SENATE AMENDMENTS TO SENATE BILL 1013

By COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER PROTECTION AND PUBLIC AFFAIRS

February 8

1	On page 1 of the printed bill, line 3, after "86.745" insert ", 86.750".
2	In line 19, delete "is a dwelling unit" and insert "includes one or more dwelling units".
3	In line 20, before "tenant" insert "residential".
4	On page 2, delete lines 28 through 45 and delete pages 3 and 4.
5	On page 5, delete lines 1 through 22 and insert:
6	"SECTION 2. ORS 86.745, as amended by section 1 of this 2010 Act, is amended to read:
7	"86.745. The notice of sale shall:
8	"(1) List the names of the grantor, trustee and beneficiary in the trust deed, and the mailing
9	address of the trustee.
10	"(2) Describe the property the trust deed covers.
11	"(3) Identify the book and page of the mortgage records that record the trust deed.
12	"(4) State the default for which the foreclosure is made.
13	"(5) State the sum owing on the obligation that the trust deed secures.
14	"(6) State that the property will be sold to satisfy the obligation.
15	"(7) Set forth the date, time and place of the sale.
16	"(8) State that the right exists under ORS 86.753 to have the proceeding dismissed and the trust
17	deed reinstated by paying the entire amount then due, together with costs, trustee's fees and attor-
18	ney fees, and by curing any other default complained of in the notice of default, at any time that is
19	not later than five days before the date last set for the sale.
20	"(9) If the property includes one or more dwelling units, as defined in ORS 90.100, include a
21	notice addressed clearly to any person who occupies the property and who is or might be a resi-
22	dential tenant. The notice required under this subsection must:
23	"(a) Include contact information for the Oregon State Bar and a person or organization that
24	provides legal help to individuals at no charge to the individual;
25	"(b) Include information concerning the right the person has to notice under ORS 86.755 (5)(c)
26	and state that the person may have additional rights under federal law;
27	"(c) Be set apart from other text in the notice of sale; and
28	"(d) Be in substantially the following form:
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notice of the requirement.]

[If you do not have a fixed-term lease, the purchaser may require you to move out after giving you

[If you are a tenant of this property, foreclosure could affect your rental agreement. A purchaser

[NOTICE TO TENANTS:]

who buys this property at a foreclosure sale has the right to require you to move out after giving you

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a 30-day notice on or after the date of the sale.]

[If you have a fixed-term lease, you may be entitled to receive after the date of the sale a 60-day notice of the purchaser's requirement that you move out.]

[To be entitled to either a 30-day or 60-day notice, you must give the trustee of the property written evidence of your rental agreement at least 30 days before the date first set for the sale. If you have a fixed-term lease, you must give the trustee a copy of the rental agreement. If you do not have a fixed-term lease and cannot provide a copy of the rental agreement, you may give the trustee other written evidence of the existence of the rental agreement. The date that is 30 days before the date of the sale is _______. The name of the trustee and the trustee's mailing address are listed on this notice.]

[Federal law may grant you additional rights, including a right to a longer notice period. Consult a lawyer for more information about your rights under federal law.]

[You have the right to apply your security deposit and any rent you prepaid toward your current obligation under your rental agreement. If you want to do so, you must notify your landlord in writing and in advance that you intend to do so.]

[If you believe you need legal assistance with this matter, you may contact the Oregon State Bar and ask for the lawyer referral service. Contact information for the Oregon State Bar is included with this notice. If you have a low income and meet federal poverty guidelines, you may be eligible for free legal assistance. Contact information for where you can obtain free legal assistance is included with this notice.]

NOTICE TO RESIDENTIAL TENANTS

The property in which you are living is in foreclosure. A foreclosure sale is scheduled for _______. Unless the lender who is foreclosing on this property is paid, the foreclosure will go through and someone new will own this property.

The following information applies to you only if you occupy and rent this property as a residential dwelling under a legitimate rental agreement. The information does not apply to you if you own this property or if you are not a residential tenant.

