## A-Engrossed Senate Bill 432

Ordered by the Senate March 15 Including Senate Amendments dated March 15

Sponsored by Senator VERGER; Senator JOHNSON, Representatives BOONE, COWAN, KRIEGER, MORGAN, ROBLAN, WITT

## SUMMARY

The following summary is not prepared by the sponsors of the measure and is not a part of the body thereof subject to consideration by the Legislative Assembly. It is an editor's brief statement of the essential features of the measure.

Allows shipbreaking in Oregon only in dry dock. Prohibits shipbreaking in [territorial sea] waters of this state at pier or dismantling slip. Allows dismantling or removal of shipwreck if Department of State Lands determines that moving shipwreck to dry dock is impracticable. Declares emergency, effective on passage.

## A BILL FOR AN ACT

2 Relating to shipbreaking; and declaring an emergency.

**3 Be It Enacted by the People of the State of Oregon:** 

4 **SECTION 1. (1)** As used in this section:

5 (a) "Dry dock" means a graving dock or a floating dry dock.

6 (b) "Floating dry dock" means a vessel that can be flooded to allow a load to be floated

7 in and drained to allow that load to come to rest on a dry platform.

(c) "Fouling communities" means the matrix consisting of:

9 (A) Native or nonnative species attached to the hull of a ship including, but not limited

10 to, barnacles, bivalves, bryozoans, tunicates and seaweeds; and

(B) Native or nonnative mobile species such as crustaceans, sea stars and worms that
 may be unattached to the hull, but that inhabit a fouling community or inhabit protected
 recesses and crevices in the hull, such as sea chests.

(d) "Fouling organisms" means native or nonnative species that attach to the hull of a
 ship including, but not limited to, sessile bottom-dwelling invertebrates, algae and
 microorganisms such as bacteria and diatoms.

(e) "Graving dock" means a paved excavation in the ground that can be flooded to allow
a load to be floated in and drained to allow that load to come to rest on a dry platform.

(f) "Hazardous materials" includes, but is not limited to, asbestos, polychlorinated
 biphenyls, oil, fuel, bilge and ballast water, paint and lead.

(g) "Ship" means a vessel that weighs in excess of 200 tons and operates upon navigable
 waterways.

23 (h) "Shipbreaking" means the process of dismantling a ship for scrap or disposal.

(i) "Shipwreck" means a ship that has been stranded or destroyed by being driven ashore
 or onto the rocks or the shoal.

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(j) "Waters of this state" has the meaning given that term in ORS 196.800.

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(2) In the State of Oregon, a person: 1  $\mathbf{2}$ (a) May perform shipbreaking activities only in a dry dock. 3 (b) May not perform shipbreaking activities in the waters of this state: (A) At a pier. 4  $\mathbf{5}$ (B) At a dismantling slip. 6 (C) In any other manner that allows hazardous materials, fouling communities or fouling 7organisms that are in or on the ship to enter the waters of this state. 8 (3) Notwithstanding subsection (2) of this section, a person may in the waters of this 9 state dismantle for removal a ship that has been shipwrecked if the Department of State Lands determines that it is physically impracticable to move the shipwreck to a dry dock. 10 SECTION 2. This 2007 Act being necessary for the immediate preservation of the public 11

peace, health and safety, an emergency is declared to exist, and this 2007 Act takes effect
 on its passage.

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