# House Bill 3471 

Sponsored by Representative CANNON; Representatives BARNHART, BOONE, C EDWARDS, GALIZIO, GIROD, GREENLICK, KRIEGER, NOLAN, ROSENBAUM, SHIELDS, Senators MONNES ANDERSON, MONROE (at the request of Multnomah County Democratic Central Committee)

## SUMMARY

The following summary is not prepared by the sponsors of the measure and is not a part of the body thereof subject to consideration by the Legislative Assembly. It is an editor's brief statement of the essential features of the measure as introduced.

Changes title of "precinct committeeperson" to "precinct representative."

## A BILL FOR AN ACT

Relating to precinct representatives; creating new provisions; and amending ORS 246.310, 248.007, $248.015,248.017,248.023,248.024,248.026,248.027,248.029,248.031,248.033,248.035,248.043$, 248.045, 249.013, 249.031, 249.035, 249.037, 249.056, 251.026, 253.055, 254.056, 254.115, 254.195 and 260.005.

## Be It Enacted by the People of the State of Oregon:

SECTION 1. ORS 248.015 is amended to read:
248.015. (1) A precinct [committeeperson] representative shall be a representative of the major political party in the precinct. At the primary election a major political party shall elect from its members a [committeeperson] precinct representative of each sex for every 500 electors, or major fraction thereof, who are registered in the precinct on January 31 of the year of the primary election. In any event the political party members of a precinct shall be entitled to elect not less than one [committeeperson] precinct representative of each sex in the precinct. [No] A person [shall] may not hold office as [committeeperson] precinct representative in more than one precinct.
(2) A member of a major political party may become a candidate for precinct [committeeperson] representative of the precinct in which the person is registered, or of a precinct within the same county adjoining that precinct, by filing a declaration of candidacy described in ORS 249.031, except as provided in subsection (3) of this section.
(3) ORS 249.031 (1)(i) [shall] does not apply to declarations of candidacy for candidates for precinct [committeeperson] representative.
(4) A member of the major political party who has been a member of that party for 180 days before the primary election may be elected by write-in votes as precinct [committeeperson] representative of the precinct in which the member is registered, or of a precinct within the same county adjoining that precinct.
(5) Unless a qualified person receives at least three votes, [no] a person [shall] may not be deemed to have been elected as precinct [committeeperson] representative and the office of [committeeperson] precinct representative [shall] will be vacant.
(6) The term of office of a precinct [committeeperson] representative is from the 24 th day after the date of the primary election until the 24 th day after the date of the next following primary election.
(7) A precinct [committeeperson shall] representative may not be considered a public officer.

NOTE: Matter in boldfaced type in an amended section is new; matter [italic and bracketed] is existing law to be omitted. New sections are in boldfaced type.

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SECTION 2. ORS 248.017 is amended to read:
248.017. Notwithstanding any provision of ORS 248.015, an otherwise qualified person who will attain the age of 18 years after the deadline for filing a declaration of candidacy for the office of precinct [committeeperson] representative and on or before the date of the primary election, and who is registered as a member of the major political party not later than the date of the primary election, is eligible to file a nominating petition for the office of precinct [committeeperson] representative, to be listed on the ballot and to be elected to the office, including by write-in votes.

SECTION 3. ORS 248.023 is amended to read:
248.023. (1) Not later than the 20th day after a primary election, the county clerk shall mail a certificate of election to each newly elected precinct [committeeperson] representative within the county. The clerk also shall mail an "Acceptance of Office" form to each person elected by write-in votes to the office of [committeeperson] precinct representative. The form [shall] must include a statement to be signed by the person elected that the person is qualified to hold the office.
(2) A person elected by write-in votes to the office of precinct [committeeperson] representative shall be certified for the office by filing with the county clerk, not later than the 27 th day after the date of the primary election, a signed "Acceptance of Office" form.
(3) Not later than the 31st day after a primary election, the county clerk shall prepare, maintain and furnish to the chairpersons of the respective retiring county central committees within the county and the chairpersons of the state central committees, a list of the party precinct [committeepersons $]$ representatives elected and certified. At the same time the county clerk shall declare the other offices of [committeeperson] precinct representative vacant.

SECTION 4. ORS 248.024 is amended to read:
248.024. (1) A precinct [committeeperson] representative may resign from the office by filing a written notification of resignation with the county clerk. Upon receipt of this notification, the county clerk shall:
(a) Remove the name of the person from the list of [committeepersons] precinct representatives.
(b) Declare that office vacant.
(c) Notify the appropriate county central committee.
(2) When a precinct [committeeperson] representative ceases to be registered in the precinct in which the [committeeperson] precinct representative was elected or a precinct adjoining that precinct within the same county, changes political party registration or dies, the county central committee shall notify the county clerk of the fact. Upon receipt of this notification, if the county clerk determines that the notification is correct, the clerk shall:
(a) Remove the name of the person from the list of [committeepersons] precinct representatives.
(b) Declare that office vacant.

