# House Bill 3240

Sponsored by Representative BARKER

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# SUMMARY

The following summary is not prepared by the sponsors of the measure and is not a part of the body thereof subject to consideration by the Legislative Assembly. It is an editor's brief statement of the essential features of the measure **as introduced**.

Authorizes board of education of community college district to commission police officers. Grants commissioned police officers all powers and authority granted to peace officers or other police officers of this state.

Declares emergency, effective on passage.

#### A BILL FOR AN ACT

Relating to police officers; creating new provisions; amending ORS 40.275, 44.550, 90.440, 124.050,
131.605, 133.005, 133.033, 133.318, 133.525, 133.721, 133.726, 136.595, 146.003, 147.425, 153.005,
153.630, 161.015, 163.730, 165.535, 180.320, 181.010, 181.610, 181.715, 181.781, 181.860, 236.350,
238.005, 238.608, 243.005, 341.290, 341.300, 348.270, 414.805, 419B.005, 419B.902, 420.905, 430.735,
441.630, 506.521, 609.652, 686.450, 756.160, 801.395, 810.410, 811.720, 811.745, 811.747, 823.081 and

7 830.005 and section 2, chapter 102, Oregon Laws 2010; and declaring an emergency.

8 Be It Enacted by the People of the State of Oregon:

9 **SECTION 1.** ORS 341.290 is amended to read:

10 341.290. The board of education of a community college district shall be responsible for the 11 general supervision and control of any and all community colleges operated by the district. Con-12 sistent with any applicable rules of the State Board of Education, the board may:

(1) Subject to ORS chapters 238 and 238A, employ administrative officers, professional personnel
 and other employees, define their duties, terms and conditions of employment and prescribe compensation therefor, pursuant to ORS 243.650 to 243.782.

(2) Enact rules for the government of the community college, including professional personneland other employees thereof and students therein.

18 (3) Prescribe the educational program.

(4) Control use of and access to the grounds, buildings, books, equipment and other property ofthe district.

(5) Acquire, receive, hold, control, convey, sell, manage, operate, lease, lease-purchase, lend, invest, improve and develop any and all property of whatever nature given to or appropriated for the use, support or benefit of any activity under the control of the board, according to the terms and conditions of such gift or appropriation.

(6) Purchase real property upon a contractual basis when the period of time allowed for payment
under the contract does not exceed 30 years.

(7) Fix standards of admission to the community college, prescribe and collect tuition for admission to the community college, including fixing different tuition rates for students who reside in the district, students who do not reside in the district but are residents of the state and students who do not reside in the state.

1 (8) Prescribe and collect fees and expend funds so raised for special programs and services for 2 the students and for programs for the cultural and physical development of the students.

3 (9) Provide and disseminate to the public information relating to the program, operation and fi4 nances of the community college.

(10) Establish or contract for advisory and consultant services.

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6 (11) Take, hold and dispose of mortgages on real and personal property acquired by way of gift 7 or arising out of transactions entered into in accordance with the powers, duties and authority of 8 the board and institute, maintain and participate in suits and actions and other judicial proceedings 9 in the name of the district for the foreclosure of such mortgages.

10 (12) Maintain programs, services and facilities, and, in connection therewith, cooperate and en-11 ter into agreements with any person or public or private agency.

(13) Provide student services including health, guidance, counseling and placement services, andcontract therefor.

(14) Join appropriate associations and pay any required dues therefor from resources of thedistrict.

16 (15) Apply for federal funds and accept and enter into any contracts or agreements for the re-17 ceipt of such funds from the federal government or its agencies for educational purposes.

(16) Exercise any other power, duty or responsibility necessary to carry out the functions underthis section or required by law.

20(17) Prescribe rules for the use and access to public records of the district that are consistent with ORS 192.420, and education records of students under applicable state and federal law and 2122rules of the State Board of Education. Whenever a student has attained 18 years of age or is at-23tending an institution of post-secondary education, the permission or consent required of and the rights accorded to a parent of the student regarding education records shall thereafter be required 2425of and accorded to only the student. However, faculty records relating to matters such as conduct, personal and academic evaluations, disciplinary actions, if any, and other personal matters shall not 2627be made available to public inspection for any purpose except with the consent of the person who is the subject of the record or upon order of a court of competent jurisdiction. 28

(18) Enter into contracts for the receipt of cash or property, or both, and establish charitable gift annuities pursuant to ORS 731.038; and, commit, appropriate, authorize and budget for the payment of or other disposition of general funds to pay, in whole or in part, sums due under an agreement for a charitable gift annuity, and to provide the necessary funding for reserves or other trust funds pursuant to ORS 731.038.

34 (19) Encourage gifts to the district by faithfully devoting the proceeds of such gifts to the dis-35 trict purposes for which intended.

36 (20) Build, furnish, equip, repair, lease, purchase and raze facilities; and locate, buy and acquire 37 lands for all district purposes. Financing may be by any prudent method including but not limited 38 to loans, contract purchase or lease. Leases authorized by this section include lease-purchase 39 agreements under which the district may acquire ownership of the leased property at a nominal 40 price. Such financing agreements may be for a term of up to 30 years except for lease arrangements 41 which may be for a term of up to 50 years.

42 (21) Participate in an educational consortium with public and private institutions that offer up-43 per division and graduate instruction. Community colleges engaged in such consortiums may expend 44 money, provide facilities and assign staff to assist those institutions offering upper division and 45 graduate instruction.

[2]

1 (22) Enter into contracts of insurance or medical and hospital service contracts or may operate 2 a self-insurance program as provided in ORS 341.312.

3 (23) Establish a community college district police department and commission one or
 4 more individuals as police officers.

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**SECTION 2.** ORS 341.300 is amended to read:

341.300. (1) The board may adopt such regulations as it considers necessary to provide for the 6 policing, control and regulations of traffic and parking of vehicles on property under the jurisdiction 7 of the board. Such regulations may provide for the registration of vehicles, the designation and 8 9 posting of parking areas, and the assessment and collection of reasonable fees and charges for parking and shall be filed in the board business office on the campus and shall be available for 10 public inspection. The board may require that before a quarterly or yearly parking privilege for any 11 12 vehicle is granted to any full-time or part-time student to use board property, the student must show that the vehicle is operated by a student holding a valid driver license, that the vehicle is currently 13 registered and that the student driving the vehicle is insured under a motor vehicle liability insur-14 15 ance policy that meets the requirements described under ORS 806.080 or that the student or owner 16 of the vehicle has provided the Department of Transportation with other satisfactory proof of compliance with the financial responsibility requirements of this state. 17

(2) The regulations adopted pursuant to subsection (1) of this section may be enforced administratively under procedures adopted by the board. Administrative and disciplinary sanctions may be imposed upon students, faculty, and staff for violation of the regulations. The board may establish hearing procedures for the determination of controversies in connection with imposition of fines or penalties.

(3) Upon agreement between the board and a city or county in which all or part of the community college campus is located, proceedings to enforce regulations adopted pursuant to subsection
(1) of this section shall be brought in the name of the city or county enforcing the regulation in the circuit, justice or municipal court in the county in which the violation occurred. The fines, penalties
and costs recovered shall be paid to the clerk of the court involved in accordance with the agreement between the board and the city or county with which the agreement is made.

(4) The regulations adopted pursuant to subsection (1) of this section may also be enforced by the impoundment of vehicles, and a reasonable fee may be enacted for the cost of impoundment and storage, if any, prior to the release of the vehicles to their owners.

[(5) Every peace officer acting within the jurisdictional authority of a governmental unit of the place where the violation occurs shall enforce the regulations adopted by the board under subsection (1) of this section if an agreement has been entered into pursuant to subsection (3) of this section. The board, for the purpose of enforcing its regulations governing traffic control, may appoint peace officers who shall have the same authority as other peace officers as defined in ORS 133.005.]

(5) The regulations adopted pursuant to subsection (1) of this section shall be enforced
by:

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(a) Police officers commissioned under ORS 341.290; or

(b) If an agreement has been entered into pursuant to subsection (3) of this section, every peace officer acting within the jurisdictional authority of a governmental unit of the
place where the violation occurs.

(6) Issuance of traffic citations to enforce the regulations adopted by the board under subsection
(1) of this section shall conform to the requirements of ORS chapter 153. However, in proceedings
brought to enforce parking regulations, it shall be sufficient to charge the defendant by an unsworn

1 written notice in accordance with the provisions of ORS 221.333.

2 (7) Violation of any regulation adopted by the board pursuant to subsection (1) of this section 3 and enforced pursuant to subsection (3) of this section is a misdemeanor.

4 **SECTION 3.** ORS 40.275 is amended to read:

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5 40.275. (1) As used in this section, "unit of government" means:

(a) The federal government or any state or political subdivision thereof; or

7 (b) A community college district that has commissioned police officers under ORS 8 341.290.

9 (2) A unit of government has a privilege to refuse to disclose the identity of a person who has 10 furnished information relating to or assisting in an investigation of a possible violation of law to a 11 law enforcement officer or member of a legislative committee or its staff conducting an investi-12 gation.

(3) The privilege created by this section may be claimed by an appropriate representative of theunit of government if the information was furnished to an officer thereof.

15 (4) No privilege exists under this section:

(a) If the identity of the informer or the informer's interest in the subject matter of the communication has been disclosed to those who would have cause to resent the communication by a
holder of the privilege or by the informer's own action, or if the informer appears as a witness for
the unit of government.

20(b) If it appears from the evidence in the case or from other showing by a party that an informer may be able to give testimony necessary to a fair determination of the issue of guilt or innocence 2122in a criminal case or of a material issue on the merits in a civil case to which the unit of govern-23ment is a party, and the unit of government invokes the privilege, and the judge gives the unit of government an opportunity to show in camera facts relevant to determining whether the informer 2425can, in fact, supply that testimony. The showing will ordinarily be in the form of affidavits, but the judge may direct that testimony be taken if the judge finds that the matter cannot be resolved sat-2627isfactorily upon affidavit. If the judge finds that there is a reasonable probability that the informer can give the testimony, and the unit of government elects not to disclose identity of the informer, 28the judge on motion of the defendant in a criminal case shall dismiss the charges to which the tes-2930 timony would relate, and the judge may do so on the judge's own motion. In civil cases, the judge 31 may make any order that justice requires. Evidence submitted to the judge shall be sealed and preserved to be made available to the appellate court in the event of an appeal, and the contents shall 32not otherwise be revealed without consent of the unit of government. All counsel and parties shall 33 34 be permitted to be present at every stage of proceedings under this paragraph except a showing in 35 camera, at which no counsel or party shall be permitted to be present.

(c) If information from an informer is relied upon to establish the legality of the means by which 36 37 evidence was obtained and the judge is not satisfied that the information was received from an in-38 former reasonably believed to be reliable or credible. The judge may require the identity of the informer to be disclosed. The judge shall, on request of the unit of government, direct that the dis-39 40 closure be made in camera. All counsel and parties concerned with the issue of legality shall be permitted to be present at every stage of proceedings under this paragraph except a disclosure in 41 42camera, at which no counsel or party shall be permitted to be present. If disclosure of the identity of the informer is made in camera, the record thereof shall be sealed and preserved to be made 43 available to the appellate court in the event of an appeal, and the contents shall not otherwise be 44 revealed without consent of the unit of government. 45

SECTION 4. ORS 44.550 is amended to read: 1 2 44.550. As used in ORS 44.550 to 44.566: (1) "Civil case" means any proceeding other than a criminal prosecution. 3 (2) "Law enforcement unit" means: 4 (a) The police department of a city [or]; 5 (b) The sheriff's department or other police organization of a county; or 6 (c) A police department established by a community college district under ORS 341.290. 7 (3) "Police officer" means an officer or member of a law enforcement unit who is employed 8 9 full-time as a peace officer by the city or county and who is responsible for enforcing the criminal laws of this state. 10 (4) "Tribunal" means any person or body before which attendance of witnesses may be required 11 12 by subpoena, including an arbitrator in arbitration proceedings. SECTION 5. ORS 90.440 is amended to read: 13 90.440. (1) As used in this section: 14 15(a) "Group recovery home" means a place that provides occupants with shared living facilities and that meets the description of a group home under 42 U.S.C. 300x-25. 16 (b) "Illegal drugs" includes controlled substances or prescription drugs: 17 18 (A) For which the tenant does not have a valid prescription; or (B) That are used by the tenant in a manner contrary to the prescribed regimen. 19 (c) "Peace officer" means a sheriff, constable, marshal or deputy or a member of a state or city 20police force, or a police officer commissioned by a community college district under ORS 2122341.290. 23(2) Notwithstanding ORS 90.375 and 90.435, a group recovery home may terminate a tenancy and peaceably remove a tenant without complying with ORS 105.105 to 105.168 if the tenant has used 24or possessed alcohol or illegal drugs within the preceding seven days. For purposes of this sub-25section, the following are sufficient proof that a tenant has used or possessed alcohol or illegal 2627drugs: (a) The tenant fails a test for alcohol or illegal drug use; 28(b) The tenant refuses a request made in good faith by the group recovery home that the tenant 2930 take a test for alcohol or illegal drug use; or 31 (c) Any person has personally observed the tenant using or possessing alcohol or illegal drugs. (3) A group recovery home that undertakes the removal of a tenant under this section shall 32personally deliver to the tenant a written notice that: 33 34 (a) Describes why the tenant is being removed; (b) Describes the proof that the tenant has used or possessed alcohol or illegal drugs within the 35 seven days preceding delivery of the notice; 36 37 (c) Specifies the date and time by which the tenant must move out of the group recovery home; 38 (d) Explains that if the removal was wrongful or in bad faith the tenant may seek injunctive relief to recover possession under ORS 105.121 and may bring an action to recover monetary dam-39 ages; and 40 (e) Gives contact information for the local legal services office and for the Oregon State Bar's 41 Lawyer Referral Service, identifying those services as possible sources for free or reduced-cost legal 42 43 services. (4) A written notice in substantially the following form meets the requirements of subsection (3) 44 of this section: 45

1 2 3 This notice is to inform you that you must move out of \_\_\_\_\_\_ (insert address of group \_\_\_\_\_ (insert date and time that is not less than 24 hours after delivery 4 recovery home) by \_ of notice).  $\mathbf{5}$ \_\_\_\_\_ (specify use or possession of alcohol or illegal drugs, 6 The reason for this notice is \_\_\_\_\_ 7 as applicable, and dates of occurrence). The proof of your use or possession is \_\_\_\_\_\_ (specify facts). 8 9 If you did not use or possess alcohol or illegal drugs within the seven days before delivery of this notice, if this notice was given in bad faith or if your group recovery home has not substantially 10 complied with ORS 90.440, you may be able to get a court to order the group recovery home to let 11 12 you move back in. You may also be able to recover monetary damages. 13 You may be eligible for free legal services at your local legal services office \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_ (insert telephone number) or reduced fee legal services through the Oregon State Bar at 1-800-452-7636. 14 1516(5) Within the notice period, a group recovery home shall allow a tenant removed under this 17section to follow any emergency departure plan that was prepared by the tenant and approved by 18 the group recovery home at the time the tenancy began. If the removed tenant does not have an 19 20emergency departure plan, a representative of the group recovery home shall offer to take the removed tenant to a public shelter, detoxification center or similar location if existing in the commu-2122nity. 23(6) The date and time for moving out specified in a notice under subsection (3) of this section must be at least 24 hours after the date and time the notice is delivered to the tenant. If the tenant 2425remains on the group recovery home premises after the date and time for moving out specified in the notice, the tenant is a person remaining unlawfully in a dwelling as described in ORS 164.255 2627and not a person described in ORS 105.115. Only a peace officer may forcibly remove a tenant who remains on the group recovery home premises after the date and time specified for moving out. 28(7) A group recovery home that removes a tenant under this section shall send a copy of the 2930 notice described in subsection (3) of this section to the Oregon Health Authority no later than 72 31 hours after delivering the notice to the tenant. 32(8) A tenant who is removed under subsection (2) of this section may obtain injunctive relief to recover possession and may recover an amount equal to the greater of actual damages or three 33 34 times the tenant's monthly rent if: 35 (a) The group recovery home removed the tenant in bad faith or without substantially complying

(b) If removal is under subsection (2)(c) of this section, the removal was wrongful because the
 tenant did not use or possess alcohol or illegal drugs.

