# House Bill 2491

Sponsored by Representative CAMERON; Representative BARKER

#### **SUMMARY**

The following summary is not prepared by the sponsors of the measure and is not a part of the body thereof subject to consideration by the Legislative Assembly. It is an editor's brief statement of the essential features of the measure **as introduced.** 

Expands offense of driving while under influence of intoxicants to include any substance that adversely affects person's physical or mental faculties to noticeable or perceptible degree. Defines "intoxicant."

1 A BILL FOR AN ACT

- Relating to substances that constitute an intoxicant when operating a vehicle; creating new provisions; and amending ORS 801.272, 802.240, 807.060, 807.240, 807.250, 807.252, 809.235, 809.265, 809.730, 813.010, 813.021, 813.040, 813.100, 813.120, 813.131, 813.140, 813.150, 813.200, 813.215, 813.220, 813.260, 813.270, 813.300, 813.420, 813.430, 813.470, 813.500, 813.510, 813.520 and 821.250.
- 6 Be It Enacted by the People of the State of Oregon:
- 7 <u>SECTION 1.</u> Section 2 of this 2009 Act is added to and made a part of the Oregon Vehicle 8 Code.
- 9 SECTION 2. "Intoxicant" means:
- 10 **(1) Alcohol;**

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- 11 (2) Controlled substances;
- 12 (3) Inhalants; or
  - (4) Any other substance that adversely affects a person's physical or mental faculties to a noticeable or perceptible degree.
    - SECTION 3. ORS 801.272 is amended to read:
  - 801.272. "Field sobriety test" means a physical or mental test, approved by the Department of State Police by rule after consultation with the Department of Public Safety Standards and Training, that enables a police officer or trier of fact to screen for or detect probable impairment from [intoxicating liquor, a controlled substance, an inhalant or any combination of intoxicating liquor, an inhalant and a controlled substance] an intoxicant or a combination of intoxicants.
    - **SECTION 4.** ORS 802.240 is amended to read:
  - 802.240. (1) In all actions, suits or criminal proceedings when the title to, or right of possession of, any vehicle is involved, the record of title, as it appears in the files and records of the Department of Transportation, is prima facie evidence of ownership or right to possession of the vehicle. As used in this section, the record of title does not include records of salvage titles unless the record itself is the salvage title. Proof of the ownership or right to possession of a vehicle shall be made by means of any of the following methods:
    - (a) The original certificate of title as provided under ORS 803.010.
- 29 (b) A copy, certified by the department, of the title record of the vehicle as the record appears 30 in the files and records of the department.
  - (2) Extrinsic evidence of authenticity is not required as a condition precedent to the admission

**NOTE:** Matter in **boldfaced** type in an amended section is new; matter [italic and bracketed] is existing law to be omitted. New sections are in **boldfaced** type.

- of a copy of a document relating to the privilege of any person to drive a motor vehicle authorized by law to be filed and actually filed in the records of the department if the copy bears a seal purporting to be that of the department and is certified as a true copy by original or facsimile signature of a person purporting to be an officer or employee of the department. This subsection applies to copies of a data compilation in any form. Copies of documents certified in accordance with this subsection constitute prima facie evidence of the existence of the facts stated therein.
  - (3) A certified copy of a person's driving record, as maintained by the department:
  - (a) May be admitted as evidence in any hearing or proceeding under ORS 813.200 to 813.270.
  - (b) Is prima facie evidence that the person named therein was duly convicted of each offense shown by the record.
  - (c) Is prima facie evidence that the person named therein is participating in or has participated in a driving under the influence of intoxicants diversion program or in any similar [alcohol or drug] intoxicant rehabilitation program in this state or in any other jurisdiction if the record shows that the person has participated in such a program.
  - (4) Records and actions described in this subsection [shall] **may** not be referred to in any way or admitted into evidence or be any evidence of the negligence or due care of any party at the trial of any action at law to recover damages. This subsection applies to all of the following:
    - (a) The report required following an accident.

- (b) Any action taken by the department to revoke or suspend a driver license or driver permit or taken by the department under the financial responsibility requirements of the vehicle code or the findings, if any, of the department upon which such action of the department is based.
- (c) Any deposit of security required under the financial responsibility requirements of the vehicle code.
- (5) Except as provided in this subsection, the accident reports filed with the department under ORS 811.725, 811.730 or 811.735 shall be without prejudice to the individual filing the report and no such report shall be used as evidence in any trial, civil or criminal, arising out of an accident. The following uses are allowable under this subsection:
- (a) The certificate issued by the department under ORS 802.220 to show whether or not an accident report has been made to the department shall be used solely to prove a compliance or failure to comply with the requirements that the accident report be made to the department.
- (b) An accident report submitted under ORS 811.725 or 811.735 may be used in an administrative hearing or an appeal from such hearing to support any suspension of driving privileges for:
  - (A) Failure to make reports required under ORS 811.725 or 811.735.
- (B) Failure to comply with financial responsibility requirements or failure to comply with future responsibility filings.
- (6) A photocopy, facsimile copy, digital or electronic copy of an application for perfection of a security interest by notation on a title under ORS 803.097 that is certified by the department is proof of the date of perfection of the security interest unless the date is invalid as provided under ORS 803.097.
- (7) A report filed by a physician or health care provider under ORS 807.710 is confidential and may not be admitted as evidence in any civil or criminal action. A report described in this subsection may be used in an administrative hearing or an appeal from an administrative hearing in which an issue is the qualification of a person to operate a motor vehicle.

**SECTION 5.** ORS 807.060 is amended to read:

807.060. The Department of Transportation may not grant driving privileges to a person under

- a license if the person is not eligible under this section. The following are not eligible for a license:
  - (1) A person under 16 years of age.

- (2)(a) A person under 18 years of age who is not an emancipated minor unless the application of the person is signed by the person's mother, father or legal guardian. A person who signs an application under this paragraph may have the driving privileges canceled as provided under ORS 809.320.
  - (b) A person under 18 years of age who does not meet the requirements of ORS 807.065.
- (3) Notwithstanding subsection (2) of this section, a person under 18 years of age is not eligible for a commercial driver license.
- (4) A person that the department determines has a problem condition involving [alcohol, inhalants or controlled substances] **intoxicants** as described under ORS 813.040.
- (5) A person the department reasonably believes has a mental or physical condition or impairment that affects the person's ability to safely operate a motor vehicle upon the highways.
- (6) A person the department reasonably believes is unable to understand highway signs that warn, regulate or direct traffic.
- (7) A person who is required to make future responsibility filings but has not made filings as required.
- (8) A person who cannot be issued a license under the Driver License Compact under ORS 802.540.
  - (9) A person who is not subject to the Driver License Compact under ORS 802.540 but whose driving privileges are currently under suspension or revocation in any other state upon grounds which, if committed in this state, would be grounds for the suspension or revocation of the driving privileges of the person.
  - (10) A person who has been declared a habitual offender under ORS 809.640. A person declared not eligible to be licensed under this subsection may become eligible by having eligibility restored under ORS 809.640.
- (11) A person whose driving privileges are canceled in this state under ORS 809.310 until the person is eligible under ORS 809.310.
  - (12) A person while the person's driving privileges are revoked in this state.
  - (13) A person during a period when the person's driving privileges are suspended in this state.
- (14) A person who holds a current out-of-state license or driver permit or a valid Oregon license or driver permit. A person who is not eligible under this subsection may become eligible by surrendering the license, driver permit or out-of-state license or driver permit to the department before issuance of the license. Nothing in this subsection authorizes a person to continue to operate a motor vehicle on the basis of an out-of-state license or permit if the person is required by ORS 807.062 to obtain an Oregon license or permit.
- (15) A person who has not complied with the requirements and responsibilities created by citation for or conviction of a traffic offense in another jurisdiction if an agreement under ORS 802.530 authorizes the department to withhold issuance of a license.

