# Enrolled House Bill 2595

Sponsored by COMMITTEE ON ELECTIONS, ETHICS AND RULES (at the request of Oregon Law Commission)

CHAPTER	

#### AN ACT

Relating to government ethics; creating new provisions; amending ORS 162.005, 171.745, 171.750, 171.772, 171.778, 244.010, 244.020, 244.050, 244.055, 244.090, 244.100, 244.110, 244.115, 244.130, 244.160, 244.195, 244.250, 244.260, 244.270, 244.280, 244.290, 244.300, 244.310, 244.320, 244.340, 244.345, 244.350, 244.360, 244.370, 244.380, 244.390, 244.400, 293.708 and 469.810; repealing ORS 244.030, 244.080, 244.180, 244.190 and 244.201; and declaring an emergency.

Be It Enacted by the People of the State of Oregon:

#### COMMISSION STRUCTURE

SECTION 1. ORS 244.250 is amended to read:

244.250. (1) The Oregon Government [Standards and Practices] Ethics Commission is established, consisting of seven members. The appointment of a member of the commission is subject to confirmation by the Senate in the manner provided in ORS 171.562 and 171.565. Members shall be appointed in the following manner [to be confirmed by the Senate]:

- (a) [Four members appointed by] The Governor shall appoint four members from among persons recommended, one each by the leadership of the Democratic and Republican parties in each house of the Legislative Assembly. If a person recommended by the leadership of the Democratic or Republican party is not approved by the Governor, the leadership shall recommend another person [shall be recommended].
- (b) [Three members appointed by] The Governor shall appoint three members without leadership recommendation[,]. No more than two [of whom shall be from] members appointed under this paragraph may be members of the same major political party.
- (2) [No] A person who holds any public office listed in ORS 244.050 (1) except as a member of the commission [shall] **may not** be appointed to the commission. No more than four members [shall] **may** be members of the same political party.
- (3) The term of office **of a member** is four years. [No] **A** member [shall be] **is not** eligible to be appointed to more than one full term but may serve out an unexpired term. [However, those members first appointed to the commission serving less than a three-year term are eligible for a second appointment for a full term.] Vacancies shall be filled by the appointing authority for the unexpired term.
- (4) The commission shall elect a chairperson and vice chairperson for such terms and duties as the commission may require.

- (5) A quorum consists of four members but [no] a final decision may **not** be made without an affirmative vote of [the] a majority of the members appointed to the commission.
  - (6) Members shall be entitled to compensation and expenses as provided in ORS 292.495.
- (7) The commission may retain or appoint qualified legal counsel who [shall] **must** be a member of the Oregon State Bar and who [shall be] **is** responsible to the commission. The appointment of legal counsel under this subsection [shall] **may** be made only when the commission finds it is inappropriate and contrary to the public interest for the office of the Attorney General to represent concurrently more than one public official or agency in any matter before the commission because [such] **the** representation:
  - (a) Would create or tend to create a conflict of interest; and
  - **(b)** Is not subject to ORS 180.230 or 180.235.
- (8) The Attorney General [shall] **may** not represent before the commission any state public official who is the subject of any complaint or action of the commission at the commission's own instigation.

### CONSIDERATION OF OTHER SANCTIONS

SECTION 2. ORS 244.390 is amended to read:

244.390. (1) [The penalties and sanctions imposed by this chapter are] A penalty or sanction imposed issued by the Oregon Government Ethics Commission or a court under this chapter is in addition to and not in lieu of any other penalty or sanction [prescribed or authorized by law which applies to the conduct of public officials] that may be imposed according to law.

- (2) Before making a finding that there is cause to undertake an investigation under ORS 244.260 and before imposing a civil penalty under ORS 244.350 or 244.360, the commission or a court shall consider the public interest and any other penalty or sanction that has been or may be imposed on the public official as a result of the same conduct that is the subject of action by the commission or court under ORS 244.260.
  - (3) Nothing in this chapter is intended to affect:
- (a) Any statute requiring disclosure of economic interest by any public official or candidate for public office.
- (b) Any statute prohibiting or authorizing specific conduct on the part of any public official or candidate for public office.

### RULEMAKING

**SECTION 3.** ORS 244.290 is amended to read:

244.290. (1) The Oregon Government [Standards and Practices] Ethics Commission shall:

- [(1)] (a) Prescribe forms for statements required by this chapter and provide the forms to persons required to file the statements under this chapter or **pursuant to a** resolution adopted [pursuant thereto] **under ORS 244.160**.
- [(2) Prepare, publish and provide a manual setting forth recommended uniform methods of reporting for use by persons filing statements under this chapter or resolution adopted pursuant thereto.]
- [(3)] (b) Develop a filing, coding and cross-indexing system consistent with the purposes of this chapter.
  - [(4)] (c) Prepare and publish [such] reports [as] the commission finds are necessary.
- (d) Make advisory opinions issued by the commission or the executive director of the commission available to the public at no charge on the Internet.
- (e) Accept and file any information voluntarily supplied that exceeds the requirements of this chapter.
- (f) Make statements and other information filed with the commission available for public inspection and copying during regular office hours, and make copying facilities available at a charge not to exceed actual cost.