SECTION 5. ORS 248.026 is amended to read:
248.026. (1) The members of a county central committee may select a member of the major political party who is registered in the precinct in which the vacancy exists, or registered in a precinct within the same county adjoining that precinct, to fill a vacancy in the office of precinct [committeeperson] representative.
(2) When a county central committee votes to select a person to fill a vacancy in the office of precinct [committeeperson] representative, the chairperson of the committee shall give written notice to the county clerk of the proposed selection. The selection shall take effect when the county
clerk upon timely verification of eligibility, places the name of the person selected on the list of [committeepersons] precinct representatives. The county clerk shall then send written notice of the selection to the person and the county central committee.
(3) A person selected to fill a vacancy in the office of precinct [committeeperson] representative may be removed from office at the pleasure of the central committee, but, except as provided in subsection (4) of this section, otherwise shall hold the office for the unexpired term and shall have the powers, duties and privileges of an elected [committeeperson] precinct representative.
(4) A person selected to fill a vacancy in the office of precinct [committeeperson] representative may not vote on the election of county central committee officers at the organizational meeting of the committee as provided in ORS 248.035. A person selected to fill a vacancy in the office of precinct [committeeperson] representative may vote to fill any vacancy in a committee office after the organizational meeting.

SECTION 6. ORS 248.027 is amended to read:
248.027. A precinct [committeeperson] representative who represents a precinct which is subsequently combined, consolidated or abolished shall continue to be a member of the county central committee until the end of that [committeeperson's] precinct representative's regular term of office.

SECTION 7. ORS 248.029 is amended to read:
248.029. (1) Except as provided in this section, the provisions for recall of a public officer under ORS 249.002 to 249.013 and 249.865 to 249.877 , apply to a recall election of a precinct [committeeperson] representative.
(2) A precinct [committeeperson] representative may be recalled by a petition signed by the number of party members equal to not less than 25 percent of the number of party members who voted in the precinct as it existed at the preceding primary election. The petitioners shall state in not more than 200 words on the recall petition the reasons for the recall. If the [committeeperson] precinct representative resigns, the resignation shall take effect on the date of the resignation. If the [committeeperson] precinct representative does not resign before the fifth day after the petition is filed with the county clerk, a special election shall be ordered by the county clerk to be held not later than the 25 th day after the petition is filed to determine whether the [committeeperson] precinct representative will be recalled. The recall election shall be held in the precinct as it existed when the [committeeperson] precinct representative was elected. On the ballot shall be printed the reasons for the recall stated in the recall petition, and, in not more than 200 words, the [committeeperson's] precinct representative's justification of the [committeeperson's] precinct representative's actions in office. The [committeeperson] precinct representative shall continue to perform duties of the office until the result of the special election is declared.
(3) The cost of the election shall be paid by the county central committee of the party of the [committeeperson] precinct representative.

SECTION 8. ORS 246.310 is amended to read:
246.310. (1) Not later than the 30th day before the primary election:
(a) The county clerk shall appoint persons to serve on election boards. There shall be at least one election board for each polling place.
(b) The county clerk may appoint more than one election board for any precinct in which 100 or more ballots were cast at the last general election or in which there are more than 200 electors.
(2) The election board shall consist of a day board to issue ballots and may include a counting board to count ballots. A day board shall consist of three or more clerks. A counting board shall consist of four or more clerks. [ No ] An election board clerk [shall] may not serve on the day board
and the counting board at the same time. The county clerk shall designate one clerk of each day board and one clerk of each counting board as chairperson.
(3) The county clerk shall appoint the election board clerks for a term of two years. The county clerk may withdraw the appointment of a clerk at any time. Clerks may be reappointed for more than one term.
(4) Except as provided in this subsection, an election board clerk [shall] must be an elector of the county, [shall] must be able to read, write and speak English and may not serve at a polling place in an electoral district in which the election board clerk is a candidate for any office, except precinct [committeeperson] representative, to be voted on in that election. The clerks of a day board or a counting board may not all be members of the same political party. The Secretary of State shall adopt by rule standards under which county clerks may employ persons to serve as election board clerks who are not electors of the county but who are residents of the county and who are at least 16 years of age. A person who is the spouse, child, son or daughter-in-law, parent, mother or father-in-law, sibling, brother or sister-in-law, aunt, uncle, niece, nephew, stepparent or stepchild of a candidate on the ballot at an election may not serve as election board clerk at a polling place where the candidate may be voted on, unless the candidate is a candidate for precinct [committeeperson] representative and is the only such relative who is a candidate on the ballot in the same election. The county clerk shall appoint board clerks who have the necessary capacity and ability to carry out their functions with sufficient skill and dispatch.
(5) In the event of a vacancy in the office of board clerk, the county clerk shall appoint a qualified person to fill the vacancy.