# **SECTION 6.** ORS 807.240 is amended to read:

807.240. The Department of Transportation shall provide for issuance of hardship driver permits in a manner consistent with this section. A hardship driver permit grants the driving privileges provided in this section or under the permit. Except as otherwise provided in this section, a hardship driver permit is subject to the fees, provisions, conditions, prohibitions and penalties applicable to a license. The following apply to a hardship driver permit:

- (1) The department may only issue a permit to a person whose driving privileges under the vehicle code have been suspended.
- (2) Except as provided in ORS 813.520, the department may reinstate the privilege to operate a motor vehicle of any person whose license to operate a motor vehicle has been suspended by issuing the person a hardship permit described under this section if such person qualifies under this section[,] **and** ORS 807.250, 807.252 and 813.500. However, the department may not issue a hardship permit authorizing a person to drive a commercial motor vehicle.
- (3) To qualify for a hardship permit, a person must do all of the following in addition to any applicable provisions under ORS 807.250, 807.252 and 813.500:
- (a) The person must submit to the department an application for the permit that demonstrates the person's need for the permit.
  - (b) The person must present satisfactory evidence, as determined by the department by rule:
- (A) That the person must operate a motor vehicle as a requisite of the person's occupation or employment;
- (B) That the person must operate a motor vehicle to seek employment or to get to or from a place of employment;
- (C) That the person must operate a motor vehicle to get to or from an [alcohol or drug] intoxicant treatment or rehabilitation program;
- (D) That the person or a member of the person's immediate family requires medical treatment on a regular basis and that the person must operate a motor vehicle in order that the treatment may be obtained; or
- (E) That the person's driving privileges are suspended for driving uninsured in violation of ORS 806.010 or for violation of ORS 165.805 or 471.430 and are not suspended for any other reason and that the person must operate a motor vehicle in order to provide necessary services to the person or to a member of the person's family. The department shall determine by rule what constitutes necessary services for purposes of this subparagraph. The rule shall include as necessary services, but need not be limited to, grocery shopping, driving the person or the person's children to school, driving to medical appointments and caring for elderly family members.
- (c) If the person is applying for a permit because the person or a member of the person's immediate family requires medical treatment on a regular basis, the person must present, in addition to any evidence required by the department under paragraph (b) of this subsection, a statement signed by a licensed physician or certified nurse practitioner that indicates that the person or a member of the person's immediate family requires medical treatment on a regular basis.
- (d) The person must show that the person is not incompetent to drive nor a habitual incompetent, reckless or criminally negligent driver as established by the person's driving record in this or any other jurisdiction.
  - (e) The person must make a future responsibility filing.
- (f) The person must submit any other information the department may require for purposes of determining whether the person qualifies under this section[,] and ORS 807.250, 807.252, 813.500 and 813.520.
- (4) If the department finds that the person meets the requirements of this section and any applicable requirements under ORS 807.250, 807.252, 813.500 and 813.520, the department may issue the person a hardship permit, valid for the duration of the suspension or for a shorter period of time established by the department unless sooner suspended or revoked under this section. If the department issues the permit for a period shorter than the suspension period, renewal of the permit

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1 shall be on such terms and conditions as the department may require. The permit:

- (a) Shall limit the holder to operation of a motor vehicle only during specified times.
- (b) May bear other reasonable limitations relating to the hardship permit or the operation of a motor vehicle that the department deems proper or necessary. The limitations may include any limitation, condition or requirement. Violation of a limitation is punishable as provided by ORS 811.175 or 811.182.
- (5) The department, upon receiving satisfactory evidence of any violation of the limitations of a permit issued under this section or limitations placed on a hardship permit under ORS 807.252 or 813.510, may suspend or revoke the hardship permit.
- (6) The fee charged for application or issuance of a hardship driver permit is the hardship driver permit application fee under ORS 807.370. The department may not refund the fee if the application is denied or if the driver permit is suspended or revoked. The fee upon renewal of the driver permit is the same fee as that charged for renewal of a license. The application fee charged under this subsection is in addition to any fee charged for reinstatement of driving privileges under ORS 807.370.
- (7) The department may issue a permit granting the same driving privileges as those suspended or may issue a permit granting fewer driving privileges, as the department determines necessary to assure safe operation of motor vehicles by the permit holder.

# SECTION 7. ORS 807.250 is amended to read:

807.250. (1) In addition to any requirements under ORS 807.240 and any applicable conditions under ORS 813.500 and 813.520, the Department of Transportation may not issue a hardship permit under ORS 807.240 to a person whose suspension of driving privileges is based upon a conviction of any of the following unless the person submits to the department a recommendation from the judge before whom the person was convicted:

(a) ORS 811.140.

- (b) ORS 811.540.
- (c) Driving while under the influence of intoxicants. If a person's driving privileges are suspended for a conviction for driving while under the influence of intoxicants and the person is determined under ORS 813.500 to have a problem condition involving [alcohol, inhalants or controlled substances] intoxicants as described in ORS 813.040, the judge must:
- (A) Make the recommendation with reference to the best interest of the public as well as of the defendant and the recommendation must be in writing.
- (B) Recommend times, places, routes and days minimally necessary for the person to seek or retain employment, to attend any [alcohol or drug] **intoxicant** treatment or rehabilitation program or to receive necessary medical treatment for the person or a member of the person's immediate family.
- (2) The department may not issue a hardship permit to a person whose suspension of driving privileges is based on a conviction described in ORS 809.265.
- (3) The department may not issue a hardship permit to a person whose driver license or driver permit is suspended pursuant to ORS 25.750 to 25.783.
- (4) The department may not issue a hardship permit to a person whose driving privileges are suspended pursuant to ORS 809.280 (5) or 809.416 (1) or (2).

