75th OREGON LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY--2009 Regular Session

House Bill 3032

Sponsored by Representative SCHAUFLER (at the request of Oregon Home Builders Association)

SUMMARY

The following summary is not prepared by the sponsors of the measure and is not a part of the body thereof subject to consideration by the Legislative Assembly. It is an editor's brief statement of the essential features of the measure as introduced.

Subjects state agency that imposes moratorium on development to requirements imposed on lo-

	cal governments that impose moratorium.
1	A BILL FOR AN ACT
2	Relating to adoption of moratorium by state agency; amending ORS 197.505, 197.510, 197.520, 197.524,
3	197.530 and 197.768.
4	Be It Enacted by the People of the State of Oregon:
5	SECTION 1. ORS 197.505 is amended to read:
6	197.505. As used in ORS 197.505 to 197.540:
7	(1) "Public facilities" means those public facilities for which a public facilities plan is required
8	under ORS 197.712.
9	(2) "Special district" refers to only those entities as defined in ORS 197.015 (19) that provide
10	services for which public facilities plans are required.
11	(3) "State agency" has the meaning given that term in ORS 171.133.
12	SECTION 2. ORS 197.510 is amended to read:
13	197.510. The Legislative Assembly finds and declares that:
14	(1) The declaration of moratoria on construction and land development by cities, counties,
15	[and] special districts or state agencies may have a negative effect not only on property owners,
16	but also on the housing and economic development policies and goals of other local governments
17	within the state, and therefore, is a matter of statewide concern.
18	(2) Such moratoria, particularly when limited in duration and scope, and adopted pursuant to
19	growth management systems that further the statewide planning goals and local comprehensive
20	plans, may be both necessary and desirable.
21	(3) Clear state standards should be established to ensure that:
22	(a) The need for moratoria is considered and documented;
23	(b) The impact on property owners, housing and economic development is minimized; and
24	(c) Necessary and properly enacted moratoria are not subjected to undue litigation.
25	SECTION 3. ORS 197.520 is amended to read:
26	197.520. (1) [No] A city, county, [or] special district or state agency may not adopt a morato-
27	rium on construction or land development unless it first:
28	(a) Provides written notice to the Department of Land Conservation and Development at least
29	45 days prior to the final public hearing to be held to consider the adoption of the moratorium;
30	(b) Makes written findings justifying the need for the moratorium in the manner provided for in
31	this section; and

1 (c) Holds a public hearing on the adoption of the moratorium and the findings which support the 2 moratorium.

3 (2) For urban or urbanizable land, a moratorium may be justified by demonstration of a need to 4 prevent a shortage of public facilities which would otherwise occur during the effective period of 5 the moratorium. Such a demonstration shall be based upon reasonably available information, and 6 shall include, but need not be limited to, findings:

7 (a) Showing the extent of need beyond the estimated capacity of existing public facilities ex-8 pected to result from new land development, including identification of any public facilities currently 9 operating beyond capacity, and the portion of such capacity already committed to development;

10 (b) That the moratorium is reasonably limited to those areas of the city, county, [or] special 11 district or state where a shortage of key public facilities would otherwise occur; and

(c) That the housing and economic development needs of the area affected have been accommo-dated as much as possible in any program for allocating any remaining public facility capacity.

(3) A moratorium not based on a shortage of public facilities under subsection (2) of this section
may be justified only by a demonstration of compelling need. Such a demonstration shall be based
upon reasonably available information and shall include, but need not be limited to, findings:

17 (a) For urban or urbanizable land:

(A) That application of existing development ordinances or regulations and other applicable law
is inadequate to prevent irrevocable public harm from development in affected geographical areas;

(B) That the moratorium is sufficiently limited to ensure that a needed supply of affected housing types and the supply of commercial and industrial facilities within or in proximity to the city, county, [or] special district or affected portion of the state are not unreasonably restricted by the adoption of the moratorium;

(C) Stating the reasons alternative methods of achieving the objectives of the moratorium areunsatisfactory;

(D) That the city, county, [or] special district **or state agency** has determined that the public harm which would be caused by failure to impose a moratorium outweighs the adverse effects on other affected local governments, including shifts in demand for housing or economic development, public facilities and services and buildable lands, and the overall impact of the moratorium on population distribution; and

(E) That the city, county, [or] special district or state agency proposing the moratorium has determined that sufficient resources are available to complete the development of needed interim or permanent changes in plans, regulations or procedures within the period of effectiveness of the moratorium.

35 (b) For rural land:

(A) That application of existing development ordinances or regulations and other applicable law
 is inadequate to prevent irrevocable public harm from development in affected geographical areas;

(B) Stating the reasons alternative methods of achieving the objectives of the moratorium areunsatisfactory;

40 (C) That the moratorium is sufficiently limited to ensure that lots or parcels outside the affected 41 geographical areas are not unreasonably restricted by the adoption of the moratorium; and

(D) That the city, county, [or] special district or state agency proposing the moratorium has
 developed a work plan and time schedule for achieving the objectives of the moratorium.

