House Bill 3343

Sponsored by COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY

SUMMARY

The following summary is not prepared by the sponsors of the measure and is not a part of the body thereof subject to consideration by the Legislative Assembly. It is an editor's brief statement of the essential features of the measure as introduced.

Revises laws dealing with certain offenses related to alcoholic beverages. Maintains current penalty for provision of alcoholic beverages to visibly intoxicated individual as maximum of one year's imprisonment, \$6,250 fine, or both.

Modifies penalties for providing alcoholic beverages to individual under 21 years of age or to another person with knowledge that other person will provide alcoholic beverages to individual under 21 years of age. Makes first violation committed knowingly subject to minimum penalty of \$500 fine and maximum penalty of 30 days' imprisonment, \$1,250 fine, or both. Authorizes diversion for first violation. Makes second violation committed knowingly subject to minimum penalty of \$1,500 fine and maximum penalty of six months' imprisonment, \$2,500 fine, or both. Makes third or subsequent violation committed knowingly subject to minimum penalty of 30 days' imprisonment and \$2,000 fine and maximum penalty of one year's imprisonment, \$6,250 fine, or both. Exempts agent or licensee of Oregon Liquor Control Commission or employee of agent or licensee from minimum penalty requirements.

Authorizes civil penalties for providing alcoholic beverages to individual under 21 years of age if offender did not know that individual was under 21 years of age.

Allows employee of off-premises sales licensee to attend clerk training course approved by commission. Reduces classification of first offense by employee of off-premises sales licensee for making alcoholic liquor available to person under 21 years of age if employee has successfully completed approved clerk training course, training under responsible vendor program or alcohol server education course. Reduces classification from misdemeanor having maximum penalty of 30 days' imprisonment, \$1,250 fine, or both, to violation having maximum penalty of \$180 fine. Requires court to order convicted employee to attend training if employee has not attended training program or course.

Maintains current penalty for allowing individual under 21 years of age to remain on property after consumption of alcoholic beverage as \$350 fine for first offense and \$1,000 for second or subsequent offense.

A BILL FOR AN ACT

Relating to persons providing alcoholic beverages; creating new provisions; amending ORS 131.602, 2

471.186, 471.282, 471.341 and 471.478; and repealing ORS 471.410. 3

Be It Enacted by the People of the State of Oregon: 4

SECTION 1. Sections 2 to 4 of this 2009 Act are added to and made a part of ORS chapter $\mathbf{5}$ 471.

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SECTION 2. (1) A person may not sell, give or otherwise make available alcoholic 7 beverages to an individual who is visibly intoxicated. 8

(2) A court shall give the Oregon Liquor Control Commission written notice of a con-9 viction under this section if: 10

(a) The person is a licensee under this chapter, an agent appointed under ORS 471.750 11 12or an employee of a licensee or agent; and

13

(b) The offense is committed in the course of the person's occupation or employment.

14 (3) This section does not prohibit a licensee from allowing an individual who is visibly

15 intoxicated to remain on licensed premises, provided that the individual is not sold or served

16 any alcoholic beverages.

17 (4) Violation of subsection (1) of this section is a Class A misdemeanor.

1 <u>SECTION 3.</u> (1) A person may not sell, give or otherwise make available alcoholic 2 beverages to an individual who is under 21 years of age.

3 (2) A person may not sell, give or otherwise make available alcoholic beverages to an-4 other person with the knowledge that the other person will sell, give or otherwise make the 5 alcoholic beverages available to an individual who is under 21 years of age.

6 (3) Subsection (1) of this section does not apply to a parent or guardian who gives or 7 otherwise makes available alcoholic beverages to a child or ward of the parent or guardian. 8 Subsection (2) of this section does not apply to a person that gives or otherwise makes 9 available alcoholic beverages to an individual with knowledge that the individual will give or 10 make available alcoholic beverages to a child or ward of the individual.

(4) This section does not apply to sacramental wine given or provided as part of a reli gious rite or service.

(5) If a person violates subsection (1) or (2) of this section with knowledge that the indi vidual directly or indirectly receiving the alcoholic beverages is under 21 years of age and the
 person:

(a) Has not previously been convicted under this subsection, except as provided under
subsection (9) of this section, the violation is a Class C misdemeanor for which the minimum
penalty is a fine of not less than \$500. The court shall order a person who is convicted under
this paragraph to complete a program that addresses the personal and social impacts of alcohol consumption.

(b) Has one previous conviction under this subsection, the violation is a Class B
 misdemeanor for which the minimum penalty is a fine of not less than \$1,500.