#### **SECTION 8.** ORS 807.252 is amended to read:

807.252. (1) The Department of Transportation may not issue a hardship permit to a person whose driving privileges are suspended for conviction of assault in the second, third or fourth degree

- 1 if the person, within 10 years preceding application for the permit, has been convicted of:
  - (a) Any degree of murder, manslaughter, criminally negligent homicide or assault resulting from the operation of a motor vehicle;
    - (b) Reckless driving, as defined in ORS 811.140;

- (c) Driving while under the influence of intoxicants, as defined in ORS 813.010;
- (d) Failure to perform the duties of a driver involved in an accident or collision, as described in ORS 811.700 or 811.705;
  - (e) Criminal driving while suspended or revoked, as defined in ORS 811.182;
  - (f) Fleeing or attempting to elude a police officer, as defined in ORS 811.540; or
- (g) Aggravated vehicular homicide, as defined in ORS 163.149.
- (2) A conviction arising out of the same episode as the current suspension is not considered a conviction for purposes of subsection (1) of this section.
- (3) The department may not issue a hardship permit to a person whose driving privileges are suspended for a conviction of assault in the second, third or fourth degree:
- (a) For a period of four years from the date the department suspends driving privileges if the person's driving privileges are suspended for conviction of assault in the second degree and the person was not incarcerated for that conviction.
- (b) For a period of four years from the date the person is released from incarceration for the conviction if the person's driving privileges are suspended for conviction of assault in the second degree and the person was incarcerated for that conviction.
- (c) For a period of two years from the date the department suspends driving privileges if the person's driving privileges are suspended for conviction of assault in the third degree and the person was not incarcerated for that conviction.
- (d) For a period of two years from the date the person is released from incarceration for the conviction if the person's driving privileges are suspended for conviction of assault in the third degree and the person was incarcerated for that conviction.
- (e) For a period of six months from the date the department suspends driving privileges if the person's driving privileges are suspended for conviction of assault in the fourth degree and the person is not incarcerated for that conviction.
- (f) For a period of six months from the date the person is released from incarceration for the conviction if the person's driving privileges are suspended for conviction of assault in the fourth degree and the person was incarcerated for that conviction.
- (4) A hardship permit issued to a person whose driving privileges are suspended because of a conviction for assault in the second, third or fourth degree shall limit the person's driving privileges:
- (a) To the times, places, routes and days the department determines to be minimally necessary for the person to seek or retain employment, to attend any [alcohol or drug] **intoxicant** treatment or rehabilitation program or to obtain required medical treatment for the person or a member of the person's immediate family; and
  - (b) To times, places, routes and days that are specifically stated.
- (5) The person's driving privileges under the permit are subject to suspension or revocation if the person does not maintain a good driving record, as defined by the administrative rules of the department, during the term of the permit.
- (6) The department may require the person to complete a driver improvement program under ORS 809.480 as a condition of the permit.
- (7) The department shall condition the permit so that the permit will be revoked if the person

1 is convicted of any of the following:

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- (a) Reckless driving under ORS 811.140.
- (b) Driving while under the influence of intoxicants under ORS 813.010.
- 4 (c) Failure to perform the duties of a driver under ORS 811.700 or 811.705.
  - (d) Fleeing or attempting to elude a police officer under ORS 811.540.
    - (e) Driving while suspended or revoked under ORS 811.175 or 811.182.
- (f) Any degree of murder, manslaughter, criminally negligent homicide or assault resulting from the operation of a motor vehicle.
  - (g) Aggravated vehicular homicide under ORS 163.149.
  - **SECTION 9.** ORS 809.235 is amended to read:
  - 809.235. (1)(a) Notwithstanding ORS 809.409 (2), the court shall order that a person's driving privileges be permanently revoked if the person is convicted of any degree of murder or of manslaughter in the first degree and the court finds that the person intentionally used a motor vehicle as a dangerous weapon resulting in the death of the victim.
  - (b) The court shall order that a person's driving privileges be permanently revoked if the person is convicted of felony driving while under the influence of intoxicants in violation of ORS 813.010 or if the person is convicted for a third or subsequent time of any of the following offenses in any combination:
    - (A) Driving while under the influence of intoxicants in violation of:
  - (i) ORS 813.010; or
    - (ii) The statutory counterpart to ORS 813.010 in another jurisdiction.
  - (B) A driving under the influence of intoxicants offense in another jurisdiction that involved the impaired driving of a vehicle due to the use of [intoxicating liquor, a controlled substance, an inhalant or any combination thereof] an intoxicant or a combination of intoxicants.
  - (C) A driving offense in another jurisdiction that involved operating a vehicle while having a blood alcohol content above that jurisdiction's permissible blood alcohol content.
  - (c) For the purposes of paragraph (b) of this subsection, a conviction for a driving offense in another jurisdiction based solely on a person under 21 years of age having a blood alcohol content that is lower than the permissible blood alcohol content in that jurisdiction for a person 21 years of age or older does not constitute a prior conviction.
  - (2)(a) A person whose driving privileges are revoked as described in subsection (1) of this section may file a petition in the circuit court of the county in which the person resides for an order restoring the person's driving privileges. A petition may be filed under this subsection no sooner than 10 years after the person is:
    - (A) Released on parole or post-prison supervision; or
  - (B) Sentenced to probation if the probation is not revoked and the person is thereafter discharged without the imposition of a sentence of imprisonment.
- (b) The district attorney of the county in which the person resides shall be named and served as the respondent in the petition.
- (3) The court shall hold a hearing on a petition filed in accordance with subsection (2) of this section. In determining whether to grant the petition, the court shall consider:
  - (a) The nature of the offense for which driving privileges were revoked.
  - (b) The degree of violence involved in the offense.
- (c) Other criminal and relevant noncriminal behavior of the petitioner both before and after the conviction that resulted in the revocation.

- (d) The recommendation of the person's parole officer, which shall be based in part on a psychological evaluation ordered by the court to determine whether the person is presently a threat to the safety of the public.
  - (e) Any other relevant factors.

(4) If, after a hearing described in subsection (3) of this section, the court is satisfied by clear and convincing evidence that the petitioner is rehabilitated and that the petitioner does not pose a threat to the safety of the public, the court shall order the petitioner's driving privileges restored.

## SECTION 10. ORS 809.265 is amended to read:

- 809.265. (1) Unless the court finds compelling circumstances not to order suspension of driving privileges, the court in which a person is convicted of an offense described in this subsection shall prepare and send to the Department of Transportation, within 24 hours of the conviction, an order of suspension of driving privileges of the person. This subsection applies when a person is convicted of:
  - (a) Any offense involving manufacturing, possession or delivery of controlled substances.
- (b) Driving while under the influence of intoxicants in violation of ORS 813.010 or of a municipal ordinance, if the person was under the influence of an [inhalant or a controlled substance] intoxicant other than alcohol.
- (2) Upon receipt of an order under this section, the department shall take action as directed under ORS 809.280.

#### **SECTION 11.** ORS 809.730 is amended to read:

- 809.730. (1) A motor vehicle may be seized and forfeited if the person operating the vehicle is arrested or issued a citation for driving while under the influence of intoxicants in violation of ORS 813.010 and the person, within three years prior to the arrest or issuance of the citation, has been convicted of:
  - (a) Driving while under the influence of intoxicants in violation of:
- (A) ORS 813.010; or
  - (B) The statutory counterpart to ORS 813.010 in another jurisdiction;
- (b) A driving under the influence of intoxicants offense in another jurisdiction that involved the impaired driving of a vehicle due to the use of [intoxicating liquor, a controlled substance, an inhalant or any combination thereof] an intoxicant or a combination of intoxicants;
- (c) A driving offense in another jurisdiction that involved operating a vehicle while having a blood alcohol content above that jurisdiction's permissible blood alcohol content;
- (d) Murder, manslaughter, criminally negligent homicide or assault that resulted from the operation of a motor vehicle in this state or in another jurisdiction; or
  - (e) Aggravated vehicular homicide under ORS 163.149.
- (2) For the purposes of subsection (1) of this section, a conviction for a driving offense in another jurisdiction based solely on a person under 21 years of age having a blood alcohol content that is lower than the permissible blood alcohol content in that jurisdiction for a person 21 years of age or older does not constitute a prior conviction.
- (3) All seizure and forfeiture proceedings under this section shall be conducted in accordance with ORS chapter 475A.

