this section, the court shall sentence the person as provided in subsection (2) of this section.
  - (b) Not an offense listed in subsection (4) of this section:
- (A) But constitutes an offense for which waiver is authorized under ORS 419C.349, the court, upon motion of the district attorney, shall hold a hearing to determine whether to retain jurisdiction or to transfer the case to juvenile court for disposition. In determining whether to retain jurisdiction, the court shall consider the criteria for waiver in ORS 419C.349. If the court retains jurisdiction, the court shall sentence the person as an adult under sentencing guidelines. If the court does not retain jurisdiction, the court shall:
  - (i) Order that a presentence report be prepared;
- (ii) Set forth in a memorandum any observations and recommendations that the court deems appropriate; and
- (iii) Enter an order transferring the case to the juvenile court for disposition under ORS 419C.067 and 419C.411.
- (B) And is not an offense for which waiver is authorized under ORS 419C.349, the court may not sentence the person. The court shall:
  - (i) Order that a presentence report be prepared;
- (ii) Set forth in a memorandum any observations and recommendations that the court deems appropriate; and
- (iii) Enter an order transferring the case to the juvenile court for disposition under ORS 419C.067 and 419C.411.
- (6) When a person is charged under this section, other offenses based on the same act or transaction shall be charged as separate counts in the same accusatory instrument and consolidated for trial, whether or not the other offenses are aggravated murder or offenses listed in subsection (4) of this section. If it appears, upon motion, that the state or the person charged is prejudiced by the joinder and consolidation of offenses, the court may order an election or separate trials of counts or provide whatever other relief justice requires.
- (7)(a) If a person charged and tried as provided in subsection (6) of this section is found guilty of aggravated murder or an offense listed in subsection (4) of this section and one or more other offenses, the court shall impose the sentence for aggravated murder or the offense listed in subsection (4) of this section as provided in subsection (2) of this section and shall impose sentences for the other offenses as otherwise provided by law.
- (b) If a person charged and tried as provided in subsection (6) of this section is not found guilty of aggravated murder or an offense listed in subsection (4) of this section, but is found guilty of one

- of the other charges that constitutes an offense for which waiver is authorized under ORS 419C.349, the court, upon motion of the district attorney, shall hold a hearing to determine whether to retain jurisdiction or to transfer the case to juvenile court for disposition. In determining whether to retain jurisdiction, the court shall consider the criteria for waiver in ORS 419C.349. If the court retains jurisdiction, the court shall sentence the person as an adult under sentencing guidelines. If the court does not retain jurisdiction, the court shall:
  - (A) Order that a presentence report be prepared;
  - (B) Set forth in a memorandum any observations and recommendations that the court deems appropriate; and
  - (C) Enter an order transferring the case to the juvenile court for disposition under ORS 419C.067 and 419C.411.
  - SECTION 3. (1) The amendments to ORS 137.707 and 420A.203 by sections 1 and 2 of this 2011 Act apply to crimes committed before, on or after the effective date of this 2011 Act.
  - (2) If a person described in ORS 420A.203 (1)(a) is sentenced before the effective date of this 2011 Act, the provisions of ORS 420A.203 and 420A.206 apply to the person except that, if, on the effective date of this 2011 Act, the person has served more than one-half of the sentence imposed or the person has less than 90 days to serve before the person will have served one-half of the sentence imposed:
  - (a) The Department of Corrections or the Oregon Youth Authority, whichever has physical custody of the person, shall file the notice and request for a hearing described in ORS 420A.203 (2)(a) with the sentencing court no later than 30 days after the effective date of this 2011 Act; and
  - (b) Upon receipt of the notice described in paragraph (a) of this subsection, the sentencing court shall schedule a hearing as soon as practicable.
  - <u>SECTION 4.</u> This 2011 Act being necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health and safety, an emergency is declared to exist, and this 2011 Act takes effect on its passage.