(c) Has two or more previous convictions under this subsection, the violation is a Class
A misdemeanor for which the minimum penalty is a sentence of not less than 30 days'
imprisonment and a fine of not less than \$2,000. Except as provided in subsection (9) of this
section, a court may not waive or suspend the imposition or execution of the mandatory
minimum period of imprisonment required by this paragraph.

(6) For purposes of subsection (5) of this section, a conviction for a violation of former
 ORS 471.410 (2) as set forth in the 2007 Edition of Oregon Revised Statutes is considered a
 previous conviction under subsection (5) of this section.

(7) In addition to the minimum penalties described in subsection (5) of this section, the court may require a person described in subsection (5) of this section to make restitution for any damage to property where the alcoholic beverage was illegally consumed or may require the person to perform work for a community service agency.

(8)(a) If a person who violates subsection (1) or (2) of this section is the employee of an off-premises sales licensee and has not within the preceding three years successfully completed a clerk training course as described in ORS 471.341, training under a responsible vendor program as described in ORS 471.344 or an alcohol server education course and examination as described in ORS 471.542, in addition to any sentence imposed under subsection (5) of this section the court shall order the person to successfully complete a clerk training course under ORS 471.341 or training under a responsible vendor program.

(b) If a person who violates subsection (1) or (2) of this section is the employee of an
off-premises sales licensee and affirmatively establishes that the person has within the preceding three years successfully completed a clerk training course as described in ORS
471.341, training under a responsible vendor program as described in ORS 471.344 or an al-

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cohol server education course and examination as described in ORS 471.542, a first offense 1 for violating subsection (1) or (2) of this section is a Class C violation. Notwithstanding that 2 the first conviction was a violation, a second offense by the person for violating subsection 3 (1) or (2) of this section is a Class B misdemeanor and a third offense is a Class A 4 misdemeanor. 5

(9) The minimum penalty provisions in subsection (5) of this section do not apply to a 6 person who violates subsection (1) or (2) of this section if: 7

(a) The person is licensed under this chapter or is an agent appointed under ORS 471.750 8 9 or an employee of a licensee or agent; and

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(b) The violation is committed in the course of the person's occupation or employment.

(10) If a person described in subsection (5)(a) of this section has not previously entered 11 12into a diversion agreement under this subsection, the district attorney shall propose a diversion agreement to the person under ORS 135.891, 135.896 and 135.901. Diversion agree-13 ments under this subsection are not subject to ORS 135.905. As a condition of entering into 14 15 a diversion agreement under this subsection, the defendant must pay a filing fee of \$350. The 16 fee shall be distributed as follows:

(a) \$112 to the Department of Revenue for deposit in the Criminal Fine and Assessment 1718 Account:

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(b) \$100 to be distributed as provided under ORS 153.630 for the distribution of costs; and (c) \$138 to be paid into the Mental Health Alcoholism and Drug Services Account. 20

(11) If a person violates subsection (1) or (2) of this section without knowing that the 21

22individual directly or indirectly receiving the alcoholic beverages is under 21 years of age: 23(a) The Oregon Liquor Control Commission may require the person to complete training

approved by the commission; 24

25(b) The commission may impose a civil penalty of not more than \$200 if the person has committed a previous violation of subsection (1) or (2) of this section; and 26

27(c) The commission may impose a civil penalty of not more than \$500 if the person has committed two or more previous violations of subsection (1) or (2) of this section. 28

(12) Subsection (11) of this section does not apply to a violation for which the person has 2930 been placed in jeopardy before a court. A civil penalty imposed under subsection (11) of this 31 section shall be imposed as provided under ORS 183.745.

SECTION 4. (1) A person who exercises control over private real property may not 32knowingly allow a person under the age of 21 years who is not the child or ward of the person 33 34 to remain on the property if the person under the age of 21 years consumes alcoholic 35 beverages on the property. This subsection applies only if the person exercising control over the property is present at the time the consumption occurs. This subsection does not apply 36 37 to the owner of rental property or the agent of the owner of rental property, unless the 38 consumption occurs in the individual unit where the owner or agent resides. This subsection does not apply to consumption of alcohol given or otherwise provided as described in section 39 3 (3) or (4) of this 2009 Act. 40

(2) A person who violates subsection (1) of this section commits an unclassified violation. 41 If the person has not previously committed a violation of subsection (1) of this section, the 42 penalty is a mandatory fine of \$350. If the person has previously committed a violation of 43 subsection (1) of this section, the penalty is a mandatory fine of \$1,000. 44

(3) For purposes of subsection (2) of this section, a conviction for a violation of former 45

1 ORS 471.410 (3) as set forth in the 2007 Edition of Oregon Revised Statutes is considered a 2 previous violation of subsection (1) of this section.