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with this section; or

(9) Notwithstanding ORS 12.125, a tenant who seeks to obtain injunctive relief to recover possession under ORS 105.121 must commence the action to seek relief not more than 90 days after the
date specified in the notice for the tenant to move out.

(10) In any court action regarding the removal of a tenant under this section, a group recovery home may present evidence that the tenant used or possessed alcohol or illegal drugs within seven days preceding the removal, whether or not the evidence was described in the notice required by subsection (3) of this section.

1	(11) This section does not prevent a group recovery home from terminating a tenancy as pro-
<b>2</b>	vided by any other provision of this chapter and evicting a tenant as provided in ORS 105.105 to
3	105.168.
4	SECTION 6. ORS 124.050 is amended to read:
5	124.050. As used in ORS 124.050 to 124.095:
6	(1) "Abuse" means one or more of the following:
7	(a) Any physical injury to an elderly person caused by other than accidental means, or which
8	appears to be at variance with the explanation given of the injury.
9	(b) Neglect.
10	(c) Abandonment, including desertion or willful forsaking of an elderly person or the withdrawal
11	or neglect of duties and obligations owed an elderly person by a caretaker or other person.
12	(d) Willful infliction of physical pain or injury upon an elderly person.
13	(e) An act that constitutes a crime under ORS 163.375, 163.405, 163.411, 163.415, 163.425, 163.427,
14	163.465 or 163.467.
15	(f) Verbal abuse.
16	(g) Financial exploitation.
17	(h) Sexual abuse.
18	(i) Involuntary seclusion of an elderly person for the convenience of a caregiver or to discipline
19	the person.
20	(j) A wrongful use of a physical or chemical restraint of an elderly person, excluding an act of
21	restraint prescribed by a licensed physician and any treatment activities that are consistent with
22	an approved treatment plan or in connection with a court order.
23	(2) "Elderly person" means any person 65 years of age or older who is not subject to the pro-
24	visions of ORS 441.640 to 441.665.
25	(3) "Facility" means:
26	(a) A long term care facility as that term is defined in ORS 442.015.
27	(b) A residential facility as that term is defined in ORS 443.400, including but not limited to an
28	assisted living facility.
29	(c) An adult foster home as that term is defined in ORS 443.705.
30	(4) "Financial exploitation" means:
31	(a) Wrongfully taking the assets, funds or property belonging to or intended for the use of an
32	elderly person or a person with a disability.
33	(b) Alarming an elderly person or a person with a disability by conveying a threat to wrongfully
34	take or appropriate money or property of the person if the person would reasonably believe that the
35	threat conveyed would be carried out.
36	(c) Misappropriating, misusing or transferring without authorization any money from any ac-
37	count held jointly or singly by an elderly person or a person with a disability.
38	(d) Failing to use the income or assets of an elderly person or a person with a disability effec-
39	tively for the support and maintenance of the person.
40	(5) "Intimidation" means compelling or deterring conduct by threat.
41	(6) "Law enforcement agency" means:
42	(a) Any city or municipal police department.
43	(b) Any county sheriff's office.
44	(c) The Oregon State Police.
45	(d) Any district attorney.

1	(e) A police department established by a community college district under ORS 341.290.
<b>2</b>	(7) "Neglect" means:
3	(a) Failure to provide the care, supervision or services necessary to maintain the physical and
4	mental health of an elderly person that may result in physical harm or significant emotional harm
5	to the elderly person; or
6	(b) The failure of a caregiver to make a reasonable effort to protect an elderly person from
7	abuse.
8	(8) "Person with a disability" means a person described in:
9	(a) ORS 410.040 (7)(b); or
10	(b) ORS 410.715.
11	(9) "Public or private official" means:
12	(a) Physician, naturopathic physician, osteopathic physician, chiropractor, physician assistant
13	or podiatric physician and surgeon, including any intern or resident.
14	(b) Licensed practical nurse, registered nurse, nurse practitioner, nurse's aide, home health aide
15	or employee of an in-home health service.
16	(c) Employee of the Department of Human Services or community developmental disabilities
17	program.
18	(d) Employee of the Oregon Health Authority, county health department or community mental
19	health program.
20	(e) Peace officer.
21	(f) Member of the clergy.
22	(g) Regulated social worker.
23	(h) Physical, speech or occupational therapist.
24	(i) Senior center employee.
25	(j) Information and referral or outreach worker.
26	(k) Licensed professional counselor or licensed marriage and family therapist.
27	(L) Any public official who comes in contact with elderly persons in the performance of the
28	official's official duties.
29	(m) Firefighter or emergency medical technician.
30	(n) Psychologist.
31	(o) Provider of adult foster care or an employee of the provider.
32	(p) Audiologist.
33	(q) Speech-language pathologist.
34	(10) "Services" includes but is not limited to the provision of food, clothing, medicine, housing,
35	medical services, assistance with bathing or personal hygiene or any other service essential to the
36	well-being of an elderly person.
37	(11)(a) "Sexual abuse" means:
38	(A) Sexual contact with an elderly person who does not consent or is considered incapable of
39	consenting to a sexual act under ORS 163.315;
40	(B) Sexual harassment, sexual exploitation or inappropriate exposure to sexually explicit mate-
41	rial or language;
42	(C) Any sexual contact between an employee of a facility or paid caregiver and an elderly per-
43	son served by the facility or caregiver;
44	(D) Any sexual contact between an elderly person and a relative of the elderly person other
45	than a spouse; or

1	(E) Any sexual contact that is achieved through force, trickery, threat or coercion.
2	(b) "Sexual abuse" does not mean consensual sexual contact between an elderly person and a
3	paid caregiver who is the spouse of the elderly person.
4	(12) "Sexual contact" has the meaning given that term in ORS 163.305.
5	(13) "Verbal abuse" means to threaten significant physical or emotional harm to an elderly
6	person or a person with a disability through the use of:
7	(a) Derogatory or inappropriate names, insults, verbal assaults, profanity or ridicule; or
8	(b) Harassment, coercion, threats, intimidation, humiliation, mental cruelty or inappropriate
9	sexual comments.
10	SECTION 7. ORS 131.605 is amended to read:
11	131.605. As used in ORS 131.605 to 131.625, unless the context requires otherwise:
12	(1) "Crime" has the meaning provided for that term in ORS 161.515.
13	(2) "Dangerous weapon," "deadly weapon" and "person" have the [meaning provided for]
14	meanings given those terms in ORS 161.015.
15	(3) "Frisk" is an external patting of a person's outer clothing.
16	(4) "Is about to commit" means unusual conduct that leads a peace officer reasonably to con-
17	clude in light of the officer's training and experience that criminal activity may be afoot.
18	(5) "Peace officer" has the meaning given that term in ORS 133.005.
19	[(5)] (6) "Reasonably suspects" means that a peace officer holds a belief that is reasonable under
20	the totality of the circumstances existing at the time and place the peace officer acts as authorized
21	in ORS 131.605 to 131.625.
22	[(6)] (7) A "stop" is a temporary restraint of a person's liberty by a peace officer lawfully pres-
	ant in any place
23	ent in any place.
23 24	<b>SECTION 8.</b> ORS 133.005 is amended to read:
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24 25	<b>SECTION 8.</b> ORS 133.005 is amended to read: 133.005. As used in ORS 133.005 to 133.381 and 133.410 to 133.450, unless the context requires
24 25 26	SECTION 8. ORS 133.005 is amended to read: 133.005. As used in ORS 133.005 to 133.381 and 133.410 to 133.450, unless the context requires otherwise:
24 25 26 27	SECTION 8. ORS 133.005 is amended to read: 133.005. As used in ORS 133.005 to 133.381 and 133.410 to 133.450, unless the context requires otherwise: (1) "Arrest" means to place a person under actual or constructive restraint or to take a person
24 25 26 27 28	SECTION 8. ORS 133.005 is amended to read: 133.005. As used in ORS 133.005 to 133.381 and 133.410 to 133.450, unless the context requires otherwise: (1) "Arrest" means to place a person under actual or constructive restraint or to take a person into custody for the purpose of charging that person with an offense. A "stop" as authorized under
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24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42	<ul> <li>SECTION 8. ORS 133.005 is amended to read:</li> <li>133.005. As used in ORS 133.005 to 133.381 and 133.410 to 133.450, unless the context requires otherwise:</li> <li>(1) "Arrest" means to place a person under actual or constructive restraint or to take a person into custody for the purpose of charging that person with an offense. A "stop" as authorized under ORS 131.605 to 131.625 is not an arrest.</li> <li>(2) "Federal officer" means a special agent or law enforcement officer employed by a federal agency who is empowered to effect an arrest with or without a warrant for violations of the United States Code and who is authorized to carry firearms in the performance of duty.</li> <li>(3) "Peace officer" means:</li> <li>(a) A member of the Oregon State Police [or];</li> <li>(b) A sheriff, constable, marshal, municipal police officer[.] or a police officer commissioned by a community college district under ORS 341.290;</li> <li>(c) An investigator of a district attorney's office if the investigator is or has been certified as a peace officer in this or any other state[.]; or</li> <li>(d) An investigator of the Criminal Justice Division of the Department of Justice of the State of Oregon.</li> <li><u>SECTION 9. ORS 133.033 is added to and made a part of ORS 133.005 to 133.381.</u></li> </ul>

1	inherent in the duty of the peace officer to serve and protect the public. "Community caretaking
2	functions" includes, but is not limited to:
3	(a) The right to enter or remain upon the premises of another if it reasonably appears to be
4	necessary to:
5	(A) Prevent serious harm to any person or property;
6	(B) Render aid to injured or ill persons; or
7	(C) Locate missing persons.
8	(b) The right to stop or redirect traffic or aid motorists or other persons when such action
9	reasonably appears to be necessary to:
10	(A) Prevent serious harm to any person or property;
11	(B) Render aid to injured or ill persons; or
12	(C) Locate missing persons.
13	(3) Nothing contained in this section shall be construed to limit the authority of a peace officer
14	that is inherent in the office or that is granted by any other provision of law.
15	SECTION 11. ORS 133.318 is added to and made a part of ORS 133.005 to 133.381.
16	SECTION 12. ORS 133.318 is amended to read:
17	133.318. (1) Any person who provides to a peace officer a copy of a writing purporting to be a
18	foreign restraining order as defined by ORS 24.190 knowing that no valid foreign restraining order
19	is in effect shall be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.
20	(2) Any person who represents to a [police] peace officer that a foreign restraining order is the
21	most recent order in effect between the parties or that the person restrained by the order has been
22	personally served with a copy of the order or has actual notice of the order knowing that the rep-
23	resentation is false commits a Class A misdemeanor.
24	SECTION 13. ORS 133.400 is added to and made a part of ORS 133.005 to 133.381.
25	SECTION 14. ORS 133.525 is amended to read:
26	133.525. As used in ORS 133.525 to 133.703, unless the context requires otherwise:
27	(1) "Judge" means any judge of the circuit court, the Court of Appeals, the Supreme Court, any
28	justice of the peace or municipal judge authorized to exercise the powers and perform the duties
29	of a justice of the peace.
30	(2) "Police officer" means:
31	(a) A member of the Oregon State Police;
32	(b) A sheriff[,] or municipal police officer[, member of the Oregon State Police,] or a police of-
33	ficer commissioned by a community college district under ORS 341.290;
34	(c) An investigator of a district attorney's office if the investigator is or has been certified as
35	a peace officer in this or any other state[,]; or
36	(d) An investigator of the Criminal Justice Division of the Department of Justice.
37	SECTION 15. ORS 133.721 is amended to read:
38	133.721. As used in ORS 41.910 and 133.721 to 133.739, unless the context requires otherwise:
39	(1) "Aggrieved person" means a person who was a party to any wire, electronic or oral com-
40	munication intercepted under ORS 133.724 or 133.726 or a person against whom the interception was
41	directed and who alleges that the interception was unlawful.
42	(2) "Contents," when used with respect to any wire, electronic or oral communication, includes
43	any information concerning the identity of the parties to such communication or the existence,
44	substance, purport or meaning of that communication.

45 (3) "Electronic communication" means any transfer of signs, signals, writing, images, sounds,

data or intelligence of any nature transmitted in whole or in part by a radio, electromagnetic, 1 2 photoelectronic or photo-optical system, or transmitted in part by wire, but does not include: 3 (a) Any oral communication or any communication that is completely by wire; or (b) Any communication made through a tone-only paging device. 4 (4) "Electronic, mechanical or other device" means any device or apparatus that can be used  $\mathbf{5}$ to intercept a wire, electronic or oral communication other than: 6 (a) Any telephone or telegraph instrument, equipment or facility, or any component thereof that 7 is furnished to the subscriber or user by a telecommunications carrier in the ordinary course of its 8 9 business and that is being used by the subscriber or user in the ordinary course of its business or 10 being used by a telecommunications carrier in the ordinary course of its business, or by an investigative or law enforcement officer in the ordinary course of official duties; or 11 12 (b) A hearing aid or similar device being used to correct subnormal hearing to not better than 13 normal (5) "Intercept" means the acquisition, by listening or recording, of the contents of any wire, 14 15 electronic or oral communication through the use of any electronic, mechanical or other device. 16(6) "Investigative or law enforcement officer" means an officer or other person employed to investigate or enforce the law by: 1718 (a) A county sheriff or municipal police department, or a police department established by a community college district under ORS 341.290; 19 20(b) The Oregon State Police, the Department of Corrections, the Attorney General[,] or a district attorney [or the Department of Corrections, and officers or other persons employed by]; or 2122(c) Law enforcement agencies of other states or the federal government[, to investigate or enforce 23the law]. (7) "Oral communication" means: 24 25(a) Any oral communication, other than a wire or electronic communication, uttered by a person exhibiting an expectation that such communication is not subject to interception under circum-2627stances justifying such expectation; or (b) An utterance by a person who is participating in a wire or electronic communication, if the 28utterance is audible to another person who, at the time the wire or electronic communication oc-2930 curs, is in the immediate presence of the person participating in the communication. 31 (8) "Telecommunications carrier" means: (a) A telecommunications utility as defined in ORS 759.005; or 32(b) A cooperative corporation organized under ORS chapter 62 that provides telecommunications 33 34 services. (9) "Telecommunications service" has the meaning given that term in ORS 759.005. 35 (10) "Wire communication" means any communication made in whole or in part through the use 36 37 of facilities for the transmission of communications by the aid of wire, cable or other like connection 38 between the point of origin and the point of reception, whether furnished or operated by a public utility or privately owned or leased. 39 40 SECTION 16. ORS 133.726 is amended to read: 133.726. (1) Notwithstanding ORS 133.724, under the circumstances described in this section, a 41 law enforcement officer is authorized to intercept an oral communication to which the officer or a 42person under the direct supervision of the officer is a party, without obtaining an order for the in-43 terception of a wire, electronic or oral communication under ORS 133.724. 44

45 (2) For purposes of this section and ORS 133.736, a person is a party to an oral communication

1 if the oral communication is made in the person's immediate presence and is audible to the person 2 regardless of whether the communication is specifically directed to the person.

