Senate Bill 226

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SUMMARY

The following summary is not prepared by the sponsors of the measure and is not a part of the body thereof subject to consideration by the Legislative Assembly. It is an editor's brief statement of the essential features of the measure **as introduced.**

Authorizes Department of Human Services to approve education programs for instructing persons found in violation of alcohol control laws. Requires department to offer alcohol control law education program if adequate private programs are not available. Requires department to ensure program availability by July 1, 2010.

Appropriates moneys to department for 2009-2011 biennium for carrying out department duties,

powers and functions regarding alcohol control law education programs.

Requires court to include participation in alcohol control law education program in sentence for first or second violation of law prohibiting supplying alcoholic liquor to underage person. Applies to sentences imposed for offenses committed on or after July 1, 2010.

Declares emergency, effective July 1, 2009.

A BILL FOR AN ACT

Relating to alcohol control law education programs; creating new provisions; amending ORS 471.410; appropriating money; and declaring an emergency.

Be It Enacted by the People of the State of Oregon:

SECTION 1. Section 2 of this 2009 Act is added to and made a part of ORS chapter 471.

SECTION 2. (1) The Department of Human Services may approve education programs to provide persons convicted of violating a provision of this chapter or ORS chapter 473 with instruction regarding alcohol control law requirements. The department shall adopt program standards by rule, including but not limited to standards establishing the maximum fees to be charged by a provider, the length and format of a program, the times and mediums for delivery of a program, instructor qualifications, program curricula and criteria for successful completion of a program. The department may require program providers to furnish reports to the department and may conduct reasonable inspections of program records to verify the proper operation of programs. The department may condition, suspend or revoke approval for a program.

- (2) The department may adopt rules establishing a fee to be paid to the department by participants in alcohol control law education programs. The fee shall be in addition to any fee the provider charges for the program. A fee adopted under this subsection may not exceed an amount reasonably calculated to reimburse the department for the cost of administering and enforcing this section. The department may require the program provider to collect and forward the fee. Moneys received by the department from a fee adopted under this subsection shall be deposited to the credit of the Department of Human Services Account and used by the department for the purpose of administering and enforcing this section.
 - (3) If the department determines that one or more areas of this state are not adequately

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served by alcohol control law education programs offered through private providers, the department shall:

- (a) Locate additional private providers to serve the areas;
- (b) Develop an education program and make the program available in the areas not adequately served by private providers; or
- (c) Contract with public bodies to provide an education program developed or approved by the department in the areas not adequately served by private providers.

SECTION 3. ORS 471.410 is amended to read:

- 471.410. (1) No person shall sell, give or otherwise make available any alcoholic liquor to any person who is visibly intoxicated.
- (2) No one other than the person's parent or guardian shall sell, give or otherwise make available any alcoholic liquor to a person under the age of 21 years. A person violates this subsection who sells, gives or otherwise makes available alcoholic liquor to a person with the knowledge that the person to whom the liquor is made available will violate this subsection.
- (3) No person who exercises control over private real property may knowingly allow any other person under the age of 21 years who is not a child or minor ward of the person to consume alcoholic liquor on the property, or allow any other person under the age of 21 years who is not a child or minor ward of the person to remain on the property if the person under the age of 21 years consumes alcoholic liquor on the property. The prohibitions of this subsection apply only to a person who is present and in control of the location at the time the consumption occurs. The prohibitions of this subsection do not apply to the owner of rental property, or the agent of an owner of rental property, unless the consumption occurs in the individual unit in which the owner or agent resides.
- (4) A person who violates subsection (1) or (2) of this section commits a Class A misdemeanor. Upon violation of subsection (2) of this section, the court shall impose at least a mandatory minimum sentence as follows:
 - (a) Upon a first conviction, a fine of \$350.
 - (b) Upon a second conviction, a fine of \$1,000.
- (c) Upon a third or subsequent conviction, a fine of \$1,000 and not less than 30 days of imprisonment.
- (5) The court shall not waive or suspend imposition or execution of the mandatory minimum sentence required by subsection (4) of this section. In addition to the mandatory sentence, the court:
- (a) Shall require a person sentenced under subsection (4)(a) or (b) of this section to participate in an alcohol control law education program administered under section 2 of this 2009 Act.
- (b) May require the violator to make restitution for any damages to property where the alcoholic liquor was illegally consumed or may require participation in volunteer service to a community service agency.
- (6) The mandatory minimum penalty provisions of subsection (4) of this section shall not apply to persons licensed or appointed under the provisions of this chapter.
- (7) A person who violates subsection (3) of this section commits a violation. Upon violation of subsection (3) of this section, the court shall impose at least a mandatory minimum fine as follows:
 - (a) Upon a first conviction, a fine of \$350.
 - (b) Upon a second or subsequent conviction, a fine of \$1,000.
 - (8) Nothing in this section prohibits any licensee under this chapter from allowing a person who

is visibly intoxicated from remaining on the licensed premises so long as the person is not sold or served any alcoholic liquor.

SECTION 4. In addition to and not in lieu of any other appropriation, there is appropriated to the Department of Human Services, for the biennium beginning July 1, 2009, out of the General Fund, the amount of \$1, which may be expended for carrying out the duties, functions and powers of the department with regard to alcohol control law education programs.

SECTION 5. (1) The Department of Human Services shall take all actions necessary and proper to ensure that an adequate number of alcohol control law education programs, as described in section 2 of this 2009 Act, are available in all areas of this state no later than July 1, 2010.

(2) The amendments to ORS 471.410 by section 3 of this 2009 Act apply to persons sentenced for offenses committed on or after July 1, 2010.

<u>SECTION 6.</u> This 2009 Act being necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health and safety, an emergency is declared to exist, and this 2009 Act takes effect July 1, 2009.

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