#### **SECTION 12.** ORS 813.010 is amended to read:

- 813.010. (1) A person commits the offense of driving while under the influence of intoxicants if the person drives a vehicle while the person:
- (a) Has 0.08 percent or more by weight of alcohol in the blood of the person as shown by

- chemical analysis of the breath or blood of the person made under ORS 813.100, 813.140 or 813.150;
- (b) Is under the influence of [intoxicating liquor, a controlled substance or an inhalant] an intoxicant; or
- (c) Is under the influence of any combination of [intoxicating liquor, an inhalant and a controlled substance] intoxicants.
- (2) A person may not be convicted of driving while under the influence of intoxicants on the basis of being under the influence of [a controlled substance or an inhalant] an intoxicant other than alcohol unless the fact that the person was under the influence of [a controlled substance or an inhalant] an intoxicant is pleaded in the accusatory instrument and is either proved at trial or is admitted by the person through a guilty plea.
- (3) A person convicted of the offense described in this section is subject to ORS 813.020 in addition to this section.
- (4) Except as provided in subsection (5) of this section, the offense described in this section, driving while under the influence of intoxicants, is a Class A misdemeanor and is applicable upon any premises open to the public.
- (5)(a) Driving while under the influence of intoxicants is a Class C felony if the current offense was committed in a motor vehicle and the defendant has been convicted, at least three times in the 10 years prior to the date of the current offense, of any of the following offenses in any combination:
  - (A) Driving while under the influence of intoxicants in violation of:
  - (i) This section; or

- (ii) The statutory counterpart to this section in another jurisdiction.
- (B) A driving under the influence of intoxicants offense in another jurisdiction that involved the impaired driving or operation of a vehicle, an aircraft or a boat due to the use of [intoxicating liquor, a controlled substance, an inhalant or any combination thereof] an intoxicant or combination of intoxicants.
- (C) A driving offense in another jurisdiction that involved operating a vehicle, an aircraft or a boat while having a blood alcohol content above that jurisdiction's permissible blood alcohol content.
- (b) For the purposes of paragraph (a) of this subsection, a conviction for a driving offense in another jurisdiction based solely on a person under 21 years of age having a blood alcohol content that is lower than the permissible blood alcohol content in that jurisdiction for a person 21 years of age or older does not constitute a prior conviction.
- (6) In addition to any other sentence that may be imposed, the court shall impose a fine on a person convicted of driving while under the influence of intoxicants as follows:
  - (a) For a person's first conviction, a minimum of \$1,000.
  - (b) For a person's second conviction, a minimum of \$1,500.
- (c) For a person's third or subsequent conviction, a minimum of \$2,000 if the person is not sentenced to a term of imprisonment.
- (7) Notwithstanding ORS 161.635, \$10,000 is the maximum fine that a court may impose on a person convicted of driving while under the influence of intoxicants if:
  - (a) The current offense was committed in a motor vehicle; and
- (b) There was a passenger in the motor vehicle who was under 18 years of age and was at least three years younger than the person driving the motor vehicle.
- **SECTION 13.** ORS 813.021 is amended to read:
- 45 813.021. (1) When a court, in accordance with ORS 813.020, requires a person to complete a

screening interview and a treatment program, the court shall require the person to do all of the following:

- (a) Complete a screening interview for the purpose of determining appropriate placement of the person in a program for treatment for [alcoholism, drug dependency or dependency on inhalants] dependency on intoxicants.
  - (b) Pay directly to the agency or organization conducting the screening interview a fee of \$150.
  - (c) Complete the treatment program to which the person is referred.
  - (d) Pay for the treatment program to which the person is referred.
- (2) The screening interview required by this section shall be conducted by an agency or organization designated by the court. The designated agency or organization must meet the standards set by the Director of Human Services to conduct the screening interviews. Wherever possible a court shall designate agencies or organizations to perform the screening interview that are separate from those that may be designated to carry out a treatment program.
- (3) An agency or organization doing a screening interview under this section may not refer a person to a treatment program that has not been approved by the Director of Human Services.
- (4) The agency or organization conducting a screening interview under this section shall monitor the progress of the person referred to the agency or organization. The agency or organization shall make a report to the referring court stating the person's successful completion or failure to complete all or any part of the screening interview or of the treatment program to which the person was referred by the agency or organization. The report shall be in a form determined by agreement between the court and the agency or organization.

#### **SECTION 14.** ORS 813.040 is amended to read:

813.040. This section establishes, for purposes of ORS 471.432, 807.060 and 813.500, when a person has a problem condition involving [alcohol, inhalants or controlled substances] intoxicants. For purposes of ORS 471.432, 807.060 and 813.500, a person has a problem condition involving [alcohol, inhalants or controlled substances] intoxicants if it is determined that the person has a problem condition in which the person's health or that of others is substantially impaired or endangered or the person's social or economic function is substantially disrupted because of the person's:

- (1) Habitual or periodic use of [alcoholic beverages] alcohol; or
- (2) Use of or loss of the ability to control the use of [controlled substances, inhalants or other substances with] intoxicants other than alcohol that have abuse potential including a condition that may have developed:
- (a) A physical dependence in which the body requires a continuing supply of [a drug, inhalant or controlled substance] an intoxicant to avoid characteristic withdrawal symptoms; or
- (b) A psychological dependence characterized by an overwhelming mental desire for continued use of [a drug, inhalant or controlled substance] an intoxicant.

# SECTION 15. ORS 813.100 is amended to read:

813.100. (1) Any person who operates a motor vehicle upon premises open to the public or the highways of this state shall be deemed to have given consent, subject to the implied consent law, to a chemical test of the person's breath, or of the person's blood if the person is receiving medical care in a health care facility immediately after a motor vehicle accident, for the purpose of determining the [alcoholic] alcohol content of the person's blood if the person is arrested for driving a motor vehicle while under the influence of intoxicants in violation of ORS 813.010 or of a municipal ordinance. A test shall be administered upon the request of a police officer having reasonable grounds to believe the person arrested to have been driving while under the influence of intoxicants

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in violation of ORS 813.010 or of a municipal ordinance. Before the test is administered the person requested to take the test shall be informed of consequences and rights as described under ORS 813.130.