SECTION 9. ORS 248.007 is amended to read:
248.007. (1) Subject to ORS 248.005, a major political party may organize and select delegates to national party conventions in any manner.
(2) The provisions of ORS 248.012 to 248.315 do not apply to a major political party if the party has notified the Secretary of State as provided in subsection (5) of this section that the party does not intend to be subject to the provisions of ORS 248.012 to 248.315 . References to precinct [committeepersons] representatives in any provisions of ORS chapters 246 to 260 do not apply to a party described in this subsection.
(3) ORS 248.012 to 248.315 apply only to a major political party that has notified the Secretary of State as provided in subsection (5) of this section that the political party intends to be subject to the provisions of ORS 248.012 to 248.315 . References to precinct [committeepersons] representatives in any provisions of ORS chapters 246 to 260 shall apply to a party described in this subsection. If a major political party fails to notify the Secretary of State under this subsection, the party shall be considered subject to the provisions of ORS 248.012 to 248.315 .
(4) A major political party shall notify the Secretary of State as provided in subsection (5) of this section if the party does not intend to be subject to the provisions of ORS 248.012 to 248.315 except that the party intends to elect precinct [committeepersons] representatives. If a party notifies the Secretary of State under this subsection, the party shall elect precinct [committeepersons] representatives only as provided in ORS 248.015 and shall elect precinct [committeepersons] representatives in the same manner in all precincts in this state.
(5) Not later than the 274th day before the date of the primary election, a major political party shall notify the Secretary of State in writing whether or not the party intends to be subject to the provisions of ORS 248.012 to 248.315 or whether the party intends to elect precinct [committeepersons] representatives under subsection (4) of this section. If the major political party
does not intend to be subject to the provisions of ORS 248.012 to 248.315 or intends to elect precinct [committeepersons] representatives under subsection (4) of this section, the party shall file with the Secretary of State, at the same time notice is given under this subsection, a copy of its organizational documents setting forth the manner in which its officers and managing committees are selected or any other manner in which it conducts its affairs.
(6) In each even-numbered year, a major political party shall file with the Secretary of State a statement indicating that the party is operating subject to ORS 248.012 to 248.315 or a copy of current organizational documents setting forth the manner in which its officers and managing committees are selected or any other manner in which it conducts its affairs. Material described in this subsection [shall] must be filed on the 274th day before the third Tuesday in May of each oddnumbered year.
(7) A major political party subject to the provisions of this section shall nominate candidates of the major political party, for other than political party office, at the primary election.

SECTION 10. ORS 248.031 is amended to read:
248.031. The precinct [committeepersons] representatives of the county shall constitute the county central committee of their party. The county central committee of each major political party is the highest party authority in county party matters and may adopt rules or resolutions for any matter of party government within the county which is not controlled by the laws of this state.

SECTION 11. ORS 248.033 is amended to read:
248.033. (1) The organizational meeting of a county central committee shall be held no less frequently than every 25 months.
(2) The retiring county central committee shall prepare a written notice designating the time, date and place of the meeting and file a copy of the notice with the county clerk not later than the 40th day before the date of the meeting. The retiring county central committee also shall mail a copy of the notice to the state central committee.
(3) Upon request of a county central committee, the county clerk shall provide the county central committee, without charge, a list of the names, addresses and other contact information, including electronic mail addresses or telephone numbers, of persons holding the office of precinct [committeeperson] representative for that major political party on the date the clerk receives notice of an organizational meeting under subsection (2) of this section.
(4) The chairperson of the retiring county central committee shall mail a copy of the notice of the time, date and place of the meeting, not later than the 10th day before the meeting, to each member of the county central committee. If permitted by the bylaws of the county central committee, the county central committee may notify members by means other than by mail.

