A-Engrossed House Bill 2287

Ordered by the House March 3 Including House Amendments dated March 3

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SUMMARY

The following summary is not prepared by the sponsors of the measure and is not a part of the body thereof subject to consideration by the Legislative Assembly. It is an editor's brief statement of the essential features of the measure

Modifies [process and] requirements for proposal to establish public charter school. Directs State Board of Education to sponsor public charter school if board finds that school district board is not negotiating in good faith or in timely manner. Requires initial charter of public charter school to be for term of five years. [Requires sponsor to renew charter unless sponsor finds specified reason for termination.] [Specifies timeline in which State Board of Education is required to complete review of school district board's disapproval of proposal to establish public charter school.]

1	A BILL FOR AN ACT
2	Relating to public charter schools; creating new provisions; and amending ORS 338.045, 338.055 and
3	338.065.
4	Be It Enacted by the People of the State of Oregon:
5	SECTION 1. ORS 338.045 is amended to read:
6	338.045. (1) An applicant seeking to establish a public charter school shall submit a written
7	proposal to a school district board.
8	(2) The proposal shall include, but need not be limited to:
9	(a) The identification of the applicant;
10	(b) The name of the proposed public charter school;
11	(c) A description of the philosophy and mission of the public charter school;
12	(d) A description of the curriculum of the public charter school;
13	(e) A description of the expected results of the curriculum and the verified methods of measuring
14	and reporting objective results that will show the growth of knowledge of students attending the
15	public charter school and allow comparisons with public schools;
16	(f) The governance structure of the public charter school;
17	(g) The projected enrollment to be maintained and the ages or grades to be served;
18	(h) The target population of students the public charter school will be designed to serve;
19	(i) A description of any distinctive learning or teaching techniques to be used in the public
20	charter school;
21	(j) The legal address, facilities and physical location of the public charter school, if known;
22	(k) A description of admission policies and application procedures;
23	(L) The statutes and rules that shall apply to the public charter school;
24	(m) The proposed budget and financial plan for the public charter school and evidence that the

25proposed budget and financial plan for the public charter school are financially sound;

(n) A description of the financial management systems for the public charter school and a plan 1 2 for having the financial management systems in place at the time the school begins operating; (o) The standards for behavior and the procedures for the discipline, suspension or expulsion of 3 students; 4 (p) The proposed school calendar for the public charter school, including the length of the 5 6 school day and school year; (q) A description of the proposed staff members and required qualifications of teachers at the 7 public charter school; 8 9 (r) The date upon which the public charter school would begin operating; 10 (s) The arrangements for any necessary special education and related services provided pursuant to ORS 338.165 for children with disabilities who may attend the public charter school; 11 12 (t) If the public charter school will involve community groups in the planning and devel-13 opment process of the public charter school, information on the manner in which the community groups may be involved in the planning and development process [of the public charter school]; 14 15(u) The term of the charter; (v) The plan for performance bonding or insuring the public charter school, including buildings 16 and liabilities; 17 18 (w) A proposed plan for the placement of public charter school teachers, other school employees and students of the public charter school upon termination or nonrenewal of a charter; 19 (x) The manner in which the program review and fiscal audit will be conducted; and 20(y) In the case of an existing public school being converted to charter status: 21 22(A) The alternative arrangements for students who choose not to attend the public charter school and for teachers and other school employees who choose not to participate in the public 23charter school; and 24(B) The relationship that will exist between the public charter school and its employees, in-25cluding evidence that the terms and conditions of employment have been addressed with affected 2627employees and their recognized representative, if any. (3) In addition to the requirements of subsection (2) of this section, the school district board 28may require any additional information the board considers relevant to the formation or operation 2930 of a public charter school. The additional information required by the school district board 31 must be only a clarification of the requirements described in subsection (2) of this section or other information related to the requirements described in subsection (2) of this section. 32(4) At the request of the applicant, the school district board may provide technical assistance 33 34 in developing the proposal for operation of the public charter school. (5) School districts, education service districts and other public bodies, as defined in ORS 35

174.109, shall make available to the public lists of vacant and unused public buildings and portions 36 37 of buildings that may be suitable for the operation of a public charter school. The lists shall be 38 provided to developing or operating public charter schools within 30 days of a written request. Nothing in this subsection requires the owner of a building on the list to sell or lease the building 39 40 or any portion of the building to a public charter school or a public charter school governing body. SECTION 2. ORS 338.055 is amended to read: 41

338.055. (1)(a) Upon receipt of a proposal submitted under ORS 338.045, a school district 42board shall determine whether the proposal is complete. A proposal is complete if the pro-43 posal addresses, at least minimally, each element required by ORS 338.045 (2) and (3). 44

(b) The school district board shall notify an applicant within 45 days after receipt of a 45

1 proposal if the proposal is not complete and identify the specific elements of the proposal

2 that are not complete. The school district board shall provide the applicant with a reasonable

3 opportunity to complete the proposal.

