House Bill 3347

Sponsored by Representative WHISNANT; Representatives CONGER, HUFFMAN, MCLANE, Senator ATKINSON

SUMMARY

The following summary is not prepared by the sponsors of the measure and is not a part of the body thereof subject to consideration by the Legislative Assembly. It is an editor's brief statement of the essential features of the measure **as introduced.**

Authorizes Pine Forest Development, LLC, to develop approximately 617-acre resort. Exempts development from statutes relating to destination resorts and other specified land use statutes, statewide land use planning goals and provisions of Deschutes County's acknowledged comprehensive plan and land use regulations.

Authorizes Caldera Springs Destination Resort to remove deed restrictions and restrictive

Authorizes Caldera Springs Destination Resort to remove deed restrictions and restrictive covenants related to overnight use of residential units for specified payment to Deschutes County. Requires Deschutes County, upon receipt of payment, to form sanitary authority.

Declares emergency, effective on passage.

A BILL FOR AN ACT

- 2 Relating to resort development in Deschutes County; and declaring an emergency.
- 3 Be It Enacted by the People of the State of Oregon:
 - SECTION 1. As used in sections 1 to 4 of this 2011 Act:
 - (1) "Development area" means the Pine Forest Development Area, which is that certain real property owned on June 1, 2011, by Pine Forest Development, LLC, consisting of approximately 617 contiguous acres in Deschutes County in portions of sections 8, 9, 16, 17, 20 and 21, township 20 south, range 11 east.
 - (2) "Owner" means the Pine Forest Development, LLC, or its successor in interest to the Pine Forest Development Area.
 - SECTION 2. (1) Subject to subsection (2) of this section and subject to approval of a master plan submitted to Deschutes County within seven years after the effective date of this 2011 Act, the owner of the Pine Forest Development Area may develop a resort in the development area as an outright permitted use:
 - (a) Notwithstanding provisions of ORS 92.010 to 92.192 that establish time frames for submission of a final subdivision plat after tentative approval of a proposed subdivision plat.
 - (b) Notwithstanding ORS 197.435 to 197.467.
 - (c) Notwithstanding the lot size and dwelling standards of ORS 215.700 to 215.780.
 - (d) Without taking an exception under ORS 197.732 to any of the statewide land use planning goals.
 - (e) Notwithstanding provisions of the acknowledged comprehensive plan or land use regulations of Deschutes County except as provided otherwise in sections 1 to 4 of this 2011 Act.
 - (f) Without adopting changes to the acknowledged comprehensive plan or land use regulations of Deschutes County.
 - (2) The owner may pursue the development described in subsection (1) of this section if:
 - (a) Deschutes County receives payment described in section 3 of this 2011 Act within 180 days after the effective date of this 2011 Act;
 - (b) The owner submits an application for approval of a master plan under subsection (5)

1

5

6

9 10

11

12 13

14

15 16

17

18

19 20

21 22

23

24

25

26 27

of this section within seven years after the effective date of this 2011 Act; and