SECTION 12. ORS 248.035 is amended to read:
248.035. (1) At the organizational meeting of a county central committee:
(a) The officers of the retiring county central committee shall make available to the committee the property, records and funds owned or controlled by the retiring committee.
(b) The committee next shall elect a chairperson, vice chairperson and other officers the committee considers necessary. The persons elected to the offices need not be members of the county central committee. The committee shall determine the term of each office. Only a newly elected precinct [committeeperson] representative may vote on the election of committee officers.
(2) The elected chairperson, within 48 hours of the chairperson's election, shall send a list of the officers of the committee to the county clerk and to the state central committee.
(3) Only a newly elected precinct [committeeperson] representative or a person appointed or
selected to fill a vacancy in the office of [committeeperson] precinct representative may vote to fill a vacancy in a committee office. Immediately before a meeting of the county central committee at which there may be an election to fill a vacancy in a committee office, the chairperson shall obtain from the county clerk a list of committee members. The list shall determine the eligibility of a [committeeperson] precinct representative to vote to fill a vacancy in a committee office.

SECTION 13. ORS 248.043 is amended to read:
248.043. If a newly elected county central committee fails to meet or to organize or if no person within a county is elected by a major political party as a precinct [committeeperson] representative, the chairperson of the retiring state central committee shall appoint a temporary chairperson of the county central committee. The temporary chairperson shall call an organizational meeting and organize the committee as provided by applicable provisions of ORS 248.033 and 248.035. A temporary chairperson appointed when no precinct [committeeperson] representative is elected may appoint members to fill the vacancies in the office of [committeeperson] precinct representative for the precinct in which the persons are registered. A person so appointed may be removed from office at the pleasure of the central committee, but otherwise shall hold the office of [committeeperson] precinct representative for the unexpired term and shall have the powers, duties and privileges of a [committeeperson] precinct representative. When a person is appointed to the office of [committeeperson] precinct representative pursuant to this subsection, the temporary chairperson shall notify, in writing, the county clerk of the appointment. The county clerk shall place the name of the person appointed on the list of [committeepersons] precinct representatives.

SECTION 14. ORS 248.045 is amended to read:
248.045. Proxies [in no instance shall be permitted to] may not participate at any county central committee meeting. At any meeting of the county central committee, the committee may:
(1) Adopt, amend or repeal bylaws or rules for the government of the political party in the county.
(2) By the adoption of bylaws or of a resolution, select an executive committee and authorize the executive committee to exercise those powers delegated to it by the central committee including, but not limited to, the power to fill a vacancy in the office of [committeeperson] precinct representative pursuant to ORS 248.026. [In no event may] The central committee may not delegate, [or] nor may the executive committee exercise, the power to elect a person to, or fill a vacancy in a committee office. The persons selected as the executive committee need not be members of the county central committee.
(3) Except as provided by ORS 248.035 (3), grant participation and voting privileges to a:
(a) Person who holds a public office or an office of a political party.
(b) Person who has been nominated for a public office at the preceding primary election.
(c) Member of the executive committee of the county central committee.

SECTION 15. ORS 249.013 is amended to read:
249.013. (1) [ No] A person [shall] may not be a candidate for more than one lucrative office to be filled at the same election.
(2) $[\mathrm{No}$ ] A person [shall] may not file a nominating petition or declaration of candidacy for more than one lucrative office or more than one office of precinct [committeeperson] representative before the date of the election at which a person will be nominated or elected to each office unless the person first files a written withdrawal, under ORS 249.170, of the person's initial filing.
(3) If at any time before the date of the election at which a person will be nominated or elected to each office it is determined that a person has filed two or more nominating petitions or declara-
tions of candidacy for any lucrative office or two or more nominating petitions or declarations of candidacy for the office of precinct [committeeperson] representative without written withdrawal or withdrawals intervening, all such filings shall be invalid and any other filing made by the same person shall be void.
(4)(a) [No] A person [shall] may not be a candidate for more than one district office to be filled at the same election. This paragraph does not apply to a district that has fewer than 10,000 electors residing within the district.
(b) $[N o] \mathbf{A}$ person [shall] may not be a candidate for more than one position on the same district board to be filled at the same election.
(c) As used in this subsection, "district" means a district as defined in ORS 255.012.
(5) $[\mathrm{No}]$ A person [shall] may not be a candidate for more than one city office to be filled at the same election.
(6) Notwithstanding any provision of this section, in the case of a vacancy to be filled by election, the same person is eligible for nomination and election to both the unexpired and the succeeding terms. The name of the candidate may be placed on the ballot in both places.