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SECTION 5. ORS 471.341 is amended to read:

4 471.341. (1) An employee of an off-premises sales licensee who has been found by the Oregon 5 Liquor Control Commission to have sold alcoholic beverages to a minor, or to have failed to prop-6 erly verify identification of a person who purchased alcoholic beverages, must attend a clerk train-7 ing course approved by the commission as a condition of making sales of alcoholic beverages to 8 members of the public under an off-premises sales license.

9 (2) The commission shall by rule establish times for employees to complete a required clerk 10 training course under this section. An employee required to complete a clerk training course under 11 this section may continue to make sales of alcoholic beverages to members of the public until taking 12 such training, but may not make any sales of alcoholic beverages after the expiration of the time 13 allowed by commission rule if the employee has not completed the training before the expiration of 14 that time.

(3) Except as provided in subsection (2) of this section, the holder of an off-premises sales license may not allow an employee who has been found by the Oregon Liquor Control Commission to have sold alcoholic beverages to a minor, or to have failed to properly verify identification of a person who purchased alcoholic beverages, to sell alcoholic beverages under the license unless the employee completes a clerk training course as required by this section.

(4) The Oregon Liquor Control Commission, as part of the Alcohol Education Program established under ORS 471.541, shall approve all clerk training courses offered for the purpose of this section. The holder of an off-premises sales license may establish a clerk training course for employees of the licensee, but the course must be approved by the commission to meet the requirements of this section. Clerk training courses approved under this section must address at least the following topics:

26 (a) The importance of not selling alcoholic beverages to minors and visibly intoxicated persons.

27 (b) Guidelines for recognizing minors and visibly intoxicated persons.

(c) Guidelines for checking and verifying identification, and for recognizing false or alteredidentification.

30 (d) Recommended approaches for refusing sales of alcoholic beverages to minors and visibly31 intoxicated persons.

(5) If an employee of an off-premises sales licensee is found to have sold alcoholic beverages to 32a minor, or to have failed to properly verify identification of a person who purchased alcoholic 33 34 beverages, the commission shall notify the licensee that the employee must complete a clerk training course approved under this section and may not sell alcoholic beverages to members of the public 35 after the time established by the commission unless the employee completes the training within the 36 37 time allowed. If the off-premises sales licensee offers a clerk training course to new employees, and 38 the employee has previously completed that course, the requirements of this section may be met by retaking the clerk training course if the course has been approved by the commission for the pur-39 40 poses of this section.

(6) Upon completion of a clerk training course by an employee of an off-premises sales licensee pursuant to the requirements of this section, the off-premises sales licensee that employs the person must notify the commission in writing that the employee has successfully completed the training. The notification must include the name and address of the employee, the name of the clerk training course attended by the employee, and the date or dates on which the course was attended. The no-

1 tification shall be kept by the commission in the licensee's file.

2 (7) This section does not prohibit an employee of an off-premises sales licensee who has not been found by the commission to have sold alcoholic beverages to a minor or to have 3 failed to properly verify identification of a person who purchased alcoholic beverages from 4 voluntarily attending a clerk training course approved by the commission. Voluntary at-5 tendance at a clerk training course, or the failure to complete voluntary attendance at the 6 clerk training course, does not affect the ability of the employee to sell alcoholic beverages. 7 If an off-premises sales licensee notifies the commission as described in subsection (6) of this 8 9 section that an employee has voluntarily completed an approved clerk training course, the commission shall keep the notification in the licensee's file. 10

[(7)] (8) The commission shall assess and collect a fee not to exceed \$13 from each person [required to attend] attending a clerk training course under this section. Amounts collected under this section shall be used for the administrative expenses incurred by the commission in the performance of the commission's duties under the Alcohol Education Program.

[(8)] (9) In addition to any other penalty provided for by law, the commission may impose a civil penalty against any employee of an off-premises sales licensee who sells alcoholic beverages to members of the public and who is prohibited from making those sales under this section. A civil penalty under this subsection may not exceed \$500. Civil penalties under this subsection shall be imposed by the commission in the manner provided by ORS 183.745.

20 **SECTION 6.** ORS 131.602 is amended to read:

21 131.602. The crimes to which ORS 131.550 (11)(b) applies are:

22 (1) Bribe giving, as defined in ORS 162.015.