- [(5)] (2) The commission shall adopt rules necessary to carry out its duties under ORS 171.725 to 171.785 and 171.992 and this chapter, including rules to:
- (a) Create a procedure under which items before the commission may be treated under a consent calendar and voted on as a single item;
- (b) Exempt a public official who is otherwise required to file a statement pursuant to ORS 244.050 from filing the statement if the regularity, number and frequency of the meetings and actions of the body over which the public official has jurisdiction are so few or infrequent as not to warrant the public disclosure;
- (c) Establish an administrative process whereby a person subpoenaed by the commission may obtain a protective order; [and]
- (d) List criteria and establish a process for the commission to use prosecutorial discretion to decide whether to proceed with an inquiry or investigation;
- (e) Establish a procedure under which the commission shall conduct accuracy audits of a sample of reports or statements filed with the commission under this chapter or ORS 171.725 to 171.785;
- (f) Specify when a continuing violation is considered a single violation or a separate and distinct violation for each day the violation occurs; and
- (g) Set criteria for determining the amount of civil penalties that the commission may impose.
  - (3) The commission may adopt rules that:
- (a) Limit the minimum size of, or otherwise establish criteria for or identify, the smaller classes that qualify under the class exception from the definition of "potential conflict of interest" under ORS 244.020;
- (b) Require the disclosure and reporting of gifts or other compensation made to or received by a public official or candidate for public office;
- (c) Establish criteria for cases in which information relating to notices of actual or potential conflicts of interest shall, may not or may be provided to the commission under ORS 244.130: or
- (d) Allow the commission to accept the filing of a statement containing less than all of the information required under ORS 244.060 and 244.070 if the public official or candidate for public office certifies on the statement that the information contained on the statement previously filed is unchanged or certifies only as to any changed material.
  - (4) Not less frequently than once each calendar year, the commission shall:
- (a) Consider adoption of rules the commission deems necessary to implement or interpret provisions of this chapter relating to issues the commission determines are of general interest to public officials or candidates for public office or that are addressed by the commission or by commission staff on a recurring basis; and
- (b) Review rules previously adopted by the commission to determine whether the rules have continuing applicability or whether the rules should be amended or repealed.
  - SECTION 4. Section 5 of this 2007 Act is added to and made a part of ORS chapter 244.
- SECTION 5. (1) For the purpose of protecting against violations of the provisions of this chapter, a state agency, as defined in ORS 183.750, or a statewide association of public bodies, as defined in ORS 174.109, may adopt rules or policies interpreting the provisions of this chapter. The rules or policies must be consistent with the provisions of this chapter. A state agency or a statewide association of public bodies may submit rules or policies adopted under this subsection to the Oregon Government Ethics Commission for review.
- (2) Upon receiving rules or policies submitted under subsection (1) of this section, the commission shall review the rules and policies to determine whether the rules and policies are consistent with the provisions of this chapter. The commission, by a vote of a majority of the members of the commission, shall approve or reject the rules or policies. The commission shall notify the state agency or statewide association of public bodies in writing of

the commission's approval or rejection. A written notice of rejection shall explain the reasons for the rejection.

(3) Unless the applicable rule or policy is amended or repealed by the state agency or the statewide association of public bodies, the commission or a court may not impose a penalty under ORS 244.350 or 244.360 on a public official for any good faith action the official takes in compliance with a rule or policy that was adopted by the state agency that the official serves, or by a statewide association of which the public body that the official serves is a member, and approved by the commission under subsection (2) of this section.

SECTION 6. ORS 244.100 is amended to read:

- 244.100. [(1) The Oregon Government Standards and Practices Commission by rule may require the disclosure and reporting of gifts or other compensation made to or received by a public official or candidate for elective office.]
- [(2) The commission by rule may exempt from the gift limitation contained in ORS 244.040, any gift of food or beverage but may require that when gifts of food or beverage exceed a dollar amount fixed by the commission, the source thereof shall be disclosed on a form prescribed by the commission.]
- [(3)] In addition to any disclosures or reports required under [subsections (1) and (2) of this section] this chapter or rules adopted under ORS 244.290, any person or organization that provides a public official with food, lodging or travel expenses exceeding [\$50] \$100, as described in ORS 244.060 (6), shall notify the public official in writing of the amount of the expense. The notice shall be sent to the public official within 10 days from the date [such] the expenses are incurred.

**SECTION 7.** ORS 244.110 is amended to read:

- 244.110. (1) [Any] Each statement of economic interest required to be filed [by] under ORS 244.050, 244.060, 244.070, [244.080,] 244.090 or 244.100, or by rule under ORS 244.290, and each trading statement required to be filed under ORS 244.055 shall be signed and certified as true by the person required to file it and shall contain [or be verified by] a written declaration that [it] the statement is made under the penalties of false swearing. [Such declaration shall be in lieu of any oath otherwise required.]
- (2) [No person shall willfully make and subscribe any return statement or other document which contains or is verified by a written declaration that it is made under penalties for false swearing, which the person does not believe to be true and correct to every matter] A person may not sign and certify a statement under subsection (1) of this section if the person knows that the statement contains information that is false.
- (3) Violation of subsection (2) of this section is punishable as false swearing under ORS 162.075.

SECTION 8. ORS 244.020 is amended to read:

244.020. As used in this chapter, unless the context requires otherwise:

- (1) "Actual conflict of interest" means any action or any decision or recommendation by a person acting in a capacity as a public official, the effect of which would be to the private pecuniary benefit or detriment of the person or the person's relative or any business with which the person or a relative of the person is associated unless the pecuniary benefit or detriment arises out of circumstances described in subsection (14) of this section.
- (2) "Business" means any corporation, partnership, proprietorship, firm, enterprise, franchise, association, organization, self-employed individual and any other legal entity operated for economic gain but excluding any income-producing not-for-profit corporation that is tax exempt under section 501(c) of the Internal Revenue Code with which a public official or a relative of the public official is associated only as a member or board director or in a nonremunerative capacity.
  - (3) "Business with which the person is associated" means:
- (a) Any private business or closely held corporation of which the person or the person's relative is a director, officer, owner or employee, or agent or any private business or closely held corporation in which the person or the person's relative owns or has owned stock, another form of equity

interest, stock options or debt instruments worth \$1,000 or more at any point in the preceding calendar year;