3 (3) An ex parte order for intercepting an oral communication in any county of this state under 4 this section may be issued by any judge as defined in ORS 133.525 upon written application made 5 upon oath or affirmation of the district attorney or a deputy district attorney authorized by the 6 district attorney for the county in which the order is sought or upon the oath or affirmation of any 7 peace officer as defined in ORS 133.005. The application shall include:

(a) The name of the applicant and the applicant's authority to make the application;

9 (b) A statement demonstrating that:

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10 (A) There is probable cause to believe that a person whose oral communication is to be inter-11 cepted is engaged in committing, has committed or is about to commit a particular felony, or a 12 misdemeanor under ORS 167.007, and that intercepting the oral communication will yield evidence 13 thereof; or

(B)(i) There is reasonable suspicion to believe that a person whose oral communication is to be
 intercepted is engaged in committing, has committed or is about to commit a crime;

(ii) There is reasonable suspicion to believe that the circumstances in which the oral communi cation is to be intercepted present a substantial risk of death, serious physical injury or sexual as sault to a law enforcement officer or a person under the direct supervision of the officer;

(iii) Interception of the oral communication is necessary to protect the safety of the person whomay be endangered; and

(iv) Other investigative procedures have been tried and have failed or reasonably appear to be
 unlikely to succeed if tried or are likely to be too dangerous; and

(c) The identity of the person, if known, suspected of committing the crime and whose oralcommunication is to be intercepted.

(4) The judge may require the applicant to furnish further testimony or documentary evidencein support of the application.

(5) Upon examination of the application and evidence, the judge may enter an ex parte order,
as requested or as modified, authorizing or approving the interception of an oral communication
within the state if the judge determines on the basis of the facts submitted by the applicant that:

(a)(A) There is probable cause to believe that a person is engaged in committing, has committed
 or is about to commit a particular felony, or a misdemeanor under ORS 167.007; and

(B) There is probable cause to believe that the oral communication to be obtained will contain
 evidence concerning that crime; or

(b)(A) There is reasonable suspicion to believe that a person whose oral communication is to
 be intercepted is engaged in committing, has committed or is about to commit a crime;

(B) There is reasonable suspicion to believe that the circumstances in which the oral communication is to be intercepted present a substantial risk of death, serious physical injury or sexual assault to a law enforcement officer or a person under the direct supervision of the officer;

(C) Interception of the oral communication is necessary to protect the safety of the person whomay be endangered; and

(D) Other investigative procedures have been tried and have failed or reasonably appear to beunlikely to succeed if tried or are likely to be too dangerous.

43 (6) An order authorizing or approving the interception of an oral communication under this44 section must specify:

45 (a) The identity of the person, if known, whose oral communication is to be intercepted;

(b) A statement identifying the particular crime to which the oral communication is expected 1 2 to relate: 3 (c) The agency authorized under the order to intercept the oral communication; (d) The name and office of the applicant and the signature and title of the issuing judge; 4 (e) A period of time after which the order shall expire; and 5 (f) A statement that the order authorizes only the interception of an oral communication to 6 which a law enforcement officer or a person under the direct supervision of a law enforcement of-7 ficer is a party. 8 9 (7) An order under ORS 133.724 or this section is not required when a law enforcement officer intercepts an oral communication to which the officer or a person under the direct supervision of 10 the officer is a party if the oral communication is made by a person whom the officer has probable 11 12 cause to believe has committed, is engaged in committing or is about to commit: (a) A crime punishable as a felony under ORS 475.840, 475.846 to 475.894 or 475.904 to 475.910 13 or as a misdemeanor under ORS 167.007; or 14 15 (b) Any other crime punishable as a felony if the circumstances at the time the oral communication is intercepted are of such exigency that it would be unreasonable to obtain a court order 16 under ORS 133.724 or this section. 17 18 (8) A law enforcement officer who intercepts an oral communication pursuant to this section may not intentionally fail to record and preserve the oral communication in its entirety. A law 19 enforcement officer, or a person under the direct supervision of the officer, who is authorized under 20this section to intercept an oral communication is not required to exclude from the interception an 2122oral communication made by a person for whom probable cause does not exist if the officer or the 23person under the officer's direct supervision is a party to the oral communication. (9) A law enforcement officer may not divulge the contents of an oral communication intercepted 24 under this section before a preliminary hearing or trial in which an oral communication is going to 25be introduced as evidence against a person except: 2627(a) To a superior officer or other official with whom the law enforcement officer is cooperating in the enforcement of the criminal laws of this state or the United States; 2829(b) To a magistrate; 30 (c) In a presentation to a federal or state grand jury; or 31 (d) In compliance with a court order. 32(10) A law enforcement officer may intercept an oral communication under this section only when acting within the scope of the officer's employment and as a part of assigned duties. 33 34 (11) As used in this section, "law enforcement officer" means an officer employed to enforce 35 criminal laws by:

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(a) The United States, this state or a municipal government within this state[, or];(b) A political subdivision, agency, department or bureau of [those governments, to enforce crim-

38 inal laws] the governments described in paragraph (a) of this subsection; or

39 (c) A police department established by a community college district under ORS 341.290.

40 (12) Violation of subsection (9) of this section is a Class A misdemeanor.

41 <u>SECTION 17.</u> ORS 133.726, as amended by section 3, chapter 442, Oregon Laws 2007, is 42 amended to read:

133.726. (1) Notwithstanding ORS 133.724, under the circumstances described in this section, a
law enforcement officer is authorized to intercept an oral communication to which the officer or a
person under the direct supervision of the officer is a party, without obtaining an order for the in-

1 terception of a wire, electronic or oral communication under ORS 133.724.

2 (2) For purposes of this section and ORS 133.736, a person is a party to an oral communication 3 if the oral communication is made in the person's immediate presence and is audible to the person 4 regardless of whether the communication is specifically directed to the person.

5 (3) An ex parte order for intercepting an oral communication in any county of this state under 6 this section may be issued by any judge as defined in ORS 133.525 upon written application made 7 upon oath or affirmation of the district attorney or a deputy district attorney authorized by the 8 district attorney for the county in which the order is sought or upon the oath or affirmation of any 9 peace officer as defined in ORS 133.005. The application shall include:

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(a) The name of the applicant and the applicant's authority to make the application;

(b) A statement demonstrating that there is probable cause to believe that a person whose oral communication is to be intercepted is engaged in committing, has committed or is about to commit a particular felony, or a misdemeanor under ORS 167.007, and that intercepting the oral communication will yield evidence thereof; and

(c) The identity of the person, if known, suspected of committing the crime and whose oralcommunication is to be intercepted.

(4) The judge may require the applicant to furnish further testimony or documentary evidencein support of the application.

(5) Upon examination of the application and evidence, the judge may enter an ex parte order,
as requested or as modified, authorizing or approving the interception of an oral communication
within the state if the judge determines on the basis of the facts submitted by the applicant that:

(a) There is probable cause to believe that a person is engaged in committing, has committed or is about to commit a particular felony, or a misdemeanor under ORS 167.007; and

(b) There is probable cause to believe that the oral communication to be obtained will containevidence concerning that crime.

(6) An order authorizing or approving the interception of an oral communication under thissection must specify:

28 (a) The identity of the person, if known, whose oral communication is to be intercepted;

(b) A statement identifying the particular crime to which the oral communication is expectedto relate;

31 (c) The agency authorized under the order to intercept the oral communication;

32 (d) The name and office of the applicant and the signature and title of the issuing judge;

33 (e) A period of time after which the order shall expire; and

(f) A statement that the order authorizes only the interception of an oral communication to
which a law enforcement officer or a person under the direct supervision of a law enforcement officer is a party.

(7) An order under ORS 133.724 or this section is not required when a law enforcement officer intercepts an oral communication to which the officer or a person under the direct supervision of the officer is a party if the oral communication is made by a person whom the officer has probable cause to believe has committed, is engaged in committing or is about to commit:

(a) A crime punishable as a felony under ORS 475.840, 475.846 to 475.894 or 475.906 or as a
misdemeanor under ORS 167.007; or

(b) Any other crime punishable as a felony if the circumstances at the time the oral communication is intercepted are of such exigency that it would be unreasonable to obtain a court order
under ORS 133.724 or this section.

1 (8) A law enforcement officer who intercepts an oral communication pursuant to this section 2 may not intentionally fail to record and preserve the oral communication in its entirety. A law 3 enforcement officer, or a person under the direct supervision of the officer, who is authorized under 4 this section to intercept an oral communication is not required to exclude from the interception an 5 oral communication made by a person for whom probable cause does not exist if the officer or the 6 person under the officer's direct supervision is a party to the oral communication.

7 (9) A law enforcement officer may not divulge the contents of an oral communication intercepted 8 under this section before a preliminary hearing or trial in which an oral communication is going to 9 be introduced as evidence against a person except:

(a) To a superior officer or other official with whom the law enforcement officer is cooperating
 in the enforcement of the criminal laws of this state or the United States;

12 (b) To a magistrate;

13 (c) In a presentation to a federal or state grand jury; or

14 (d) In compliance with a court order.

(10) A law enforcement officer may intercept an oral communication under this section only
 when acting within the scope of the officer's employment and as a part of assigned duties.

(11) As used in this section, "law enforcement officer" means an officer employed to enforce
 criminal laws by:

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(a) The United States, this state or a municipal government within this state[, or];

(b) A political subdivision, agency, department or bureau of [those governments, to enforce crim inal laws] the governments described in paragraph (a) of this subsection; or

(c) A police department established by a community college district under ORS 341.290.

(12) Violation of subsection (9) of this section is a Class A misdemeanor.

24 SECTION 18. ORS 136.595 is amended to read:

136.595. (1) Except as provided in ORS 136.447 and 136.583 and subsection (2) of this section, a subpoena is served by delivering a copy to the witness personally. If the witness is under 14 years of age, the subpoena may be served by delivering a copy to the witness or to the witness's parent, guardian or guardian ad litem. Proof of the service is made in the same manner as in the service of a summons.

30 (2)(a) Every law enforcement agency shall designate an individual or individuals upon whom 31 service of subpoena may be made. At least one of the designated individuals shall be available dur-32 ing normal business hours. In the absence of the designated individuals, service of subpoena pursu-33 ant to paragraph (b) of this subsection may be made upon the officer in charge of the law 34 enforcement agency.

(b) If a peace officer's attendance at trial is required as a result of employment as a peace officer, a subpoena may be served on such officer by delivering a copy personally to the officer or to one of the individuals designated by the agency that employs the officer. A subpoena may be served by delivery to one of the individuals designated by the agency that employs the officer only if the subpoena is delivered at least 10 days before the date the officer's attendance is required, the officer is currently employed as a peace officer by the agency, and the officer is present within the state at the time of service.

42 (c) When a subpoend has been served as provided in paragraph (b) of this subsection, the law 43 enforcement agency shall make a good faith effort to actually notify the officer whose attendance 44 is sought of the date, time and location of the court appearance. If the officer cannot be notified, 45 the law enforcement agency shall contact the court and a continuance may be granted to allow the

officer to be personally served. 1 2 (d) As used in this subsection, "law enforcement agency" means the Oregon State Police, a county sheriff's department or a municipal police department, or a police department established 3 by a community college district under ORS 341.290. 4 (3) When a subpoend has been served as provided in ORS 136.583 or subsection (1) or (2) of this 5 section and, subsequent to service, the date on, or the time at, which the person subpoenaed is to 6 appear has changed, a new subpoena is not required to be served if: 7 (a) The subpoena is continued orally in open court in the presence of the person subpoenaed; 8 9 or 10 (b) The party who issued the original subpoena notifies the person subpoenaed of the change by first class mail and by: 11 12(A) Certified or registered mail, return receipt requested; or 13 (B) Express mail. SECTION 19. ORS 146.003 is amended to read: 14 15 146.003. As used in ORS 146.003 to 146.189 and 146.710 to 146.992, unless the context requires otherwise: 16 (1) "Approved laboratory" means a laboratory approved by the State Medical Examiner as 17 18 competent to perform the blood sample analysis required by ORS 146.113 (2). 19 (2) "Assistant district medical examiner" means a physician appointed by the district medical 20examiner to investigate and certify deaths within a county or district. (3) "Cause of death" means the primary or basic disease process or injury ending life. 2122(4) "Death requiring investigation" means the death of a person occurring in any one of the circumstances set forth in ORS 146.090. 23(5) "Deputy medical examiner" means a person appointed by the district medical examiner to 24assist in the investigation of deaths within a county. 25(6) "District medical examiner" means a physician appointed by the State Medical Examiner to 2627investigate and certify deaths within a county or district, including a Deputy State Medical Examiner. 28(7) "Law enforcement agency" means a county sheriff's office, municipal police department, po-2930 lice department established by a community college district under ORS 341.290 and the Oregon 31 State Police. (8) "Legal intervention" includes an execution pursuant to ORS 137.463, 137.467 and 137.473 and 32other legal use of force resulting in death. 33 34 (9) "Manner of death" means the designation of the probable mode of production of the cause of death, including natural, accidental, suicidal, homicidal, legal intervention or undetermined 35 (10) "Medical examiner" means a physician appointed as provided by ORS 146.003 to 146.189 to 36 37 investigate and certify the cause and manner of deaths requiring investigation, including the State 38 Medical Examiner. (11) "Pathologist" means a physician holding a current license to practice medicine and surgery 39 and who is eligible for certification by the American Board of Pathology. 40 (12) "Unidentified human remains" does not include human remains that are unidentified human 41 remains that are part of an archaeological site or suspected of being Native American and covered 42 under ORS chapters 97 and 390 and ORS 358.905 to 358.961. 43 SECTION 20. ORS 147.425 is amended to read: 44 147.425. (1) As used in this section: 45

(a) "Health care provider" has the meaning given that term in ORS 192.519. 1 2 (b) "Law enforcement agency" means: (A) A city or municipal police department. 3 (B) A county sheriff's office. 4 (C) The Oregon State Police. 5 (D) A district attorney. 6 (E) A police department established by a community college district under ORS 341.290. 7 [(E)] (F) A special campus security officer commissioned under ORS 352.385 or 353.050. 8 9 (c) "Person crime" means a person felony or person Class A misdemeanor, as those terms are defined in the rules of the Oregon Criminal Justice Commission. 10 (d) "Personal representative" means a person selected under subsection (2) of this section to 11 12 accompany the victim of a crime to certain phases of an investigation and prosecution. (e) "Protective service worker" means an employee or contractor of a local or state agency 13 whose role it is to protect children or vulnerable adults from abuse or neglect. 14 (2) A victim of a person crime, who is at least 15 years of age at the time the crime is com-15 mitted, may select a person who is at least 18 years of age as the victim's personal representative 16 for purposes of this section. The victim may not select a person who is a suspect in, or a party or 17 18 witness to, the crime as a personal representative. 19 (3) Except for grand jury proceedings and child abuse assessments occurring at a child advocacy 20center recognized by the Department of Justice, a personal representative may accompany the victim to those phases of the investigation, including medical examinations, and prosecution of the 2122crime at which the victim is entitled or required to be present. 23(4) A health care provider, law enforcement agency, protective service worker or court may not prohibit a personal representative from accompanying a victim as authorized by subsection (3) of 2425this section unless the health care provider, law enforcement agency, protective service worker or court believes that the personal representative would compromise the process. 26

(5) A health care provider, law enforcement agency, protective service worker or court is immune from any liability, civil or criminal, that might otherwise be incurred or imposed with respect to a decision under subsection (4) of this section to prohibit a personal representative from accompanying a victim.

(6) The fact that a personal representative was allowed or was not allowed to accompany a
 victim may not be used as a basis for excluding otherwise admissible evidence.

(7) The fact that a victim has or has not selected a personal representative under this sectionmay not be used as evidence in the criminal case.

35 **SECTION 21.** ORS 153.005 is amended to read:

36 153.005. As used in this chapter:

- 37 (1) "Enforcement officer" means:
- 38 (a) A member of the Oregon State Police.
- 39 (b) A sheriff or deputy sheriff.

40 (c) A city marshal or a member of the police of a city, municipal or quasi-municipal corporation.

41 (d) A police officer commissioned by a community college district under ORS 341.290.

42 [(d)] (e) An investigator of a district attorney's office if the investigator is or has been certified
43 as a peace officer in this or any other state.

44 [(e)] (f) An investigator of the Criminal Justice Division of the Department of Justice of the 45 State of Oregon.