- (2) No chemical test of the person's breath or blood shall be given, under subsection (1) of this section, to a person under arrest for driving a motor vehicle while under the influence of intoxicants in violation of ORS 813.010 or of a municipal ordinance, if the person refuses the request of a police officer to submit to the chemical test after the person has been informed of consequences and rights as described under ORS 813.130.
- (3) If a person refuses to take a test under this section or if a breath test under this section discloses that the person, at the time of the test, had a level of alcohol in the person's blood that constitutes being under the influence of [intoxicating liquor] alcohol under ORS 813.300, the person's driving privileges are subject to suspension under ORS 813.410 and the police officer shall do all of the following:
- (a) Immediately take custody of any driver license or permit issued by this state to the person to grant driving privileges.
- (b) Provide the person with a written notice of intent to suspend, on forms prepared and provided by the Department of Transportation. The written notice shall inform the person of consequences and rights as described under ORS 813.130.
- (c) If the person qualifies under ORS 813.110, issue to the person, on behalf of the department, a temporary driving permit described under ORS 813.110.
- (d) Within a period of time required by the department by rule, report action taken under this section to the department and prepare and cause to be delivered to the department a report as described in ORS 813.120, along with the confiscated license or permit and a copy of the notice of intent to suspend.
- (4) If a blood test under this section discloses that the person, at the time of the test, had a level of alcohol in the person's blood that constitutes being under the influence of [intoxicating liquor] alcohol under ORS 813.300, the person's driving privileges are subject to suspension under ORS 813.410 and the police officer shall report to the department within 45 days of the date of arrest that the person failed the blood test.

# SECTION 16. ORS 813.120 is amended to read:

- 813.120. (1) A report required by ORS 813.100 shall disclose substantially all of the following information:
- (a) Whether the person, at the time the person was requested to submit to a test, was under arrest for driving a motor vehicle while under the influence of intoxicants in violation of ORS 813.010 or of a municipal ordinance.
- (b) Whether the police officer had reasonable grounds to believe, at the time the request was made, that the person arrested had been driving under the influence of intoxicants in violation of ORS 813.010 or of a municipal ordinance.
- (c) Whether the person refused to submit to a test or if the person submitted to a breath or blood test whether the level of alcohol in the person's blood, as shown by the test, was sufficient to constitute being under the influence of [intoxicating liquor] alcohol under ORS 813.300.
- (d) Whether the person was driving a commercial motor vehicle and refused to submit to a test or if the person submitted to a breath or blood test whether the level of alcohol in the person's blood, as shown by the test, was 0.04 percent or more by weight.
  - (e) Whether the person was informed of consequences and rights as described under ORS

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1 813.130.

- (f) Whether the person was given written notice of intent to suspend required by ORS 813.100 (3)(b).
- (g) If the arrested person took a test, a statement that the person conducting the test was appropriately qualified.
  - (h) If the arrested person took a test, a statement that any methods, procedures and equipment used in the test comply with any requirements under ORS 813.160.
  - (2) A report required by ORS 813.100 may be made in one or more forms specified by the Department of Transportation.

#### **SECTION 17.** ORS 813.131 is amended to read:

- 813.131. (1) Any person who operates a motor vehicle upon premises open to the public or the highways of this state shall be deemed to have given consent, subject to the Motorist Implied Consent Law, to a chemical test of the person's urine for the purpose of determining the presence of [a controlled substance or an inhalant] an intoxicant other than alcohol in the person's body if the person is arrested for driving while under the influence of intoxicants in violation of ORS 813.010 or of a municipal ordinance and either:
- (a) The person takes the breath test described in ORS 813.100 and the test discloses a blood alcohol content of less than 0.08 percent; or
- (b) The person is involved in an accident resulting in injury or property damage. A urine test may be requested under this paragraph regardless of whether a breath test has been requested and regardless of the results of a breath test, if one is taken.
- (2) A police officer may not request a urine test unless the officer is certified by the Board on Public Safety Standards and Training as having completed at least eight hours of training in recognition of [drug] intoxicant impaired driving and the officer has a reasonable suspicion that the person arrested has been driving while under the influence of [a controlled substance, an inhalant] an intoxicant other than alcohol or any combination of [an inhalant, a controlled substance and intoxicating liquor] intoxicants.
- (3) A person asked to give a urine sample shall be given privacy and may not be observed by a police officer when producing the sample.
- (4) A chemical analysis of a person's urine under this section shall be performed in an accredited or licensed toxicology laboratory.

# SECTION 18. ORS 813.140 is amended to read:

- 813.140. Nothing in ORS 813.100 is intended to preclude the administration of a chemical test described in this section. A police officer may obtain a chemical test of the blood to determine the amount of alcohol in any person's blood or a test of the person's blood or urine, or both, to determine the presence of [a controlled substance or an inhalant] an intoxicant other than alcohol in the person as provided in the following:
  - (1) If, when requested by a police officer, the person expressly consents to such a test.
- (2) Notwithstanding subsection (1) of this section, from a person without the person's consent if:
- (a) The police officer has probable cause to believe that the person was driving while under the influence of intoxicants and that evidence of the offense will be found in the person's blood or urine; and
- (b) The person is unconscious or otherwise in a condition rendering the person incapable of expressly consenting to the test or tests requested.

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## SECTION 19. ORS 813.150 is amended to read:

813.150. In addition to a chemical test of the breath, blood or urine administered under ORS 813.100 or 813.140, upon the request of a police officer, a person shall be permitted upon request, at the person's own expense, reasonable opportunity to have any licensed physician and surgeon, licensed professional nurse or qualified technician, chemist or other qualified person of the person's own choosing administer a chemical test or tests of the person's breath or blood for the purpose of determining the [alcoholic] alcohol content of the person's blood or a chemical test or tests of the person's blood or urine, or both, for the purpose of determining the presence of [a controlled substance or an inhalant] an intoxicant other than alcohol in the person. The failure or inability to obtain such a test or tests by a person shall not preclude the admission of evidence relating to a test or tests taken upon the request of a police officer.

## SECTION 20. ORS 813.200 is amended to read:

813.200. (1) The court shall inform at arraignment a defendant charged with the offense of driving while under the influence of intoxicants as defined in ORS 813.010 or a city ordinance conforming thereto that a diversion agreement may be available if the defendant meets the criteria set out in ORS 813.215 and files with the court a petition for a driving while under the influence of intoxicants diversion agreement.

- (2) The petition forms for a driving while under the influence of intoxicants diversion agreement shall be available to a defendant at the court.
- (3) The form of the petition for a driving while under the influence of intoxicants diversion agreement and the information and blanks contained therein shall be determined by the Supreme Court under ORS 1.525. The petition forms made available to a defendant by any city or state court shall conform to the requirements adopted by the Supreme Court.
- (4) In addition to any other information required by the Supreme Court to be contained in a petition for a driving while under the influence of intoxicants diversion agreement, the petition shall include:
- (a) A plea of guilty or no contest to the charge of driving while under the influence of intoxicants signed by the defendant;
- (b) An agreement by the defendant to complete at an agency or organization designated by the city or state court a diagnostic assessment to determine the possible existence and degree of an [alcohol or drug] intoxicant abuse problem;
- (c) An agreement by the defendant to complete, at defendant's own expense based on defendant's ability to pay, the program of treatment indicated as necessary by the diagnostic assessment;
- (d) An agreement by the defendant to not use intoxicants in conjunction with the defendant's operation of a motor vehicle and to comply fully with the laws of this state designed to discourage the use of intoxicants in conjunction with motor vehicle operation;
- (e) A notice to the defendant that the diversion agreement will be considered to be violated if the court receives notice that the defendant at any time during the diversion period committed the offense of driving while under the influence of intoxicants or committed a violation of ORS 811.170;
- (f) An agreement by the defendant to keep the court advised of the defendant's current mailing address at all times during the diversion period;
- (g) A waiver by the defendant of any former jeopardy rights under the federal and state Constitutions and ORS 131.505 to 131.525 in any subsequent action upon the charge or any other offenses based upon the same criminal episode;
  - (h) A sworn statement, as defined in ORS 162.055, by the defendant certifying that the defendant

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meets the criteria set out in ORS 813.215 to be eligible to enter into the driving while under the influence of intoxicants diversion agreement; and

(i) An agreement by the defendant to pay court-appointed attorney fees as determined by the court.