- 23 (2) Bribe receiving, as defined in ORS 162.025.
- 24 (3) Public investment fraud, as defined in ORS 162.117.
- 25 (4) Bribing a witness, as defined in ORS 162.265.
- 26 (5) Bribe receiving by a witness, as defined in ORS 162.275.
- 27 (6) Simulating legal process, as defined in ORS 162.355.
- 28 (7) Official misconduct in the first degree, as defined in ORS 162.415.
- 29 (8) Custodial interference in the second degree, as defined in ORS 163.245.
- 30 (9) Custodial interference in the first degree, as defined in ORS 163.257.
- 31 (10) Buying or selling a person under 18 years of age, as defined in ORS 163.537.
- 32 (11) Using a child in a display of sexually explicit conduct, as defined in ORS 163.670.
- 33 (12) Encouraging child sexual abuse in the first degree, as defined in ORS 163.684.
- 34 (13) Encouraging child sexual abuse in the second degree, as defined in ORS 163.686.
- 35 (14) Encouraging child sexual abuse in the third degree, as defined in ORS 163.687.
- (15) Possession of materials depicting sexually explicit conduct of a child in the first degree, as
 defined in ORS 163.688.
- (16) Possession of materials depicting sexually explicit conduct of a child in the second degree,
 as defined in ORS 163.689.
- 40 (17) Theft in the second degree, as defined in ORS 164.045.
- 41 (18) Theft in the first degree, as defined in ORS 164.055.
- 42 (19) Aggravated theft in the first degree, as defined in ORS 164.057.
- 43 (20) Theft by extortion, as defined in ORS 164.075.
- 44 (21) Theft by deception, as defined in ORS 164.085, if it is a felony or a Class A misdemeanor.
- 45 (22) Theft by receiving, as defined in ORS 164.095, if it is a felony or a Class A misdemeanor.

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| 1 | (23) Theft of services, as defined in ORS 164.125, if it is a felony or a Class A misdemeanor. | |
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| 2 | (24) Unauthorized use of a vehicle, as defined in ORS 164.135. | |
| 3 | (25) Mail theft or receipt of stolen mail, as defined in ORS 164.162. | |
| 4 | (26) Laundering a monetary instrument, as defined in ORS 164.170. | |
| 5 | (27) Engaging in a financial transaction in property derived from unlawful activity, as defined | |
| 6 | in ORS 164.172. | |
| 7 | (28) Burglary in the second degree, as defined in ORS 164.215. | |
| 8 | (29) Burglary in the first degree, as defined in ORS 164.225. | |
| 9 | (30) Possession of a burglary tool or theft device, as defined in ORS 164.235. | |
| 10 | (31) Unlawful entry into a motor vehicle, as defined in ORS 164.272. | |
| 11 | (32) Arson in the second degree, as defined in ORS 164.315. | |
| 12 | (33) Arson in the first degree, as defined in ORS 164.325. | |
| 13 | (34) Computer crime, as defined in ORS 164.377. | |
| 14 | (35) Robbery in the third degree, as defined in ORS 164.395. | |
| 15 | (36) Robbery in the second degree, as defined in ORS 164.405. | |
| 16 | (37) Robbery in the first degree, as defined in ORS 164.415. | |
| 17 | (38) Unlawful labeling of a sound recording, as defined in ORS 164.868. | |
| 18 | (39) Unlawful recording of a live performance, as defined in ORS 164.869. | |
| 19 | (40) Unlawful labeling of a videotape recording, as defined in ORS 164.872. | |
| 20 | (41) A violation of ORS 164.886. | |
| 21 | (42) Endangering aircraft, as defined in ORS 164.885. | |
| 22 | (43) Interference with agricultural operations, as defined in ORS 164.887. | |
| 23 | (44) Forgery in the second degree, as defined in ORS 165.007. | |
| 24 | (45) Forgery in the first degree, as defined in ORS 165.013. | |
| 25 | (46) Criminal possession of a forged instrument in the second degree, as defined in ORS 165.017. | |
| 26 | (47) Criminal possession of a forged instrument in the first degree, as defined in ORS 165.022. | |
| 27 | (48) Criminal possession of a forgery device, as defined in ORS 165.032. | |
| 28 | (49) Criminal simulation, as defined in ORS 165.037. | |
| 29 | (50) Fraudulently obtaining a signature, as defined in ORS 165.042. | |
| 30 | (51) Fraudulent use of a credit card, as defined in ORS 165.055. | |
| 31 | (52) Negotiating a bad check, as defined in ORS 165.065. | |
| 32 | (53) Possessing a fraudulent communications device, as defined in ORS 165.070. | |
| 33 | (54) Unlawful factoring of a payment card transaction, as defined in ORS 165.074. | |
| 34 | (55) Falsifying business records, as defined in ORS 165.080. | |
| 35 | (56) Sports bribery, as defined in ORS 165.085. | |
| 36 | (57) Sports bribe receiving, as defined in ORS 165.090. | |
| 37 | (58) Misapplication of entrusted property, as defined in ORS 165.095. | |
| 38 | (59) Issuing a false financial statement, as defined in ORS 165.100. | |
| 39 | (60) Obtaining execution of documents by deception, as defined in ORS 165.102. | |
| 40 | (61) A violation of ORS 165.543. | |
| 41 | (62) Cellular counterfeiting in the third degree, as defined in ORS 165.577. | |
| 42 | (63) Cellular counterfeiting in the second degree, as defined in ORS 165.579. | |
| 43 | (64) Cellular counterfeiting in the first degree, as defined in ORS 165.581. | |
| 44 | (65) Identity theft, as defined in ORS 165.800. | |
| 45 | (66) A violation of ORS 166.190. | |