[17]

[(f)] (g) A Port of Portland peace officer. 1 2 [(g)] (h) Any other person specifically authorized by law to issue citations for the commission of violations. 3 (2) "Traffic offense" has the meaning given that term in ORS 801.555. 4  $\mathbf{5}$ (3) "Violation" means an offense described in ORS 153.008. (4) "Violation proceeding" means a judicial proceeding initiated by issuance of a citation that 6 charges a person with commission of a violation. 7 SECTION 22. ORS 153.630 is amended to read: 8 9 153.630. (1) Costs and one-half of all fines collected in traffic offense cases by any court having jurisdiction of the traffic offense shall be paid as follows: 10 (a) If collected in a circuit court, to be credited and distributed under ORS 137.293 and 137.295, 11 12 as a monetary obligation payable to the state. (b) If collected in a justice court, to be credited and distributed under ORS 137.293 and 137.295 13 to the treasurer of the county in which the offense occurred, as a monetary obligation payable to 14 15 the county. 16 (c) If collected in a municipal court, to be credited and distributed under ORS 137.293 and 137.295 to the city treasurer, as a monetary obligation payable to the city. 17 18 (2) The other half of such fines shall be paid as follows: (a) If resulting from prosecutions initiated by or from arrests or complaints made by a member 19 of the Oregon State Police, to be credited and distributed under ORS 137.293 and 137.295, as a 20monetary obligation payable to the state. 2122(b) If resulting from prosecutions initiated by or from arrests or complaints made by a motor carrier enforcement officer, to be credited and distributed under ORS 137.293 and 137.295, as a 23monetary obligation payable to the state. 2425(c) If resulting from prosecutions initiated by or from arrests or complaints made by a city police officer, including a city marshal or a member of the police of a city or municipal or quasi-municipal 2627corporation, to be credited and distributed under ORS 137.293 and 137.295: (A) To the treasurer of the city or municipal or quasi-municipal corporation by which such po-28lice officer is employed, as a monetary obligation to that political subdivision of the state if the of-2930 fense occurred within the boundaries of the city or municipal or quasi-municipal corporation; or 31 (B) As a monetary obligation payable to the state if the offense occurred outside the boundaries 32of the city or municipal or quasi-municipal corporation. (d) If resulting from prosecutions initiated by or from arrests or complaints made by a sheriff, 33 34 deputy sheriff or county weighmaster, to be credited and distributed under ORS 137.293 and 137.295 35 to the treasurer of the county in which the offense occurred, as a monetary obligation payable to that county and to be credited to the general fund of that county. 36 37 (e) If resulting from prosecutions initiated by or from arrests or complaints made by a 38 police officer commissioned by a community college district under ORS 341.290, to be credited and distributed under ORS 137.293 and 137.295, as a monetary obligation payable to the 39 community college district. 40 [(e)] (f) If resulting from prosecutions for parking in a winter recreation parking location, to be 41 credited and distributed under ORS 137.293 and 137.295, as a monetary obligation payable to the 4243 state.

44 [(f)] (g) In other cases, to be credited and distributed under ORS 137.293 and 137.295, as a 45 monetary obligation to the same entity to which payment is made of the half provided for in sub1 section (1) of this section.

2 (3) If provisions of subsection (2)(b) or [(e)] (f) of this section are applicable, and if the fine or penalty imposed is remitted, suspended or stayed, or the offender against whom the fine or penalty 3 was levied or imposed serves time in jail in lieu of paying the fine or penalty or a part thereof, the 4 committing judge or magistrate shall certify the facts thereof in writing to the State Court Admin- $\mathbf{5}$ istrator in the case of a circuit court or the Department of Revenue in the case of a justice or 6 municipal court not later than the 10th day of the month next following the month in which the fine 7 was remitted or penalty suspended. If any part of the fine is thereafter paid, it shall be remitted to 8 9 the judge or magistrate who imposed the fine or penalty, who shall distribute it as provided in subsections (1) and (2) of this section. 10

(4) If a fine is subject to division between two entities under this section and a sentence to pay
a fine is imposed by the court, any remittance, suspension or stay of the fine portion of the sentence
must be attributed on an equal basis to both of the entities entitled to a share of the fine.

(5) Distribution of fines and costs collected in a justice or municipal court under this section
must be made not later than the last day of the month immediately following the month in which
the fines and costs are collected.

(6) All fines collected as a result of citations issued for a violation of ORS 813.095 and credited and distributed to the state under subsections (1)(a) and (2)(a) of this section shall be deposited in the State Police Account established in ORS 181.175 to be used by the Department of State Police for the enforcement of laws concerning driving while under the influence of intoxicants.

21

SECTION 23. ORS 161.015 is amended to read:

161.015. As used in chapter 743, Oregon Laws 1971, and ORS 166.635, unless the context requires
 otherwise:

(1) "Dangerous weapon" means any weapon, device, instrument, material or substance which
under the circumstances in which it is used, attempted to be used or threatened to be used, is
readily capable of causing death or serious physical injury.

(2) "Deadly weapon" means any instrument, article or substance specifically designed for and
 presently capable of causing death or serious physical injury.

(3) "Deadly physical force" means physical force that under the circumstances in which it is
 used is readily capable of causing death or serious physical injury.

31 (4) "Peace officer" means:

32 (a) A m

# (a) A member of the Oregon State Police;

(b) A sheriff, constable, marshal[,] or municipal police officer, or a police officer commis sioned by a community college district under ORS 341.290; [member of the Oregon State Police,]

35 (c) An investigator of the Criminal Justice Division of the Department of Justice or investigator 36 of a district attorney's office; and

37

(d) [such other persons as may be] Any other person designated by law as a peace officer.

(5) "Person" means a human being and, where appropriate, a public or private corporation, an
 unincorporated association, a partnership, a government or a governmental instrumentality.

40 (6) "Physical force" includes, but is not limited to, the use of an electrical stun gun, tear gas 41 or mace.

42 (7) "Physical injury" means impairment of physical condition or substantial pain.

(8) "Serious physical injury" means physical injury which creates a substantial risk of death or
which causes serious and protracted disfigurement, protracted impairment of health or protracted
loss or impairment of the function of any bodily organ.

1	(9) "Possess" means to have physical possession or otherwise to exercise dominion or control
<b>2</b>	over property.
3	(10) "Public place" means a place to which the general public has access and includes, but is
4	not limited to, hallways, lobbies and other parts of apartment houses and hotels not constituting
5	rooms or apartments designed for actual residence, and highways, streets, schools, places of
6	amusement, parks, playgrounds and premises used in connection with public passenger transporta-
7	tion.
8	SECTION 24. ORS 163.730 is amended to read:
9	163.730. As used in ORS 30.866 and 163.730 to 163.750, unless the context requires otherwise:
10	(1) "Alarm" means to cause apprehension or fear resulting from the perception of danger.
11	(2) "Coerce" means to restrain, compel or dominate by force or threat.
12	(3) "Contact" includes but is not limited to:
13	(a) Coming into the visual or physical presence of the other person;
14	(b) Following the other person;
15	(c) Waiting outside the home, property, place of work or school of the other person or of a
16	member of that person's family or household;
17	(d) Sending or making written or electronic communications in any form to the other person;
18	(e) Speaking with the other person by any means;
19	(f) Communicating with the other person through a third person;
20	(g) Committing a crime against the other person;
21	(h) Communicating with a third person who has some relationship to the other person with the
22	intent of affecting the third person's relationship with the other person;
23	(i) Communicating with business entities with the intent of affecting some right or interest of
24	the other person;
25	(j) Damaging the other person's home, property, place of work or school;
26	(k) Delivering directly or through a third person any object to the home, property, place of work
27	or school of the other person; or
28	(L) Service of process or other legal documents unless the other person is served as provided
29	in ORCP 7 or 9.
30	(4) "Household member" means any person residing in the same residence as the victim.
31	(5) "Immediate family" means father, mother, child, sibling, spouse, grandparent, stepparent and
32	stepchild.
33	(6) "Law enforcement officer" means any person employed in this state as a police officer by:
34	(a) A county sheriff, constable[,] or marshal;
35	(b) A police department established by a community college district under ORS 341.290;
36	or
37	(c) A municipal or state police agency.
38	(7) "Repeated" means two or more times.
39	(8) "School" means a public or private institution of learning or a child care facility.
40	SECTION 25. ORS 165.535 is amended to read:
41	165.535. As used in ORS 41.910, 133.723, 133.724, 165.540 and 165.545:
42	(1) "Conversation" means the transmission between two or more persons of an oral communi-
43	cation which is not a telecommunication or a radio communication.
44	(2) "Person" means any person as defined in ORS 174.100 and includes public officials and law
45	enforcement officers of:

(a) The state[,]; 1

2 (b) A county, municipal corporation or any other political subdivision of the state; or

(c) A police department established by a community college district under ORS 341.290. 3

(3) "Radio communication" means the transmission by radio or other wireless methods of writ-4 ing, signs, signals, pictures and sounds of all kinds, including all instrumentalities, facilities, equip-5 ment and services (including, among other things, the receipt, forwarding and delivering of 6 communications) incidental to such transmission. 7

(4) "Telecommunication" means the transmission of writing, signs, signals, pictures and sounds 8 9 of all kinds by aid of wire, cable or other similar connection between the points of origin and reception of such transmission, including all instrumentalities, facilities, equipment and services (in-10 cluding, among other things, the receipt, forwarding and delivering of communications) incidental 11 12 to such transmission.

13

# SECTION 26. ORS 180.320 is amended to read:

180.320. (1) All state agencies, district attorneys and all police officers of the state, county or 14 15 any municipality, community college district or court thereof, shall cooperate with the Division 16 of Child Support of the Department of Justice in furnishing and making available information, records and documents necessary to assist in establishing or enforcing support obligations or 17 18 paternity, in performing the duties set out in ORS 25.080 and in determining the location of any 19 absent parent or child for the purpose of enforcing any state or federal law regarding the unlawful 20taking or restraint of a child or for the purpose of making or enforcing a child custody determination. Notwithstanding the provisions of ORS 109.225, 416.430, 432.121, 432.230 and 432.430, records 2122pertaining to the paternity of a child shall be made available upon written request of an authorized 23representative of the Division of Child Support. Any information obtained pursuant to this subsection is confidential, and shall be used only for the purposes set out in this subsection. 24

25(2) Information furnished to the Division of Child Support by the Department of Revenue and made confidential by ORS 314.835 shall be used by the division and its employees solely for the 2627purpose of enforcing the provisions of ORS 180.320 to 180.365 and shall not be disclosed or made known for any other purpose. Any person who violates the prohibition against disclosure contained 28in this subsection, upon conviction, is punishable as provided in ORS 314.991 (2). 29

30 SECTION 27. ORS 181.010 is amended to read:

31 181.010. As used in ORS 181.010 to 181.560 and 181.715 to 181.730, unless the context requires 32otherwise:

(1) "Bureau" means the Department of State Police bureau of criminal identification. 33

34 (2) "Criminal justice agency" means:

35 (a) The Governor;

(b) Courts of criminal jurisdiction; 36

37 (c) The Attorney General;

38 (d) District attorneys, city attorneys with criminal prosecutive functions, attorney employees of the office of public defense services and nonprofit public defender organizations established under 39 contract with the Public Defense Services Commission; 40

- (e) Law enforcement agencies; 41
- (f) The Department of Corrections; 42
- (g) The State Board of Parole and Post-Prison Supervision; 43
- (h) The Department of Public Safety Standards and Training; and 44
- (i) Any other state or local agency with law enforcement authority designated by order of the 45

Governor. 1 2 (3) "Criminal offender information" includes records and related data as to physical description and vital statistics, fingerprints received and compiled by the bureau for purposes of identifying 3 criminal offenders and alleged offenders, records of arrests and the nature and disposition of crimi-4 nal charges, including sentencing, confinement, parole and release.  $\mathbf{5}$ (4) "Department" means the Department of State Police established under ORS 181.020. 6 (5) "Deputy superintendent" means the Deputy Superintendent of State Police. 7 (6) "Designated agency" means any state, county or municipal government agency where Oregon 8 9 criminal offender information is required to implement a federal or state statute, executive order or administrative rule that expressly refers to criminal conduct and contains requirements or ex-10 clusions expressly based on such conduct or for agency employment purposes, licensing purposes or 11 12 other demonstrated and legitimate needs when designated by order of the Governor. 13 (7) "Disposition report" means a form or process prescribed or furnished by the bureau, containing a description of the ultimate action taken subsequent to an arrest. 14 15 (8) "Law enforcement agency" means county sheriffs, municipal police departments, police departments established by a community college district under ORS 341.290, State Police, other 16 police officers of this state and other states and law enforcement agencies of the federal government. 17 18 (9) "State Police" means the members of the state police force appointed under ORS 181.250. 19 (10) "Superintendent" means the Superintendent of State Police. SECTION 28. ORS 181.610 is amended to read: 20181.610. In ORS 181.610 to 181.712, unless the context requires otherwise: 21 22(1) "Abuse" has the meaning given the term in ORS 107.705. 23 (2) "Board" means the Board on Public Safety Standards and Training appointed pursuant to ORS 181.620. 24 25(3) "Certified reserve officer" means a reserve officer who has been designated by a local law enforcement unit, has received training necessary for certification and has met the minimum stan-2627dards and training requirements established under ORS 181.640. (4) "Commissioned" means an authorization granting the power to perform various acts or duties 28of a police officer or certified reserve officer and acting under the supervision and responsibility of 2930 a county sheriff or as otherwise provided by law. 31 (5) "Corrections officer" means an officer or member of a law enforcement unit who is employed full-time thereby and is charged with and primarily performs the duty of custody, control or super-32vision of individuals convicted of or arrested for a criminal offense and confined in a place of 33 34 incarceration or detention other than a place used exclusively for incarceration or detention of ju-35 veniles. (6) "Department" means the Department of Public Safety Standards and Training. 36 37 (7) "Director" means the Director of the Department of Public Safety Standards and Training. 38 (8) "Domestic violence" means abuse between family or household members. (9) "Emergency medical dispatcher" means a person who has responsibility to process requests 39 for medical assistance from the public or to dispatch medical care providers. 40 (10) "Family or household members" has the meaning given that term in ORS 107.705. 41 (11) "Fire service professional" means a paid or volunteer firefighter, an officer or a member 42 of a public or private fire protection agency that is engaged primarily in fire investigation, fire 43 prevention, fire safety, fire control or fire suppression or providing emergency medical services, light 44 and heavy rescue services, search and rescue services or hazardous materials incident response. 45

1 "Fire service professional" does not include forest fire protection agency personnel.

2 (12)(a) "Law enforcement unit" means a police force or organization of the state, a city, **com**-3 **munity college district that has established a police department under ORS 341.290,** port, 4 school district, mass transit district, county, county service district authorized to provide law 5 enforcement services under ORS 451.010, Indian reservation, **the** Criminal Justice Division of the 6 Department of Justice, the Department of Corrections, the Oregon State Lottery Commission or 7 common carrier railroad whose primary duty, as prescribed by law, ordinance or directive, is any 8 one or more of the following:

9 (A) Detecting crime and enforcing the criminal laws of this state or laws or ordinances relating
 10 to airport security;

(B) The custody, control or supervision of individuals convicted of or arrested for a criminal offense and confined to a place of incarceration or detention other than a place used exclusively for incarceration or detention of juveniles; or

(C) The control, supervision and reformation of adult offenders placed on parole or sentenced
 to probation and investigation of adult offenders on parole or probation or being considered for
 parole or probation.

17 (b) "Law enforcement unit" also means:

(A) A police force or organization of a private entity with a population of more than 1,000 res idents in an unincorporated area whose employees are commissioned by a county sheriff;

20 (B) A district attorney's office; and

(C) A private, nonprofit animal care agency that has maintained an animal welfare investigation department for at least five years and has had officers commissioned as special agents by the Governor.