SECTION 16. ORS 249.031 is amended to read:
249.031. (1) Except as provided in subsection (2) of this section, a nominating petition or declaration of candidacy shall contain:
(a) The name by which the candidate is commonly known. A candidate may use a nickname in parentheses in connection with the candidate's full name.
(b) Address information as required by the Secretary of State by rule.
(c) The office and department or position number, if any, for which the candidate seeks nomination.
(d) If the candidate is seeking the nomination of a major political party, the name of the major political party of which the candidate will have been a member, subject to the exceptions stated in ORS 249.046, during at least 180 days before the deadline for filing a nominating petition or declaration of candidacy.
(e) A statement that the candidate is willing to accept the nomination or election or, regarding a candidate for precinct [committeeperson] representative, that the candidate accepts the office if elected.
(f) A statement that the candidate will qualify if elected.
(g) If the candidate is seeking the nomination of a major political party, a statement that the candidate, if not nominated, will not accept the nomination or indorsement of any political party other than the one of which the candidate is a member on the date the petition or declaration is filed.
(h) The signature of the candidate.
(i) A statement of the candidate's occupation, educational and occupational background and prior governmental experience.
(2) Subsection (1)(i) of this section does not apply to a candidate for election as a precinct [committeeperson] representative.
(3) A declaration of candidacy shall include a statement that the required fee is included with the declaration.
(4) If required by the national rules of the major political party, the declaration of a candidate for election as a precinct [committeeperson shall] representative must include the name of the individual the candidate supports for President of the United States or "uncommitted" or "no prefer-
ence."
SECTION 17. ORS 249.035 is amended to read:
249.035. A nominating petition or declaration of candidacy relating to a candidate for:
(1) State office, United States Senator or Representative in Congress shall be filed with the Secretary of State.
(2) County office or precinct [committeeperson] representative shall be filed with the county clerk.
(3) City office shall be filed with the chief city elections officer.
(4) Any elected office of a metropolitan service district under ORS chapter 268 shall be filed with the county clerk of the county in which the administrative office of the district is located.
(5) Any other office shall be filed under ORS chapter 255.

SECTION 18. ORS 249.037 is amended to read:
249.037. (1) A nominating petition or declaration of candidacy shall be filed not sooner than the 250 th day and not later than the 70th day before the date of the primary election.
(2) Notwithstanding subsection (1) of this section, a declaration of candidacy for the office of precinct [committeeperson] representative may not be filed before February 1 immediately preceding the primary election.

SECTION 19. ORS 249.056 is amended to read:
249.056. (1) At the time of filing a declaration of candidacy a candidate for the following offices shall pay to the officer with whom the declaration is filed the following fee:
(a) United States Senator, $\$ 150$.
(b) Governor, Secretary of State, State Treasurer, Attorney General, Commissioner of the Bureau of Labor and Industries, Superintendent of Public Instruction, Representative in Congress, judge of the Supreme Court, Court of Appeals or Oregon Tax Court, or executive officer or auditor of a metropolitan service district, $\$ 100$.
(c) County office, district attorney or circuit court judge, $\$ 50$.
(d) State Senator or Representative or councilor of a metropolitan service district under ORS chapter $268, \$ 25$.
(2) No filing fee shall be required of persons filing a declaration of candidacy for precinct [committeeperson] representative or justice of the peace.

SECTION 20. ORS 251.026 is amended to read:
251.026. (1) The Secretary of State shall prepare and have printed in the voters' pamphlet for the state primary election, the general election and any special election described in ORS 251.022 a statement containing, if applicable:
(a) Requirements for a citizen to qualify as an elector.
(b) When an elector is required to register or update a registration.
(c) In the voters' pamphlet for the primary election, a statement of the duties and responsibilities of a precinct [committeeperson] representative to be elected at the primary election.
(d) Any other information the Secretary of State considers relevant to the conduct of the election.
(2) The Secretary of State shall include a statement on the cover of the voters' pamphlet that the pamphlet may be used to assist electors in voting.
(3) The Secretary of State may include in the voters' pamphlet the following information:
(a) Maps showing the boundaries of senatorial and representative districts.
(b) Voter registration forms.
(c) Elector instructions, including the right of an elector to request a second ballot if the first ballot is spoiled and the right of an elector to seek assistance in marking the ballot.

SECTION 21. ORS 253.055 is amended to read:
253.055. (1) Absentee ballots may be the regular ballots used at the election or special ballots and, except as provided in subsections (2) and (3) of this section, shall be in substantially the same form as the regular ballots used at the election.
(2) In counties in which voting machines are used, paper ballots may be used as absentee ballots.
(3) Ballot stubs are not required on absentee ballots.
(4) The ballot delivered to each absent elector shall contain the names and other information concerning all candidates and the information concerning all measures for which the absent elector is entitled to vote. In lieu of the names and other information concerning candidates for precinct [committeeperson] representative, blank spaces shall be provided on the ballot, in which the absent elector may write the name of a candidate for that office.

