## 76th OREGON LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY – 2011 Regular Session STAFF MEASURE SUMMARY Senate Committee on Judiciary

FISCAL: Minimal fiscal impact, no statement issued	
Action:	Do Pass as Amended and Be Printed Engrossed
Vote:	5 - 0 - 0
Yeas:	Bonamici, Dingfelder, Kruse, Whitsett, Prozanski
Nays:	0
Exc.:	0
Prepared By:	Aaron Knott, Counsel
Meeting Dates:	5/24, 6/1

**REVENUE:** No revenue impact

**WHAT THE MEASURE DOES:** Requires a person convicted of sexual assault of an animal to register as a sex offender.

## **ISSUES DISCUSSED:**

- Studies examining correlation between the sexual abuse of animals and subsequent criminal activity
- Sample prosecutions under this section
- Use of registry systems in other jurisdictions tracking the abuse of animals

EFFECT OF COMMITTEE AMENDMENT: Eliminates retroactivity of bill.

**BACKGROUND:** ORS 181.594 lists the crimes which require sex offender registry as a consequence of conviction. House Bill 3239 A adds the crime of sexual assault of an animal to this list. ORS 167.333 details the crime of sexual assault of an animal, which occurs when a person touches or contacts, or causes an object or another person to touch or contact, the mouth, anus or sex organs of an animal or animal carcass for the purpose of arousing or gratifying the sexual desire of a person; or causes an animal or animal carcass to touch or contact the mouth, anus or sex organs of a person for the purpose of arousing or gratifying the sexual desire of a person. This crime is punishable as a Class A misdemeanor carrying a maximum penalty of one year of incarceration and a \$6,250 fine but does not currently require sex offender registration.

Suffolk County, N.Y. created the first known registry for animal abusers in 2010, requiring individuals convicted of any crime pertaining to animal abuse to register with a publicly accessible database maintained by the county. This registry did not target sexual offenders in particular.

In Oregon, sex offenders are subject to additional requirements beyond initial registry and can be punished for failure to report and register the location of their workplace, any change in employment status, any change in residence, any failure to provide a required annual report, or failure to submit to fingerprinting and photographing of the person's face and any identifying marks or tattoos.