If the foreclosure goes through, the business or individual who buys this property at the foreclosure sale has the right to require you to move out. The buyer must first give you an eviction notice in writing that specifies the date by which you must move out. The buyer may not give you this notice until after the foreclosure sale happens. If you do not leave before the move-out date, the buyer can have the sheriff remove you from the property after a court hearing. You will receive notice of the court hearing.

FEDERAL LAW REQUIRES YOU TO BE NOTIFIED

IF YOU ARE OCCUPYING AND RENTING THIS PROPERTY AS A RESIDENTIAL DWELLING UNDER A LEGITIMATE RENTAL AGREEMENT, FEDERAL LAW REQUIRES THE BUYER TO GIVE YOU NOTICE IN WRITING A CERTAIN NUMBER OF DAYS BEFORE THE BUYER CAN REQUIRE YOU TO MOVE OUT. THE FEDERAL LAW THAT REQUIRES THE BUYER TO GIVE YOU THIS NOTICE IS EFFECTIVE UNTIL DECEMBER 31, 2012. Under federal law, the buyer must give you at least 90 days' notice in writing before requiring you to move out. If you are renting this property under a fixed-term lease (for example, a six-month or one-year lease), you may stay until the end of your lease term. If the buyer wants to move in and use this property as the buyer's primary residence, the buyer can give you written notice and require you to move out after 90 days, even if you have a fixed-term lease with more than 90 days left.

STATE LAW NOTIFICATION REQUIREMENTS

IF THE FEDERAL LAW DOES NOT APPLY, STATE LAW STILL REQUIRES THE BUYER TO GIVE YOU NOTICE IN WRITING BEFORE REQUIRING YOU TO MOVE OUT IF YOU ARE OCCUPYING AND RENTING THE PROPERTY AS A TENANT IN GOOD FAITH. EVEN IF THE FEDERAL LAW REQUIREMENT IS NO LONGER EFFECTIVE AFTER DECEMBER 31, 2012, THE REQUIREMENT UNDER STATE LAW STILL APPLIES TO YOUR SITUATION. Under state law, if you have a fixed-term lease (for example, a six-month or one-year lease), the buyer must give you at least 60 days' notice in writing before requiring you to move out. If the buyer wants to move in and use this property as the buyer's primary residence, the buyer can give you written notice and require you to move out after 30 days, even if you have a fixed-term lease with more than 30 days left.

If you are renting under a month-to-month or week-to-week rental agreement, the buyer must give you at least 30 days' notice in writing before requiring you to move out.

IMPORTANT: For the buyer to be required to give you notice under state law, you must prove to the business or individual who is handling the foreclosure sale that you are occupying and renting this property as a residential dwelling under a legitimate rental agreement. The name and address of the business or individual who is handling the foreclosure sale is shown on this notice under the heading "TRUSTEE." You must mail or deliver your proof not later than _______ (30 days before the date first set for the foreclosure sale). Your proof must be in writing and should be a copy of your rental agreement or lease. If you do not have a written rental agreement or lease, you can provide other proof, such as receipts for rent you paid.

ABOUT YOUR SECURITY DEPOSIT

Under state law, you may apply your security deposit and any rent you paid in advance against the current rent you owe your landlord. To do this, you must notify your landlord in writing that you want to subtract the amount of your security deposit or prepaid rent from your rent payment. You may do this only for the rent you owe your current landlord. If you do this, you must do so before the foreclosure sale. The business or individual who buys this property at the foreclosure sale is not responsible to you for any deposit or prepaid rent you paid to your landlord.