SECTION 22. ORS 254.056 is amended to read:
254.056. (1) The general election shall be held on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November of each even-numbered year. Except as provided in ORS 254.650, at the general election officers of the state and subdivisions of the state, members of Congress and electors of President and Vice President of the United States as are to be elected in that year shall be elected.
(2) The primary election shall be held on the third Tuesday in May of each even-numbered year. At the primary election precinct [committeepersons] representatives shall be elected and major political party candidates shall be nominated for offices to be filled at the general election held in that year.

SECTION 23. ORS 254.115 is amended to read:
254.115. (1) The official primary election ballot or ballot label shall be styled "Official Primary Nominating Ballot for the $\qquad$ Party." and shall state:
(a) The name of the county for which it is intended.
(b) The date of the primary election.
(c) The names of all candidates for nomination at the primary election whose nominating petitions or declarations of candidacy have been made and filed, and who have not died, withdrawn or become disqualified.
(d) The names of candidates for election as precinct [committeeperson] representative.
(e) The names of candidates for the party nomination for President of the United States who qualified for the ballot under ORS 249.078.
(2) If the election is conducted at polling places as provided in this chapter, any ballot to be issued at a polling place shall also state the number or name of the precinct for which it is intended.
(3) The primary election ballot may include any city, county or nonpartisan office or the number, ballot title and financial estimates under ORS 250.125 of any measure.
(4) The ballot [shall] may not contain the name of any person other than those referred to in subsections (1) and (3) of this section. The name of each candidate for whom a nominating petition or declaration of candidacy has been filed shall be printed on the ballot in but one place. In the event that two or more candidates for the same nomination or office have the same or similar surnames, the location of their places of residence shall be printed opposite their names to distinguish one from another.

SECTION 24. ORS 254.195 is amended to read:
254.195. (1) Official ballots and ballot labels shall be printed in black ink upon good quality
material. The primary election ballots or ballot labels shall be of different colors for the major political parties.
(2) If the election is conducted at polling places, sample ballots shall be prepared for the information of the elector. The sample ballot shall contain the offices, candidates, measures and other information on the ballots or ballot labels of the precincts for which the sample ballot is issued. The sample ballot need not contain the office of, or candidates for, precinct [committeeperson] representative. The sample ballots shall be identified as such, and printed on cheaper, colored paper to distinguish them from official ballots. A sample ballot shall not be voted or counted.
(3) The governing body of a city, county or district may mail sample ballots to all electors within the city, county or district to assist the electors' preparation for voting.