4 (c) A proposal may be disapproved if the applicant has received a reasonable opportunity 5 to complete the proposal and the applicant does not provide a proposal that is complete.

6 (d) If the school district board disapproves a proposal as provided by this subsection, the 7 applicant may appeal the decision to the State Board of Education. The State Board of Edu-8 cation shall review the proposal only for completeness and may determine that the proposal 9 is:

(A) Not complete and uphold the decision of the school district board; or

(B) Complete and remand the proposal to the school district board for reconsideration.

12 [(1)] (2) Within 60 days [of] after receipt of a completed proposal [submitted under ORS 13 338.045], the school district board shall hold a public hearing on the provisions of the proposal.

14 [(2)] (3) The school district board shall evaluate a proposal in good faith using the following 15 criteria:

16 [(a) The demonstrated, sustainable support for the public charter school by teachers, parents, stu-17 dents and other community members, including comments received at the public hearing held under 18 subsection (1) of this section;]

19 [(b)] (a) The demonstrated financial stability of the public charter school[, including the demon-20 strated ability of the school to have a sound financial management system in place at the time the 21 school begins operating];

[(c)] (b) The capability of the applicant, in terms of support and planning, to provide comprehensive instructional programs to students pursuant to an approved proposal;

[(d)] (c) The capability of the applicant, in terms of support and planning, to specifically provide,
pursuant to an approved proposal, comprehensive instructional programs to students identified by
the applicant as academically low achieving;

[(e)] (d) The [extent to which the proposal addresses the information required in ORS 338.045] adequacy of the information provided as required by ORS 338.045 (2) and (3);

[(f)] (e) Whether the value of the public charter school is outweighed by any directly identifiable, significant and adverse impact on the quality of the public education of students residing in the school district in which the public charter school will be located;

[(g)] (f) Whether there are arrangements for any necessary special education and related services for children with disabilities pursuant to ORS 338.165; and

34 [(h)] (g) Whether there are alternative arrangements for students and for teachers and other 35 school employees who choose not to attend or who choose not to be employed by the public charter 36 school.

37 [(3)] (4) The school district board must approve a proposal or state in writing the reasons for 38 disapproving a proposal within 30 days after the public hearing held under subsection [(1)] (2) of this 39 section.

40 [(4)] (5)(a) Written notice of the school district board's action shall be sent to the applicant. If 41 the proposal is not approved[,]:

(A) The reasons for the denial and suggested remedial measures, if any, shall be clearly stated
in the notice sent by the school district board to the applicant[. If the proposal is not approved,];
and

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45 (B) The applicant may amend the proposal to address objections and any suggested remedial

1 measures and resubmit the proposal to the school district board.

(b) The school district board shall approve or disapprove the resubmitted proposal within 20 days after receiving it. The school district board may disapprove a resubmitted proposal only for a reason stated in the notice sent as provided by paragraph (a)(A) of this subsection. If the proposal is not approved, the applicant may appeal the decision of the school district board to the State Board of Education.

7 [(5)] (6) Individual elements in a public charter school proposal may be changed through the 8 proposal and chartering process.

9 [(6)] (7) A proposal to convert an existing public school to a public charter school must be ap-10 proved by the school district board of the public school.

11 [(7)] (8) The school district board or the State Board of Education shall not charge any fee to 12 applicants for the proposal process.

[(8)] (9) Upon request by a school district, the State Board of Education may grant an extension
 of any timeline required by this section if the district has good cause for requesting the extension.

SECTION 3. The amendments to ORS 338.045 and 338.055 by sections 1 and 2 of this 2011
 Act apply to proposals to establish a public charter school submitted on or after the effective
 date of this 2011 Act.

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SECTION 4. ORS 338.065 is amended to read:

338.065. (1)(a) Upon approval of a proposal by a school district board under ORS 338.055, the
 school district board shall become the sponsor of the public charter school.

(b) The sponsor and applicant shall develop a written charter that contains the provisions of the proposal that have been duly approved by the sponsor and public charter school governing body. The sponsor and the applicant may agree to change elements of the proposal prior to incorporating them into the charter or exclude elements of the proposal from the charter.

(c) If an applicant believes that a school district board is not negotiating in good faith or in a timely manner, the applicant may appeal to the State Board of Education, which shall review the claim. If the State Board of Education finds that the school district board is not negotiating in good faith or in a timely manner, the State Board of Education shall become the sponsor of the school.