24 (13) "Parole and probation officer" means:

(a) Any officer who is employed full-time by the Department of Corrections, a county or a court
and who is charged with and performs the duty of:

(A) Community protection by controlling, investigating, supervising and providing or making
 referrals to reformative services for adult parolees or probationers or offenders on post-prison
 supervision; or

(B) Investigating adult offenders on parole or probation or being considered for parole or pro-bation; or

32 (b) Any officer who:

(A) Is certified and has been employed as a full-time parole and probation officer for more thanone year;

35 (B) Is employed part-time by the Department of Corrections, a county or a court; and

36 (C) Is charged with and performs the duty of:

(i) Community protection by controlling, investigating, supervising and providing or making re ferrals to reformative services for adult parolees or probationers or offenders on post-prison super vision; or

40 (ii) Investigating adult offenders on parole or probation or being considered for parole or pro-41 bation.

42 (14) "Police officer" means an officer, member or employee of a law enforcement unit who is 43 employed full-time as a peace officer commissioned by a city, port, school district, mass transit dis-44 trict, county, county service district authorized to provide law enforcement services under ORS 45 451.010, Indian reservation, the Criminal Justice Division of the Department of Justice, the Oregon

1 State Lottery Commission, a community college district that has established a police depart-2 ment under ORS 341.290 or the Governor or who is a member of the Department of State Police 3 and who is responsible for enforcing the criminal laws of this state or laws or ordinances relating 4 to airport security or is an investigator of a district attorney's office if the investigator is or has 5 been certified as a peace officer in this or any other state.

6 (15) "Public or private safety agency" means any unit of state or local government, a special 7 purpose district or a private firm which provides, or has authority to provide, fire fighting, police, 8 ambulance or emergency medical services.

9 (16) "Public safety personnel" and "public safety officer" include corrections officers, youth 10 correction officers, emergency medical dispatchers, parole and probation officers, police officers, 11 certified reserve officers, telecommunicators and fire service professionals.

12

(17) "Reserve officer" means an officer or member of a law enforcement unit:

(a) Who is a volunteer or who is employed less than full-time as a peace officer commissioned
by a city, port, school district, mass transit district, county, county service district authorized to
provide law enforcement services under ORS 451.010, Indian reservation, the Criminal Justice Division of the Department of Justice, the Oregon State Lottery Commission, a community college
district that has established a police department under ORS 341.290, or the Governor or who
is a member of the Department of State Police;

19 (b) Who is armed with a firearm; and

20 (c) Who is responsible for enforcing the criminal laws and traffic laws of this state or laws or 21 ordinances relating to airport security.

(18) "Telecommunicator" means any person employed as an emergency telephone worker as defined in ORS 243.736 or a public safety dispatcher whose primary duties are receiving, processing and transmitting public safety information received through a 9-1-1 emergency reporting system as defined in ORS 403.105.

(19) "Youth correction officer" means an employee of the Oregon Youth Authority who is charged with and primarily performs the duty of custody, control or supervision of youth offenders confined in a youth correction facility.

29

SECTION 29. ORS 181.715 is amended to read:

181.715. (1) The Department of State Police or another criminal justice agency designated by the
 Director of the Oregon Department of Administrative Services shall operate a Criminal Justice In formation Standards program that coordinates information among state criminal justice agencies.
 The program shall:

(a) Ensure that in developing new information systems, data can be retrieved to support evaluation of criminal justice planning and programs, including, but not limited to, the ability of the
programs to reduce future criminal conduct;

37

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(b) Ensure that maximum effort is made for the safety of public safety officers;

(c) Establish methods and standards for data interchange and information access between crim inal justice information systems, in compliance with the technology standards and policies of the
 Oregon Department of Administrative Services;

(d) Design and implement improved applications for exchange of agency information; and

42 (e) Implement the capability to exchange images between criminal justice agencies.

(2) The program shall develop a plan to accelerate data sharing and information integration
 among criminal justice agencies. The plan shall include, but is not limited to, priorities, timelines,
 development costs, resources needed, the projected ongoing cost of support, critical success factors

and any known barriers to accomplishing the plan. Representatives of criminal justice agencies and 1 2 public safety agencies, including but not limited to local law enforcement agencies, courts of criminal jurisdiction, district attorneys, city attorneys with criminal prosecutive functions, public 3 defender organizations established under ORS chapter 151, community corrections directors, jail 4 managers and county juvenile departments, shall be invited to participate in the planning process. 5 The program shall present the plan to the Director of the Oregon Department of Administrative 6 Services no later than May 30 of each even-numbered year for development of the Governor's budget 7 report. The program shall submit the plan to the Joint Legislative Committee on Information Man-8 9 agement and Technology no later than December 31 of each even-numbered year. (3) Notwithstanding the meaning given "criminal justice agency" in ORS 181.010, as used in this 10 section and ORS 181.720, "criminal justice agency" includes, but is not limited to: 11 12 (a) The Judicial Department; 13 (b) The Attorney General; (c) The Department of Corrections; 14 (d) The Department of State Police; 15 (e) Any other state agency with law enforcement authority designated by order of the Governor; 16 (f) The Department of Transportation; 17 18 (g) The State Board of Parole and Post-Prison Supervision; (h) The Department of Public Safety Standards and Training; 19 (i) The State Department of Fish and Wildlife; 20(j) The Oregon Liquor Control Commission; 21 22(k) The Oregon Youth Authority; [and] (L) The State Commission on Children and Families; and 23(m) A community college district that has established a police department under ORS 24 341.290 25SECTION 30. ORS 181.781 is amended to read: 2627181.781. As used in ORS 181.781 to 181.796: (1) "Employ," when used in the context of the relationship between a law enforcement agency 28and a police officer, includes the assignment of law enforcement duties on a volunteer basis to a 2930 reserve officer. 31 (2) "Law enforcement agency" means the Department of State Police, the Department of Justice, a district attorney, a political subdivision of the State of Oregon [and], a municipal corporation of 32the State of Oregon and a community college district, that maintains a law enforcement unit as 33 34 defined in ORS 181.610 (12)(a)(A). (3) "Police officer" means a person who is: 35 (a) A police officer or reserve officer as defined in ORS 181.610; and 36 37 (b) Employed by a law enforcement agency to enforce the criminal laws of this state. 38 SECTION 31. ORS 181.860 is amended to read: 181.860. (1) For the purposes of this section: 39 (a) "Emergency services provider" means any public employer that employs persons to provide 40 firefighting services. 41 (b) "Emergency services personnel" means any employee of an emergency services provider who 42 is engaged in providing firefighting services. 43 (c) "Employee assistance program" means a program established by a law enforcement agency 44 or emergency services provider to provide counseling or support services to employees of the law 45

1 enforcement agency or emergency services provider.

2 (d) "Law enforcement agency" means any county sheriff, municipal police department, police
3 department established by a community college district under ORS 341.290, the Oregon State
4 Police and any state or local public body that employs public safety personnel.

5 (e) "Public safety personnel" means a sheriff, deputy sheriff, municipal police officer, **police of** 6 **ficer commissioned by a community college district under ORS 341.290,** state police officer, 7 parole and probation officer, corrections employee, certified reserve officer, telecommunicator or 8 emergency medical dispatcher.

9 (2) Any communication made by a participant or counselor in a peer support counseling session 10 conducted by a law enforcement agency or by an emergency services provider for public safety 11 personnel or emergency services personnel, and any oral or written information conveyed in the 12 peer support counseling session, is confidential and may not be disclosed by any person participating 13 in the peer support counseling session.

(3) Any communication relating to a peer support counseling session made confidential under subsection (2) of this section that is made between counselors, between counselors and the supervisors or staff of an employee assistance program, or between the supervisors or staff of an employee assistance program, is confidential and may not be disclosed.

(4) The provisions of this section apply only to peer support counseling sessions conducted byan employee or other person who:

(a) Has been designated by a law enforcement agency or emergency services provider, or by an
 employee assistance program, to act as a counselor; and

(b) Has received training in counseling and in providing emotional and moral support to public
 safety personnel or emergency services personnel who have been involved in emotionally traumatic
 incidents by reason of their employment.

(5) The provisions of this section apply to all oral communications, notes, records and reports
arising out of a peer support counseling session. Any notes, records or reports arising out of a peer
support counseling session are not public records for the purpose of ORS 192.410 to 192.505.

(6) Any communication made by a participant or counselor in a peer support counseling session 28subject to this section, and any oral or written information conveyed in a peer support counseling 2930 session subject to this section, is not admissible in any judicial proceeding, administrative proceed-31 ing, arbitration proceeding or other adjudicatory proceeding. Communications and information made confidential under this section may not be disclosed by the participants in any judicial proceeding, 32administrative proceeding, arbitration proceeding or other adjudicatory proceeding. The limitations 33 34 on disclosure imposed by this subsection include disclosure during any discovery conducted as part 35 of an adjudicatory proceeding.

36 (7) Nothing in this section limits the discovery or introduction in evidence of knowledge acquired by any public safety personnel or emergency services personnel from observation made during the course of employment, or material or information acquired during the course of employment, that is otherwise subject to discovery or introduction in evidence.

40 (8) This section does not apply to:

(a) Any threat of suicide or homicide made by a participant in a peer support counseling session,
or any information conveyed in a peer support counseling session relating to a threat of suicide or
homicide;

(b) Any information relating to abuse of children or of the elderly, or other information that is
 required to be reported by law; or

(c) Any admission of criminal conduct. 1 2 (9) This section does not prohibit any communications between counselors who conduct peer support counseling sessions, or any communications between counselors and the supervisors or staff 3 of an employee assistance program. 4 SECTION 32. ORS 236.350 is amended to read: 5 236.350. As used in ORS 236.350 to 236.370: 6 7 (1) "Disciplinary action" means action taken against a public safety officer by an employer to punish the officer, including dismissal, demotion, suspension without pay, reduction in salary, writ-8 9 ten reprimand and transfer. (2) "Just cause" means a cause reasonably related to the public safety officer's ability to per-10 form required work. The term includes a willful violation of reasonable work rules, regulations or 11 12 written policies. 13 (3) "Public safety officer" means: (a) A member of a law enforcement unit who is employed full-time as a peace officer commis-14 15 sioned by a city, community college district that has established a police department under ORS 341.290, port, school district, mass transit district, county, Indian reservation, the Criminal 16 Justice Division of the Department of Justice, the Oregon State Lottery Commission or the Gover-17 18 nor and who is responsible for enforcing the criminal laws of this state or laws or ordinances relating to airport security. 19 (b) A corrections officer, a parole and probation officer or a youth correction officer as those 20terms are defined in ORS 181.610. 2122SECTION 33. ORS 238.005, as amended by section 8, chapter 1, Oregon Laws 2010, is amended to read: 23238.005. For purposes of this chapter: 24 25(1) "Annuity" means payments for life derived from contributions made by a member as provided in this chapter. 2627(2) "Board" means the Public Employees Retirement Board. (3) "Calendar year" means 12 calendar months commencing on January 1 and ending on De-2829cember 31 following. 30 (4) "Continuous service" means service not interrupted for more than five years, except that 31 such continuous service shall be computed without regard to interruptions in the case of: (a) An employee who had returned to the service of the employer as of January 1, 1945, and 32who remained in that employment until having established membership in the Public Employees 33 34 Retirement System. 35 (b) An employee who was in the armed services on January 1, 1945, and returned to the service of the employer within one year of the date of being otherwise than dishonorably discharged and 36 37 remained in that employment until having established membership in the Public Employees Retire-38 ment System. (5) "Creditable service" means any period of time during which an active member is being paid 39 a salary by a participating public employer and for which benefits under this chapter are funded by 40 employer contributions and earnings on the fund. For purposes of computing years of "creditable 41 service," full months and major fractions of a month shall be considered to be one-twelfth of a year 42 and shall be added to all full years. "Creditable service" includes all retirement credit received by 43 a member. 44 (6) "Earliest service retirement age" means the age attained by a member when the member 45

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1 could first make application for retirement under the provisions of ORS 238.280.

2 (7) "Employee" includes, in addition to employees, public officers, but does not include:

3 (a) Persons engaged as independent contractors.

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4 (b) Seasonal, emergency or casual workers whose periods of employment with any public em-5 ployer or public employers do not total 600 hours in any calendar year.

6 (c) Persons, other than workers in the Oregon Industries for the Blind under ORS 346.190, pro-7 vided sheltered employment or made-work by a public employer in an employment or industries 8 program maintained for the benefit of such persons.

9 (d) Persons employed and paid from federal funds received under the Emergency Job and Un-10 employment Assistance Act of 1974 (Public Law 93-567) or any other federal program intended pri-11 marily to alleviate unemployment. However, any such person shall be considered an "employee" if 12 not otherwise excluded by paragraphs (a) to (c) of this subsection and the public employer elects to 13 have the person so considered by an irrevocable written notice to the board.

(e) Persons who are employees of a railroad, as defined in ORS 824.020, and who, as such employees, are included in a retirement plan under federal railroad retirement statutes. This paragraph
shall be deemed to have been in effect since the inception of the system.

(8) "Final average salary" means whichever of the following is greater:

18 (a) The average salary per calendar year paid by one or more participating public employers to an employee who is an active member of the system in three of the calendar years of membership 19 20before the effective date of retirement of the employee, in which three years the employee was paid the highest salary. The three calendar years in which the employee was paid the largest total salary 2122may include calendar years in which the employee was employed for less than a full calendar year. 23If the number of calendar years of active membership before the effective date of retirement of the employee is three or fewer, the final average salary for the employee is the average salary per cal-24 25endar year paid by one or more participating public employers to the employee in all of those years, without regard to whether the employee was employed for the full calendar year. 26

(b) One-third of the total salary paid by a participating public employer to an employee who is an active member of the system in the last 36 calendar months of active membership before the effective date of retirement of the employee.

30 (9) "Firefighter" does not include a volunteer firefighter, but does include:

31 (a) The State Fire Marshal, the chief deputy fire marshal and deputy state fire marshals; and

(b) An employee of the State Forestry Department who is certified by the State Forester as a
 professional wildland firefighter and whose primary duties include the abatement of uncontrolled
 fires as described in ORS 477.064.

(10) "Fiscal year" means 12 calendar months commencing on July 1 and ending on June 30 fol lowing.

37 (11) "Fund" means the Public Employees Retirement Fund.

(12)(a) "Member" means a person who has established membership in the system and whose
 membership has not been terminated as described in ORS 238.095. "Member" includes active, inac tive and retired members.

(b) "Active member" means a member who is presently employed by a participating public employer in a qualifying position and who has completed the six-month period of service required by
ORS 238.015.

44 (c) "Inactive member" means a member who is not employed in a qualifying position, whose 45 membership has not been terminated in the manner described by ORS 238.095, and who is not retired 1 for service or disability.

2 (d) "Retired member" means a member who is retired for service or disability.

3 (13)(a) "Member account" means the regular account and the variable account.

4 (b) "Regular account" means the account established for each active and inactive member under 5 ORS 238.250.

6 (c) "Variable account" means the account established for a member who participates in the 7 Variable Annuity Account under ORS 238.260.

8 (14) "Normal retirement age" means:

9 (a) For a person who establishes membership in the system before January 1, 1996, as described 10 in ORS 238.430, 55 years of age if the employee retires at that age as a police officer or firefighter 11 or 58 years of age if the employee retires at that age as other than a police officer or firefighter.

(b) For a person who establishes membership in the system on or after January 1, 1996, as described in ORS 238.430, 55 years of age if the employee retires at that age as a police officer or firefighter or 60 years of age if the employee retires at that age as other than a police officer or firefighter.

(15) "Pension" means annual payments for life derived from contributions by one or more publicemployers.

18 (16) "Police officer" includes:

(a) Employees of institutions defined in ORS 421.005 as Department of Corrections institutions
whose duties, as assigned by the Director of the Department of Corrections, include the custody of
persons committed to the custody of or transferred to the Department of Corrections and employees
of the Department of Corrections who were classified as police officers on or before July 27, 1989,
whether or not such classification was authorized by law.

(b) Employees of the Department of State Police who are classified as police officers by theSuperintendent of State Police.

