# Senate Bill 522

Sponsored by Senator PROZANSKI

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#### **SUMMARY**

The following summary is not prepared by the sponsors of the measure and is not a part of the body thereof subject to consideration by the Legislative Assembly. It is an editor's brief statement of the essential features of the measure **as introduced.** 

Directs State Board of Education to adopt rules for administration of interscholastic activities. Directs Superintendent of Public Instruction to administer interscholastic activities, establish interscholastic activity districts and determine placement of schools in those districts. Allows school to request placement in another interscholastic activity district.

Declares emergency, effective on passage.

Relating to interscholastic activities; creating new provisions; amending ORS 326.051, 332.075, 332.593, 336.479, 339.250 and 339.315; repealing ORS 339.430; and declaring an emergency.

Be It Enacted by the People of the State of Oregon:

SECTION 1. (1) As used in this section, "interscholastic activity" means a kindergarten through grade 12 public or private school activity with optional student participation which complements the curriculum, encourages students' physical, academic or social development, is supervised by school personnel and generally is conducted outside the instructional day. "Interscholastic activity" includes, but is not limited to, athletics, music, speech and other related activities. "Interscholastic activity" does not include activities that utilize school facilities as authorized under ORS 332.172.

- (2) The State Board of Education shall adopt by rule:
- (a) Criteria for the creation of interscholastic activity districts;
- (b) Requirements for the participation of students in interscholastic activities; and
- (c) Any other rules necessary for the administration of interscholastic activities.
- (3) Based on the rules adopted by the board, the Superintendent of Public Instruction shall administer interscholastic activities. The superintendent shall:
  - (a) Establish interscholastic activity districts; and
  - (b) Determine the placement of schools in the districts.
- (4) The superintendent may designate a voluntary organization to provide scheduling, programming or other administration of interscholastic activities. The superintendent may seek advice from a voluntary organization on the establishment of interscholastic activity districts and placement of schools in those districts.
- (5) After the superintendent places a school in an interscholastic activity district, a school may make a request to the superintendent that it be placed in another interscholastic activity district.
- (6) A public or private school may participate only in an interscholastic activity district that was established under this section.
  - **SECTION 2.** ORS 326.051 is amended to read:
- 326.051. Subject to ORS 417.300 and 417.305:

**NOTE:** Matter in **boldfaced** type in an amended section is new; matter [italic and bracketed] is existing law to be omitted. New sections are in **boldfaced** type.

- (1) In addition to such other duties as are prescribed by law and pursuant to the requirement of ORS chapter 183, the State Board of Education shall:
- (a) Establish state standards for public kindergartens and public elementary and secondary schools consistent with the policies stated in ORS 326.011.
- (b) Adopt rules for the general governance of public kindergartens and public elementary and secondary schools and public community colleges.
  - (c) Prescribe required or minimum courses of study.

- [(d) Adopt rules regarding school and interscholastic activities in accordance with standards established pursuant to paragraph (f) of this subsection.]
- [(e)] (d) Adopt rules that provide that no public elementary or secondary school shall discriminate in determining participation in interscholastic activities. As used in this paragraph, "discrimination" has the meaning given that term in ORS 659.850.
- [(f) Adopt standards applicable to voluntary organizations that administer interscholastic activities as provided in ORS 339.430.]
- [(g)] (e) Adopt rules that will eliminate the use and purchase of elemental mercury, mercury compounds and mercury-added instructional materials by public elementary and secondary schools.
  - (2) The State Board of Education may:
- (a) Consistent with the laws of this state, accept money or property not otherwise provided for under paragraph (b) of this subsection, which is donated for the use or benefit of the public kindergartens and public elementary and secondary schools and public community colleges and use such money or property for the purpose for which it was donated. Until it is used, the board shall deposit any money received under this paragraph in a special fund with the State Treasurer as provided in ORS 293.265 to 293.275.
- (b) Apply for federal funds and accept and enter into any contracts or agreements in behalf of the state for the receipt of such funds from the federal government or its agencies for educational purposes, including but not limited to any funds available for the school lunch program, for career education purposes, for professional technical educational purposes, for adult education, for manpower programs and any grants available to the state or its political subdivisions for general federal aid for public kindergartens and public elementary and secondary schools and public community colleges and their auxiliary services, improvement of teacher preparation, teacher salaries, construction of school buildings, administration of the Department of Education and any other educational activities under the jurisdiction of the State Board of Education.
- (c) Adopt rules to administer the United States Department of Agriculture's National School Lunch Program and School Breakfast Program for public and private prekindergarten through grade 12 schools and residential child care facilities.
- (3) The State Board of Education shall provide a separate, identifiable place on its agenda six times a year for community college issues. The state board may also consider matters affecting community colleges at any regular or special meeting.