- (b) Any publicly held corporation in which the person or the person's relative owns or has owned \$100,000 or more in stock or another form of equity interest, stock options or debt instruments at any point in the preceding calendar year;
- (c) Any publicly held corporation of which the person or the person's relative is a director or officer; or
- (d) For public officials required to file a statement of economic interest under ORS 244.050, any business from which 50 percent or more of the total annual income of the person and members of the person's household is derived during the current calendar year.
  - (4) "Commission" means the Oregon Government [Standards and Practices] Ethics Commission.
- (5) "Development commission" means any entity which has the authority to purchase, develop, improve or lease land or the authority to operate or direct the use of land. This authority must be more than ministerial.
  - (6) "Expenditure" has the meaning given that term in ORS 260.005.
- (7) "Gift" means something of economic value given to a public official or the public official's relative without valuable consideration of equivalent value, including the full or partial forgiveness of indebtedness, which is not extended to others who are not public officials or the relatives of public officials on the same terms and conditions; and something of economic value given to a public official or the public official's relative for valuable consideration less than that required from others who are not public officials. However, "gift" does not mean:
  - (a) Campaign contributions, as described in ORS chapter 260.
  - (b) Gifts from family members.
- (c) The giving or receiving of food, lodging and travel when participating in an event which bears a relationship to the public official's office and when appearing in an official capacity, subject to the reporting requirement of ORS 244.060 (6).
- (d) The giving or receiving of food or beverage if the food or beverage is consumed by the public official or the public official's relatives in the presence of the purchaser or provider thereof.
- (e) The giving or receiving of entertainment if the entertainment is experienced by the public official or the public official's relatives in the presence of the purchaser or provider thereof and the value of the entertainment does not exceed \$100 per person on a single occasion and is not greater than \$250 in any one calendar year.
- (8) "Honoraria" means a payment or something of economic value given to a public official in exchange for services upon which custom or propriety prevents the setting of a price. Services include, but are not limited to, speeches or other services rendered in connection with an event at which the public official appears in an official capacity.
- (9) "Income" means income of any nature derived from any source, including, but not limited to, any salary, wage, advance, payment, dividend, interest, rent, honoraria, return of capital, forgiveness of indebtedness, or anything of economic value.
- (10) "Legislative or administrative interest" means an economic interest, distinct from that of the general public, in one or more bills, resolutions, regulations, proposals or other matters subject to the action or vote of a person acting in the capacity of a public official.
- (11) "Legislative official" means any member or member-elect of the Legislative Assembly, any member of an agency, board or committee that is part of the legislative branch and any staff person, assistant or employee thereof.
  - (12) "Member of household" means any relative who resides with the public official.
- (13) "Planning commission" means a county planning commission created under ORS chapter 215 or a city planning commission created under ORS chapter 227.
- (14) "Potential conflict of interest" means any action or any decision or recommendation by a person acting in a capacity as a public official, the effect of which could be to the private pecuniary benefit or detriment of the person or the person's relative, or a business with which the person or

the person's relative is associated, unless the pecuniary benefit or detriment arises out of the following:

- (a) An interest or membership in a particular business, industry, occupation or other class required by law as a prerequisite to the holding by the person of the office or position.
- (b) Any action in the person's official capacity which would affect to the same degree a class consisting of all inhabitants of the state, or a smaller class consisting of an industry, occupation or other group including one of which or in which the person, or the person's relative or business with which the person or the person's relative is associated, is a member or is engaged. [The commission may by rule limit the minimum size of or otherwise establish criteria for or identify the smaller classes that qualify under this exception.]
- (c) Membership in or membership on the board of directors of a nonprofit corporation that is tax-exempt under section 501(c) of the Internal Revenue Code.
- (15) "Public official" means any person who, when an alleged violation of this chapter occurs, is serving the State of Oregon or any of its political subdivisions or any other public body of the state as an officer, employee, agent or otherwise, and irrespective of whether the person is compensated for such services.
- (16) "Relative" means the spouse of the public official, any children of the public official or of the public official's spouse, and brothers, sisters or parents of the public official or of the public official's spouse.
  - (17) "Statement of economic interest" means a statement as described by ORS 244.060 to 244.080.
- (18) "Statewide official" means the Secretary of State or Secretary of State-elect, State Treasurer or State Treasurer-elect, Superintendent of Public Instruction or Superintendent-elect of Public Instruction, Attorney General or Attorney General-elect and the Commissioner of the Bureau of Labor and Industries or the Commissioner-elect of the Bureau of Labor and Industries.
- (19) "Zoning commission" means an entity to which is delegated at least some of the discretionary authority of a planning commission or governing body relating to zoning and land use matters.

# **SECTION 9.** ORS 244.130 is amended to read:

- 244.130. (1) When a public official gives notice of an actual or potential conflict of interest, the public body as defined in ORS 174.109 that the public official serves shall record the actual or potential conflict [shall be recorded] in the official records of the public body[, and]. In addition, a notice of the actual or potential conflict and how it was disposed of may in the discretion of the public body be provided to the Oregon Government [Standards and Practices] Ethics Commission within a reasonable period of time. [The commission may by rule establish criteria for cases in which such information shall, shall not, or may be provided to it.]
- (2) [No] A decision or action of any public official or any board or commission on which the public official serves or agency by which the public official is employed [shall] **may not** be voided by any court solely by reason of the failure of the public official to disclose an actual or potential conflict of interest.

# **SECTION 10.** ORS 244.195 is amended to read:

- 244.195. (1) [The city recorder or county clerk, respectively, shall provide to every person newly elected or appointed to any city or county office for which statements of financial interest are required under ORS 244.050 information about the requirements of ORS 244.050, 244.060, 244.070, 244.080 and 244.090] A person designated by a public body as defined in ORS 174.109 shall provide information explaining the requirements of ORS 244.050, 244.060, 244.070 and 244.090 to each newly elected or appointed public official serving the public body who is required to file a verified statement of economic interest under ORS 244.050. The information must be received by the public official either at the first meeting attended by the [new officer] public official or before the [officer] public official takes the oath of office, whichever [is] occurs first.
- (2) At the time of fulfilling duties under subsection (1) of this section, the [city recorder or county clerk] person designated by the public body shall provide to each [new officer] newly elected or

**appointed public official serving the public body** a copy of the statements and explanation provided to the [city recorder or county clerk] **public body** under subsection (3) of this section.

- (3) The Oregon Government [Standards and Practices] Ethics Commission shall provide copies of the statements described in ORS 244.060, 244.070[, 244.080] and 244.090 and an explanation of the requirements of the law relating to the statements to each [city recorder and county clerk] public body that is served by a public official who is required to file a statement described in ORS 244.060, 244.070 or 244.090.
- (4) [Any person described in subsection (1) of this section] A newly elected or appointed public official serving a public body who is not informed of the filing requirements under ORS 244.050, 244.060, 244.070[, 244.080] and 244.090 and provided with a copy of the statements and explanation [described in subsection (3) of] as required under this section before attending the first meeting or taking the oath of office may resign that office within 90 days thereafter or before the next date specified in ORS 244.050 for the filing of a statement, whichever is [longer] later, without filing [any statement] a verified statement of economic interest and without incurring a sanction or penalty that might otherwise be imposed for not filing.