SECTION 25. ORS 260.005, as amended by section 21, chapter 809, Oregon Laws 2005, is amended to read:
260.005. As used in this chapter:
(1)(a) "Candidate" means:
(A) An individual whose name is printed on a ballot, for whom a declaration of candidacy, nominating petition or certificate of nomination to public office has been filed or whose name is expected to be or has been presented, with the individual's consent, for nomination or election to public office;
(B) An individual who has solicited or received and accepted a contribution, made an expenditure, or given consent to an individual, organization, political party or political committee to solicit or receive and accept a contribution or make an expenditure on the individual's behalf to secure nomination or election to any public office at any time, whether or not the office for which the individual will seek nomination or election is known when the solicitation is made, the contribution is received and retained or the expenditure is made, and whether or not the name of the individual is printed on a ballot; or
(C) A public office holder against whom a recall petition has been completed and filed.
(b) For purposes of this section and ORS 260.035 to 260.159 , "candidate" does not include a candidate for the office of precinct [committeeperson] representative.
(2) "Committee director" means any person who directly and substantially participates in decision-making on behalf of a political committee concerning the solicitation or expenditure of funds and the support of or opposition to candidates or measures. The officers of a political party shall be considered the directors of any political party committee of that party, unless otherwise provided in the party's bylaws.
(3)(a) Except as provided in ORS 260.007, "contribute" or "contribution" includes:
(A) The payment, loan, gift, forgiving of indebtedness, or furnishing without equivalent compensation or consideration, of money, services other than personal services for which no compensation is asked or given, supplies, equipment or any other thing of value:
(i) For the purpose of influencing an election for public office or an election on a measure, or of reducing the debt of a candidate for nomination or election to public office or the debt of a political committee; or
(ii) To or on behalf of a candidate, political committee or measure; and
(B) Any unfulfilled pledge, subscription, agreement or promise, whether or not legally enforceable, to make a contribution.
(b) Regarding a contribution made for compensation or consideration of less than equivalent value, only the excess value of it shall be considered a contribution.
(4)(a) "Controlled committee" means a political committee that, in connection with the making of contributions or expenditures:
(A) Is controlled directly or indirectly by a candidate or a controlled committee; or
(B) Acts jointly with a candidate or controlled committee.
(b) For purposes of this subsection, a candidate controls a political committee if:
(A) The candidate, the candidate's agent, a member of the candidate's immediate family or any other political committee that the candidate controls has a significant influence on the actions or decisions of the political committee; or
(B) The candidate's principal campaign committee and the political committee both have the candidate or a member of the candidate's immediate family as a treasurer or director.
(5) "County clerk" means the county clerk or the county official in charge of elections.
(6) "Elector" means an individual qualified to vote under section 2, Article II of the Oregon Constitution.
(7) Except as provided in ORS 260.007, "expend" or "expenditure" includes the payment or furnishing of money or anything of value or the incurring or repayment of indebtedness or obligation by or on behalf of a candidate, political committee or person in consideration for any services, supplies, equipment or other thing of value performed or furnished for any reason, including support of or opposition to a candidate, political committee or measure, or for reducing the debt of a candidate for nomination or election to public office. "Expenditure" also includes contributions made by a candidate or political committee to or on behalf of any other candidate or political committee.
(8) "Filing officer" means:
(a) The Secretary of State:
(A) Regarding a candidate for public office;
(B) Regarding a statement required to be filed under ORS 260.118 by the chief petitioners of a statewide initiative or referendum petition or by the chief petitioners of a recall petition relating to a person holding state office;
(C) Regarding any measure; or
(D) Regarding any political committee.
(b) The county clerk, regarding a statement required to be filed under ORS 260.118 by:
(A) The chief petitioners of a county initiative or referendum petition;
(B) The chief petitioners of a district initiative or referendum petition where the district is situated wholly within one county; or
(C) The chief petitioners of a recall petition relating to a county public office holder or a district public office holder where the district is situated wholly within one county.
(c) The chief city elections officer, regarding a statement required to be filed under ORS 260.118 by:
(A) The chief petitioners of a city initiative or referendum petition; or
(B) The chief petitioners of a recall petition relating to a city public office holder.
(d) The county clerk of the county in which the office of the chief administrative officer or administrative board is located, when the district is situated in more than one county, regarding a statement required to be filed under ORS 260.118 by:
(A) The chief petitioners of a district initiative or referendum petition; or
(B) The chief petitioners of a recall petition relating to a district public office holder.
(e) Notwithstanding paragraphs (a) to (d) of this subsection, in the case of an irrigation district formed under ORS chapter 545:
(A) The county clerk, regarding any candidate for office or any measure at an irrigation district formation election where the proposed district is situated wholly in one county;
(B) The county clerk of the county in which the office of the secretary of the proposed irrigation district will be located, regarding any candidate for office or any measure at an irrigation district formation election where the proposed district is situated in more than one county; or
(C) The secretary of the irrigation district for any election other than an irrigation district formation election.
(9) "Independent expenditure" means an expenditure by a person for a communication in support of or in opposition to a clearly identified candidate or measure that is not made with the cooperation or with the prior consent of, or in consultation with, or at the request or suggestion of, a candidate or any agent or authorized committee of the candidate, or any political committee or agent of a political committee supporting or opposing a measure. For purposes of this subsection:
(a) A communication is "in support of or in opposition to" a candidate or measure if:
(A) The communication, taken in its context, clearly and unambiguously urges the election or defeat of a clearly identified candidate for nomination or election to public office, or the passage or defeat of a clearly identified measure;