1 2

- (c) The owner obtains the land use approvals required by sections 1 to 4 of this 2011 Act.
- (3) Upon satisfaction of the requirements of subsections (1) and (2) of this section, the owner of the development area may develop in the development area:
- (a) Up to 925 residential units, including single-family detached houses, cabins, condominiums, townhouses, time-share and lodging units for use as permanent residences, rental units or transient lodging units.
- (b) Restaurants, meeting facilities, commercial and mixed uses necessary to meet the needs of visitors to the development area.
- (c) Developed recreational facilities, including, but not limited to, tennis courts, swimming pools, an equestrian center and bicycle paths. Developed recreational facilities may not include a golf course.
- (d) Basic service uses and all utility, maintenance and security facilities necessary to support the development.
 - (4) Development in the development area is subject to the following requirements:
- (a) At least 50 percent of the development area must be dedicated to permanent open space, excluding streets and parking areas.
- (b) At least 25 percent of the residential units, including units in a recreational vehicleoriented development, must be designed to encourage and facilitate use as overnight lodging accommodations and the units must incorporate the following design restrictions:
- (A) Single-family detached houses may not be sited on lots or parcels that exceed 7,000 square feet.
- (B) Single-family detached houses, condominium units and townhouses may not exceed 2,000 square feet.
- (C) Single-family detached houses, condominium units and townhouses may be developed with one single-car garage for each unit.
- (c) The owner shall retain important natural features, including habitat of threatened or endangered species, streams, rivers and significant wetlands. The owner may alter important natural features, including the placement of structures, so long as the overall values of the feature are maintained.
- (d) To avoid or minimize adverse effects of the development on uses on surrounding lands, the owner shall develop buffers between the development and adjacent land uses, including natural vegetation and, where appropriate, fences, berms, landscaped areas and similar types of buffers.
- (e) Roads, utility corridors and utility facilities necessary to serve the development area are outright permitted uses within the development area and on nearby lands without taking an exception under ORS 197.732 to the statewide land use planning goals or changing the acknowledged comprehensive plan or land use regulations of Deschutes County.
- (f) The owner shall develop the development area in consultation with the State Department of Fish and Wildlife to minimize impacts on wildlife.
- (g) The owner shall develop the development area in consultation with the State Forestry Department to minimize wildfire risks.
 - (h) The owner may develop the development area in one or more phases.
- (5) The owner may submit an application to Deschutes County for approval of a master plan for the development and use of the development area. The master plan must:

- (a) Demonstrate that development will occur in compliance with the requirements of sections 1 to 4 of this 2011 Act.
- (b) Include a proposed subdivision plat to create lots for the first phase of development in the development area.
 - (c) Include a traffic study, prepared by a licensed transportation engineer, that:
 - (A) Addresses the impacts of the development on affected state highways, county roads and city streets.
 - (B) Identifies transportation improvements needed to mitigate the impacts.
 - (C) Is submitted to the Department of Transportation for review when submitted to Deschutes County as part of the master plan.
 - (6) The master plan and associated land division plans:
 - (a) Govern development of the development area in perpetuity.
 - (b) May be amended at any time following an administrative review by Deschutes County and shall be approved by Deschutes County if the amended master plan would remain consistent with the requirements of sections 1 to 4 of this 2011 Act.
 - (7) Deschutes County shall:

- (a) Apply only the provisions of sections 1 to 4 of this 2011 Act as standards and criteria for approval or amendment of the master plan and associated land division applications and development permit applications submitted pursuant to sections 1 to 4 of this 2011 Act.
- (b) Process the master plan and associated land division applications pursuant to the procedural review provisions of the acknowledged comprehensive plan and land use regulations
- (c) Condition final approval of the master plan and associated land division applications upon a requirement that the owner pay \$1,500 to the South County Sanitary Authority established under section 4 of this 2011 Act for each residential unit in the development area upon:
 - (A) Final plat approval for each individual residential unit in the development area; and
- (B) The issuance of a building permit for each individual residential unit in the development area.
- (8) Spending required under subsection (7) of this section is stated in 2011 dollars. The spending required must be adjusted to the year in which calculations are made in accordance with the Portland-Salem, OR-WA, Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers for All Items, as published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the United States Department of Labor.
- (9) Development and construction of uses within the development area may proceed when the master plan has been approved and the final subdivision plat for the phase has been recorded.
- (10) The development opportunities provided by sections 1 to 4 of this 2011 Act are fully transferable and run with the land in the event of a change of ownership of the development area.
- (11) Seven years after the effective date of this 2011 Act, sections 1 to 4 of this 2011 Act are void and have no further effect unless the owner has applied to Deschutes County for approval of a master plan under sections 1 to 4 of this 2011 Act.
- SECTION 3. (1) Within 180 days after the effective date of this 2011 Act, if the owner of Caldera Springs Destination Resort pays \$3,000 to Deschutes County for each residential unit

or lot in the destination resort that is subject to a recorded restrictive covenant requiring the residential unit to be available for overnight rental use for at least 45 weeks per year, the owner, with the written approval of the owner of the individual residential units or lots, may request that Deschutes County and any other necessary party remove or amend the restrictive covenant, notwithstanding:

- (a) Any land use approval or condition of approval applicable to Caldera Springs Destination Resort;
- (b) Any improvement agreement between the owner of Caldera Springs Destination Resort and Deschutes County;
 - (c) ORS 197.435 to 197.467;

- (d) Statewide land use planning goals; and
- (e) Provisions of the acknowledged comprehensive plan and land use regulations of Deschutes County that limit uses of forestlands or that regulate destination resorts.
- (2) If payment is made under this section and the owner of the Caldera Springs Destination Resort makes a written request to Deschutes County, the county shall take the action required to remove or amend the restrictive covenant, and restrictions or agreements related to the restrictive covenant, within 30 days after receipt of the written request.
- (3) When payment is made under this section and the deed restriction or restrictive covenants are removed or amended, the owner of the Caldera Springs Destination Resort is relieved of any obligation to:
- (a) Guarantee through surety bonding or equivalent financial assurances the construction of the overnight lodging units in the destination resort; and
- (b) Comply with a deed restriction or other restrictive covenant requiring individually owned residential units used as overnight lodging units to be available for overnight rental use by the general public for at least 45 weeks per calendar year.
- (4) Residential units within Caldera Springs Destination Resorts for which a deed restriction or restrictive covenant has been removed or amended pursuant to this section are overnight lodging for purposes of a land use decision or condition of approval applicable to Caldera Springs Destination Resort.
- SECTION 4. (1) Within 180 days after the owner of the Caldera Springs Destination Resort makes the payment described in section 3 of this 2011 Act, the governing body of Deschutes County shall initiate the formation of a sanitary authority under ORS 450.600 to 450.989, to be known as the South County Sanitary Authority, in the manner provided in ORS 198.835. The order must:
- (a) Set forth the name of the district and the boundaries as determined by the governing body of the county.
- (b) Fix a place and a time, not less than 20 days nor more than 50 days after the date of the order, for a final hearing on the order. The governing body of the county shall cause notice of the hearing to be given by publication.
 - (c) Declare that written requests for an election will not be accepted.
- (2) At the time of the final hearing, the governing body of the county shall enter an order forming the South County Sanitary Authority.
- (3) The question of formation of the South County Sanitary Authority is not subject to a vote of electors.
 - (4) After three years have passed from the date of formation of the South County Sani-

- tary Authority, the order of the governing body of the county forming the sanitary authority is subject to referendum by electors within the jurisdiction of the sanitary authority.
- (5) Notwithstanding contrary provisions of ORS 450.790, the governing body of the county shall appoint five members to the initial board of directors of the sanitary authority.
- (6) Because district elections are conducted in odd-numbered years under ORS 255.335 and based on the timing of the formation of the sanitary authority, the members of the initial board shall serve staggered terms of office as follows:
- (a) Three members shall serve three-year or four-year terms, expiring on June 30 of the odd-numbered year in which an election is held to fill the positions; and
- (b) Two members shall serve one-year or two-year terms, expiring on June 30 of the odd-numbered year in which an election is held to fill the positions.
- (7) The Pine Forest Development Area may not be included within the jurisdiction of the South County Sanitary Authority.
- (8) The South County Sanitary Authority may exercise the authority granted by ORS 450.830 without:
 - (a) Taking an exception under ORS 197.732 to any statewide land use planning goal; and
- (b) Any change in the acknowledged comprehensive plan or land use regulations of Deschutes County.
- <u>SECTION 5.</u> This 2011 Act being necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health and safety, an emergency is declared to exist, and this 2011 Act takes effect on its passage.

22

1 2

3

4

5

6

7

8

10

11 12

13

14 15

16

17

18 19

20