SECTION 11. ORS 244.270 is amended to read:

- 244.270. (1) If the Oregon Government [Standards and Practices] Ethics Commission finds that an appointed public official has violated any provision of this chapter or any rule adopted [pursuant thereto] under this chapter, the finding [shall constitute] is prima facie evidence of unfitness where removal is authorized for cause either by law or pursuant to section 6, Article VII (Amended) of the Oregon Constitution.
- (2) If the commission finds that a public official has violated any provision of this chapter or any rule adopted under this chapter, the commission shall notify the public body, as defined in ORS 174.109, that the public official serves. The notice shall describe the violation and any action taken by the commission. The commission shall provide the notice not later than 10 business days after the date the commission takes final action against the public official.

#### ADVISORY OPINIONS

# SECTION 12. ORS 244.280 is amended to read:

- 244.280. (1) Upon the written request of [any public official, candidate for public office or] any person, or upon its own motion, the Oregon Government [Standards and Practices] Ethics Commission, under signature of the chairperson, may issue and publish written commission advisory opinions on the [requirements] application of any provision of this chapter[, based on] to any proposed transaction or action or any actual or hypothetical [circumstances.] circumstance. A commission advisory opinion, and a decision by the commission to issue an advisory opinion on its own motion, must be approved by a majority of the members of the commission. Legal counsel to the commission shall review a proposed commission advisory opinion before the opinion is considered by the commission.
- (2) Not later than 60 days after the date the commission receives the written request for a commission advisory opinion, the commission shall issue either the opinion or a written denial of the request. The written denial shall explain the reasons for the denial. The commission may ask the person requesting the advisory opinion to supply additional information the commission considers necessary to render the opinion. The commission, by vote of a majority of the members of the commission, may extend the 60-day deadline by one period not to exceed 60 days.
- (3) Except as provided in this subsection, unless the commission advisory opinion is revised or revoked, the commission or a court may not impose a penalty under ORS 244.350 or 244.360 on a person for any good faith action the person takes in reliance on an advisory opinion issued under this section. The commission or a court may impose a penalty under ORS 244.350 or 244.360 on the person who requested the advisory opinion if the commission

or court determines that the person omitted or misstated material facts in making the request.

- [(2) If any public official or business with which the public official is associated is in doubt whether a proposed transaction or action constitutes a violation of this chapter, the public official or the business may request in writing a determination from the commission. If any public official is in doubt whether receipt of an honoraria is in violation of this chapter because the person paying the honoraria may be found to have a legislative or administrative interest, the public official shall request in writing a determination from the commission. The requester shall supply such information as the commission requests to enable it to issue the interpretation.]
- [(3) A public official or business with which a public official is associated shall not be liable under this chapter, for any action or transaction carried out in accordance with an advisory interpretation issued under subsection (2) of this section. Such an advisory interpretation shall be considered a formal opinion having precedential effect and shall be subject to review by legal counsel to the commission before the interpretation is sent to the requester.]

SECTION 13. Sections 14 and 15 of this 2007 Act are added to and made a part of ORS chapter 244.

- SECTION 14. (1) Upon the written request of any person, the executive director of the Oregon Government Ethics Commission may issue and publish written staff advisory opinions on the application of any provision of this chapter to any proposed transaction or action or any actual or hypothetical circumstance.
- (2) Not later than 30 days after the date the executive director receives the written request for a staff advisory opinion, the executive director shall issue either the opinion or a written denial of the request. The written denial shall explain the reasons for the denial. The executive director may ask the person requesting the advisory opinion to supply additional information the executive director considers necessary to render the opinion. The executive director may extend the 30-day deadline by one period not to exceed 30 days. The executive director shall clearly designate an opinion issued under this section as a staff advisory opinion.
- (3) Except as provided in this subsection, unless the staff advisory opinion is revised or revoked, before imposing any penalty under ORS 244.350 or 244.360, the commission or a court shall consider whether the action that may be subject to penalty was taken in reliance on a staff advisory opinion issued under this section. If a penalty may be imposed on the person who requested the opinion, the commission or court is not required to consider reliance on the opinion if the commission or court determines that the person omitted or misstated material facts in making the request.
- (4) At each regular meeting of the commission, the executive director shall report to the commission on all staff advisory opinions issued since the last regular meeting of the commission. The commission on its own motion may issue a commission advisory opinion under ORS 244.280 on the same facts or circumstances that form the basis for any staff advisory opinion.
- SECTION 15. (1) Upon the written or oral request of any person, the executive director or other staff of the Oregon Government Ethics Commission may issue written or oral staff advice on the application of any provision of this chapter to any proposed transaction or action or any actual or hypothetical circumstance. Any written advice not designated as a staff advisory opinion under section 14 of this 2007 Act is considered staff advice issued under this section.
- (2) Before imposing any penalty under ORS 244.350 or 244.360, the commission or a court may consider whether the action that may be subject to penalty was taken in reliance on staff advice issued under this section.

**SECTION 16.** ORS 244.310 is amended to read:

244.310. (1) The Oregon Government [Standards and Practices] Ethics Commission shall appoint an executive director to serve at the pleasure of the commission.

- (2) The executive director [shall be] is responsible for the administrative operations of the commission and shall perform such other duties as may be designated or assigned to the executive director from time to time by the commission. [However,]
- (3) The commission [shall] may not delegate the power to [make regulations] adopt rules or issue commission advisory opinions to the executive director. The executive director may issue staff advisory opinions as provided in section 14 of this 2007 Act.

#### **SANCTIONS**

# SECTION 17. ORS 244.050 is amended to read:

244.050. (1) On or before April 15 of each year the following persons shall file with the Oregon Government [Standards and Practices] **Ethics** Commission a verified statement of economic interest as required under this chapter:

- (a) The Governor, Secretary of State, State Treasurer, Attorney General, Commissioner of the Bureau of Labor and Industries, Superintendent of Public Instruction, district attorneys and members of the Legislative Assembly.
- (b) Any judicial officer, including justices of the peace and municipal judges, except [municipal judges in those cities where a majority of the votes cast in the subject city in the 1974 general election was in opposition to the ballot measure provided for in section 10, chapter 68, Oregon Laws 1974 (special session), and except] any pro tem judicial officer who does not otherwise serve as a judicial officer.
  - (c) Any candidate for [an] a public office designated in paragraph (a) or (b) of this subsection.
  - (d) The Deputy Attorney General.
- (e) The Legislative Administrator, the Legislative Counsel, the Legislative Fiscal Officer, the Secretary of the Senate and the Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives.
- (f) The Chancellor and Vice Chancellors of the Oregon University System and the president and vice presidents, or their administrative equivalents, in each institution under the jurisdiction of the State Board of Higher Education.
  - (g) The following state officers:
  - (A) Adjutant General.
  - (B) Director of Agriculture.
  - (C) Manager of State Accident Insurance Fund Corporation.
  - (D) Water Resources Director.
  - (E) Director of Department of Environmental Quality.
  - (F) Director of Oregon Department of Administrative Services.
  - (G) State Fish and Wildlife Director.
  - (H) State Forester.
  - (I) State Geologist.
  - (J) Director of Human Services.
  - (K) Director of the Department of Consumer and Business Services.
  - (L) Director of the Department of State Lands.
  - (M) State Librarian.
  - (N) Administrator of Oregon Liquor Control Commission.
  - (O) Superintendent of State Police.
  - (P) Director of the Public Employees Retirement System.
  - (Q) Director of Department of Revenue.
  - (R) Director of Transportation.
  - (S) Public Utility Commissioner.
  - (T) Director of Veterans' Affairs.
  - (U) Executive Director of Oregon Government [Standards and Practices] Ethics Commission.
  - (V) Director of the State Department of Energy.
  - (W) Director and each assistant director of the Oregon State Lottery.

- (h) Any assistant in the Governor's office other than personal secretaries and clerical personnel.
- (i) Every elected city or county official [except elected officials in those cities or counties where a majority of votes cast in the subject city or county in any election on the issue of filing statements of economic interest under this chapter was in opposition].
- (j) Every member of a city or county planning, zoning or development commission [except such members in those cities or counties where a majority of votes cast in the subject city or county at any election on the issue of filing statements of economic interest under this chapter was in opposition to the ballot measure provided for in section 10, chapter 68, Oregon Laws 1974 (special session)].
- (k) The chief executive officer of a city or county who performs the duties of manager or principal administrator of the city or county [except such employees in those cities or counties where a majority of votes cast in the subject city or county in an election on the issue of filing statements of economic interest under this chapter was in opposition].
  - (L) Members of local government boundary commissions formed under ORS 199.410 to 199.519.
- (m) Every member of a governing body of a metropolitan service district and the executive officer thereof.
  - (n) Each member of the board of directors of the State Accident Insurance Fund Corporation.
- (o) The chief administrative officer and the financial officer of each common and union high school district, education service district and community college district.
  - (p) Every member of the following state boards and commissions:
  - (A) Board of Geologic and Mineral Industries.
  - (B) Oregon Economic and Community Development Commission.
  - (C) State Board of Education.
  - (D) Environmental Quality Commission.
  - (E) Fish and Wildlife Commission of the State of Oregon.
  - (F) State Board of Forestry.
  - (G) Oregon Government [Standards and Practices] Ethics Commission.
  - (H) Oregon Health Policy Commission.
  - (I) State Board of Higher Education.
  - (J) Oregon Investment Council.
  - (K) Land Conservation and Development Commission.
  - (L) Oregon Liquor Control Commission.
  - (M) Oregon Short Term Fund Board.
  - (N) State Marine Board.
  - (O) Mass transit district boards.
  - (P) Energy Facility Siting Council.
  - (Q) Board of Commissioners of the Port of Portland.
  - (R) Employment Relations Board.
  - (S) Public Employees Retirement Board.
  - (T) Oregon Racing Commission.
  - (U) Oregon Transportation Commission.
  - (V) Wage and Hour Commission.
  - (W) Water Resources Commission.
  - (X) Workers' Compensation Board.
  - (Y) Oregon Facilities Authority.
  - (Z) Oregon State Lottery Commission.
  - (AA) Pacific Northwest Electric Power and Conservation Planning Council.
  - (BB) Columbia River Gorge Commission.
  - (CC) Oregon Health and Science University Board of Directors.
  - (q) The following officers of the State [Treasury] Treasurer:
  - (A) Chief Deputy State Treasurer.
  - (B) [Executive Assistant to] Chief of staff for the office of the State Treasurer.
  - (C) Director of the Investment Division.

- (r) Every member of the board of commissioners of a port governed by ORS 777.005 to 777.725 [and] or 777.915 to 777.953.
- (2) By April 15 next after the date an appointment takes effect, every appointed public official on a board or commission listed in subsection (1) of this section shall file with the **Oregon Government Ethics** Commission a statement of economic interest as required under ORS 244.060, 244.070 and 244.090.
- (3) By April 15 next after the filing deadline for the primary election, each candidate for elective public office described in subsection (1) of this section shall file with the commission a statement of economic interest as required under ORS 244.060, 244.070 and 244.090.
- (4) Within 30 days after the filing deadline for the general election, each candidate for elective public office described in subsection (1) of this section who was not a candidate in the preceding primary election, or who was nominated for elective public office described in subsection (1) of this section at the preceding primary election by write-in votes, shall file with the commission a statement of economic interest as required under ORS 244.060, 244.070 and 244.090.
- [(5) The Legislative Assembly shall maintain a continuing review of the operation of this chapter.]
- [(6)] (5) Subsections (1) to [(5)] (4) of this section apply only to persons who are incumbent, elected or appointed **public** officials as of April 15 and to persons who are candidates for **public** office on April 15. [*Those sections*] **Subsections (1) to (4) of this section** also apply to persons who do not become candidates until 30 days after the filing deadline for the statewide general election.
- [(7)(a)] (6) [Failure to file the statement required by this section subjects a person to a civil penalty that may be imposed as specified in ORS 183.745, but the enforcement of this subsection does not require the Oregon Government Standards and Practices Commission to follow the procedures in ORS 244.260 before finding that a violation of this section has occurred.]
- [(b) Failure to file the required statement in timely fashion shall be prima facie evidence of a violation of this section.]
- [(c) If within five days after the date on which the statement is to be filed under this section the statement has not been received by the commission,] If a statement required to be filed under this section has not been received by the commission within five days after the date the statement is due, the commission shall notify the public official or candidate and give the public official or candidate not less than 15 days to comply with the requirements of this section. If the public official or candidate fails to comply by the date set by the commission, the commission may impose a civil penalty [of \$5 for each day the statement is late beyond the date fixed by the commission. The maximum penalty that may be accrued under this section is \$1,000] as provided in ORS 244.350.
- [(d) A civil penalty imposed under this subsection is in addition to and not in lieu of sanctions that may be imposed under ORS 244.380.]