#### **SECTION 21.** ORS 813.215 is amended to read:

813.215. (1) A defendant is eligible for diversion if the defendant meets all of the following conditions:

- (a) On the date the defendant filed the petition for a driving while under the influence of intoxicants diversion agreement, the defendant had no charge, other than the charge for the present offense, pending for:
  - (A) An offense of driving while under the influence of intoxicants in violation of:
  - (i) ORS 813.010; or

- (ii) The statutory counterpart to ORS 813.010 in another jurisdiction;
- (B) A driving under the influence of intoxicants offense in another jurisdiction that involved the impaired driving of a vehicle due to the use of [intoxicating liquor, a controlled substance, an inhalant or any combination thereof] an intoxicant or a combination of intoxicants; or
- (C) A driving offense in another jurisdiction that involved operating a vehicle while having a blood alcohol content above that jurisdiction's permissible blood alcohol content.
- (b) The defendant has not been convicted of an offense described in paragraph (a) of this subsection within the period beginning 10 years before the date of the commission of the present offense and ending on the date the defendant filed the petition for a driving while under the influence of intoxicants diversion agreement.
  - (c) The defendant has not been convicted of a felony offense described in ORS 813.010 (5)(a).
- (d) The defendant was not participating in a driving while under the influence of intoxicants diversion program or in any similar [alcohol or drug] intoxicant rehabilitation program, other than a program entered into as a result of the charge for the present offense, in this state or in another jurisdiction on the date the defendant filed the petition for a driving while under the influence of intoxicants diversion agreement.
- (e) The defendant did not participate in a diversion or rehabilitation program described in paragraph (d) of this subsection, other than a program entered into as a result of the charge for the present offense, within the period beginning 10 years before the date of the commission of the present offense and ending on the date the defendant filed the petition for a driving while under the influence of intoxicants diversion agreement.
- (f) The defendant had no charge of an offense of aggravated vehicular homicide or of murder, manslaughter, criminally negligent homicide or assault that resulted from the operation of a motor vehicle pending in this state or in another jurisdiction on the date the defendant filed the petition for a driving while under the influence of intoxicants diversion agreement.
- (g) The defendant has not been convicted of an offense described in paragraph (f) of this subsection within the period beginning 10 years before the date of the commission of the present offense and ending on the date the defendant filed the petition for a driving while under the influence of intoxicants diversion agreement.
- (h) The defendant did not hold a commercial driver license on the date of the commission of the
  - (i) The defendant was not operating a commercial motor vehicle at the time of the offense.
  - (j) The present driving while under the influence of intoxicants offense did not involve an acci-

dent resulting in:

- (A) Death of any person; or
- (B) Physical injury as defined in ORS 161.015 to any person other than the defendant.
- (2) For the purposes of subsection (1)(a) of this section, a conviction for a driving offense in another jurisdiction based solely on a person under 21 years of age having a blood alcohol content that is lower than the permissible blood alcohol content in that jurisdiction for a person 21 years of age or older does not constitute a prior conviction.

## SECTION 22. ORS 813.220 is amended to read:

813.220. After the time for requesting a hearing under ORS 813.210 has expired with no request for a hearing, or after a hearing requested under ORS 813.210, the court shall determine whether to allow or deny a petition for a driving while under the influence of intoxicants diversion agreement. In making a determination under this section, the court:

- (1) Shall consider whether the diversion will be of benefit to the defendant and the community.
- (2) May take into consideration whether there was an early recognition by the defendant during the proceeding that a course of diagnosis and treatment of problem drinking, alcoholism, [or] drug dependency or other intoxicant dependency would be beneficial.
- (3) May take into consideration whether there is a probability that the defendant will cooperate with the diagnostic assessment and treatment agencies.
- (4) May take into consideration whether the defendant will observe the restrictions contained in the diversion agreement.
- (5) May take into consideration whether the offense was committed in a motor vehicle and whether there was a passenger in the motor vehicle who was under 18 years of age and at least three years younger than the defendant.
- (6) Shall deny the petition for a driving while under the influence of intoxicants diversion agreement if the defendant failed to appear at an arraignment on the present offense without good cause
- (7) Shall deny the petition for a driving while under the influence of intoxicants diversion agreement if, after the date the defendant filed the petition, the defendant was charged with or convicted of:
  - (a) An offense of driving while under the influence of intoxicants in violation of:
  - (A) ORS 813.010; or
  - (B) The statutory counterpart to ORS 813.010 in another jurisdiction;
- (b) A driving under the influence of intoxicants offense in another jurisdiction that involved the impaired driving of a vehicle due to the use of [intoxicating liquor, a controlled substance, an inhalant or any combination thereof] an intoxicant or a combination of intoxicants; or
- (c) A driving offense in another jurisdiction that involved operating a vehicle while having a blood alcohol content above that jurisdiction's permissible blood alcohol content.
- (8) Shall deny the petition for a driving while under the influence of intoxicants diversion agreement if the defendant participated in a driving while under the influence of intoxicants diversion program or in any similar [alcohol or drug] intoxicant rehabilitation program, other than a program entered into as a result of the charge for the present offense, in this state or in another jurisdiction after the date the defendant filed the petition.
- (9) Shall deny the petition for a driving while under the influence of intoxicants diversion agreement if the defendant was charged with or convicted of an offense of aggravated vehicular homicide or of murder, manslaughter, criminally negligent homicide or assault that resulted from the

- operation of a motor vehicle in this state or in another jurisdiction after the date the defendant filed the petition.
- (10) Shall deny the petition for a driving while under the influence of intoxicants diversion agreement if the defendant has been convicted of a felony offense described in ORS 813.010 (5)(a).
- (11) For the purposes of subsection (7) of this section, may not consider a conviction for a driving offense in another jurisdiction based solely on a person under 21 years of age having a blood alcohol content that is lower than the permissible blood alcohol content in that jurisdiction for a person 21 years of age or older as a prior conviction.

#### **SECTION 23.** ORS 813.260 is amended to read:

- 813.260. (1) Courts having jurisdiction over driving while under the influence of intoxicants offenses shall designate agencies or organizations to perform the diagnostic assessment and treatment required under driving while under the influence of intoxicants diversion agreements described in ORS 813.200. The designated agencies or organizations must meet the standards set by the Director of Human Services to perform the diagnostic assessment and treatment of problem drinking, alcoholism, [and] drug dependency and other intoxicant dependency and must be certified by the Director of Human Services. Wherever possible a court shall designate agencies or organizations to perform the diagnostic assessment that are separate from those that may be designated to carry out a program of treatment.
- (2) Monitoring of a defendant's progress under a diversion agreement shall be the responsibility of the diagnostic assessment agency or organization. It shall make a report to the court stating the defendant's successful completion or failure to complete all or any part of the treatment program specified by the diagnostic assessment. The form of the report shall be determined by agreement between the court and the diagnostic assessment agency or organization. The court shall make the report of the diagnostic assessment agency or organization that is required by this subsection a part of the record of the case.