ABOUT YOUR TENANCY AFTER THE FORECLOSURE SALE

The business or individual who buys this property at the foreclosure sale may be willing to allow you to stay as a tenant instead of requiring you to move out. You should contact the buyer to discuss that possibility if you would like to stay. Under state law, if the buyer accepts rent from you, signs a new residential rental agreement with you or does not notify you in writing within 30 days after the date of the foreclosure sale that you must move out, the buyer becomes your new landlord and must maintain the property. Otherwise, the buyer is not your landlord and is not responsible for maintaining the property on your behalf and you must move out by the date the buyer specifies in a notice to you.

YOU SHOULD CONTINUE TO PAY RENT TO YOUR LANDLORD UNTIL THE PROPERTY IS SOLD TO ANOTHER BUSINESS OR INDIVIDUAL OR UNTIL A COURT OR A LENDER TELLS YOU OTHERWISE. IF YOU DO NOT PAY RENT, YOU CAN BE EVICTED. AS EXPLAINED ABOVE, YOU MAY BE ABLE TO APPLY A DEPOSIT YOU MADE OR PREPAID RENT YOU PAID AGAINST YOUR CURRENT RENT OBLIGATION. BE SURE TO KEEP PROOF OF ANY PAYMENTS YOU MAKE AND OF ANY NOTICE YOU GIVE OR

RECEIVE CONCERNING THE APPLICATION OF YOUR DEPOSIT OR YOUR PREPAID RENT.

IT IS UNLAWFUL FOR ANY PERSON TO TRY TO FORCE YOU TO LEAVE YOUR HOME WITHOUT FIRST GOING TO COURT TO EVICT YOU. FOR MORE INFORMATION ABOUT YOUR RIGHTS, YOU MAY WISH TO CONSULT A LAWYER. If you believe you need legal assistance, contact the Oregon State Bar and ask for the lawyer referral service. Contact information for the Oregon State Bar is included with this notice. If you do not have enough money to pay a lawyer and are otherwise eligible, you may be able to receive legal assistance for free. Information about whom to contact for free legal assistance is included with this notice.

"SECTION 3. ORS 86.750 is amended to read:

"86.750. (1)(a) Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this subsection, the notice prescribed in ORS 86.745 [shall] **must** be served upon an occupant of the property described in the trust deed in the manner in which a summons is served pursuant to ORCP 7 D(2) and 7 D(3) at least 120 days before the day the trustee conducts the sale.

"(b)(A) If service cannot be effected on an occupant as provided in paragraph (a) of this subsection on the first attempt, the person [attempting] that attempts to effect service shall post a copy of the notice in a conspicuous place on the property on the date of the first attempt. The person [attempting] that attempts to effect service shall make a second attempt to effect service on a day that is at least two days after the first attempt.

"(B) If service cannot be effected on an occupant as provided in paragraph (a) of this subsection on the second attempt, the person [attempting] that attempts to effect service shall post a copy of the notice in a conspicuous place on the property on the date of the second attempt. The person [attempting] that attempts to effect service shall make a third attempt to effect service on a day that is at least two days after the second attempt.

- "(C) If service cannot be effected on an occupant as provided in paragraph (a) of this subsection on the third attempt, the person [attempting] that attempts to effect service shall send a copy of the notice, bearing the word 'occupant' as the addressee, to the property address by first class mail with postage prepaid.
- "(c) Service on an occupant is [deemed] effected on the earlier of the date that notice is served as provided in paragraph (a) of this subsection or the first date on which notice is posted as described in paragraph (b)(A) of this subsection.
- "(2)(a) Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this subsection, a copy of the notice of sale [shall] must be published in a newspaper of general circulation in each of the counties in which the property is situated once a week for four successive weeks. The last publication [shall] must be made more than 20 days prior to the date the trustee conducts the sale.
- "(b) The copy of the notice of sale required to be published under paragraph (a) of this subsection does not need to include the notice to tenants required under ORS 86.745 (9).
- "(3) On or before the date the trustee conducts the sale, the trustee shall file for recording in the official record of the county or counties in which the property described in the deed is situated the following affidavits with respect to the notice of sale:
 - "(a) An affidavit of mailing, if any;
 - "(b) An affidavit of service, if any;

- "(c) An affidavit of service attempts and posting, if any; and
- "(d) An affidavit of publication.