# SECTION 18. ORS 244.350 is amended to read:

- 244.350. (1) The Oregon Government [Standards and Practices] **Ethics** Commission [or the court under ORS 244.260 (8)] may impose civil penalties not to exceed:
- (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this subsection, [\$1,000] \$5,000 for [violating] violation of any provision of this chapter or any resolution adopted under [this chapter] ORS 244.160.
  - (b) \$25,000 for violation of ORS 244,045.
- (2)(a) Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this subsection, the commission may impose civil penalties not to exceed \$1,000 for [violating] violation of any provision of ORS 192.660. [However,]
- (b) A civil penalty may not be imposed under this subsection if the violation occurred as a result of the governing body of the public body acting upon the advice of the public body's counsel.
- (3) The commission may impose civil penalties not to exceed \$250 for violation of ORS 293.708. A civil penalty imposed under this subsection is in addition to and not in lieu of a civil penalty that may be imposed under subsection (1) of this section.
- (4)(a) The commission may impose civil penalties on a person who fails to file the statement required under ORS 244.050. In enforcing this subsection, the commission is not re-

quired to follow the procedures in ORS 244.260 before finding that a violation of ORS 244.050 has occurred.

- (b) Failure to file the required statement in timely fashion is prima facie evidence of a violation of ORS 244.050.
- (c) The commission may impose a civil penalty of \$10 for each of the first 14 days the statement is late beyond the date set by law, or by the commission under ORS 244.050, and \$50 for each day thereafter. The maximum penalty that may be imposed under this subsection is \$5,000.
- (d) A civil penalty imposed under this subsection is in addition to and not in lieu of sanctions that may be imposed under ORS 244.380.
- [(4) Any penalty imposed under this section is in addition to and not in lieu of any other penalty or sanction that may be imposed according to law, including removal from office.]

SECTION 19. ORS 244.360 is amended to read:

244.360. [The Oregon Government Standards and Practices Commission, in addition to civil penalties prescribed in ORS 244.350, may require any public official who has financially benefited the public official or any other person by violation of any provision of this chapter to forfeit twice the amount that the public official or any other person realized from violating any provision of this chapter.] In addition to civil penalties imposed under ORS 244.350, if a public official has financially benefited the public official or any other person by violating any provision of this chapter, the Oregon Government Ethics Commission or a court may impose upon the public official a civil penalty in an amount equal to twice the amount the public official or other person realized as a result of the violation.

SECTION 20. ORS 244.380 is amended to read:

244.380. (1) [In the event that a public official or candidate subject to the requirements of this chapter, fails to file a statement of economic interests required by this chapter, or by resolution adopted pursuant thereto, the following actions shall be taken, irrespective of other penalties which may be imposed pursuant to this chapter if, after a hearing has been granted the public official and a penalty is imposed under ORS 244.370, the public official continues to refuse to file a statement of economic interests] If the Oregon Government Ethics Commission has imposed a civil penalty under ORS 244.350 on a public official or candidate for failing to file a statement of economic interest required under this chapter or a resolution adopted under ORS 244.160 and the public official or candidate continues to refuse to file the statement, the following apply:

- (a) [Except as to judges, no compensation shall be paid to a salaried public official. Upon notice to the Oregon Department of Administrative Services or to the appropriate local authority from the Oregon Government Standards and Practices Commission of the failure to file the required report when due, compensation shall be withheld and the public official shall be barred from beginning or continuing to exercise the official duty of the public official until such time as the public official complies with the requirements of this chapter.] The commission shall notify the Oregon Department of Administrative Services or the local public body, as defined in ORS 174.109, that the public official serves of the failure to file a statement of economic interest. Except for judges, during the period beginning on the date the department or public body receives notice from the commission and ending on the date the public official files the statement of economic interest, the department or public body may not pay compensation to the public official and the public official may not begin or continue to exercise the official duty of the public official. In the case of a public official who [receives no] does not receive compensation, the public official [shall be barred from beginning or continuing the] may not begin or continue to exercise [of] the official duty of the public official until [such time as a statement is filed as required under this chapter] the public official files the statement of economic interest.
- (b) [Upon notice from the commission to the] In the case of a candidate for public office, the commission shall notify the appropriate chief elections officer of the candidate's failure to file the statement required by this chapter[,]. The chief elections officer shall:

- (A) If the notice is received on or before the 61st day before the date of the election, cause the name of the candidate [for public office] to be removed from the ballot on which the name of the candidate would otherwise appear; or
- (B) If the candidate has been nominated or elected, refuse to issue a certificate of nomination or election.
- (2) If the name of a candidate for public office is removed from the ballot as provided in subsection (1) of this section, the name shall be removed in accordance with ORS 254.165.
- (3) As used in this section, "chief elections officer" has the meaning given that term in ORS 254.005.

**SECTION 21.** ORS 293.708 is amended to read:

293.708. (1) As used in this section:

- (a) "Business" has the meaning given that term in ORS 244.020.
- (b) "Business with which the person is associated" has the meaning given that term in ORS 244.020
  - (c) "Relative" has the meaning given that term in ORS 244.020.
- (2) When a **person who is a** member of the Oregon Investment Council becomes aware that action on a matter pending before the council might lead to private pecuniary benefit or detriment to the person, to a relative of the person or to a business with which the person or a relative of the person is associated, the member shall notify in writing the State Treasurer or the Chief Deputy State Treasurer that any action, decision or recommendation by the member might constitute an actual or potential conflict of interest. The member shall provide the notice not later than three business days after the member becomes aware of the possibility of an actual or potential conflict.
- (3) Subsection (2) of this section does not apply if the pecuniary benefit or detriment arises out of circumstances described in ORS 244.020 (14)(a) to (c).
- (4) Complaints of violations of this section may be made to the Oregon Government Ethics Commission for review and investigation as provided by ORS 244.260 and for possible imposition of civil penalties as provided by ORS 244.350 or 244.360.
- [(4)] (5) Nothing in this section excuses a member of the council from compliance with ORS 244.120.