**SECTION 3.** ORS 332.075 is amended to read:

332.075. (1) Any district school board may:

- (a) Fix the days of the year and the hours of the day when schools shall be in session.
- (b) Adopt textbooks and other instructional materials as provided in ORS 337.120 and 337.141 and courses of study for the use of such schools as provided in ORS 336.035.
- (c) Authorize the use of the schools for purposes of training students of an approved teacher education institution, as defined in ORS 342.120, and for such purposes may enter into contracts

with the approved teacher education institutions on such terms as may be agreed upon. Such contracts as they relate to student teachers shall have the same effect and be subject to the same regulations as a contract between a licensed teacher and a district school board.

- (d) Develop and operate with other school districts or community college districts secondary professional technical education programs for pupils of more than one district and fix by agreement the duration of the district's obligation to continue such activity, subject to the availability of funds therefor.
- (e) Authorize the school district to be a member of and pay fees, if any, to any voluntary organization[, approved under ORS 339.430, that administers interscholastic activities or] that facilitates the scheduling, [and] programming or other administration of interscholastic activities, as defined in section 1 of this 2007 Act.
- (f) Accept money or property donated for the use or benefit of the school district and, consistent with the laws of this state, use such money or property for the purpose for which it was donated.
- (2) All contracts of the school district must be approved by the district school board before an order can be drawn for payment. If a contract is made without the authority of the district school board, the individual making such contract shall be personally liable.
- (3) Notwithstanding subsection (2) of this section, a district school board may, by resolution or policy, authorize its superintendent or the superintendent's designee to enter into and approve payment on contracts for products, materials, supplies, capital outlay, equipment and services that are within appropriations made by the district school board pursuant to ORS 294.435. A district school board may not authorize its superintendent or the superintendent's designee under this subsection to enter into and approve payment on contracts that are collective bargaining agreements or service contracts that include the provision of labor performed by employees of the school district.

## SECTION 4. ORS 332.593 is amended to read:

332.593. Each district school board shall adopt policies governing the solicitation and sale of travel services to students enrolled in kindergarten through grade 12. The policies shall address the solicitation and sale of travel services to students on school property under the jurisdiction of the school district, at activities under the jurisdiction of the school district and at interscholastic activities [administered by a voluntary organization approved by the State Board of Education under ORS 339.430] as defined in section 1 of this 2007 Act.

## SECTION 5. ORS 336.479 is amended to read:

- 336.479. (1) As used in this section, "participation" means participation in sports practices and actual interscholastic sports competition.
- (2) Each school district shall require students who participate in extracurricular sports in grades 7 through 12 in the schools of the district to have a physical examination prior to participation. A person conducting the physical examination shall use a form and protocol prescribed by rule of the State Board of Education pursuant to subsection (6) of this section.
- (3) A school district shall require students who continue to participate in extracurricular sports in grades 7 through 12 to have a physical examination once every two years.
- (4) Notwithstanding subsection (3) of this section, a school district shall require a student who is diagnosed with a significant illness or has had a major surgery to have a physical examination prior to further participation in extracurricular sports.
  - (5) Any physical examination required by this section shall be conducted by a:
  - (a) Physician possessing an unrestricted license to practice medicine;
  - (b) Licensed naturopathic physician;

(c) Licensed physician assistant;

- (d) Certified nurse practitioner; or
- (e) Licensed chiropractic physician who has clinical training and experience in detecting cardiopulmonary diseases and defects.
- (6) The State Board of Education shall by rule prescribe the form and protocol to be used for physical examinations required by this section. [The board shall consult with a voluntary organization approved by the State Board of Education under ORS 339.430 in adopting rules under this section.]