(4) [No] A moratorium adopted under subsection (3)(a) of this section [shall] may not be effective for a period longer than 120 days, but such a moratorium may be extended [provided] if the city,

county, [or] special district or state agency adopting the moratorium holds a public hearing on the 1 2 proposed extension and adopts written findings that: (a) Verify the problem giving rise to the need for a moratorium still exists; 3 (b) Demonstrate that reasonable progress is being made to alleviate the problem giving rise to 4 the moratorium; and 5 (c) Set a specific duration for the renewal of the moratorium. [No] An extension may not be for 6 7 a period longer than six months. (5) [Any] A city, county, [or] special district or state agency considering an extension of a 8 9 moratorium shall give the department at least 14 days' notice of the time and date of the public 10 hearing on the extension. SECTION 4. ORS 197.524 is amended to read: 11 12197.524. (1) When a local government or a state agency engages in a pattern or practice of 13 delaying or stopping the issuance of permits, authorizations or approvals necessary for the subdivision or partitioning of, or construction on, any land, including delaying or stopping issuance based 14 15 on a shortage of public facilities[,]: 16 (a) The local government shall: [(a)] (A) Adopt a public facilities strategy under ORS 197.768; or 17 18 [(b)] (B) Adopt a moratorium on construction or land development under ORS 197.505 to 197.540. (b) The state agency shall: 19 (A) Adopt a public facilities strategy under ORS 197.768; or 20(B) Subject to subsection (3) of this section, adopt a moratorium on construction or land 2122development under ORS 197.505 to 197.540. 23(2) The provisions of subsection (1) of this section do not apply to the delay or stopping of the issuance of permits, authorizations or approvals by a local government because they are incon-2425sistent with the local government's comprehensive plan or land use regulations. (3) ORS 197.505 to 197.540 do not authorize adoption of a moratorium by a state agency 2627that does not otherwise have that authority. SECTION 5. ORS 197.530 is amended to read: 28197.530. (1) A city, county, [or] special district or state agency that adopts a moratorium on 2930 construction or land development in conformity with ORS 197.520 (1) and (2) shall within 60 days 31 after the effective date of the moratorium adopt a program to correct the problem creating the moratorium. The program shall be presented at a public hearing. The city, county, [or] special dis-32trict or state agency shall give at least 14 days' advance notice to the Department of Land Con-33 34 servation and Development of the time and date of the public hearing. (2) [No] A moratorium adopted under ORS 197.520 (2) [shall] may not be effective for a period 35 longer than six months from the date on which the corrective program is adopted, but such a mor-36 37 atorium may be extended provided the city, county, [or] special district or state agency adopting 38 the moratorium holds a public hearing on the proposed extension and adopts written findings that: (a) Verify that the problem giving rise to the moratorium still exists; 39 40 (b) Demonstrate that reasonable progress is being made to alleviate the problem giving rise to the moratorium; and 41 (c) Set a specific duration for the renewal of the moratorium. 42 (3) [No] A single extension under subsection (2) of this section may **not** be for a period longer 43

than six months, and [no] **a** moratorium [shall] **may not** be extended more than three times.

45 (4) [Any] A city, county, [or] special district or state agency considering an extension of a

1 moratorium shall give the department at least 14 days' notice of the time and date of the public 2 hearing on the extension.

3 **SECTION 6.** ORS 197.768 is amended to read:

4 197.768. (1) As used in this section[,]:

5 (a) "Special district" has the meaning given that term in ORS 197.505.

6 (b) "State agency" has the meaning given that term in ORS 171.133.

7 (2)(a) A local government or special district may adopt a public facilities strategy if the public
8 facilities strategy:

9 (A)(i) Is acknowledged under ORS 197.251; or

(ii) Is approved by the Land Conservation and Development Commission under ORS 197.628 to
 11 197.650; and

12 (B) Meets the requirements of this section.

(b) If a special district seeks to implement a public facilities strategy, that special district is
 considered a local government for the purposes of ORS 197.251 and 197.628 to 197.650.

(3) A local government, [or] special district or state agency may adopt a public facilities
 strategy only if the local government, [or] special district or state agency:

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(a) Makes written findings justifying the need for the public facilities strategy;

(b) Holds a public hearing on the adoption of a public facilities strategy and the findings that
 support the adoption of the public facilities strategy; and

(c) Provides written notice to the Department of Land Conservation and Development at least
45 days prior to the final public hearing that is held to consider the adoption of the public facilities
strategy.

(4) At a minimum, the findings under subsection (3) of this section must demonstrate that:

(a) There is a rapid increase in the rate or intensity of land development in a specific geographic
area that was unanticipated at the time the original planning for that area was adopted or there
has been a natural disaster or other catastrophic event in a specific geographic area;

(b) The total land development expected within the specific geographic area will exceed the
 planned or existing capacity of public facilities; and

(c) The public facilities strategy is structured to ensure that the necessary supply of housing and commercial and industrial facilities that will be impacted within the relevant geographic area is not unreasonably restricted by the adoption of the public facilities strategy.

32 (5) A state agency shall:

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(a) Adopt a public facilities strategy if required to do so under ORS 197.505 to 197.540.

(b) Submit the public facilities strategy to the Land Conservation and Development
 Commission, in the manner described in ORS 197.180, to ensure that the strategy complies
 with the agency's certified state agency coordination program.

37 [(5)] (6) A public facilities strategy shall include a clear, objective and detailed description of 38 actions and practices a local government, [or] special district or state agency may engage in to 39 control the time and sequence of development approvals in response to the identified deficiencies in 40 public facilities.

41 [(6)] (7) A public facilities strategy shall be effective for no more than 24 months after the date 42 on which it is adopted, but may be extended, subject to subsection [(7)] (8) of this section, provided 43 the local government, [or] special district or state agency adopting the public facilities strategy 44 holds a public hearing on the proposed extension and adopts written findings that:

45 (a) Verify that the problem giving rise to the need for a public facilities strategy still exists;

1 (b) Demonstrate that reasonable progress is being made to alleviate the problem giving rise to

 $2 \quad \ \ {\rm the need}$ for a public facilities strategy; and

3 (c) Set a specific duration for the extension of the public facilities strategy.

4 [(7)(a)] (8)(a) A local government, [or] special district or state agency considering an extension

of a public facilities strategy shall give the department notice at least 14 days prior to the date ofthe public hearing on the extension.

- 7 (b) A single extension may not exceed one year, and a public facilities strategy may not be ex-
- 8 tended more than three times.
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