(c) Employees of the Oregon Liquor Control Commission who are classified as enforcement of ficers by the administrator of the commission.

(d) Sheriffs and those deputy sheriffs or other employees of a sheriff whose duties, as classified
by the sheriff, are the regular duties of police officers or corrections officers.

(e) Police chiefs and police personnel of a city who are classified as police officers by thecouncil or other governing body of the city.

(f) Police officers who are commissioned by a community college district under ORS
 341.290 and who are classified as police officers by the district.

34 [(f)] (g) Parole and probation officers employed by the Department of Corrections, parole and probation officers who are transferred to county employment under ORS 423.549 and adult parole 35 and probation officers, as defined in ORS 181.610, who are classified as police officers for the pur-36 37 poses of this chapter by the county governing body. If a county classifies adult parole and probation 38 officers as police officers for the purposes of this chapter, and the employees so classified are represented by a labor organization, any proposal by the county to change that classification or to 39 40 cease to classify adult parole and probation officers as police officers for the purposes of this chapter is a mandatory subject of bargaining. 41

42 [(g)] (h) Police officers appointed under ORS 276.021 or 276.023.

43 [(h)] (i) Employees of the Port of Portland who are classified as airport police by the Board of
 44 Commissioners of the Port of Portland.

45 [(i)] (j) Employees of the State Department of Agriculture who are classified as livestock police

1 officers by the Director of Agriculture.

2 [(j)] (k) Employees of the Department of Public Safety Standards and Training who are classified 3 by the department as other than secretarial or clerical personnel.

4 [(k)] (L) Investigators of the Criminal Justice Division of the Department of Justice.

5 [(L)] (m) Corrections officers as defined in ORS 181.610.

6 [(m)] (n) Employees of the Oregon State Lottery Commission who are classified by the Director 7 of the Oregon State Lottery as enforcement agents pursuant to ORS 461.110.

8

[(n)] (o) The Director of the Department of Corrections.

9 [(o)] (**p**) An employee who for seven consecutive years has been classified as a police officer as 10 defined by this section, and who is employed or transferred by the Department of Corrections to fill 11 a position designated by the Director of the Department of Corrections as being eligible for police 12 officer status.

[(p)] (q) An employee of the Department of Corrections classified as a police officer on or prior to July 27, 1989, whether or not that classification was authorized by law, as long as the employee remains in the position held on July 27, 1989. The initial classification of an employee under a system implemented pursuant to ORS 240.190 does not affect police officer status.

[(q)] (r) Employees of a school district who are appointed and duly sworn members of a law
enforcement agency of the district as provided in ORS 332.531 or otherwise employed full-time as
police officers commissioned by the district.

[(r)] (s) Employees at youth correction facilities and juvenile detention facilities under ORS 419A.050, 419A.052 and 420.005 to 420.915 who are required to hold valid Oregon teaching licenses and who have supervisory, control or teaching responsibilities over juveniles committed to the custody of the Department of Corrections or the Oregon Youth Authority.

[(s)] (t) Employees at youth correction facilities as defined in ORS 420.005 whose primary job description involves the custody, control, treatment, investigation or supervision of juveniles placed in such facilities.

[(t)] (u) Employees of the Oregon Youth Authority who are classified as juvenile parole and
 probation officers.

(17) "Public employer" means the state, one of its agencies, any city, county, or municipal or public corporation, any political subdivision of the state or any instrumentality thereof, or an agency created by one or more such governmental organizations to provide governmental services. For purposes of this chapter, such agency created by one or more governmental organizations is a governmental instrumentality and a legal entity with power to enter into contracts, hold property and sue and be sued.

(18) "Prior service credit" means credit provided under ORS 238.442 or under ORS 238.225 (2)
to (6) (1999 Edition).

(19) "Qualifying position" means one or more jobs with one or more participating public employers in which an employee performs 600 or more hours of service in a calendar year, excluding any service in a job for which a participating public employer does not provide benefits under this chapter pursuant to an application made under ORS 238.035.

(20) "Retirement credit" means a period of time that is treated as creditable service for the
 purposes of this chapter.

(21)(a) "Salary" means the remuneration paid an employee in cash out of the funds of a public
employer in return for services to the employer, plus the monetary value, as determined by the
Public Employees Retirement Board, of whatever living quarters, board, lodging, fuel, laundry and

other advantages the employer furnishes the employee in return for services. 1 2 (b) "Salary" includes but is not limited to: (A) Payments of employee and employer money into a deferred compensation plan, which are 3 deemed salary paid in each month of deferral; 4 (B) The amount of participation in a tax-sheltered or deferred annuity, which is deemed salary 5 paid in each month of participation; 6 (C) Retroactive payments described in section 7, chapter 1, Oregon Laws 2010; and 7 (D) Wages of a deceased member paid to a surviving spouse or dependent children under ORS 8 9 652.190. (c) "Salary" or "other advantages" does not include: 10 (A) Travel or any other expenses incidental to employer's business which is reimbursed by the 11 12 employer; 13 (B) Payments for insurance coverage by an employer on behalf of employee or employee and dependents, for which the employee has no cash option; 14 15 (C) Payments made on account of an employee's death; (D) Any lump sum payment for accumulated unused sick leave; 16 (E) Any accelerated payment of an employment contract for a future period or an advance 17 against future wages; 18 (F) Any retirement incentive, retirement severance pay, retirement bonus or retirement 19 gratuitous payment; 20(G) Payments for periods of leave of absence after the date the employer and employee have 2122agreed that no future services qualifying pursuant to ORS 238.015 (3) will be performed, except for 23sick leave and vacation; (H) Payments for instructional services rendered to institutions of the Oregon University System 24 or the Oregon Health and Science University when such services are in excess of full-time employ-25ment subject to this chapter. A person employed under a contract for less than 12 months is subject 2627to this subparagraph only for the months to which the contract pertains; or (I) Payments made by an employer for insurance coverage provided to a domestic partner of an 28employee. 2930 (22) "School year" means the period beginning July 1 and ending June 30 next following. 31 (23) "System" means the Public Employees Retirement System. (24) "Vested" means being an active member of the system in each of five calendar years. 32(25) "Volunteer firefighter" means a firefighter whose position normally requires less than 600 33 34 hours of service per year. SECTION 34. The amendments to ORS 238.005 by section 33 of this 2011 Act apply only 35 to: 36 (1) Persons specified in ORS 238.005 (16)(f) who are employed by a community college 37 38 district on or after the effective date of this 2011 Act. (2) Services rendered to a participating public employer on or after the effective date of 39 this 2011 Act. 40 SECTION 35. ORS 238.608 is amended to read: 41 238.608. (1) The Public Employees Retirement Board shall conduct a study of the life expectancy 42 of members of the Public Employees Retirement System in the categories described in subsection (2) 43 of this section. If the board determines that members in the categories described in subsection (2) 44 of this section have a life expectancy that is substantially shorter than the life expectancy of mem-45

bers of the system generally, the board shall adopt and use separate actuarial equivalency factor tables under ORS 238.607 for the purpose of computing the payments to be made to members in the categories described in subsection (2) of this section and to the beneficiaries and alternate payees of those members. Any actuarial equivalency factor tables adopted under this section shall first become effective January 1, 2005.

6 (2) The provisions of this section apply to members of the system who are defined as firefighters
7 under ORS 238.005 (9) or as police officers under ORS 238.005 (16)(a), (b), (d), (e), (f), [(k)] (g), (L),
8 [(n)] (m), (o), [or] (p) or (q).

9 SECTION 36. ORS 243.005 is amended to read:

10 243.005. As used in ORS 243.005 to 243.045:

(1) "Firefighter" means persons employed by a city, county or district whose duties involve fire
 fighting and includes a volunteer firefighter whose position normally requires less than 600 hours
 of service per year.

(2) "Police officer" includes police chiefs and police officers of a city who are classified as police 14 15 officers by the council or other governing body of the city; police officers commissioned by a 16 community college district under ORS 341.290 who are classified as police officers by the district; sheriffs and those deputy sheriffs whose duties, as classified by the county governing body 17 18 are the regular duties of police officers; employees of districts, whose duties, as classified by the 19 governing body of the district are the regular duties of police officers; employees of the Department 20of State Police who are classified as police officers by the Superintendent of State Police; employees of the Criminal Justice Division of the Department of Justice who are classified by the Attorney 2122General as criminal investigators or criminal financial investigators; employees of the Oregon State 23Lottery Commission who are classified by the Director of the Oregon State Lottery as enforcement agents; and employees of Department of Corrections institutions as defined in ORS 421.005 whose 2425duties, as assigned by the superintendent, include the custody of persons committed to the custody of or transferred to the Department of Corrections institution; but "police officer" does not include 2627volunteer or reserve police officers or persons considered by the respective governing bodies to be civil deputies or clerical personnel. 28

(3) "Public employer" means a city, a county or the state, or one of its agencies or political
 subdivisions that employs police officers or firefighters.

31 SECTION 37. ORS 348.270 is amended to read:

32 348.270. (1) In addition to any other scholarships provided by law, the Oregon Student Assist-33 ance Commission shall award scholarships in any state institution under the State Board of Higher 34 Education, in the Oregon Health and Science University, in any community college operated under 35 ORS chapter 341, or in any Oregon-based regionally accredited independent institution, to any stu-36 dent applying for enrollment or who is enrolled therein, who is:

(a) The natural child, adopted child or stepchild of any public safety officer who, in the line of
duty, was killed or so disabled, as determined by the Oregon Student Assistance Commission, that
the income of the public safety officer is less than that earned by public safety officers performing
duties comparable to those performed at the highest rank or grade attained by the public safety officer; or

42 (b) A former foster child who enrolls in an institution of higher education as an undergraduate 43 student not later than three years from the date the student was removed from the care of the De-44 partment of Human Services, the date the student graduated from high school or the date the stu-45 dent received the equivalent of a high school diploma, whichever date is earliest.

1 (2) Scholarships awarded under this section to students who are dependents of public safety of-2 ficers or who are former foster children shall equal the amount of tuition and all fees levied by the 3 institution against the recipient of the scholarship. However, scholarships awarded to students who 4 attend independent institutions shall not exceed the amount of tuition and all fees levied by the 5 University of Oregon.

6 (3) If the student who is the dependent of a deceased public safety officer continues to remain 7 enrolled in a state institution of higher education or a community college or an independent insti-8 tution within the State of Oregon, the student shall be entitled to renewal of the scholarship until 9 the student has received the equivalent of four years of undergraduate education and four years of 10 post-graduate education.

(4) If the student who is a former foster child or who is the dependent of a public safety officer with a disability continues to remain enrolled in a state institution of higher education or a community college or an independent institution within the State of Oregon, the student shall be entitled to renewal of the scholarship until the student has received the equivalent of four years of undergraduate education.

16 (5) The Oregon Student Assistance Commission may require proof of the student's relationship 17 to a public safety officer described in subsection (1) of this section or proof that the student is a 18 former foster child.

19 (6) As used in this section:

(a) "Former foster child" means an individual who, for a total of 12 or more months while between the ages of 16 and 21, was a ward of the court pursuant to ORS 419B.100 (1)(b) to (e) and in
the legal custody of the Department of Human Services for out-of-home placement.

23 (b) "Public safety officer" means:

24 (A) A firefighter or police officer as those terms are defined in ORS 237.610.

25 (B) A member of the Oregon State Police.

26 (C) A police officer commissioned by a community college district under ORS 341.290.

27 SECTION 38. ORS 414.805 is amended to read:

414.805. (1) An individual who receives medical services while in the custody of a law enforce ment officer is liable:

30 (a) To the provider of the medical services for the charges and expenses therefor; and

(b) To the Oregon Health Authority for any charges or expenses paid by the authority out of
 the Law Enforcement Medical Liability Account for the medical services.

(2) A person providing medical services to an individual described in subsection [(1)(a)] (1) of
this section shall first make reasonable efforts to collect the charges and expenses thereof from the
individual before seeking to collect them from the authority out of the Law Enforcement Medical
Liability Account.

(3)(a) If the provider has not been paid within 45 days of the date of the billing, the provider
may bill the authority who shall pay the account out of the Law Enforcement Medical Liability
Account.

40 (b) A bill submitted to the authority under this subsection must be accompanied by evidence 41 documenting that:

42 (A) The provider has billed the individual or the individual's insurer or health care service43 contractor for the charges or expenses owed to the provider; and

(B) The provider has made a reasonable effort to collect from the individual or the individual's
 insurer or health care service contractor the charges and expenses owed to the provider.

1 (c) If the provider receives payment from the individual or the insurer or health care service 2 contractor after receiving payment from the authority, the provider shall repay the authority the 3 amount received from the public agency less any difference between payment received from the in-4 dividual, insurer or contractor and the amount of the billing.

5 (4) As used in this section:

6 (a) "Law enforcement officer" means an officer who is commissioned and employed by a public 7 agency as a peace officer to enforce the criminal laws of this state or laws or ordinances of a public 8 agency.

9 (b) "Public agency" means the state, a city, community college district that has established
 10 a police department under ORS 341.290, port, school district, mass transit district or county.

11 <u>SECTION 39.</u> ORS 419B.005, as amended by section 4, chapter 60, Oregon Laws 2010, is 12 amended to read:

13 419B.005. As used in ORS 419B.005 to 419B.050, unless the context requires otherwise:

14 (1)(a) "Abuse" means:

(A) Any assault, as defined in ORS chapter 163, of a child and any physical injury to a child
which has been caused by other than accidental means, including any injury which appears to be
at variance with the explanation given of the injury.

(B) Any mental injury to a child, which shall include only observable and substantial impairment
of the child's mental or psychological ability to function caused by cruelty to the child, with due
regard to the culture of the child.

(C) Rape of a child, which includes but is not limited to rape, sodomy, unlawful sexual penetration and incest, as those acts are described in ORS chapter 163.

23 (D) Sexual abuse, as described in ORS chapter 163.

24 (E) Sexual exploitation, including but not limited to:

(i) Contributing to the sexual delinquency of a minor, as defined in ORS chapter 163, and any other conduct which allows, employs, authorizes, permits, induces or encourages a child to engage in the performing for people to observe or the photographing, filming, tape recording or other exhibition which, in whole or in part, depicts sexual conduct or contact, as defined in ORS 167.002 or described in ORS 163.665 and 163.670, sexual abuse involving a child or rape of a child, but not including any conduct which is part of any investigation conducted pursuant to ORS 419B.020 or which is designed to serve educational or other legitimate purposes; and

(ii) Allowing, permitting, encouraging or hiring a child to engage in prostitution, as defined in
 ORS chapter 167.

(F) Negligent treatment or maltreatment of a child, including but not limited to the failure to
 provide adequate food, clothing, shelter or medical care that is likely to endanger the health or
 welfare of the child.

(G) Threatened harm to a child, which means subjecting a child to a substantial risk of harmto the child's health or welfare.

39 (H) Buying or selling a person under 18 years of age as described in ORS 163.537.

40 (I) Permitting a person under 18 years of age to enter or remain in or upon premises where 41 methamphetamines are being manufactured.

(J) Unlawful exposure to a controlled substance, as defined in ORS 475.005, that subjects a child
to a substantial risk of harm to the child's health or safety.

(b) "Abuse" does not include reasonable discipline unless the discipline results in one of theconditions described in paragraph (a) of this subsection.