#### **SECTION 6.** ORS 339.250 is amended to read:

- 339.250. (1) Public school students shall comply with rules for the government of such schools, pursue the prescribed course of study, use the prescribed textbooks and submit to the teachers' authority.
- (2) Pursuant to the written policies of a district school board, an individual who is a teacher, administrator, school employee or school volunteer may use reasonable physical force upon a student when and to the extent the individual reasonably believes it necessary to maintain order in the school or classroom or at a school activity or event, whether or not it is held on school property. The district school board shall adopt written policies to implement this subsection and shall inform such individuals of the existence and content of these policies.
- (3) The district school board may authorize the discipline, suspension or expulsion of any refractory student and may suspend or expel any student who assaults or menaces a school employee or another student. The age of a student and the past pattern of behavior of a student shall be considered prior to a suspension or expulsion of a student. As used in this subsection "menace" means by word or conduct the student intentionally attempts to place a school employee or another student in fear of imminent serious physical injury.
- (4)(a) Willful disobedience, willful damage or injury to school property, use of threats, intimidation, harassment or coercion against any fellow student or school employee, open defiance of a teacher's authority or use or display of profane or obscene language is sufficient cause for discipline, suspension or expulsion from school.
- (b) District school boards shall develop policies on managing students who threaten violence or harm in public schools. The policies adopted by a school district shall include staff reporting methods and shall require an administrator to consider:
- (A) Immediately removing from the classroom setting any student who has threatened to injure another person or to severely damage school property.
- (B) Placing the student in a setting where the behavior will receive immediate attention, including, but not limited to, the office of the school principal, vice principal, assistant principal or counselor or a school psychologist licensed by the Teacher Standards and Practices Commission or the office of any licensed mental health professional.
- (C) Requiring the student to be evaluated by a licensed mental health professional before allowing the student to return to the classroom setting.
- (c) The administrator shall notify the parent or legal guardian of the student's behavior and the school's response.
- (d) District school boards may enter into contracts with licensed mental health professionals to perform the evaluations required under paragraph (b) of this subsection.
- (e) District school boards shall allocate any funds necessary for school districts to implement the policies adopted under paragraph (b) of this subsection.

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- (5) Expulsion of a student shall not extend beyond one calendar year and suspension shall not extend beyond 10 school days.
- (6)(a) Notwithstanding subsection (5) of this section, a school district shall have a policy that requires the expulsion from school for a period of not less than one year of any student who is determined to have:
  - (A) Brought a weapon to a school, to school property under the jurisdiction of the district or to an activity under the jurisdiction of the school district;
  - (B) Possessed, concealed or used a weapon in a school or on school property or at an activity under the jurisdiction of the district; or
  - (C) Brought to or possessed, concealed or used a weapon at an interscholastic activity [administered by a voluntary organization approved by the State Board of Education under ORS 339.430] as defined in section 1 of this 2007 Act.
  - (b) The policy shall allow an exception for courses, programs and activities approved by the school district that are conducted on school property, including but not limited to hunter safety courses, Reserve Officer Training Corps programs, weapons-related sports or weapons-related vocational courses. In addition, the State Board of Education may adopt by rule additional exceptions to be included in school district policies.
  - (c) The policy shall allow a superintendent to modify the expulsion requirement for a student on a case-by-case basis.
  - (d) The policy shall require a referral to the appropriate law enforcement agency of any student who is expelled under this subsection.
    - (e) For purposes of this subsection, "weapon" includes a:
    - (A) "Firearm" as defined in 18 U.S.C. 921;
  - (B) "Dangerous weapon" as defined in ORS 161.015; or
  - (C) "Deadly weapon" as defined in ORS 161.015.
  - (7) The Department of Education shall collect data on any expulsions required pursuant to subsection (6) of this section including:
    - (a) The name of each school;

- (b) The number of students expelled from each school; and
- 30 (c) The types of weapons involved.
  - (8) Notwithstanding ORS 336.010, a school district may require a student to attend school during nonschool hours as an alternative to suspension.
  - (9) Unless a student is under expulsion for an offense that constitutes a violation of a school district policy adopted pursuant to subsection (6) of this section, a school district board shall consider and propose to the student prior to expulsion or leaving school, and document to the parent, legal guardian or person in parental relationship, alternative programs of instruction or instruction combined with counseling for the student that are appropriate and accessible to the student in the following circumstances:
    - (a) When a student is expelled pursuant to subsection (4) of this section;
  - (b) Following a second or subsequent occurrence within any three-year period of a severe disciplinary problem with a student;
    - (c) When it has been determined that a student's attendance pattern is so erratic that the student is not benefiting from the educational program; or
  - (d) When a parent or legal guardian applies for a student's exemption from compulsory attendance on a semiannual basis as provided in ORS 339.030 (2).

