## House Bill 2163

Ordered printed by the Speaker pursuant to House Rule 12.00A (5). Presession filed (at the request of Governor John A. Kitzhaber for Oregon Business Development Department)

## **SUMMARY**

The following summary is not prepared by the sponsors of the measure and is not a part of the body thereof subject to consideration by the Legislative Assembly. It is an editor's brief statement of the essential features of the measure **as introduced.** 

Establishes income tax credit for business firms doing business in traded sector, based on increase in annual payroll.

Provides for certification by Oregon Business Development Department. Authorizes department to certify business firms on or after October 1, 2011, and on or before December 31, 2017.

Takes effect on 91st day following adjournment sine die.

## A BILL FOR AN ACT

- Relating to tax incentives for increases in traded sector business firm payroll; creating new provisions; amending ORS 314.752 and 318.031; and prescribing an effective date.
  - Be It Enacted by the People of the State of Oregon:
  - SECTION 1. Sections 2 to 6 of this 2011 Act are added to and made a part of ORS chapter 285C.
    - SECTION 2. As used in sections 2 to 6 of this 2011 Act:
    - (1) "Annual full-time equivalent employment" means the number that results from dividing by 2,080 the total number of hours for which any employed person receives pay in a year.
    - (2) "Annual gross payroll" means wages, salaries and other remuneration paid in a year to persons employed by a business firm, or to a licensed worker leasing company contracting with the business firm to provide workers, and payments in the year for workers' compensation, payroll taxes, pension or other retirement plan contributions, health or other insurance premiums and other similar benefits for such persons employed by the business firm, or the licensed worker leasing company, excluding executive officers or employees who own a five percent or greater share in the business firm.
      - (3) "Business firm" has the meaning given that term in ORS 285C.050.
    - (4) "Certified business firm" means a business firm that has been certified under section 3 of this 2011 Act.
    - (5) "County per capita personal income" means the annual per capita personal income level published by the Bureau of Economic Analysis of the United States Department of Commerce for a county at the time a business firm is certified under section 3 of this 2011 Act.
    - SECTION 3. (1) A business firm seeking the income or corporate excise tax credit allowed under section 10 of this 2011 Act shall apply to the Oregon Business Development Department for certification under this section.
    - (2) The application must be on a form prescribed by the Oregon Business Development Department and must contain the following information:

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- (a) The locations or proposed locations at which the business firm is or will be doing business;
- (b) A description of new or expanded operations to be conducted by the business firm and the intended duration of such operations;
  - (c) For the 12 months preceding the application for certification, the average number of full-time, year-round employees of the business firm in this state;
  - (d) The intended number of full-time, year-round employees to be hired, average annual gross payroll and annual full-time equivalent employment for the proposed new or expanded operations of the business firm;
- (e) A description of any other business activities of the business firm in this state at the time of application;
- (f) The proposed amount of new investment by the business firm in facility improvements; and
  - (g) Any other information the department requires.

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- (3) An application filed under this section must be accompanied by a fee in an amount prescribed by the Oregon Business Development Department. The fee required under this subsection must not exceed \$5,000.
- (4) When an application is filed under this section, the Oregon Business Development Department shall review the application and determine whether:
  - (a) The business firm is doing business in a traded sector, as defined in ORS 285B.280;
- (b) The business firm will do business in this state for at least 10 years following the date the certification is issued;
- (c) Prior to certification, the business firm will hire additional employees, with a net gain of at least 50 full-time, year-round employees; and
- (d) The increase in annual gross payroll of the business firm in any county divided by the change in annual full-time equivalent employment of the business firm in that county will equal or exceed 125 percent of the county per capita personal income.
- (5) Prior to issuing a certification under subsection (6) of this section, the Oregon Business Development Department shall enter into a performance agreement with the business firm. The agreement must contain a statement by the business firm that the business firm would not have increased its annual gross payroll but for the availability of the credit allowed under section 10 of this 2011 Act. The agreement must contain detailed performance measures the business firm must comply with related to the requirements of section 10 of this 2011 Act.
- (6) The Oregon Business Development Department shall issue a certification to the business firm, and furnish a copy to the Department of Revenue, if the Oregon Business Development Department determines:
- (a) The business firm satisfies the requirements for certification described in subsection (4) of this section if the business firm operates as described in the application filed under this section;
- (b) The business firm is performing according to the performance agreement required under subsection (5) of this section; and
- (c) The application does not relate to a facility that is certified for a tax credit under ORS 317.124.
  - (7) The certification issued by the Oregon Business Development Department pursuant

to subsection (6) of this section must specify:

- (a) The current county per capita personal income of the counties in which the business firm is doing business.
- (b) The following information related to the business firm, as disclosed in the application as existing at the time of application:
  - (A) The number of full-time, year-round employees;
  - (B) The annual gross payroll; and
  - (C) The annual full-time equivalent employment in this state.
- (c) Any other information that the department deems appropriate.
  - (8) If the Oregon Business Development Department determines that the business firm does not meet the requirements for certification described in subsection (4) of this section, the department may not issue a certification.
  - (9) A decision of the Oregon Business Development Department to decline to issue a certification under this section may be appealed in the same manner as a contested case under ORS chapter 183. The failure of the department to issue a certification within the time period required under subsection (10) of this section is not appealable under this section if the failure to issue the certification results from a limitation on the number of certifications permitted by law.
  - (10) The department must approve or disapprove an application under this section within 60 days after the date that the business firm demonstrates to the department that the business firm has hired the number of employees indicated in the application.
  - SECTION 4. A certified business firm with a facility certified for a tax credit under ORS 317.124 does not qualify for certification for a tax credit under section 10 of this 2011 Act. The Oregon Business Development Department shall issue a revocation of certification issued under section 3 of this 2011 Act to the business firm and furnish a copy of the revocation to the Department of Revenue.
  - <u>SECTION 5.</u> The Oregon Business Development Department may adopt rules that the department considers necessary to administer sections 2 to 6 of this 2011 Act.
  - <u>SECTION 6.</u> The Oregon Business Development Department may not issue more than 20 certifications under section 3 of this 2011 Act each biennium.
  - <u>SECTION 7.</u> The Oregon Business Development Department may issue certifications under section 3 of this 2011 Act for applications received on or after October 1, 2011, and on or before December 31, 2017.
  - SECTION 8. Sections 9 to 11 of this 2011 Act are added to and made a part of ORS chapter 315.
  - SECTION 9. As used in sections 9 to 11 of this 2011 Act, "annual full-time equivalent employment," "annual gross payroll," "certified business firm" and "county per capita personal income" have the meanings given those terms in section 2 of this 2011 Act.
  - SECTION 10. (1) A credit against taxes that are otherwise due under ORS chapter 316 or, if the taxpayer is a corporation, under ORS chapter 317 or 318, is allowed to a taxpayer that is a certified business firm, if the taxpayer establishes that:
    - (a) The taxpayer is doing business in a traded sector, as defined in ORS 285B.280;
- (b) The taxpayer will do business in this state for at least 10 years following the date the certification is issued;
  - (c) The annual average number of full-time, year-round employees of the taxpayer in this

state has increased by 50 or more employees since the date of application for certification under section 3 of this 2011 Act; and

- (d) Since the date of application for certification under section 3 of this 2011 Act, the increase in annual gross payroll of the taxpayer in any county divided by the change in annual full-time equivalent employment of the taxpayer in that county is equal to or greater than 125 percent of the county per capita personal income.
- (2) The credit allowed under this section is based on the increase in the annual gross payroll of the taxpayer in the tax year relative to the taxpayer's annual gross payroll at the time of application for certification under section 3 of this 2011 Act, and shall equal 15 percent of the increase in annual gross payroll.
  - (3) The credit allowed under this section may not exceed \$10 million for any one tax year.
- (4) The credit allowed under this section may be claimed for each of five successive tax years, of which the first tax year begins on or before January 1 of the third calendar year after the year in which the certification is issued under section 3 of this 2011 Act.
- (5) A taxpayer seeking a credit under this section shall claim the credit on a form prescribed by the Department of Revenue that contains, for the tax year for which the credit is claimed, the following information related to the taxpayer:
  - (a) The annual average number of full-time, year-round employees;
  - (b) The annual gross payroll;

- (c) The annual full-time equivalent employment in this state; and
- (d) Any other information required by the department.
- (6)(a) A credit allowed under this section is not in lieu of any deduction for depreciation, amortization, payroll costs or any other expense to which the taxpayer may be entitled.
- (b) The taxpayer's adjusted basis for determining gain or loss may not be decreased by any credit allowed under this section.
- (c) If a change in the taxable year of a taxpayer occurs as described in ORS 314.085, or if the department terminates the taxpayer's taxable year under ORS 314.440, the credit allowed by this section shall be prorated or computed in a manner consistent with ORS 314.085.
- (d)(A) A nonresident shall be allowed the credit computed under this section in the same manner and subject to the same limitations as the credit allowed a resident of this state. However, the credit shall be prorated using the proportion provided in ORS 316.117.
- (B) If a change in the status of a taxpayer from resident to nonresident or from non-resident to resident occurs, the credit allowed by this section shall be determined in a manner consistent with ORS 316.117.
- (7) Any tax credit otherwise allowable under this section that is not used by the taxpayer in a particular tax year may be carried forward and offset against the taxpayer's tax liability for the next succeeding tax year. Any credit remaining unused in the second succeeding tax year may be carried forward and used in the third succeeding tax year. Any credit remaining unused in the third succeeding tax year may be carried forward and used in the fourth succeeding tax year. Any credit remaining unused in the fourth succeeding tax year may be carried forward and used in the fifth succeeding tax year, but may not be used in any tax year thereafter.
- SECTION 11. (1) A taxpayer that has claimed a credit under section 10 of this 2011 Act shall maintain records sufficient to show:
  - (a) That the taxpayer continued to operate with an annual average number of full-time,