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| 1 | (67) Unlawful use of a weapon, as defined in ORS 166.220. |
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| 2 | (68) A violation of ORS 166.240. |
| 3 | (69) Unlawful possession of a firearm, as defined in ORS 166.250. |
| 4 | (70) A violation of ORS 166.270. |
| 5 | (71) Unlawful possession of a machine gun, short-barreled rifle, short-barreled shotgun or |
| 6 | irearms silencer, as defined in ORS 166.272. |
| 7 | (72) A violation of ORS 166.275. |
| 8 | (73) Unlawful possession of armor piercing ammunition, as defined in ORS 166.350. |
| 9 | (74) A violation of ORS 166.370. |
| 10 | (75) Unlawful possession of a destructive device, as defined in ORS 166.382. |
| 11 | (76) Unlawful manufacture of a destructive device, as defined in ORS 166.384. |
| 12 | (77) Possession of a hoax destructive device, as defined in ORS 166.385. |
| 13 | (78) A violation of ORS 166.410. |
| 14 | (79) Providing false information in connection with a transfer of a firearm, as defined in ORS |
| 15 | .66.416. |
| 16 | (80) Improperly transferring a firearm, as defined in ORS 166.418. |
| 17 | (81) Unlawfully purchasing a firearm, as defined in ORS 166.425. |
| 18 | (82) A violation of ORS 166.429. |
| 19 | (83) A violation of ORS 166.470. |
| 20 | (84) A violation of ORS 166.480. |
| 21 | (85) A violation of ORS 166.635. |
| 22 | (86) A violation of ORS 166.638. |
| 23 | (87) Unlawful paramilitary activity, as defined in ORS 166.660. |
| 24 | (88) A violation of ORS 166.720. |
| 25 | (89) Prostitution, as defined in ORS 167.007. |
| 26 | (90) Promoting prostitution, as defined in ORS 167.012. |
| 27 | (91) Compelling prostitution, as defined in ORS 167.017. |
| 28 | (92) Exhibiting an obscene performance to a minor, as defined in ORS 167.075. |
| 29 | (93) Unlawful gambling in the second degree, as defined in ORS 167.122. |
| 30 | (94) Unlawful gambling in the first degree, as defined in ORS 167.127. |
| 31 | (95) Possession of gambling records in the second degree, as defined in ORS 167.132. |
| 32 | (96) Possession of gambling records in the first degree, as defined in ORS 167.137. |
| 33 | (97) Possession of a gambling device, as defined in ORS 167.147. |
| 34 | (98) Possession of a gray machine, as defined in ORS 167.164. |
| 35 | (99) Cheating, as defined in ORS 167.167. |
| 36 | (100) Tampering with drug records, as defined in ORS 167.212. |
| 37 | (101) A violation of ORS 167.262. |
| 38 | (102) Research and animal interference, as defined in ORS 167.312. |
| 39 | (103) Animal abuse in the first degree, as defined in ORS 167.320. |
| 40 | (104) Aggravated animal abuse in the first degree, as defined in ORS 167.322. |
| 41 | (105) Animal neglect in the first degree, as defined in ORS 167.330. |
| 42 | (106) Interfering with an assistance, a search and rescue or a therapy animal, as defined in ORS |
| 43 | .67.352. |
| 44 | (107) Involvement in animal fighting, as defined in ORS 167.355. |
| | |

45 (108) Dogfighting, as defined in ORS 167.365.

