House Bill 2683

Sponsored by Representatives FLORES, THATCHER; Representatives BOQUIST, BRUUN, BUTLER, CAMERON, DALLUM, ESQUIVEL, GARRARD, GILLIAM, GIROD, HANNA, JENSON, KRIEGER, KRUMMEL, LIM, MAURER, MINNIS, OLSON, SCOTT, G SMITH, WHISNANT, Senator WHITSETT

SUMMARY

The following summary is not prepared by the sponsors of the measure and is not a part of the body thereof subject to consideration by the Legislative Assembly. It is an editor's brief statement of the essential features of the measure as introduced.

Creates crime of subjecting another to involuntary servitude in first degree. Punishes by maximum of 20 years' imprisonment, \$375,000 fine, or both.

Creates crime of subjecting another to involuntary servitude in second degree. Punishes by maximum of 10 years' imprisonment, \$250,000 fine, or both.

Creates crime of subjecting another to involuntary servitude in third degree. Punishes by max-

imum of five years' imprisonment, \$125,000 fine, or both.

Creates crime of sexual servitude of minor in first degree. Punishes by maximum of 25 years' imprisonment, \$375,000 fine, or both.

Creates crime of sexual servitude of minor in second degree. Punishes by maximum of 20 years' imprisonment, \$375,000 fine, or both.

Creates crime of trafficking in persons. Punishes by maximum of 20 years' imprisonment, \$375,000 fine, or both.

Expands definition of "economic damages" for purposes of restitution for certain crimes.

A BILL FOR AN ACT

- Relating to crime; creating new provisions; and amending ORS 137.103, 137.295 and 161.005. 2
- Be It Enacted by the People of the State of Oregon: 3
- SECTION 1. As used in sections 1 to 7 of this 2007 Act: 4
 - (1) "Commercial sexual activity" means any sex act on account of which something of value is given or promised to, or received by, a person.
 - (2) "Labor" means work of economic or financial value.
 - (3) "Obtain" means to secure the performance of labor or services.
 - (4) "Services" means an ongoing relationship between two persons in which one person performs activities under the supervision or for the benefit of the other person. Commercial sexual activity and sexually explicit performances are services.
 - (5) "Sexually explicit performance" means a live or public act or show intended to arouse or satisfy the sexual desires or appeal to the prurient interest in sex of persons watching the performance.
 - SECTION 2. (1) A person commits the crime of subjecting another to involuntary servitude in the first degree if the person knowingly and without lawful authority forces or attempts to force another person to perform labor or engage in services by:
 - (a) Causing or threatening to cause serious physical injury to a person; or
 - (b) Physically restraining or threatening to physically restrain a person.
 - (2) Subjecting another to involuntary servitude in the first degree is a Class A felony.
- 21 SECTION 3. (1) A person commits the crime of subjecting another to involuntary servitude in the second degree if the person knowingly and without lawful authority forces 22 23 or attempts to force another person to perform labor or engage in services by abusing or threatening to abuse the law or legal process. 24

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- (2) Subjecting another to involuntary servitude in the second degree is a Class B felony.
- <u>SECTION 4.</u> (1) A person commits the crime of subjecting another to involuntary servitude in the third degree if the person knowingly and without lawful authority forces or attempts to force another person to perform labor or engage in services by:
- (a) Destroying, concealing, removing, confiscating or possessing an actual or purported passport or immigration document or another actual or purported government identification document of another person;
- (b) Engaging in coercion as defined in ORS 163.275 or in theft by extortion as defined in ORS 164.075; or
 - (c) Engaging in acts prohibited by ORS 41.580 or 82.010.
 - (2) Subjecting another to involuntary servitude in the third degree is a Class C felony.
- SECTION 5. (1) A person commits the crime of sexual servitude of a minor in the second degree if the person knowingly:
- (a) Recruits, entices, harbors, transports, provides or obtains by any means, or attempts to recruit, entice, harbor, transport, provide or obtain by any means, a minor knowing that the minor will engage in commercial sexual activity, a sexually explicit performance or the production of pornography; or
- (b) Causes or attempts to cause a minor to engage in commercial sexual activity, a sexually explicit performance or the production of pornography.
 - (2) Sexual servitude of a minor in the second degree is a Class A felony.
 - (3) As used in this section:

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- (a) "Minor" means a person under 18 years of age.
- (b) "Pornography" means a visual depiction of sexually explicit conduct involving a minor, possession of which is prohibited under ORS 163.670 to 163.693.
- SECTION 6. (1) A person commits the crime of sexual servitude of a minor in the first degree if the person violates section 5 of this 2007 Act by use of force or threat.
- (2) Sexual servitude of a minor in the first degree is a felony punishable by a maximum term of imprisonment of 25 years and a maximum fine of \$375,000.
- <u>SECTION 7.</u> (1) A person commits the crime of trafficking in persons if the person knowingly:
- (a) Recruits, entices, harbors, transports, provides or obtains by any means, or attempts to recruit, entice, harbor, transport, provide or obtain by any means, another person knowing that the other person will be subjected to involuntary servitude as described in section 2, 3 or 4 of this 2007 Act; or
- 35 (b) Benefits financially or receives something of value from participation in a venture 36 that involves an act prohibited by section 2, 3, 4, 5 or 6 of this 2007 Act.
 - (2) Trafficking in persons is a Class A felony.
 - **SECTION 8.** ORS 137.103 is amended to read:
- 39 137.103. As used in ORS 137.101 to 137.109, 161.675 and 161.685:
- 40 (1) "Criminal activities" means any offense with respect to which the defendant is convicted or 41 any other criminal conduct admitted by the defendant.
 - (2) "Economic damages" has the meaning given that term in ORS 31.710, except that "economic damages" does not include future impairment of earning capacity.
 - (3) In cases involving criminal activities described in sections 1 to 7 of this 2007 Act, "economic damages" means the greater of:

- (a) The gross income or value to the defendant of the victim's labor or services; or
- (b) The value of the victim's labor or services computed using the Oregon minimum wage and the overtime provisions of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938.
- [(3)] (4) "Restitution" means full, partial or nominal payment of economic damages to a victim. Restitution is independent of and may be awarded in addition to a compensatory fine awarded under ORS 137.101.
 - [(4)] (5) "Victim" means:

- (a) The person against whom the defendant committed the criminal offense, if the court determines that the person has suffered economic damages as a result of the offense.
- (b) Any person not described in paragraph (a) of this subsection whom the court determines has suffered economic damages as a result of the defendant's criminal activities.
- (c) The Criminal Injuries Compensation Account, if it has expended moneys on behalf of a victim described in paragraph (a) of this subsection.
- (d) An insurance carrier, if it has expended moneys on behalf of a victim described in paragraph (a) of this subsection.
 - [(5)] (6) "Victim" does not include any coparticipant in the defendant's criminal activities.

SECTION 9. ORS 137.295 is amended to read:

- 137.295. (1) When a defendant convicted of a crime or violation in the circuit, justice or municipal court, or allowed diversion in such a case, makes a payment of money to be credited against monetary obligations imposed as a result of that conviction or diversion, the clerk shall distribute the payment as provided in this section.
 - (2) There are four categories of monetary obligations. The categories are as follows:
 - (a) Category 1 consists of compensatory fines under ORS 137.101.
- (b) Category 2 consists of restitution as defined in ORS 137.103 and restitution under ORS 419C.450 and a monetary obligation imposed under ORS 811.706.
- (c) Category 3 consists of the unitary assessment imposed under ORS 137.290, costs imposed under ORS 151.505 or 161.665 and those fines, costs, forfeited security amounts and other monetary obligations payable to the state or to the General Fund of the state in criminal and quasi-criminal cases for which moneys the law does not expressly provide other disposition.
- (d) Category 4 consists of monetary obligations imposed upon the defendant as a result of the conviction, but which do not fall under category 1, category 2 or category 3 of the obligation categories. These include, but are not limited to, fines and other monetary obligations that the law expressly directs be paid to an agency, person or political subdivision of the state, and any other obligation to reimburse for payment of a reward under ORS 131.897.
- (3) So long as there remains unpaid any obligation under category 1, the clerk shall credit toward category 1 all of each payment received.
- (4) After the total obligation has been credited under category 1, then so long as there remains unpaid any obligation under both categories 2 and 3, the clerk shall credit toward each such category 50 percent of each payment received.
- (5) The clerk shall monthly transfer the moneys credited under category 1 and under category 2 to the victims for whose benefit moneys under that category were ordered paid. If there are multiple victims for whose benefit moneys have been ordered paid under category 2, the clerk shall first transfer moneys credited under category 2 to the victim, as defined in ORS 137.103 [(4)(a)] (5)(a). When the moneys due the victim, as defined in ORS 137.103 [(4)(a)] (5)(a), have been fully paid, the clerk shall transfer moneys credited under category 2 to the Criminal Injuries Compensation Ac-