## SECTION 24. ORS 813.270 is amended to read:

- 813.270. The Intoxicated Driver Program Fund is created to consist of moneys placed in the fund under ORS 813.030 and 813.240 or as otherwise provided by law and of gifts and grants made to the fund for carrying out the purposes of the fund. The moneys in the fund may be used only for the following purposes:
- (1) To pay for providing treatment for individuals who enter diversion agreements under ORS 813.200 and who are found to be indigent. Payment for treatment under this subsection may include treatment for problem drinking, alcoholism, [or] drug dependency or other intoxicant dependency. Payment shall be made as provided by the Director of Human Services by rule to agencies or organizations providing treatment.
  - (2) To pay for evaluation as provided by law of programs used for diversion agreements.
  - (3) To pay the cost of administration of the fund by the Director of Human Services.
- (4) To pay for materials, resources and training supplied by the Director of Human Services to those persons, organizations or agencies performing the diagnostic assessments or providing education or treatment to persons under diversion agreements.
- (5) To pay for providing treatment programs required under ORS 813.020 and treatment or information programs required under ORS 471.432 for individuals who are found to be indigent.
- (6) To pay for special services required to enable a person with a disability, or a person whose proficiency in the use of English is limited because of the person's national origin, to participate in treatment programs that are used for diversion agreements under ORS 813.200 or are required under

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ORS 813.020. This subsection applies:

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- (a) Whether or not the person is indigent; and
- (b) Only to special services required solely because of the person's disability or limited proficiency in the use of English.

## **SECTION 25.** ORS 813.300 is amended to read:

813.300. (1) At the trial of any civil or criminal action, suit or proceeding arising out of the acts committed by a person driving a motor vehicle while under the influence of intoxicants, if the amount of alcohol in the person's blood at the time alleged is less than 0.08 percent by weight of alcohol as shown by chemical analysis of the person's breath or blood, it is indirect evidence that may be used with other evidence, if any, to determine whether or not the person was then under the influence of intoxicants.

- (2) Not less than 0.08 percent by weight of alcohol in a person's blood constitutes being under the influence of [intoxicating liquor] alcohol.
- (3) Notwithstanding subsection (2) of this section, for purposes of the Motorist Implied Consent Law as defined in ORS 801.010, for a person who is under 21 years of age, any amount of alcohol in the blood constitutes being under the influence of [intoxicating liquor] alcohol.
- (4) Percent by weight of alcohol in the blood shall be based upon grams of alcohol per one hundred cubic centimeters of blood.

## SECTION 26. ORS 813.420 is amended to read:

- 813.420. When the Department of Transportation imposes a suspension under ORS 813.410, the suspension shall be for a period of time determined according to the following:
- (1) If the suspension is for refusal of a test under ORS 813.100 and the person is not subject to an increase in the suspension time for reasons described in ORS 813.430, the suspension shall be for a period of one year.
- (2) If the suspension is for refusal of a test under ORS 813.100 and the person is subject to an increase in the suspension time for reasons described in ORS 813.430, the suspension shall be for a period of three years.
- (3) If the suspension is because a breath or blood test under ORS 813.100 disclosed that the person had a level of alcohol in the person's blood that constituted being under the influence of [intoxicating liquor] alcohol under ORS 813.300 and the person is not subject to an increase in the suspension time for reasons described in ORS 813.430, the suspension shall be for a period of 90 days.
- (4) If the suspension is because a breath or blood test under ORS 813.100 disclosed that the person had a level of alcohol in the person's blood that constituted being under the influence of [intoxicating liquor] alcohol under ORS 813.300 and the person is subject to an increase in the suspension time for reasons described in ORS 813.430, the suspension shall be for a period of one year.

## **SECTION 27.** ORS 813.430 is amended to read:

- 813.430. This section establishes circumstances under which ORS 813.420 requires an increase in the time for suspension of driving privileges and under which ORS 813.520 requires an increase in the time before the Department of Transportation may issue a hardship permit. A person is subject to an increase in suspension time under this section if any of the following apply:
- (1) The person is presently participating in a driving while under the influence of intoxicants diversion program in this state or in any similar [alcohol or drug] **intoxicant** rehabilitation program in this or another jurisdiction.
  - (2) Within the five years preceding the date of arrest any of the following occurred:

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- 1 (a) A suspension of the person's driving privileges under ORS 813.410 or 482.540 (1981 Replace-2 ment Part) became effective.
  - (b) The person was convicted of:
- 4 (A) Driving while under the influence of intoxicants in violation of:
- (i) ORS 813.010;

- (ii) The statutory counterpart to ORS 813.010 in another jurisdiction; or
- (iii) A municipal ordinance in this state or another jurisdiction;
- (B) A driving under the influence of intoxicants offense in another jurisdiction that involved the impaired driving of a vehicle due to the use of [intoxicating liquor, a controlled substance, an inhalant or any combination thereof] an intoxicant or a combination of intoxicants; or
- (C) A driving offense in another jurisdiction that involved operating a vehicle while having a blood alcohol content above that jurisdiction's permissible blood alcohol content.
- (c) The person commenced participating in a driving while under the influence of intoxicants diversion program in this state or in any similar [alcohol or drug] **intoxicant** rehabilitation program in this or another jurisdiction.
- (3) For the purposes of subsection (2)(b) of this section, a conviction for a driving offense in another jurisdiction based solely on a person under 21 years of age having a blood alcohol content that is lower than the permissible blood alcohol content in that jurisdiction for a person 21 years of age or older does not constitute a prior conviction.

#### SECTION 28. ORS 813.470 is amended to read:

- 813.470. The Department of Transportation shall make a notation on the driving record of a person indicating that the person was acquitted of a charge of driving under the influence of intoxicants if:
- (1) The person's driving privileges were suspended because a breath or blood test under ORS 813.100 disclosed that the person had a level of alcohol in the person's blood that constituted being under the influence of [intoxicating liquor] alcohol under ORS 813.300;
- (2) An accusatory instrument was filed charging the person with driving under the influence of intoxicants in violation of ORS 813.010 arising out of the same incident that led to the suspension of the person's driving privileges;
  - (3) The person was acquitted of the charge; and
- (4) The person presents the department with a certified copy of the judgment of acquittal from the court clearly showing the location of the court, the date of the arrest and the findings of the court.