- year-round employees that equals the number established in the certification under section 3 of this 2011 Act for at least 10 years after the date the Oregon Business Development Department issued the certification; and
- (b) That the taxpayer has met the requirements for certification described in section 3 (4) of this 2011 Act and the criteria for allowing and computing the credit under section 10 of this 2011 Act.
- (2) The taxpayer shall provide the records required to be maintained under this section to the Department of Revenue if requested to do so by the department.
- (3) The taxpayer shall maintain the records described in this section for at least 10 years following the last tax year for which the taxpayer claims any credit under section 10 of this 2011 Act.
- (4) The Department of Revenue shall disallow the credit claimed under section 10 of this 2011 Act for the current or any prior tax year, and collect any taxes that were not paid as a result of application of the credit, if:
- (a) The taxpayer is discovered, in violation of subsection (1) of this section, to have closed or curtailed operations or to have failed to meet a requirement for certification described in section 3 (4) of this 2011 Act; or
  - (b) Certification is revoked under section 4 of this 2011 Act.
- (5) For purposes of collecting taxes due under subsection (4) of this section, the Department of Revenue shall have the benefit of all laws of this state pertaining to the collection of income and corporate excise taxes. No assessment of these taxes shall be necessary and no statute of limitations shall preclude the collection of these taxes.
- **SECTION 12.** ORS 314.752, as amended by section 26, chapter 76, Oregon Laws 2010, is amended to read:
- 314.752. (1) Except as provided in ORS 314.740 (5)(b), the tax credits allowed or allowable to a C corporation for purposes of ORS chapter 317 or 318 shall not be allowed to an S corporation. The business tax credits allowed or allowable for purposes of ORS chapter 316 shall be allowed or are allowable to the shareholders of the S corporation.
- (2) In determining the tax imposed under ORS chapter 316, as provided under ORS 314.734, on income of the shareholder of an S corporation, there shall be taken into account the shareholder's pro rata share of business tax credit (or item thereof) that would be allowed to the corporation (but for subsection (1) of this section) or recapture or recovery thereof. The credit (or item thereof), recapture or recovery shall be passed through to shareholders in pro rata shares as determined in the manner prescribed under section 1377(a) of the Internal Revenue Code.
- (3) The character of any item included in a shareholder's pro rata share under subsection (2) of this section shall be determined as if such item were realized directly from the source from which realized by the corporation, or incurred in the same manner as incurred by the corporation.
- (4) If the shareholder is a nonresident and there is a requirement applicable for the business tax credit that in the case of a nonresident the credit be allowed in the proportion provided in ORS 316.117, then that provision shall apply to the nonresident shareholder.
- (5) As used in this section, "business tax credit" means a tax credit granted to personal income taxpayers to encourage certain investment, to create employment, economic opportunity or incentive or for charitable, educational, scientific, literary or public purposes that is listed under this subsection as a business tax credit or is designated as a business tax credit by law or by the Department of Revenue by rule and includes but is not limited to the following credits: ORS 285C.309

(tribal taxes on reservation enterprise zones and reservation partnership zones), ORS 315.104 (fore-1 station and reforestation), ORS 315.134 (fish habitat improvement), ORS 315.138 (fish screening, by-2 pass devices, fishways), ORS 315.156 (crop gleaning), ORS 315.164 and 315.169 (farmworker housing), 3 ORS 315.204 (dependent care assistance), ORS 315.208 (dependent care facilities), ORS 315.213 (con-4 tributions for child care), ORS 315.304 (pollution control facility), ORS 315.324 (plastics recycling), 5 ORS 315.354 and 469.207 (energy conservation facilities), ORS 315.507 (electronic commerce), ORS 6 315.511 (advanced telecommunications facilities), ORS 315.604 (bone marrow transplant expenses), 7 ORS 317.115 (fueling stations necessary to operate an alternative fuel vehicle) and ORS 315.141 8 9 (biomass production for biofuel) and section 10 of this 2011 Act (payroll increases).

**SECTION 13.** ORS 318.031 is amended to read:

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318.031. It being the intention of the Legislative Assembly that this chapter and ORS chapter 317 shall be administered as uniformly as possible (allowance being made for the difference in imposition of the taxes), ORS 305.140 and 305.150, ORS chapter 314 and the following sections are incorporated into and made a part of this chapter: ORS 285C.309, 315.104, 315.134, 315.141, 315.156, 315.204, 315.208, 315.213, 315.304, 315.507, 315.511 and 315.604 and section 10 of this 2011 Act, (all only to the extent applicable to a corporation) and ORS chapter 317.

SECTION 14. This 2011 Act takes effect on the 91st day after the date on which the 2011 session of the Seventy-sixth Legislative Assembly adjourns sine die.