(B) The communication, as a whole, seeks action rather than simply conveying information; and
(C) It is clear what action the communication advocates.
(b) "Agent" means any person who has:
(A) Actual oral or written authority, either express or implied, to make or to authorize the making of expenditures on behalf of a candidate or on behalf of a political committee supporting or opposing a measure; or
(B) Been placed in a position within the campaign organization where it would reasonably appear that in the ordinary course of campaign-related activities the person may authorize expenditures.
(c) "Clearly identified" means, with respect to candidates:
(A) The name of the candidate involved appears;
(B) A photograph or drawing of the candidate appears; or
(C) The identity of the candidate is apparent by unambiguous reference.
(d) "Clearly identified" means, with respect to measures:
(A) The ballot number of the measure appears;
(B) A description of the measure's subject or effect appears; or
(C) The identity of the measure is apparent by unambiguous reference.
(e) "Made with the cooperation or with the prior consent of, or in consultation with, or at the request or suggestion of, a candidate or any agent or authorized committee of the candidate, or any political committee or agent of a political committee supporting or opposing a measure":
(A) Means any arrangement, coordination or direction by the candidate or the candidate's agent, or by any political committee or agent of a political committee supporting or opposing a measure, prior to the publication, distribution, display or broadcast of the communication. An expenditure shall be presumed to be so made when it is:
(i) Based on information about the plans, projects or needs of the candidate, or of the political committee supporting or opposing a measure, and provided to the expending person by the candidate or by the candidate's agent, or by any political committee or agent of a political committee supporting or opposing a measure, with a view toward having an expenditure made; or
(ii) Made by or through any person who is or has been authorized to raise or expend funds, who
is or has been an officer of a political committee authorized by the candidate or by a political committee or agent of a political committee supporting or opposing a measure, or who is or has been receiving any form of compensation or reimbursement from the candidate, the candidate's principal campaign committee or agent or from any political committee or agent of a political committee supporting or opposing a measure; and
(B) Does not include providing to the expending person upon request a copy of this chapter or any rules adopted by the Secretary of State relating to independent expenditures.
(10) "Initiative petition" means a petition to initiate a measure for which a prospective petition has been filed but that is not yet a measure.
(11) "Judge" means judge of the Supreme Court, Court of Appeals, circuit court or the Oregon Tax Court.
(12) "Mass mailing" means more than 200 substantially similar pieces of mail, but does not include a form letter or other mail that is sent in response to an unsolicited request, letter or other inquiry.
(13) "Measure" includes any of the following submitted to the people for their approval or rejection at an election:
(a) A proposed law.
(b) An Act or part of an Act of the Legislative Assembly.
(c) A revision of or amendment to the Oregon Constitution.
(d) Local, special or municipal legislation.
(e) A proposition or question.
(14) "Occupation" means:
(a) The nature of an individual's principal business; and
(b) If the individual is employed by another person, the business name and address, by city and state, of the employer.
(15) "Person" means an individual, corporation, limited liability company, labor organization, association, firm, partnership, joint stock company, club, organization or other combination of individuals having collective capacity.
(16)(a) "Political committee" means a combination of two or more individuals, or a person other than an individual, that has:
(A) Received a contribution for the purpose of supporting or opposing a candidate, measure or political party; or
(B) Made an expenditure for the purpose of supporting or opposing a candidate, measure or political party.
(b) For purposes of paragraph (a)(B) of this subsection, an expenditure does not include:
(A) A contribution to a candidate or political committee that is required to report the contribution on a statement filed under ORS 260.057, 260.076 or 260.102 or a certificate filed under ORS 260.112; or
(B) An independent expenditure for which a statement is required to be filed by a person under ORS 260.044 (1).
(17) "Public office" means any national, state, county, district, city office or position, except a political party office, that is filled by the electors.
(18) "Recall petition" means a petition to recall a public officer for which a prospective petition has been filed but that is not yet a measure.
(19) "Referendum petition" means a petition to refer a measure for which a prospective petition
has been filed but that is not yet a measure.
(20) "Regular district election" means the regular district election described in ORS 255.335.
(21) "Slate mailer" means a mass mailing that supports or opposes a total of three or more candidates or measures.
(22)(a) "Slate mailer organization" means, except as provided in paragraph (b) of this subsection, any person who directly or indirectly:
(A) Is involved in the production of one or more slate mailers and exercises control over the selection of the candidates and measures to be supported or opposed in the slate mailers; and
(B) Receives or is promised payment for producing one or more slate mailers or for endorsing or opposing, or refraining from endorsing or opposing, a candidate or measure in one or more slate mailers.
(b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a) of this subsection, "slate mailer organization" does not include:
(A) A political committee organized by a political party; or
(B) A political committee organized by the caucus of either the Senate or the House of Representatives of the Legislative Assembly.
(23) "State office" means the office of Governor, Secretary of State, State Treasurer, Attorney General, Commissioner of the Bureau of Labor and Industries, Superintendent of Public Instruction, state Senator, state Representative, judge or district attorney.

SECTION 26. (1) The amendments to ORS 246.310, 248.007, 248.015, 248.017, 248.023, $248.024,248.026,248.027,248.029,248.031,248.033$, $248.035,248.043,248.045,249.013,249.031$, $249.035,249.037,249.056,251.026,253.055,254.056,254.115,254.195$ and 260.005 by sections 1 to 25 of this 2007 Act are intended to change the name "precinct committeeperson" to "precinct representative."
(2) For the purpose of harmonizing and clarifying statute sections published in Oregon Revised Statutes, the Legislative Counsel may substitute for words designating "precinct committeeperson," wherever they occur in Oregon Revised Statutes, other words designating "precinct representative."