## SECTION 29. ORS 813.500 is amended to read:

- 813.500. (1) If a person's license is suspended for driving while under the influence of intoxicants under ORS 813.400 and the suspension period is determined by ORS 809.428 (2)(b) or (c), the Department of Transportation may only issue a hardship permit to the person under ORS 807.240 if the person, in addition to any requirement under ORS 807.240 and any applicable requirements under ORS 807.250 and 813.520:
- (a) Is examined by the Director of Human Services or its designee to determine whether the person has a problem condition involving [alcohol, inhalants or controlled substances] intoxicants as described in ORS 813.040; and
  - (b) Complies with the requirements of this section.
- (2) If the Director of Human Services determines that the person has a problem condition involving [alcohol, inhalants or controlled substances] intoxicants, as described in ORS 813.040, the

department may issue the permit to the person only if both the following apply:

- (a) The person enrolled in a program for rehabilitation for [alcoholism or drug dependence] intoxicant dependency approved by the Director of Human Services.
- (b) The Director of Human Services recommends, on the basis of the person's progress in the rehabilitation program, such reinstatement in writing to the department. If the Director of Human Services makes a recommendation under this paragraph, the Director of Human Services shall state specifically in the recommendation the times, places, routes and days of the week minimally necessary for the person to seek or retain employment, to attend any [alcohol or drug] intoxicant treatment or rehabilitation program or to obtain necessary medical treatment for the person or a member of the person's immediate family.
- (3) If the Director of Human Services determines that the person does not have a problem condition involving [alcohol, inhalants or controlled substances] intoxicants as described in ORS 813.040, the department may issue the permit to the person only if, in addition to any requirements under ORS 807.240, the person enters an [alcohol or drug] intoxicant information program approved by the Director of Human Services and the department determines that issuance of a permit is appropriate. If the department issues a permit to a person described in this subsection, the department shall require, under ORS 807.240, that the person complete the program as a condition of retaining the permit.

#### **SECTION 30.** ORS 813.510 is amended to read:

813.510. This section establishes limitations that the Department of Transportation is required or permitted to place on hardship permits issued under ORS 807.240 to persons whose suspension is based upon a conviction for driving under the influence of intoxicants or upon ORS 813.100. Limitations placed on a hardship permit under this section are in addition to any limitations placed on the permit under ORS 807.240. A person's permit is subject to suspension or revocation as provided under ORS 807.240 if the department determines that the holder of the permit has violated any limitation placed upon the permit under this section. Violation of a limitation under this section is punishable as provided by ORS 811.175 or 811.182. The limitations are as described in the following:

- (1) A hardship permit issued to the person shall limit the person's driving privileges:
- (a) To the times, places, routes and days the department determines to be minimally necessary for the person to seek or retain employment, to attend any [alcohol or drug] **intoxicant** treatment or rehabilitation program or to obtain required medical treatment for the person or a member of the person's immediate family; and
  - (b) To times, places, routes and days that are specifically stated.
- (2) The person's driving privileges under the permit are subject to suspension or revocation if the person does not maintain a good driving record, as defined by the administrative rules of the department, during the term of the permit.
- (3) If the person is in a rehabilitation program under ORS 813.500, the person must complete the rehabilitation program.
- (4) The department may require the person to complete a driver improvement program under ORS 809.480 as a condition of the permit.
- (5) If the person is involved in a diversion agreement under ORS 813.220 and 813.230, the department may require the person to successfully complete the diversion program as a condition of retaining the permit.
- (6) The department shall condition the permit so that the permit will be revoked if the person is convicted of any of the following:

1 (a) Reckless driving under ORS 811.140.

- 2 (b) Driving under the influence of intoxicants under ORS 813.010.
- 3 (c) Failure to perform the duties of a driver under ORS 811.700 or 811.705.
- 4 (d) Fleeing or attempting to elude a police officer under ORS 811.540.
  - (e) Driving while suspended or revoked under ORS 811.175 or 811.182.
  - **SECTION 31.** ORS 813.520 is amended to read:

813.520. In addition to any provisions of ORS 807.240 and 813.510 or 807.250, this section establishes limitations on the authority of the Department of Transportation to issue driving privileges under ORS 807.240. The department may not reinstate any driving privileges or issue any hardship permit under ORS 807.240 as provided under any of the following:

- (1) For a period of 90 days after the beginning of the suspension if the suspension is for refusal of a test under ORS 813.100 and the person is not subject to an increase in the time before a permit may be issued for reasons described in ORS 813.430. This period of 90 days shall be reduced by the time the department refused to issue a hardship permit under subsection (5) or (6) of this section if the person's driving privileges were suspended based on the same occurrence.
- (2) For a period of 30 days after the beginning of the suspension if the suspension is because a breath or blood test under ORS 813.100 disclosed that the person had a level of alcohol in the person's blood that constituted being under the influence of [intoxicating liquor] alcohol under ORS 813.300 and the person is not subject to an increase in the time before a hardship permit may be issued for reasons described in ORS 813.430. This period of 30 days shall be reduced by the time the department refused to issue a hardship permit under subsection (5) or (6) of this section if the person's driving privileges were suspended based on the same occurrence.
- (3) For a period of one year after the beginning of the suspension if the suspension is because a breath or blood test under ORS 813.100 disclosed that the person had a level of alcohol in the person's blood that constituted being under the influence of [intoxicating liquor] alcohol under ORS 813.300 and the person is subject to an increase in the time before a hardship permit may be issued for reasons described under ORS 813.430. This period of one year shall be reduced by the time the department refused to issue a hardship permit under subsection (5) or (6) of this section if the person's driving privileges were suspended based on the same occurrence.
- (4) For a period of one year after the beginning of the suspension if the suspension is for refusal of a test under ORS 813.100 and the person is subject to an increase in the time before a hardship permit may be issued for reasons described in ORS 813.430. This period of one year shall be reduced by the time the department refused to issue a hardship permit under subsection (5) or (6) of this section if the person's driving privileges were suspended based on the same occurrence.
- (5) For a period of 90 days after the beginning of the suspension under ORS 813.400 if it is the person's second conviction for driving while under the influence of intoxicants if the suspension period is determined by ORS 809.428 (2)(b). This period of 90 days shall be reduced by the time the department refused to issue a hardship permit under subsection (1), (2), (3) or (4) of this section if the person's driving privileges were suspended based on the same occurrence.
- (6) For a period of one year after the beginning of the suspension under ORS 813.400 for driving while under the influence of intoxicants if the suspension period is determined by ORS 809.428 (2)(c). This period of one year shall be reduced by the time the department refused to issue a hardship permit under subsection (1), (2), (3) or (4) of this section if the person's driving privileges were suspended based on the same occurrence.
  - (7) To any person who has a mental or physical condition or impairment that affects the person's

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- ability to safely operate a motor vehicle.
  - (8) If the suspension is based upon a conviction for a violation of ORS 813.010 or is imposed under ORS 813.410 based upon ORS 813.100 to a person who has available public or private transportation sufficient to fulfill the person's transportation needs while the person is suspended.
  - (9) For a period of 30 days following imposition of suspension, if the person, within the previous year, has been convicted of a traffic crime and the suspension is based upon a conviction for violation of ORS 813.010 or is imposed under ORS 813.410 based upon ORS 813.100.

# SECTION 32. ORS 821.250 is amended to read:

- 821.250. (1) A person commits the offense of permitting dangerous operation of a snowmobile or an all-terrain vehicle if the person is the owner or other person having charge or control of a snowmobile or an all-terrain vehicle and the person knowingly authorizes or permits any person to operate the vehicle across a highway who is:
  - (a) Incapable by reason of age, physical or mental disability; or
- (b) Under the influence of [intoxicating liquor, inhalants or controlled substances] an intoxicant.
- (2) In addition to other penalties provided by this section, operators or owners may be liable as provided under ORS 821.310.
- (3) The offense described in this section, permitting dangerous operation of a snowmobile or an all-terrain vehicle, is a Class A traffic violation.

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