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| 1 | (109) Participation in dogfighting, as defined in ORS 167.370. |
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| 2 | (110) Unauthorized use of a livestock animal, as defined in ORS 167.385. |
| 3 | (111) Interference with livestock production, as defined in ORS 167.388. |
| 4 | (112) A violation of ORS 167.390. |
| 5 | (113) A violation of [ORS 471.410] section 2, 3 or 4 of this 2009 Act. |
| 6 | (114) Failure to report missing precursor substances, as defined in ORS 475.955. |
| 7 | (115) Illegally selling drug equipment, as defined in ORS 475.960. |
| 8 | (116) Providing false information on a precursor substances report, as defined in ORS 475.965. |
| 9 | (117) Unlawful delivery of an imitation controlled substance, as defined in ORS 475.912. |
| 10 | (118) A violation of ORS 475.840, if it is a felony or a Class A misdemeanor. |
| 11 | (119) A violation of ORS 475.914, if it is a felony or a Class A misdemeanor. |
| 12 | (120) A violation of ORS 475.916. |
| 13 | (121) A violation of ORS 475.906, if it is a felony or a Class A misdemeanor. |
| 14 | (122) A violation of ORS 475.904. |
| 15 | (123) Misuse of an identification card, as defined in ORS 807.430. |
| 16 | (124) Unlawful production of identification cards, licenses, permits, forms or camera cards, as |
| 17 | defined in ORS 807.500. |
| 18 | (125) Transfer of documents for the purposes of misrepresentation, as defined in ORS 807.510. |
| 19 | (126) Using an invalid license, as defined in ORS 807.580. |
| 20 | (127) Permitting misuse of a license, as defined in ORS 807.590. |
| 21 | (128) Using another's license, as defined in ORS 807.600. |
| 22 | (129) Criminal driving while suspended or revoked, as defined in ORS 811.182, when it is a fel- |
| 23 | ony. |
| 24 | (130) Driving while under the influence of intoxicants, as defined in ORS 813.010, when it is a |
| 25 | felony. |
| 26 | (131) Unlawful distribution of cigarettes, as defined in ORS 323.482. |
| 27 | (132) Unlawful distribution of tobacco products, as defined in ORS 323.632. |
| 28 | (133) A violation of ORS 180.440 (2). |
| 29 | (134) A violation described in ORS 475.846 to 475.894, if it is a felony. |
| 30 | (135) Subjecting another person to involuntary servitude in the first degree, as defined in ORS |
| 31 | 163.264. |
| 32 | (136) Subjecting another person to involuntary servitude in the second degree, as defined in ORS |
| 33 | 163.263. |
| 34 | (137) Trafficking in persons, as defined in ORS 163.266. |
| 35 | (138) Furnishing sexually explicit material to a child, as defined in ORS 167.054. |
| 36 | (139) Luring a minor, as defined in ORS 167.057. |
| 37 | (140) Online sexual corruption of a child in the second degree, as defined in ORS 163.432. |
| 38 | (141) Online sexual corruption of a child in the first degree, as defined in ORS 163.433. |
| 39 | (142) An attempt, conspiracy or solicitation to commit a crime in subsections (1) to (141) of this |
| 40 | section if the attempt, conspiracy or solicitation is a felony or a Class A misdemeanor. |
| 41 | SECTION 7. ORS 471.186, as amended by section 1, chapter 34, Oregon Laws 2008, is amended |
| 42 | to read: |
| 43 | 471.186. (1) The holder of an off-premises sales license may sell factory-sealed containers of wine, |
| 44 | malt beverages and cider. Containers of malt beverages sold under the license may not hold more |
| 45 | than two and one-quarter gallons. |

(2) The holder of an off-premises sales license may provide sample tasting of alcoholic beverages 1 2 on the licensed premises if the licensee makes written application to the Oregon Liquor Control Commission and receives approval from the commission to conduct tastings on the premises. 3 Tastings must be limited to the alcoholic beverages that may be sold under the privileges of the li-4 cense. 5

(3) An off-premises sales license may not be issued for use at a premises that is mobile.

(4) Except as provided in ORS 471.402, a manufacturer or wholesaler may not provide or pay for 7 sample tastings of alcoholic beverages for the public on premises licensed under an off-premises 8 9 sales license.