count if moneys have been ordered paid to the account under category 2. When the moneys due the account have been fully paid, the clerk shall transfer moneys credited under category 2 to any other victims, as defined in ORS 137.103 [(4)(b)] (5)(b) or (d), for whose benefit moneys under that category were ordered paid in proportion to the amounts ordered. The clerk of a circuit court shall monthly transfer the moneys credited under category 3 as directed by the State Court Administrator for deposit in the State Treasury to the credit of the Criminal Fine and Assessment Account established under ORS 137.300. The clerk of a justice or municipal court shall monthly transfer the moneys credited under category 3 to the Department of Revenue as provided in ORS 305.830.

- (6) When the entire amount owing for purposes of either category 2 or category 3 has been credited, further payments by the defendant shall be credited by the clerk entirely to the unpaid balance of whichever of those categories remains unpaid, until both category 2 and category 3 have been entirely paid.
- (7) When category 1, category 2 and category 3 have been entirely paid and any obligation remains owing under category 4, the clerk shall credit further payments by the defendant to the obligations under category 4 and shall monthly transfer the moneys so received to the appropriate recipient, giving first priority to counties and cities entitled to revenues generated by prosecutions in justice and municipal courts and giving last priority to persons entitled to moneys as reimbursement for reward under ORS 131.897.
- (8) Notwithstanding subsection (5) of this section, the clerk of a circuit court shall monthly transfer the moneys attributable to parking violations to the State Treasurer for deposit in the General Fund.
- (9) The clerk of a justice or municipal court must make the transfers required by this section not later than the last day of the month immediately following the month in which a payment is made.
- **SECTION 10.** ORS 137.295, as amended by section 1, chapter 1064, Oregon Laws 1999, section 23, chapter 823, Oregon Laws 2001, section 3, chapter 687, Oregon Laws 2003, and section 5, chapter 564, Oregon Laws 2005, is amended to read:
- 137.295. (1) When a defendant convicted of a crime or violation in the circuit, justice or municipal court, or allowed diversion in such a case, makes a payment of money to be credited against monetary obligations imposed as a result of that conviction or diversion, the clerk shall distribute the payment as provided in this section.
 - (2) There are four categories of monetary obligations. The categories are as follows:
 - (a) Category 1 consists of compensatory fines under ORS 137.101.
- (b) Category 2 consists of restitution as defined in ORS 137.103 and restitution under ORS 419C.450 and a monetary obligation imposed under ORS 811.706.
- (c) Category 3 consists of the unitary assessment imposed under ORS 137.290, costs imposed under ORS 151.505 or 161.665 and those fines, costs, forfeited security amounts and other monetary obligations payable to the state or to the General Fund of the state in criminal and quasi-criminal cases for which moneys the law does not expressly provide other disposition.
- (d) Category 4 consists of monetary obligations imposed upon the defendant as a result of the conviction, but which do not fall under category 1, category 2 or category 3 of the obligation categories. These include, but are not limited to, fines and other monetary obligations that the law expressly directs be paid to an agency, person or political subdivision of the state, and any other obligation to reimburse for payment of a reward under ORS 131.897.
 - (3) As long as there remains unpaid any obligation under category 1, including any interest ac-

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crued on that obligation, the clerk shall credit toward category 1 all of each payment received.