**SECTION 22.** ORS 162.005 is amended to read:

162.005. As used in ORS 162.005 to 162.425 [and 162.465], unless the context requires otherwise:

- (1) "Pecuniary benefit" means gain or advantage to the beneficiary or to a third person pursuant to the desire or consent of the beneficiary, in the form of money, property, commercial interests or economic gain, but does not include a political campaign contribution reported in accordance with ORS chapter 260.
  - (2) "Public servant" [includes] means:
- (a) [A public officer or employee of the state or of any political subdivision thereof or of any governmental instrumentality within the state] A public official as defined in ORS 244.020;
- (b) A person serving as an advisor, consultant or assistant at the request or direction of the state, any political subdivision thereof or of any governmental instrumentality within the state;
- (c) A person nominated, elected or appointed to become a public servant, although not yet occupying the position; and
  - (d) Jurors.

# COMMISSION ADJUDICATION PROCESSES

# SECTION 23. ORS 244.260 is amended to read:

244.260. [(1)(a) Upon its own instigation or signed complaint of any person, the Oregon Government Standards and Practices Commission may undertake action in the Preliminary Review Phase with respect to the contents of any statements filed under this chapter or resolution adopted pursuant thereto or any alleged violation of any provision of this chapter.]

- [(b) The public official who is the subject of a complaint or of the commission's own action shall be notified immediately upon receipt of the complaint or upon adoption of a motion by the commission to undertake any action concerning the public official. The notice shall be given by telephone if the official can be reached and shall also be in writing mailed to the official. The notice shall include the nature of the complaint or motion and a copy of all materials submitted along with the complaint or materials which give rise to the commission's instigation of action on its own motion. However, the official must also be notified in advance if an issue that may give rise to a motion to undertake action on the commission's own instigation is to be discussed at a commission meeting.]
- [(c) Before investigating any complaint or undertaking any investigation at the commission's own instigation, if the public official who is the subject of the complaint or of the commission's own action is a member of the Legislative Assembly, the commission shall determine whether the alleged violation of any provision of this chapter involves conduct protected by section 9, Article IV of the Oregon Constitution. If the commission determines that the conduct is protected by section 9, Article IV of the Oregon Constitution, the commission shall dismiss the complaint or rescind its motion as provided in paragraph (e) of this subsection.]
- [(d) If the complaint has not been dismissed or the motion of the commission has not been rescinded as described in paragraph (c) of this subsection, before investigating any complaint or undertaking an investigation on the commission's own instigation, the commission shall make a finding that there is cause to undertake an investigation, notify the public official who is the subject of the investigation, identify the issues to be examined and shall confine its investigation to those issues. If the commission finds reason to expand its investigation, it shall move to do so and shall record in its minutes the issues to be examined before expanding the scope of its investigation and formally notify the complainant and the public official who is the subject of the complaint of the expansion and the scope thereof.]
- [(e) If the commission does not make a finding of cause, or if the commission determines that the alleged violation of this chapter involves conduct protected by section 9, Article IV of the Oregon Constitution, the commission shall dismiss the complaint or rescind its motion and shall formally enter the dismissal or rescission on its records. The commission shall notify the public official of the dismissal or rescission. After dismissal or rescission, the commission shall take no further action involving the public official unless a new and different complaint is filed or action at its own instigation is undertaken based on different conduct.]
  - [(2) The commission may:]
- [(a) During the Preliminary Review Phase, seek, solicit or otherwise obtain any books, papers, records, memoranda or other additional information, administer oaths and take depositions necessary to determine whether there is cause or if the alleged violation is protected by section 9, Article IV of the Oregon Constitution; and]
- [(b) During the Investigatory Phase, require any additional information, administer oaths, take depositions and issue subpoenas to compel attendance of witnesses and the production of books, papers, records, memoranda or other information necessary to complete the investigation. If any person fails to comply with any subpoena issued under this section or refuses to testify on any matters on which the person may be lawfully interrogated, the procedure provided in ORS 183.440 shall be followed to compel compliance.]
- [(3) The person conducting any inquiry or investigation shall do so in an impartial, objective manner. All favorable and unfavorable information collected by the investigator shall be turned over to the commission.]
- [(4) The findings of the commission in any inquiry or investigation shall be reported impartially, including both favorable and unfavorable findings, and shall be made available to the public official who is the subject thereof, to the appointing authority, if any, and to the Attorney General for state public officials and to the appropriate district attorney for local public officials. The findings shall be made available to the Commission on Judicial Fitness and Disability in any investigation involving a judge.]

- [(5) Hearings relating to any charge of alleged violation of this chapter must be held before an administrative law judge assigned from the Office of Administrative Hearings established under ORS 183.605. The procedure shall be that for a contested case under ORS chapter 183.]
- (1)(a) Any person may file with the Oregon Government Ethics Commission a signed written complaint alleging that there has been a violation of any provision of this chapter or of any rule adopted by the commission under this chapter. The complaint shall state the person's reason for believing that a violation occurred and include any evidence relating to the alleged violation.
- (b) If at any time the commission has reason to believe that there has been a violation of a provision of this chapter or of a rule adopted by the commission under this chapter, the commission may proceed under this section on its own motion as if the commission had received a complaint.
- (2)(a) Not later than two business days after receiving a complaint under this section, the commission shall notify the person who is the subject of the complaint.
- (b) Before approving a motion to proceed under this section without a complaint, the commission shall provide notice to the person believed to have committed the violation of the time and place of the meeting at which the motion will be discussed. If the commission decides to proceed on its own motion, the commission shall give notice to the person not later than two business days after the motion is approved.
- (c) The commission shall give notice of the complaint or motion under paragraph (a) or (b) of this subsection by mail and by telephone if the person can be reached by telephone. The notice must describe the nature of the alleged violation. The mailed notice must include copies of all materials submitted with a complaint. If the commission will consider a motion to proceed without a complaint, the notice must provide copies of all materials that the commission will consider at the hearing on the motion.
- (3) After receiving a complaint or deciding to proceed on its own motion, the commission shall undertake action in the Preliminary Review Phase to determine whether there is cause to undertake an investigation. If the person who is the subject of the action is a member of the Legislative Assembly, the commission shall determine whether the alleged violation involves conduct protected by section 9, Article IV of the Oregon Constitution.
- [(6)(a)] (4)(a) [The period of time from the filing of a complaint or from acting on the commission's own instigation to the finding of cause or dismissal of the complaint or rescission of the motion shall be termed the Preliminary Review Phase and shall not exceed 90 days unless] The Preliminary Review Phase begins on the date the complaint is filed or the date the commission decides to proceed on its own motion and ends on the date the commission determines there is cause to undertake an investigation, dismisses the complaint or rescinds its own motion. The Preliminary Review Phase may not exceed 135 days unless:
- (A) A delay is stipulated to by both the [public official] person who is the subject of action under this section and the [Oregon Government Standards and Practices] commission with the commission reserving a portion of the delay period to complete its actions[.]; or
- (B) A complaint is filed under this section with respect to a person who is a candidate for elective public office, the complaint is filed within 61 days before the date of an election at which the person is a candidate for nomination or election and a delay is requested in writing by the candidate. If the candidate makes a request under this subparagraph, the Preliminary Review Phase must be completed not later than 135 days after the date of the first meeting of the commission that is held after the date of the election.
- (b) During the Preliminary Review Phase, the commission may seek, solicit or otherwise obtain any books, papers, records, memoranda or other additional information, administer oaths and take depositions necessary to determine whether there is cause to undertake an investigation or whether the alleged violation involves conduct protected by section 9, Article IV of the Oregon Constitution.