10 (5) The holder of an off-premises sales license may deliver wine or cider that is sold under the privileges of the license to retail customers in this state without a direct shipper permit issued un-11 12 der ORS 471.282. Any deliveries by the holder of an off-premises sales license are subject to any 13 rules adopted by the commission relating to deliveries made under this subsection. Deliveries under this subsection: 14

15 (a) May be made only to a person who is at least 21 years of age;

16 (b) May be made only for personal use and not for the purpose of resale; and

(c) Must be made in containers that are conspicuously labeled with the words: "CONTAINS 17 18 ALCOHOL: SIGNATURE OF PERSON AGE 21 YEARS OR OLDER REQUIRED FOR 19 DELIVERY."

20(6) The holder of an off-premises sales license that makes deliveries of wine or cider under subsection (5) of this section must take all actions necessary to ensure that a carrier used by the 2122licensee does not deliver any wine or cider unless the carrier:

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(a) Obtains the signature of the recipient of the wine or cider upon delivery;

(b) Verifies by inspecting government-issued photo identification that the recipient is at least 24 21 years of age; and 25

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(c) Determines that the recipient is not visibly intoxicated at the time of delivery.

27(7) Any person who knowingly or negligently delivers wine or cider under the provisions of this section to a person under 21 years of age, or who knowingly or negligently delivers wine or cider 28under the provisions of this section to a visibly intoxicated person, violates [ORS 471.410] section 2930 2 or 3 of this 2009 Act.

31 (8) If a court determines that deliveries of wine or cider under subsection (5) of this section 32cannot be restricted to holders of off-premises sales licenses, and the decision is a final judgment that is no longer subject to appeal, the holder of an off-premises sales license may not make deliv-33 34 eries of wine or cider under the provisions of subsection (5) of this section after entry of the final 35 judgment.

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SECTION 8. ORS 471.282, as amended by section 2, chapter 34, Oregon Laws 2008, is amended to read:

38 471.282. (1) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter and except as provided by ORS 471.186 (5), a person may sell and ship wine or cider directly to a resident of Oregon only if the 39 person holds a direct shipper permit. The Oregon Liquor Control Commission shall issue a direct 40 shipper permit only to: 41

(a) A person that holds a license issued by this state or another state that authorizes the man-42 43 ufacture of wine or cider:

(b) A person that holds a license issued by this state or another state that authorizes the sale 44 of wine or cider produced only from grapes or other fruit grown under the control of the person; 45

(c) A person that holds a license authorizing the sale of wine or cider at retail; or 1 2 (d) A nonprofit trade association that holds a temporary sales license under ORS 471.190 and that has a membership primarily composed of persons holding winery licenses issued under ORS 3 471.223 or grower sales privilege licenses issued under ORS 471.227. 4 (2) A person may apply for a direct shipper permit by filing an application with the commission. 5 The application must be made in such form as may be prescribed by the commission. The person 6 must include in the application the number of the license issued to the person by the commission, 7 or a true copy of the license issued to the person by another state. If the application is based on a 8 9 license issued by another state, or the application is by a nonprofit trade association described in subsection (1)(d) of this section, the person or association must pay a \$50 registration fee and 10 maintain a bond or other security described in ORS 471.155 in the minimum amount of \$1,000. 11 12(3) Sales and shipments under a direct shipper permit: 13 (a) May be made only to a person who is at least 21 years of age; (b) May be made only for personal use and not for the purpose of resale; and 14 15 (c) May not exceed two cases, containing not more than nine liters per case, to any resident per month 16 (4) Sales and shipments under a direct shipper permit must be made directly to a resident of this 17 18 state in containers that are conspicuously labeled with the words: "CONTAINS ALCOHOL: SIG-19 NATURE OF PERSON AGE 21 YEARS OR OLDER REQUIRED FOR DELIVERY." 20(5) A person holding a direct shipper permit must take all actions necessary to ensure that a carrier used by the permit holder does not deliver any wine or cider unless the carrier: 2122(a) Obtains the signature of the recipient of the wine or cider upon delivery; 23(b) Verifies by inspecting government-issued photo identification that the recipient is at least 21 years of age; and 2425(c) Determines that the recipient is not visibly intoxicated at the time of delivery. (6)(a) A person holding a direct shipper permit must report to the commission all shipments of 2627wine or cider made to Oregon residents under the permit as required by ORS chapter 473. The report must be made in a form prescribed by the commission. 28(b) A person holding a direct shipper permit must allow the commission to audit the permit 2930 holder's records upon request and shall make those records available to the commission in this state. 31 (c) A person holding a direct shipper permit consents to the jurisdiction of the commission and 32the courts of this state for the purpose of enforcing the provisions of this section and any related 33 laws or rules. 34 (7)(a) A person holding a direct shipper permit must timely pay to the commission all taxes im-35 posed under ORS chapter 473 on wine and cider sold and shipped under the permit. For the purpose of the privilege tax imposed under ORS chapter 473, all wine or cider sold and shipped pursuant to 36 37 a direct shipper permit is sold in this state. 38 (b) A person holding a direct shipper permit based on a license issued by another state must timely pay to the commission all taxes imposed under ORS chapter 473 on all wine or cider sold and 39 shipped directly to Oregon residents under the permit. The permit holder, not the purchaser, is re-40