- (4) After the total obligation has been credited under category 1, then as long as there remains unpaid any obligation under both categories 2 and 3, including any interest accrued on those obligations, the clerk shall credit toward each such category 50 percent of each payment received.
- (5) The clerk shall monthly transfer the principal amount of the moneys credited under category 1 and under category 2, and all interest that has accrued on those principal amounts, to the victims for whose benefit moneys under that category were ordered paid. If there are multiple victims for whose benefit moneys have been ordered paid under category 2, the clerk shall first transfer moneys credited under category 2 to the victim, as defined in ORS 137.103 [(4)(a)] (5)(a). When the moneys due the victim, as defined in ORS 137.103 [(4)(a)] (5)(a), have been fully paid, the clerk shall transfer moneys credited under category 2 to the Criminal Injuries Compensation Account if moneys have been ordered paid to the account under category 2. When the moneys due the account have been fully paid, the clerk shall transfer moneys credited under category 2 to any other victims, as defined in ORS 137.103 [(4)(b)] (5)(b) or (d), for whose benefit moneys under that category were ordered paid in proportion to the amounts ordered. The clerk of a circuit court shall monthly transfer the principal amount of the moneys credited under category 3 as directed by the State Court Administrator for deposit in the State Treasury to the credit of the Criminal Fine and Assessment Account established under ORS 137.300. The clerk of a justice or municipal court shall monthly transfer the principal amount of the moneys credited under category 3 to the Department of Revenue as provided in ORS 305.830. The clerk shall transfer all interest on the principal amount of the moneys credited under category 3 to the State Court Administrator for deposit in the Court Facilities Account established under ORS 1.190.
- (6) When the entire amount owing for purposes of either category 2 or category 3 has been credited, including any interest that has accrued on the amount, further payments by the defendant shall be credited by the clerk entirely to the unpaid balance of whichever of those categories remains unpaid, until both category 2 and category 3 have been entirely paid.
- (7) When category 1, category 2 and category 3 have been entirely paid and any obligation remains owing under category 4, the clerk shall credit further payments by the defendant to the obligations under category 4 and shall monthly transfer the principal amount of the moneys so received to the appropriate recipient, giving first priority to counties and cities entitled to revenues generated by prosecutions in justice and municipal courts and giving last priority to persons entitled to moneys as reimbursement for reward under ORS 131.897. The clerk shall transfer all interest on the principal amount of the moneys credited under category 4 to the agency, person or political subdivision of the state entitled to the principal amount. All interest on monetary obligations owing to the state under category 4 shall be transferred to the State Court Administrator for deposit in the Court Facilities Account established under ORS 1.190.
- (8) Notwithstanding subsection (5) of this section, the clerk of a circuit court shall monthly transfer the moneys attributable to parking violations to the State Treasurer for deposit in the General Fund.
- (9) The clerk of a justice or municipal court must make the transfers required by this section not later than the last day of the month immediately following the month in which a payment is made.
- SECTION 11. (1) No later than January 1, 2009, the Attorney General shall submit a report to the Seventy-fourth Legislative Assembly outlining how existing:
 - (a) Laws relating to crime victims' compensation, services and rights respond to the

needs of victims of crimes defined in sections 1 to 7 of this 2007 Act; and

- (b) Social service programs respond, or fail to respond, to the needs of victims of crimes defined in sections 1 to 7 of this 2007 Act and the interplay between state social service programs and federally funded victim service programs.
- (2) The Attorney General shall include in the report required by subsection (1) of this section recommendations for improvement and modification of the laws and programs.

SECTION 12. ORS 161.005 is amended to read:

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161.005. ORS 161.005 to 161.055, 161.085 to 161.125, 161.150 to 161.175, 161.190 to 161.275, 161.290 to 161.370, 161.405 to 161.485, 161.505 to 161.585, 161.605, 161.615 to 161.685, 161.705 to 161.737, 162.005, 162.015 to 162.035, 162.055 to 162.115, 162.135 to 162.205, 162.225 to 162.375, 162.405 to 162.425, 162.465, 163.005, 163.115, 163.125 to 163.145, 163.160 to 163.208, 163.215 to 163.257, 163.275, 163.285, 163.305 to 163.467, 163.505 to 163.575, 163.665 to 163.693, 164.005, 164.015 to 164.135, 164.140, 164.205 to 164.270, 164.305 to 164.377, 164.395 to 164.415, 164.805, 164.877, 165.002 to 165.109, 165.805, 166.005 to 166.095, 166.350, 166.382, 166.384, 166.660, 167.002 to 167.027, 167.060 to 167.100, 167.117, 167.122 to 167.162, 167.203 to 167.252, 167.310 to 167.340 and 167.350, 167.810 and 167.820 and sections 1 to 7 of this 2007 Act, shall be known and may be cited as Oregon Criminal Code of 1971.