1	(2) "Child" means an unmarried person who is under 18 years of age.
<b>2</b>	(3) "Law enforcement agency" means:
3	(a) A city or municipal police department.
4	(b) A county sheriff's office.
5	(c) The Oregon State Police.
6	(d) A police department established by a community college district under ORS 341.290.
7	(e) A county juvenile department.
8	[(3)] (4) "Public or private official" means:
9	(a) Physician, osteopathic physician, physician assistant, naturopathic physician, podiatric phy-
10	sician and surgeon, including any intern or resident.
11	(b) Dentist.
12	(c) School employee.
13	(d) Licensed practical nurse, registered nurse, nurse practitioner, nurse's aide, home health aide
14	or employee of an in-home health service.
15	(e) Employee of the Department of Human Services, Oregon Health Authority, State Commission
16	on Children and Families, Child Care Division of the Employment Department, the Oregon Youth
17	Authority, a county health department, a community mental health program, a community develop-
18	mental disabilities program, a county juvenile department, a licensed child-caring agency or an al-
19	cohol and drug treatment program.
20	(f) Peace officer.
21	(g) Psychologist.
22	(h) Member of the clergy.
23	(i) Regulated social worker.
24	(j) Optometrist.
25	(k) Chiropractor.
26	(L) Certified provider of foster care, or an employee thereof.
27	(m) Attorney.
28	(n) Licensed professional counselor.
29	(o) Licensed marriage and family therapist.
30	(p) Firefighter or emergency medical technician.
31	(q) A court appointed special advocate, as defined in ORS 419A.004.
32	(r) A child care provider registered or certified under ORS 657A.030 and 657A.250 to 657A.450.
33	(s) Member of the Legislative Assembly.
34	(t) Physical, speech or occupational therapist.
35	(u) Audiologist.
36	(v) Speech-language pathologist.
37	(w) Employee of the Teacher Standards and Practices Commission directly involved in investi-
38	gations or discipline by the commission.
39	(x) Pharmacist.
40	(y) An operator of a preschool recorded program under ORS 657A.255.
41	(z) An operator of a school-age recorded program under ORS 657A.257.
42	(aa) Employee of a private agency or organization facilitating the provision of respite services,
43	as defined in ORS 418.205, for parents pursuant to a properly executed power of attorney under ORS
44	109.056.
45	[(4) "Law enforcement agency" means:]

[35]

1 [(a) Any city or municipal police department.]

2 [(b) Any county sheriff's office.]

3 [(c) The Oregon State Police.]

4 [(d) A county juvenile department.]

5 **SECTION 40.** ORS 419B.902 is amended to read:

419B.902. (1) A subpoena may be served by the party or any other person 18 years of age or 6 older. Except as provided in subsections (2), (3) and (4) of this section, the service must be made by 7 delivering a copy to the witness personally. The service must be made so as to allow the witness a 8 9 reasonable time for preparation and travel to the place of attendance. If the subpoena is not accompanied by a command to appear at trial, hearing or deposition under ORS 419B.884, whether the 10 subpoena is served personally or by mail, copies of a subpoena commanding production and in-11 12 spection of books, papers, documents or other tangible things before trial must be served on each 13 party at least seven days before the subpoena is served on the person required to produce and permit inspection, unless the court orders a shorter period. 14

(2)(a) A law enforcement agency shall designate an individual upon whom service of a subpoena may be made. A designated individual must be available during normal business hours. In the absence of a designated individual, service of a subpoena under paragraph (b) of this subsection may be made upon the officer in charge of the law enforcement agency.

(b) If a peace officer's attendance at trial is required as a result of employment as a peace officer, a subpoena may be served on the officer by delivering a copy personally to the officer or to an individual designated by the agency that employs the officer no later than 10 days prior to the date attendance is sought. A subpoena may be served in this manner only if the officer is currently employed as a peace officer and is present within the state at the time of service.

(c) When a subpoend has been served as provided in paragraph (b) of this subsection, the law enforcement agency shall make a good faith effort to give actual notice to the officer whose attendance is sought of the date, time and location of the court appearance. If the officer cannot be notified, the law enforcement agency shall promptly notify the court and a postponement or continuance may be granted to allow the officer to be personally served.

(d) As used in this subsection, "law enforcement agency" means the Oregon State Police, a
county sheriff's department [or], a municipal police department or a police department established
by a community college district under ORS 341.290.

(3) Under the following circumstances, service of a subpoena to a witness by mail has the same
 legal force and effect as personal service:

(a) The attorney mailing the subpoena certifies in connection with or upon the return of service
that the attorney, or the attorney's agent, has had personal or telephone contact with the witness
and the witness indicated a willingness to appear at trial if subpoenaed; or

(b) The subpoena was mailed to the witness more than five days before trial by certified mail or some other designation of mail that provides a receipt for the mail signed by the recipient and the attorney received a return receipt signed by the witness prior to trial.

(4) Service of subpoena by mail may be used for a subpoena commanding production of books,
papers, documents or other tangible things that is not accompanied by a command to appear at trial
or hearing or at a deposition under ORS 419B.884.

(5) Proof of service of a subpoena is made in the same manner as proof of service of a summons
except that the server is not required to certify that the server is not a party in the action or an
attorney for a party in the action.

SECTION 41. ORS 420.905 is amended to read: 1 2 420.905. As used in ORS 420.905 to 420.915, "peace officer" means: (1) A [any] sheriff, constable], or marshal, or the deputy of any such officer[,]; 3 (2) A [any] member of the state police; or 4 (3) A [any] member of the police force of [any] a city or a community college district that 5 has established a police department under ORS 341.290. 6 SECTION 42. ORS 430.735 is amended to read: 7 430.735. As used in ORS 430.735 to 430.765: 8 9 (1) "Abuse" means one or more of the following: (a) Abandonment, including desertion or willful forsaking of a person with a developmental dis-10 ability or the withdrawal or neglect of duties and obligations owed a person with a developmental 11 12 disability by a caregiver or other person. 13 (b) Any physical injury to an adult caused by other than accidental means, or that appears to be at variance with the explanation given of the injury. 14 15 (c) Willful infliction of physical pain or injury upon an adult. 16 (d) Sexual abuse of an adult. 17 (e) Neglect. 18 (f) Verbal abuse of a person with a developmental disability. (g) Financial exploitation of a person with a developmental disability. 19 (h) Involuntary seclusion of a person with a developmental disability for the convenience of the 20caregiver or to discipline the person. 2122(i) A wrongful use of a physical or chemical restraint upon a person with a developmental dis-23ability, excluding an act of restraint prescribed by a licensed physician and any treatment activities that are consistent with an approved treatment plan or in connection with a court order. 2425(i) An act that constitutes a crime under ORS 163.375, 163.405, 163.411, 163.415, 163.425, 163.427, 163.465 or 163.467. 2627(k) Any death of an adult caused by other than accidental or natural means. (2) "Adult" means a person 18 years of age or older with: 28(a) A developmental disability who is currently receiving services from a community program 2930 or facility or was previously determined eligible for services as an adult by a community program 31 or facility; or (b) A mental illness who is receiving services from a community program or facility. 32(3) "Adult protective services" means the necessary actions taken to prevent abuse or exploi-33 34 tation of an adult, to prevent self-destructive acts and to safeguard an adult's person, property and funds, including petitioning for a protective order as defined in ORS 125.005. Any actions taken to 35 protect an adult shall be undertaken in a manner that is least intrusive to the adult and provides 36 37 for the greatest degree of independence. 38 (4) "Caregiver" means an individual, whether paid or unpaid, or a facility that has assumed responsibility for all or a portion of the care of an adult as a result of a contract or agreement. 39 40 (5) "Community program" means a community mental health program or a community developmental disabilities program as established in ORS 430.610 to 430.695. 41 (6) "Facility" means a residential treatment home or facility, residential care facility, adult fos-42ter home, residential training home or facility or crisis respite facility. 43 (7) "Financial exploitation" means: 44 (a) Wrongfully taking the assets, funds or property belonging to or intended for the use of a 45

1	person with a developmental disability.
2	(b) Alarming a person with a developmental disability by conveying a threat to wrongfully take
3	or appropriate money or property of the person if the person would reasonably believe that the
4	threat conveyed would be carried out.
5	(c) Misappropriating, misusing or transferring without authorization any money from any ac-
6	count held jointly or singly by a person with a developmental disability.
7	(d) Failing to use the income or assets of a person with a developmental disability effectively
8	for the support and maintenance of the person.
9	(8) "Intimidation" means compelling or deterring conduct by threat.
10	(9) "Law enforcement agency" means:
11	(a) Any city or municipal police department;
12	(b) A police department established by a community college district under ORS 341.290;
13	[(b)] (c) Any county sheriff's office;
14	[(c)] (d) The Oregon State Police; or
15	[(d)] (e) Any district attorney.
16	(10) "Neglect" means:
17	(a) Failure to provide the care, supervision or services necessary to maintain the physical and
18	mental health of a person with a developmental disability that may result in physical harm or sig-
19	nificant emotional harm to the person;
20	(b) The failure of a caregiver to make a reasonable effort to protect a person with a develop-
21	mental disability from abuse; or
22	(c) Withholding of services necessary to maintain the health and well-being of an adult which
23	leads to physical harm of an adult.
24	(11) "Person with a developmental disability" means a person described in subsection (2)(a) of
25	this section.
26	(12) "Public or private official" means:
27	(a) Physician, naturopathic physician, osteopathic physician, psychologist, chiropractor or
28	podiatric physician and surgeon, including any intern or resident;
29	(b) Licensed practical nurse, registered nurse, nurse's aide, home health aide or employee of an
30	in-home health service;
31	(c) Employee of the Department of Human Services or Oregon Health Authority, county health
32	department, community mental health program or community developmental disabilities program or
33	private agency contracting with a public body to provide any community mental health service;
34	(d) Peace officer;
35	(e) Member of the clergy;
36	(f) Regulated social worker;
37	(g) Physical, speech or occupational therapist;
38	(h) Information and referral, outreach or crisis worker;
39	(i) Attorney;
40	(j) Licensed professional counselor or licensed marriage and family therapist;
41	(k) Any public official who comes in contact with adults in the performance of the official's du-
42	ties; or
43	(L) Firefighter or emergency medical technician.
44	(13) "Services" includes but is not limited to the provision of food, clothing, medicine, housing,
45	medical services, assistance with bathing or personal hygiene or any other service essential to the

well-being of an adult. 1 2 (14)(a) "Sexual abuse" means: (A) Sexual contact with a nonconsenting adult or with an adult considered incapable of con-3 senting to a sexual act under ORS 163.315; 4 (B) Sexual harassment, sexual exploitation or inappropriate exposure to sexually explicit mate-5 rial or language; 6 (C) Any sexual contact between an employee of a facility or paid caregiver and an adult served 7 by the facility or caregiver; 8 9 (D) Any sexual contact between a person with a developmental disability and a relative of the person with a developmental disability other than a spouse; or 10 (E) Any sexual contact that is achieved through force, trickery, threat or coercion. 11 12(b) "Sexual abuse" does not mean consensual sexual contact between an adult and a paid 13 caregiver who is the spouse of the adult. (15) "Sexual contact" has the meaning given that term in ORS 163.305. 14 15 (16) "Verbal abuse" means to threaten significant physical or emotional harm to a person with a developmental disability through the use of: 16 (a) Derogatory or inappropriate names, insults, verbal assaults, profanity or ridicule; or 17 18 (b) Harassment, coercion, threats, intimidation, humiliation, mental cruelty or inappropriate sexual comments. 19 SECTION 43. ORS 441.630 is amended to read: 20441.630. As used in ORS 441.630 to 441.680 and 441.995: 21 22(1) "Abuse" means: (a) Any physical injury to a resident of a long term care facility which has been caused by other 2324 than accidental means. (b) Failure to provide basic care or services, which failure results in physical harm or unrea-25sonable discomfort or serious loss of human dignity. 2627(c) Sexual contact with a resident caused by an employee, agent or other resident of a long term care facility by force, threat, duress or coercion. 28(d) Illegal or improper use of a resident's resources for the personal profit or gain of another 2930 person. 31 (e) Verbal or mental abuse as prohibited by federal law. 32(f) Corporal punishment. (g) Involuntary seclusion for convenience or discipline. 33 34 (2) "Abuse complaint" means any oral or written communication to the department, one of its 35 agents or a law enforcement agency alleging abuse. (3) "Department" means the Department of Human Services or a designee of the department. 36 37 (4) "Facility" means a long term care facility, as defined in ORS 442.015. (5) "Law enforcement agency" means: 38 (a) Any city or municipal police department. 39 (b) A police department established by a community college district under ORS 341.290. 40 [(b)] (c) Any county sheriff's office. 41 [(c)] (d) The Oregon State Police. 42 [(d)] (e) Any district attorney. 43 (6) "Public or private official" means: 44

45 (a) Physician, including any intern or resident.

- (b) Licensed practical nurse or registered nurse. 1 2 (c) Employee of the Department of Human Services, a community developmental disabilities program or a long term care facility or person who contracts to provide services to a long term care 3 facility. 4 (d) Employee of the Oregon Health Authority, county health department or community mental 5 health program. 6 (e) Peace officer. 7 (f) Member of the clergy. 8 9 (g) Regulated social worker. (h) Physical, speech and occupational therapists. 10 11 (i) Legal counsel for a resident or guardian or family member of the resident. 12 SECTION 44. ORS 506.521 is amended to read: 506.521. Each member of the State Fish and Wildlife Commission, the State Fish and Wildlife 13 Director and every inspector, deputy fish warden, special deputy fish warden, and all peace officers 14 15 of this state or any political subdivision therein, including police officers commissioned by a community college district under ORS 341.290, shall enforce the commercial fishing laws within 16 their respective jurisdictions. In the performance of these duties such officers are subject to the di-17 18 rection and control of the commission or director. 19 SECTION 45. ORS 609.652 is amended to read: 609.652. As used in ORS 609.654: 20(1)(a) "Aggravated animal abuse" means any animal abuse as described in ORS 167.322. 2122(b) "Aggravated animal abuse" does not include: (A) Good animal husbandry, as defined in ORS 167.310; or 23(B) Any exemption listed in ORS 167.335. 24 (2) "Law enforcement agency" means: 25(a) Any city or municipal police department. 26(b) A police department established by a community college district under ORS 341.290. 27[(b)] (c) Any county sheriff's office. 28[(c)] (d) The Oregon State Police. 2930 [(d)] (e) A law enforcement division of a county or municipal animal control agency that em-31 ploys sworn officers. (3) "Public or private official" means: 32(a) A physician, including any intern or resident. 33 34 (b) A dentist. 35 (c) A school employee. (d) A licensed practical nurse or registered nurse. 36 37 (e) An employee of the Department of Human Services, Oregon Health Authority, State Commission on Children and Families, Child Care Division of the Employment Department, the Oregon 38 Youth Authority, a county health department, a community mental health program, a community 39 developmental disabilities program, a county juvenile department, a licensed child-caring agency or 40 an alcohol and drug treatment program. 41 (f) A peace officer. 42
- 43 (g) A psychologist.
- 44 (h) A member of the clergy.
- 45 (i) A regulated social worker.

1	(j) An optometrist.
2	(k) A chiropractor.
3	(L) A certified provider of foster care, or an employee thereof.
4	(m) An attorney.
5	(n) A naturopathic physician.
6	(o) A licensed professional counselor.
7	(p) A licensed marriage and family therapist.
8	(q) A firefighter or emergency medical technician.
9	(r) A court appointed special advocate, as defined in ORS 419A.004.
10	(s) A child care provider registered or certified under ORS 657A.030 and 657A.250 to 657A.450.
11	(t) A member of the Legislative Assembly.
12	SECTION 46. ORS 686.450 is amended to read:
13	686.450. As used in ORS 686.450 to 686.465 and 686.990 (3):
14	(1)(a) "Aggravated animal abuse" means any animal abuse as described in ORS 167.322.
15	(b) "Aggravated animal abuse" does not include:
16	(A) Good animal husbandry, as defined in ORS 167.310; or
17	(B) Any exemption listed in ORS 167.335.
18	(2) "Law enforcement agency" means:
19	(a) Any city or municipal police department.
20	(b) A police department established by a community college district under ORS 341.290.
21	[(b)] (c) Any county sheriff's office.
22	[(c)] (d) The Oregon State Police.
23	[(d)] (e) A law enforcement division of a humane society in Oregon that employs special agents
24	authorized under ORS 131.805.
25	[(e)] (f) A law enforcement division of a county or municipal animal control agency that employs
26	sworn officers.
27	(3) "Veterinarian" means a person licensed to practice veterinary medicine under ORS chapter
28	686.
29	SECTION 47. ORS 756.160 is amended to read:
30	756.160. (1) The Public Utility Commission shall inquire into any neglect or violation of any law
31	of this state or any law or ordinance of any municipality thereof relating to public utilities and
32	telecommunications utilities by any public utility or telecommunications utility doing business
33	therein, its officers, agents or employees and shall enforce all laws of this state relating to public
34	utilities and telecommunications utilities and may enforce all such laws and ordinances of a
35	municipality. The commission shall report all violations of any such laws or ordinances to the At-
36	torney General.
37	(2) The Attorney General, district attorney of each county, [and] all state, county and city police
38	officers and police officers commissioned by a community college district under ORS 341.290
39	shall assist the commission in the administration and enforcement of all laws administered by the
40	commission, and they, as well as assistants and employees of the commission, shall inform against
41	and diligently prosecute all persons whom they have reasonable cause to believe guilty of violation
42	of any such laws or of the rules, regulations, orders, decisions or requirements of the commission
43	made pursuant thereto.
44	(3) Upon the request of the commission, the Attorney General or the district attorney of the

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proper county shall aid in any investigation, hearing or trial, and shall institute and prosecute all

necessary suits, actions or proceedings for the enforcement of those laws and ordinances referred
to in subsection (1) of this section.