(8) A direct shipper permit must be renewed annually. If the person holds the permit based on an annual license issued by another state, the permit may be renewed by paying a \$50 renewal fee and providing the commission with a true copy of a current license issued to the person by the other state. If the person holds the permit based on an annual license issued by this state, the permit may

sponsible for the tax.

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1 be renewed at the same time that the license is renewed.

2 (9) The commission may refuse to issue or may suspend or revoke a direct shipper permit if the 3 permit holder fails to comply with the provisions of this section. A person may sell and ship wine 4 or cider under a direct shipper permit only for as long as the person has the license issued by this 5 state or another state that authorizes the person to hold a direct shipper permit.

6 (10) Any person who knowingly or negligently delivers wine or cider under the provisions of this 7 section to a person under 21 years of age, or who knowingly or negligently delivers wine or cider 8 under the provisions of this section to a visibly intoxicated person, violates [ORS 471.410] section 9 2 or 3 of this 2009 Act.

10 (11) A person may not make sales and shipments of wine or cider directly to Oregon residents 11 unless the person holds a direct shipper permit issued under this section. Any person who knowingly 12 makes, participates in, transports, imports or receives a shipment of wine or cider that is in vio-13 lation of this section commits a misdemeanor as provided in ORS 471.990 (1).

14 **SECTION 9.** ORS 471.478 is amended to read:

15 471.478. [On and after January 1, 1978:]

16 (1) The Oregon Liquor Control Commission by rule shall require the identification of kegs of 17 malt beverages sold directly to consumers who are not licensees of the commission and the signing 18 of a receipt therefor by the purchaser in order to allow the kegs to be traced if the contents are consumed in violation of the Liquor Control Act. The keg identification shall be in the form of a 19 20numbered label prescribed and supplied by the commission which identifies the seller and which is removable or obliterated when the keg is processed for refilling. The receipt shall be on a form 2122prescribed and supplied by the commission and shall include the name and address of the purchaser; 23motor vehicle operator's license number, if any; the automobile registration of the motor vehicle in which the keg was removed from the seller's premises, if any; and such other identification as the 2425commission by rule may require. The receipt shall contain a statement that must be signed by the purchaser that, under penalty of false swearing, the purchaser will not allow consumption of any 2627malt beverage in the keg in violation of [ORS 471.410] section 2 or 3 of this 2009 Act. A copy of the receipt shall be given to the purchaser and the seller shall retain the original receipt for such 28period as the commission by rule may require. 29

(2) Possession of a keg containing malt beverages which is not identified as required by sub section (1) of this section is a Class A misdemeanor.

(3) A person who signs a receipt described in subsection (1) of this section in order to obtain a
keg, knowing the receipt to be false, or who falsifies any information required on the receipt, is
guilty of false swearing as prescribed by ORS 162.075.

(4) As used in this section, "keg" means any brewery-sealed, individual container of malt
 beverage having a liquid capacity of more than seven gallons.

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SECTION 10. ORS 471.410 is repealed.

<u>SECTION 11.</u> (1) The repeal of ORS 471.410 by section 10 of this 2009 Act and the amendments to ORS 471.186, 471.282 and 471.478 by sections 7 to 9 of this 2009 Act do not prevent or terminate any prosecution for a violation of ORS 471.186, 471.282, 471.410 or 471.478 committed before the effective date of this 2009 Act.

(2) The amendments to ORS 131.602 by section 6 of this 2009 Act do not prevent or terminate the seizure and forfeiture of property under ORS 131.550 to 131.600 for a violation of
ORS 471.410 that occurred before the effective date of this 2009 Act or any process for restoration of the property to a petitioner or financial institution holding an interest in the

1 property.

2 <u>SECTION 12.</u> Section 3 (10) of this 2009 Act applies to persons who sell, give or otherwise

make available alcoholic beverages on or after the effective date of this 2009 Act to individuals under 21 years of age.

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