(d) The charter, when duly executed by the sponsor and the public charter school governing
 body, shall act as the legal authorization for the establishment of the public charter school. The
 charter shall be legally binding on both the sponsor and the public charter school governing body.

(2) The sponsor and the public charter school governing body may amend a charter by jointagreement.

(3)(a) The initial charter shall be in effect for a period of [not more than] five years and shall
 be renewed upon the authorization of the sponsor using the process established under this section.

(b) The first renewal of a charter shall be for [the same time period as the initial charter] five
years.

39 (c) Subsequent renewals of a charter shall be for a minimum of five years but may not exceed40 10 years.

41 [(4)(a) The renewal of a charter shall use the process required by this section.]

42 [(b) The public charter school governing body shall submit a written renewal request to the sponsor
43 for consideration at least 180 days prior to the expiration of the charter.]

44 [(c) Within 45 days after receiving a written renewal request from a public charter school governing
45 body, the sponsor shall hold a public hearing regarding the request for renewal.]

1 [(d) Within 10 days after the public hearing, the sponsor shall notify the public charter school 2 governing body of the sponsor's intent about the renewal of the charter.]

3 [(e) Within 20 days after the public hearing, the sponsor shall approve the renewal of the charter 4 or state in writing the reasons for denying the renewal of the charter.]

5 [(f) If the sponsor approves the renewal of the charter, the sponsor and the public charter school 6 governing body shall negotiate a new charter within 90 days after the date on which the sponsor ap-7 proved the renewal of the charter unless the sponsor and the public charter school governing body 8 agree to an extension of the time period.]

9 [(g) If the sponsor does not renew the charter, the public charter school governing body may ad-10 dress the reasons stated under paragraph (e) of this subsection and any remedial measures suggested 11 by the sponsor and submit a revised request for renewal to the sponsor.]

12 [(h) Notwithstanding paragraphs (b) to (g) of this subsection, a sponsor and a public charter school 13 governing body may agree in the charter of the school to a timeline for renewing the charter that is 14 different from the timeline required by paragraphs (b) to (g) of this subsection.]

15 [(5)(a) If the sponsor does not renew the charter based on the revised request for renewal submitted 16 under subsection (4)(g) of this section, the public charter school governing body may appeal the decision 17 of the sponsor to the State Board of Education for a review of whether the sponsor used the process 18 required by this section in denying the renewal of the charter.]

19 [(b) If the board finds that the sponsor used the process required by this section in denying the 20 request for renewal, the board shall affirm the decision of the sponsor. A public charter school gov-21 erning body may seek judicial review of an order of the board pursuant to ORS 183.484.]

[(c) If the board finds that the sponsor did not use the process required by this section in denying the request for renewal, the board shall order the sponsor to reconsider the request for renewal.]

[(d) If after reconsideration pursuant to paragraph (c) of this subsection the sponsor does not renew the charter, the public charter school governing body may seek judicial review of an order of the sponsor pursuant to ORS 183.484.]

[(e) If the board is the sponsor of a public charter school and the board does not renew the charter based on the revised request for renewal submitted under subsection (4)(g) of this section, the public charter school governing body may seek judicial review of an order of the board pursuant to ORS 183.484 for a review of whether the board used the process required by this section in denying the request for renewal.]

32 [(6)(a) The sponsor shall base the charter renewal decision on a good faith evaluation of whether 33 the public charter school:]

34 [(A) Is in compliance with this chapter and all other applicable state and federal laws;]

35 [(B) Is in compliance with the charter of the public charter school;]

[(C) Is meeting or working toward meeting the student performance goals and agreements specified
 in the charter or any other written agreements between the sponsor and the public charter school gov erning body;]

[(D) Is fiscally stable and has used the sound financial management system described in the proposal submitted under ORS 338.045 and incorporated into the written charter under this section; and]
 [(E) Is in compliance with any renewal criteria specified in the charter of the public charter school.]

[(b) The sponsor shall base the renewal evaluation described in paragraph (a) of this subsection
primarily on a review of the public charter school's annual performance reports, annual audit of accounts and annual site visit and review as required by ORS 338.095 and any other information mutu-

- 1 ally agreed upon by the public charter school governing body and the sponsor.]
- 2 SECTION 5. The amendments to ORS 338.065 by section 4 of this 2011 Act apply to:
- 3 (1) Negotiations related to public charter schools occurring on or after the effective date
- 4 of this 2011 Act; and
- 5 (2) Charters for public charter schools entered into or renewed on or after the effective 6 date of this 2011 Act.

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