- (10) A school district board may consider and propose to a student who is under expulsion or to a student prior to expulsion for an offense that constitutes a violation of a school district policy adopted pursuant to subsection (6) of this section, and document to the parent, legal guardian or person in parental relationship, alternative programs of instruction or instruction combined with counseling for the student that are appropriate and accessible to the student.
- (11) Information on alternative programs provided under subsections (9) and (10) of this section shall be in writing. The information need not be given to the student and the parent, guardian or person in parental relationship more often than once every six months unless the information has changed because of the availability of new programs.
- (12)(a) The authority to discipline a student does not authorize the infliction of corporal punishment. Every resolution, bylaw, rule, ordinance or other act of a district school board, a public charter school or the Department of Education that permits or authorizes the infliction of corporal punishment upon a student is void and unenforceable.
- (b) As used in this subsection, "corporal punishment" means the willful infliction of, or willfully causing the infliction of, physical pain on a student.
  - (c) As used in this subsection, "corporal punishment" does not mean:
  - (A) The use of physical force authorized by ORS 161.205 for the reasons specified therein; or
- (B) Physical pain or discomfort resulting from or caused by participation in athletic competition or other such recreational activity, voluntarily engaged in by a student.

### SECTION 7. ORS 339.315 is amended to read:

339.315. (1)(a) Any employee of a public school district, an education service district or a private school who has reasonable cause to believe that a person, while in a school, is or within the previous 120 days has been in possession of a firearm or destructive device in violation of ORS 166.250, 166.370 or 166.382 shall report the person's conduct immediately to a school administrator, school director, the administrator's or director's designee or law enforcement agency within the county. A school administrator, school director or the administrator's or director's designee, who has reasonable cause to believe that the person, while in a school, is or within the previous 120 days has been in possession of a firearm or destructive device in violation of ORS 166.250, 166.370 or 166.382, shall promptly report the person's conduct to a law enforcement agency within the county. If the school administrator, school director or employee has reasonable cause to believe that a person has been in possession of a firearm or destructive device as described in this paragraph more than 120 days previously, the school administrator, school director or employee may report the person's conduct to a law enforcement agency within the county.

- (b) Anyone participating in the making of a report under paragraph (a) of this subsection who has reasonable grounds for making the report is immune from any liability, civil or criminal, that might otherwise be incurred or imposed with respect to the making or content of the report. Any participant has the same immunity with respect to participating in any judicial proceeding resulting from the report.
- (c) Except as required by ORS 135.805 to 135.873 and 419C.270 (5) or (6), the identity of a person participating in good faith in the making of a report under paragraph (a) of this subsection who has reasonable grounds for making the report is confidential and may not be disclosed by law enforcement agencies, the district attorney or any public or private school administrator, school director or employee.
- (2) When a law enforcement agency receives a report under subsection (1) of this section, the law enforcement agency shall promptly conduct an investigation to determine whether there is

probable cause to believe that the person, while in a school, did possess a firearm or destructive device in violation of ORS 166.250, 166.370 or 166.382.

- (3) As used in this section, "school" means:
- (a) A public or private institution of learning providing instruction at levels kindergarten through grade 12, or their equivalents, or any part thereof;
  - (b) The grounds adjacent to the institution; and
- (c) Any site or premises that at the time is being used exclusively for a student program or activity that is sponsored or sanctioned by the institution, a public school district, an education service district or a voluntary organization [approved by the State Board of Education under ORS 339.430] and that is posted as such.
- (4) For purposes of subsection (3)(c) of this section, a site or premises is posted as such when the sponsoring or sanctioning entity has posted a notice identifying the sponsoring or sanctioning entity and stating, in substance, that the program or activity is a school function and that the possession of firearms or dangerous weapons in or on the site or premises is prohibited under ORS 166.370.

SECTION 8. ORS 339.430 is repealed.

<u>SECTION 9.</u> Section 1 of this 2007 Act, the amendments to ORS 326.051, 332.075, 332.593, 336.479, 339.250 and 339.315 by sections 2 to 7 of this 2007 Act and the repeal of ORS 339.430 by section 8 of this 2007 Act first apply to the 2007-2008 school year.

<u>SECTION 10.</u> This 2007 Act being necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health and safety, an emergency is declared to exist, and this 2007 Act takes effect on its passage.