3 (4) Any forfeiture or penalty provided for in any law administered by the commission shall be 4 recovered by an action brought thereon in the name of the State of Oregon in any court of appro-5 priate jurisdiction.

SECTION 48. ORS 801.395 is amended to read:

801.395. "Police officer" includes a member of the Oregon State Police, a sheriff, a deputy
sheriff, a city police officer, a police officer commissioned by a community college district under ORS 341.290, a Port of Portland peace officer or a law enforcement officer employed by a service district established under ORS 451.410 to 451.610 for the purpose of law enforcement services.
SECTION 49. ORS 810.410 is amended to read:

12 810.410. (1) A police officer may arrest or issue a citation to a person for a traffic crime at any 13 place within or outside the jurisdictional authority of the governmental unit by which the police 14 officer is authorized to act as provided by ORS 133.235 and 133.310.

(2) A police officer may issue a citation to a person for a traffic violation at any place within
or outside the jurisdictional authority of the governmental unit by which the police officer is authorized to act:

18 (a) When the traffic violation is committed in the police officer's presence; or

(b) When the police officer has probable cause to believe an offense has occurred based on a
description of the vehicle or other information received from a police officer who observed the
traffic violation.

22 (3) A police officer:

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23 (a) Shall not arrest a person for a traffic violation.

(b) May stop and detain a person for a traffic violation for the purposes of investigation reasonably related to the traffic violation, identification and issuance of citation.

(c) May make an inquiry into circumstances arising during the course of a detention and in vestigation under paragraph (b) of this subsection that give rise to a reasonable suspicion of crimi nal activity.

(d) May make an inquiry to ensure the safety of the officer, the person stopped or other persons
 present, including an inquiry regarding the presence of weapons.

(e) May request consent to search in relation to the circumstances referred to in paragraph (c)
of this subsection or to search for items of evidence otherwise subject to search or seizure under
ORS 133.535.

(f) May use the degree of force reasonably necessary to make the stop and ensure the safety of
 the [*peace*] **police** officer, the person stopped or other persons present.

(g) May make an arrest of a person as authorized by ORS 133.310 (2) if the person is stopped
 and detained pursuant to the authority of this section.

(4) When a police officer at the scene of a traffic accident has reasonable grounds, based upon the police officer's personal investigation, to believe that a person involved in the accident has committed a traffic offense in connection with the accident, the police officer may issue to the person a citation for that offense. The authority under this subsection is in addition to any other authority to issue a citation for a traffic offense.

43 **SECTION 50.** ORS 811.720 is amended to read:

44 811.720. (1) Except as provided in subsection (4) of this section, any accident occurring on a 45 highway or upon premises open to the public resulting in injury or death to any person is subject

to the reporting requirements under the following sections: 1

2 (a) The reporting requirements for drivers under ORS 811.725.

3 (b) The reporting requirements for occupants of vehicles in accidents under ORS 811.735.

(c) The reporting requirements for owners of vehicles under ORS 811.730. 4

(2) Except as provided in subsection (4) of this section, an accident occurring on a highway or 5 upon premises open to the public resulting in damage to the property of any person in excess of 6 \$1,500 is subject to the following reporting requirements: 7

(a) The driver of a vehicle that has more than \$1,500 damage must report the accident in the 8 9 manner specified under ORS 811.725.

(b) The owner of a vehicle that has more than \$1,500 damage must report the accident in the 10 manner specified in ORS 811.730 and under the circumstances specified in ORS 811.730. 11

12 (c) If the property damage is to property other than a vehicle involved in the accident, each 13 driver involved in the accident must report the accident in the manner specified under ORS 811.725 and each owner of a vehicle involved in the accident must report the accident in the manner spec-14 15 ified in ORS 811.730 and under the circumstances specified in ORS 811.730.

16 (d) If a vehicle involved in the accident is damaged to the extent that the vehicle must be towed from the scene of the accident, each driver involved in the accident must report the accident in the 17 18 manner specified under ORS 811.725 and each owner of a vehicle involved in the accident must report the accident in the manner specified in ORS 811.730 and under the circumstances specified in 19 20 ORS 811.730.

(3) The dollar amount specified in subsection (2) of this section may be increased every five 2122years by the Department of Transportation based upon any increase in the Portland-Salem Consumer 23Price Index for All Urban Consumers for All Items as prepared by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the United States Department of Labor or its successor during the preceding 12-month period. 24 25The amount determined under this subsection shall be rounded to the nearest \$100.

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(4) The following are exempt from the reporting requirements of this section:

(a) Operators of snowmobiles, Class I all-terrain vehicles or Class III all-terrain vehicles.

(b) A law enforcement official acting in the course of official duty if the accident involved a law 28enforcement official performing a lawful intervention technique or a law enforcement official and a 2930 person acting during the commission of a criminal offense. As used in this paragraph:

31 (A) "Law enforcement official" means a person who is responsible for enforcing the criminal laws of this state or a political subdivision of this state and who is employed or volunteers: 32

(i) As a peace officer commissioned by a city, community college district that has established 33 34 a police department under ORS 341.290, port, school district, mass transit district, county or county service district authorized to provide law enforcement services under ORS 451.010; 35

(ii) With the Department of State Police or the Criminal Justice Division of the Department of 36 37 Justice: or

38 (iii) As an investigator of a district attorney's office, if the investigator is certified as a peace officer in this state. 39

40 (B) "Lawful intervention technique" means a method by which one motor vehicle causes, or attempts to cause, another motor vehicle to stop. 41

SECTION 51. ORS 811.745 is amended to read: 42

811.745. (1) Except as provided in subsection (4) of this section, any accident occurring on a 43 highway or upon premises open to the public resulting in injury or death to any person is subject 44 to the reporting requirements under the following sections: 45

1 (a) The reporting requirements for drivers under ORS 811.748.

2 (b) The reporting requirements for occupants of vehicles in accidents under ORS 811.750.

3 (2) Except as provided in subsection (4) of this section, an accident occurring on a highway or 4 upon premises open to the public resulting in damage to the property of any person in excess of 5 \$1,500 is subject to the following reporting requirements:

6 (a) The driver of a vehicle that has more than \$1,500 damage must report the accident in the 7 manner specified under ORS 811.748.

(b) If the property damage is to property other than a vehicle involved in the accident, each
driver involved in the accident must report the accident in the manner specified under ORS 811.748.
(c) If a vehicle involved in the accident is damaged to the extent that the vehicle must be towed
from the scene of the accident, each driver involved in the accident must report the accident in the
manner specified under ORS 811.748.

(3) The dollar amount specified in subsection (2) of this section may be increased every five
years by the Department of Transportation based upon any increase in the Portland-Salem Consumer
Price Index for All Urban Consumers for All Items as prepared by the Bureau of Labor Statistics
of the United States Department of Labor or its successor during the preceding 12-month period.
The amount determined under this subsection shall be rounded to the nearest \$100.

(4) The following are exempt from the reporting requirements of this section:

(a) Operators of snowmobiles, Class I all-terrain vehicles or Class III all-terrain vehicles.

(b) A law enforcement official acting in the course of official duty if the accident involved a law
 enforcement official performing a lawful intervention technique or involved a law enforcement official and a person acting during the commission of a criminal offense. As used in this paragraph:

(A) "Law enforcement official" means a person who is responsible for enforcing the criminal
laws of this state or a political subdivision of this state and who is employed or volunteers:

(i) As a peace officer commissioned by a city, port, community college district that has es tablished a police department under ORS 341.290, school district, mass transit district, county
 or service district authorized to provide law enforcement services under ORS 451.010;

(ii) With the Department of State Police or the Criminal Justice Division of the Department ofJustice; or

(iii) As an investigator of a district attorney's office, if the investigator is certified as a peace
 officer in this state.

(B) "Lawful intervention technique" means a method by which one motor vehicle causes, or at tempts to cause, another motor vehicle to stop.

(5) The reporting requirements under this section are in addition to, and not in lieu of, the re porting requirements under ORS 811.720.

36 SECTION 52. ORS 811.747 is amended to read:

37 811.747. As used in ORS 811.748 and 811.750:

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38 (1) "9-1-1 emergency reporting system" has the meaning given that term in ORS 403.105.

(2) "Law enforcement agency" means any agency that employs members of the Oregon State
Police, a sheriff, a deputy sheriff, a city police officer, a police officer commissioned by a community college district under ORS 341.290 or a law enforcement officer employed by a service
district established under ORS 451.410 to 451.610 for the purpose of law enforcement services.

43 **SECTION 53.** ORS 823.081 is amended to read:

44 823.081. (1) The Department of Transportation shall inquire into any neglect or violation of any 45 law of this state, or any law or ordinance of any municipality thereof, relating to motor carriers or

1 railroads by any motor carrier or railroad doing business therein, its officers, agents or employees

2 and shall enforce all laws of this state relating to motor carriers and railroads and may enforce all

3 such laws and ordinances of a municipality. The department shall report all violations of any such

4 laws or ordinances to the Attorney General.

5 (2) The Attorney General, district attorney of each county, [and] all state, county and city police 6 officers and police officers commissioned by a community college district under ORS 341.290 7 shall assist the department in the administration and enforcement of all laws related to motor car-8 riers and railroads administered by the department, and they, as well as assistants and employees 9 of the department, shall inform against and diligently prosecute all persons whom they have rea-10 sonable cause to believe guilty of the violation of any such laws or of the rules, regulations, orders, 11 decisions or requirements of the department made pursuant thereto.

(3) Upon the request of the department, the Attorney General or the district attorney of the proper county shall aid in any investigation, hearing or trial, and shall institute and prosecute all necessary suits, actions or proceedings for the enforcement of those laws and ordinances referred to in subsection (1) of this section.

(4) Any forfeiture or penalty provided for in any law regarding motor carriers or railroads administered by the department shall be recovered by an action brought thereon in the name of the
State of Oregon in any court of appropriate jurisdiction or as provided in ORS 183.745.

19 **SECTION 54.** ORS 830.005 is amended to read:

20 830.005. As used in this chapter, unless the context requires otherwise:

21 (1) "Board" means the State Marine Board.

(2) "Boat" means every description of watercraft, including a seaplane on the water and not in
flight, used or capable of being used as a means of transportation on the water, but does not include
boathouses, floating homes, air mattresses, beach and water toys or single inner tubes.

(3) "Boating offense" means violation of any provision of law that is made a crime or violationunder the provisions of this chapter.

(4) "In flight" means from the moment a seaplane starts its takeoff run until the end of a normal
power-off landing run.

(5) "Length" means the length of a boat measured from end to end over the deck excludingsheer.

(6) "Motorboat" means any boat propelled in whole or in part by machinery, including boats
 temporarily equipped with detachable motors.

(7) "Navigable waters of the United States" means those waters of the United States, including the territorial seas adjacent thereto, the general character of which is navigable, and that, either by themselves or by uniting with other waters, form a continuous waterway on which boats or vessels may navigate or travel between two or more states, or to and from foreign nations.

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(8) "Operate" means to navigate or otherwise use a boat.

(9) "Operator of a boat livery" means any person who is engaged wholly or in part in the busi-ness of chartering or renting boats to other persons.

40 (10) "Passenger" means every person on board a boat who is not the master, operator, crew
 41 member or other person engaged in any capacity in the business of the boat.

(11) "Peace officer" includes a member of the Oregon State Police, a sheriff or deputy sheriff
[and], a city police officer and a police officer commissioned by a community college district
under ORS 341.290.

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(12) "State waters" means those waters entirely within the confines of this state that have not

1 been declared navigable waters of the United States.

2 (13) "Waters of this state" means all waters within the territorial limits of this state, the mar-3 ginal sea adjacent to this state and the high seas when navigated as part of a journey or ride to 4 or from the shore of this state.

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SECTION 55. Section 2, chapter 102, Oregon Laws 2010, is amended to read:

6 Sec. 2. (1) Except as provided in subsection (2) of this section, it is an unlawful employment 7 practice for an employer to obtain or use for employment purposes information contained in the 8 credit history of an applicant for employment or an employee, or to refuse to hire, discharge, de-9 mote, suspend, retaliate or otherwise discriminate against an applicant or an employee with regard 10 to promotion, compensation or the terms, conditions or privileges of employment based on informa-11 tion in the credit history of the applicant or employee.

12 (2) Subsection (1) of this section does not apply to:

13 (a) Employers that are federally insured banks or credit unions;

(b) Employers that are required by state or federal law to use individual credit history for em-ployment purposes;

(c) The employment of a public safety officer who is a member of a law enforcement unit, who is employed as a peace officer commissioned by a city, port, school district, mass transit district, county, **community college district under ORS 341.290**, Indian reservation, the Criminal Justice Division of the Department of Justice, the Oregon State Lottery Commission or the Governor and who is responsible for enforcing the criminal laws of this state or laws or ordinances related to airport security; or

(d) The obtainment or use by an employer of information in the credit history of an applicant or employee because the information is substantially job-related and the employer's reasons for the use of such information are disclosed to the employee or prospective employee in writing.

(3) An employee or an applicant for employment may file a complaint under ORS 659A.820 for
violations of this section and may bring a civil action under ORS 659A.885 and recover the relief
as provided by ORS 659A.885 (1) and (2).

(4) As used in this section, "credit history" means any written or other communication of any
 information by a consumer reporting agency that bears on a consumer's creditworthiness, credit
 standing or credit capacity.

SECTION 56. (1) Sections 9, 11, 13 and 34 of this 2011 Act and the amendments to ORS 40.275, 44.550, 90.440, 124.050, 131.605, 133.005, 133.033, 133.318, 133.525, 133.721, 133.726, 136.595, 146.003, 147.425, 153.005, 153.630, 161.015, 163.730, 165.535, 180.320, 181.010, 181.610, 181.715, 181.781, 181.860, 236.350, 238.005, 238.608, 243.005, 341.290, 341.300, 348.270, 414.805, 419B.005, 419B.902, 420.905, 430.735, 441.630, 506.521, 609.652, 686.450, 756.160, 801.395, 810.410, 811.720, 811.745, 811.747, 823.081 and 830.005 and section 2, chapter 102, Oregon Laws 2010, by sections 1 to 8, 10, 12, 14 to 33 and 35 to 55 of this 2011 Act become operative on January 1, 2012.

(2) A board of education of a community college district may adopt rules or take any
other action before the operative date specified in subsection (1) of this section that is necessary to enable the board to exercise, on or after the operative date specified in subsection
(1) of this section, all the duties, functions and powers conferred on the board by this 2011
Act.

43 <u>SECTION 57.</u> This 2011 Act being necessary for the immediate preservation of the public 44 peace, health and safety, an emergency is declared to exist, and this 2011 Act takes effect 45 on its passage.

[47]