## House Bill 2486

Ordered printed by the Speaker pursuant to House Rule 12.00A (5). Presession filed (at the request of House Interim Committee on Consumer Protection and Government Accountability)

## **SUMMARY**

The following summary is not prepared by the sponsors of the measure and is not a part of the body thereof subject to consideration by the Legislative Assembly. It is an editor's brief statement of the essential features of the measure **as introduced.** 

Requires owner of private parking facility to disclose rules and charges for parking violations in writing and on outdoor signs and ticket machines. Establishes maximum amounts owner of parking facility may assess for parking violations. Defines "weekend rate." Requires owner of parking facility to create process to file certificate of nonliability.

Creates cause of action against owner for violation. Requires court, if consumer prevails, to award three times amount of charge, fine or fee wrongly assessed. Allows award of attorney fees and costs to prevailing consumer or registered owner.

## A BILL FOR AN ACT

2 Relating to parking facilities.

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- 3 Be It Enacted by the People of the State of Oregon:
  - SECTION 1. (1) As used in this section and section 2 of this 2011 Act:
  - (a) "Base amount" means the amount an owner requires a consumer to pay to park the consumer's vehicle at the owner's parking facility on any single occasion and does not include charges, fines or fees assessed against the consumer for parking violations.
  - (b) "Consumer" means a natural person who parks a vehicle at a parking facility under this section.
  - (c) "Local government" means all cities, counties and local service districts located in this state, and all administrative subdivisions of those cities, counties and local service districts.
    - (d) "Owner" means:
    - (A) The owner, lessee or person in lawful possession of a parking facility;
  - (B) A local government or state agency with authority to control or operate a parking facility; and
  - (C) A person or entity that has assumed responsibility by contract or otherwise on behalf of an owner of a parking facility for the operation, management, maintenance or control of the parking facility.
    - (e) "Parking facility" means property that is used for vehicle parking.
  - (f) "Parking violations" means violations of rules or requirements that must be complied with to park at the owner's parking facility.
  - (g) "Registered owner" means the registered owner of a vehicle registered by this or any other state.
- 25 (h) "State agency" means any state officer, board, commission, department, institution, 26 branch or agency of the state government as defined in ORS 174.111.
  - (i) "Vehicle" has the meaning given that term in ORS 801.590.
  - (2) The owner of a parking facility may not assess a charge, fine or fee against a con-

**NOTE:** Matter in **boldfaced** type in an amended section is new; matter [*italic and bracketed*] is existing law to be omitted. New sections are in **boldfaced** type.

- sumer or a registered owner for a parking violation unless the owner discloses to the consumer, before the consumer parks the consumer's vehicle at the parking facility:
- (a) All rules and requirements that the consumer must comply with in order to avoid being assessed a charge, fine or fee for a parking violation;
- (b) The amount and manner of calculation of any charge, fine or fee that will be assessed for:
  - (A) A parking violation;

- (B) Administrative costs associated with assessing a charge, fine or fee for a parking violation;
  - (C) Late payment of a charge, fine or fee assessed for a parking violation; or
- (D) Any other charges, fines or fees that will be assessed by the owner against a consumer or registered owner that arise out of a parking violation; and
  - (c) The process to file a certificate of nonliability under subsection (6) of this section.
  - (3) The disclosures required by subsection (2) of this section must be made:
  - (a) In writing, in at least 18-point font and in red ink:
- (A) On a paper ticket or other document that is required to be displayed in or on the consumer's vehicle while parked at the parking facility; or
- (B) On a document that is provided to the consumer at the time the consumer parks at the parking facility; and
  - (b) By clear and conspicuous visual display on:
- (A) An outdoor sign that is placed on the premises of the parking facility to advise consumers the property is a parking facility; and
- (B) If one is installed on the premises of the parking facility, a ticket machine or booth from which a consumer purchases a ticket that permits the consumer to park the consumer's vehicle on the premises of the parking facility.
- (4)(a) The owner of a parking facility may not assess a total amount for charges, fines or fees for a parking violation that exceeds twice the base amount charged to the consumer to park at the parking facility on the occasion that the parking violation occurred.
- (b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a) of this subsection, an owner may assess a late fee if payment of assessed charges, fines or fees is not made within 30 days from the date that the consumer or registered owner receives notice of the parking violation and the assessment. The 30 days shall be calculated from the date the consumer or registered owner received the notice of violation and assessment to the date postmarked on the payment received, if mailed, or the date of payment, if payment is made in person.
- (5) An owner of a parking facility that charges a base amount for a period of time described as a "weekend" or "weekend rate" must:
- (a) Allow parking between, at a minimum, the hours of 6:00 p.m. on a Friday and 11:59 p.m. on a Sunday; and
- (b) Clearly and conspicuously disclose the weekend hours in paragraph (a) of this subsection during which a consumer may park.
- (6)(a) The owner of a parking facility may not assess a charge, fine or fee for a parking violation against a consumer or registered owner unless the owner has established a process and created forms, and provided the consumer or registered owner with notice of the process and forms, to:
  - (A) Submit a certificate of nonliability stating that the vehicle was not in the custody

and control of the consumer or registered owner at the time of the parking violation; and

- (B) Providing the name and address of the individual who was in control of the vehicle at the time of the parking violation.
- (b) Upon receipt of the certificate of nonliability and information described in paragraph (a) of this subsection, the owner of the parking facility must dismiss and not pursue payment of any amounts assessed against the consumer or registered owner for the parking violation and may reassess charges, fines or fees for the parking violation against the individual identified in the certificate of nonliability.
- SECTION 2. (1) A consumer or registered owner who has suffered any ascertainable loss as a result of an owner's violation of any provision of section 1 of this 2011 Act shall have a cause of action against the owner.
- (2) If the consumer or registered owner prevails, the court shall enter judgment against the owner for three times the amount of any charge, fine or fee assessed by the owner against the consumer or registered owner, and may award reasonable attorney fees and costs to a prevailing consumer or registered owner.
- (3) The remedy provided in this section is in addition to any other remedy, civil or criminal, that may be available under any other provision of law.

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