- "(4) On or before the date the trustee conducts the sale, the trustee shall file for recording in the official record of the county or counties in which the property described in the deed is situated an affidavit of mailing with respect to the notice to the grantor required under ORS 86.737.
- "(5) On or before the date the trustee conducts the sale, the trustee shall file for recording in the official record of the county or counties in which the property is located an affidavit from the beneficiary or the beneficiary's agent that states how the beneficiary or the beneficiary's agent has complied with the provisions of section 3 (1) and (2), chapter 864, Oregon Laws 2009.

"SECTION 4. ORS 86.750, as amended by section 6, chapter 864, Oregon Laws 2009, is amended to read:

"86.750. (1)(a) Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this subsection, the notice prescribed in ORS 86.745 [shall] **must** be served upon an occupant of the property described in the trust deed in the manner in which a summons is served pursuant to ORCP 7 D(2) and 7 D(3) at least 120 days before the day the trustee conducts the sale.

"(b)(A) If service cannot be effected on an occupant as provided in paragraph (a) of this subsection on the first attempt, the person [attempting] that attempts to effect service shall post a copy of the notice in a conspicuous place on the property on the date of the first attempt. The person [attempting] that attempts to effect service shall make a second attempt to effect service on a day that is at least two days after the first attempt.

- "(B) If service cannot be effected on an occupant as provided in paragraph (a) of this subsection on the second attempt, the person [attempting] that attempts to effect service shall post a copy of the notice in a conspicuous place on the property on the date of the second attempt. The person [attempting] that attempts to effect service shall make a third attempt to effect service on a day that is at least two days after the second attempt.
- "(C) If service cannot be effected on an occupant as provided in paragraph (a) of this subsection on the third attempt, the person [attempting] that attempts to effect service shall send a copy of the notice, bearing the word 'occupant' as the addressee, to the property address by first class mail with postage prepaid.
- "(c) Service on an occupant is [deemed] effected on the earlier of the date that notice is served as provided in paragraph (a) of this subsection or the first date on which notice is posted as described in paragraph (b)(A) of this subsection.
- "(2)(a) Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this subsection, a copy of the notice of sale [shall] must be published in a newspaper of general circulation in each of the counties in which the property is situated once a week for four successive weeks. The last publication [shall] must be made more than 20 days prior to the date the trustee conducts the sale.
- "(b) The copy of the notice of sale required to be published under paragraph (a) of this subsection does not need to include the notice to tenants required under ORS 86.745 (9).
- "(3) On or before the date the trustee conducts the sale, the trustee shall file for recording in the official record of the county or counties in which the property described in the deed is situated the following affidavits with respect to the notice of sale:
- "(a) An affidavit of mailing, if any;
- 43 "(b) An affidavit of service, if any;
- 44 "(c) An affidavit of service attempts and posting, if any; and
- 45 "(d) An affidavit of publication.

- "(4) On or before the date the trustee conducts the sale, the trustee shall file for recording in 1 2 the official record of the county or counties in which the property described in the deed is situated 3 an affidavit of mailing with respect to the notice to the grantor required under ORS 86.737.". In line 23, delete "3" and insert "5". 4 On page 8, line 1, delete "4" and insert "6". 5 In line 3, delete "3" and insert "5". 6 In line 5, delete "5." and insert "7. (1)". 7 8 After line 6, insert: 9 "(2) Before the operative date specified in subsection (1) of this section, a trustee may meet the
 - "(2) Before the operative date specified in subsection (1) of this section, a trustee may meet the trustee's obligations under ORS 86.745 by using either the form for the notice to tenants described in ORS 86.745 (9), as amended by section 1 of this 2010 Act, or the form for the notice to residential tenants described in ORS 86.745 (9), as amended by section 2 of this 2010 Act.".

In line 7, delete "6" and insert "8".

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