- [(b)] (c) The Preliminary Review Phase [shall be] is confidential. Commission members and staff may acknowledge receipt of a complaint but [shall make no] may not make any public comment or publicly disclose any materials relating to a case during the Preliminary Review Phase. A person who intentionally violates this paragraph is subject to a civil penalty in an amount not to exceed \$1,000. Any person aggrieved as a result of a violation of this paragraph by a member of the commission or its staff may file a petition in a court of competent jurisdiction in the county in which the petitioner resides in order to enforce the civil penalty provided in this paragraph.
- [(c)] (d) [The commission's deliberations of a case at the conclusion of the Preliminary Review Phase shall be conducted] At the conclusion of the Preliminary Review Phase, the commission shall conduct its deliberations in executive session. All case related materials and proceedings shall be open to the public after the commission makes a finding of cause to undertake an investigation, dismisses a complaint or rescinds a motion. Prior to the end of the Preliminary Review Phase, the executive director of the commission shall prepare a statement of the facts determined during the phase, including appropriate legal citations and relevant authorities. Before presentation to the commission, the executive director's statement shall be reviewed by legal counsel to the commission.
- [(d)] (e) The time limit imposed in this subsection and the commission's inquiry are suspended if:
- (A) There is a pending criminal investigation that relates to the issues arising out of the underlying facts or conduct at issue in the matter before the commission unless the parties stipulate otherwise; or
  - (B) A court has enjoined the commission from continuing its inquiry.
- (5)(a) If the commission determines that there is not cause to undertake an investigation or that the alleged violation of this chapter involves conduct protected by section 9, Article IV of the Oregon Constitution, the commission shall dismiss the complaint or rescind its motion and formally enter the dismissal or rescission in its records. The commission shall notify the person who is the subject of action under this section of the dismissal or rescission. After dismissal or rescission, the commission may not take further action involving the person unless a new and different complaint is filed or action on the commission's own motion is undertaken based on different conduct.
- (b) If the commission makes a finding of cause to undertake an investigation, the commission shall undertake action in the Investigatory Phase. The commission shall notify the person who is the subject of the investigation, identify the issues to be examined and confine the investigation to those issues. If the commission finds reason to expand the investigation, the commission shall move to do so, record in its minutes the issues to be examined before expanding the scope of its investigation and formally notify the complainant, if any, and the person who is the subject of the investigation of the expansion and the scope of the investigation.
- [(7)(a)] (6)(a) [The period of time from the finding of cause to the beginning of any contested case proceedings shall be termed the Investigatory Phase and shall] The Investigatory Phase begins on the date the commission makes a finding of cause to undertake an investigation and ends on the date the commission dismisses the complaint, rescinds its own motion, issues a settlement order, moves to commence a contested case proceeding or takes other action justified by the findings. The Investigatory Phase may not exceed [120] 180 days unless a delay is stipulated to by both the [public official] person who is the subject of action under this section and the [Oregon Government Standards and Practices] commission with the commission reserving a portion of the delay period to complete its actions.
- (b) During the Investigatory Phase, the commission may seek any additional information, administer oaths, take depositions and issue subpoenas to compel attendance of witnesses and the production of books, papers, records, memoranda or other information necessary to complete the investigation. If any person fails to comply with any subpoena issued under this paragraph or refuses to testify on any matters on which the person may be lawfully inter-

# rogated, the commission shall follow the procedure described in ORS 183.440 to compel compliance.

- [(b)] (c) The time limit imposed in this subsection and the commission's investigation are suspended if:
- (A) There is a pending criminal investigation that relates to the issues arising out of the underlying facts or conduct at issue in the matter before the commission unless the parties stipulate otherwise; or
  - (B) A court has enjoined the commission from continuing its investigation.
- [(c)] (d) At the end of the Investigatory Phase, the commission shall take action by order[, which]. The action may include:
  - (A) Dismissal, with or without comment;
- (B) Continuation of the investigation [to determine further facts, but no more than one continuation, not to exceed 30 days' duration, shall be taken] for a period not to exceed 30 days for the purpose of additional fact-finding;
  - (C) Moving to a contested case proceeding;
  - [(D) Seeking a negotiated settlement; or]
  - (D) Entering into a negotiated settlement; or
  - (E) Taking other appropriate action if justified by the findings.
- (e) The commission may move to a contested case proceeding if the commission determines that the information presented to the commission is sufficient to make a preliminary finding of a violation of any provision of this chapter or of any rule adopted by the commission under this chapter.
- [(8) If, at the end of the Investigatory Phase, the commission takes action by order to move to a contested case proceeding, a public official may notify the commission that the official elects to have the commission file a lawsuit against the official in the Marion County Circuit Court in lieu of the contested case proceeding. The public official shall notify the commission of the election in writing no later than 21 days after receiving notification of the commission's action by order to move to the contested case proceeding. The commission shall file suit within 30 days after receiving notice that the public official has elected the lawsuit procedure.]
  - (7) A person conducting any inquiry or investigation under this section shall:
  - (a) Conduct the inquiry or investigation in an impartial and objective manner; and
- (b) Provide to the commission all favorable and unfavorable information the person collects.
- (8) The commission shall report the findings of any inquiry or investigation in an impartial manner. The commission shall report both favorable and unfavorable findings and shall make the findings available to:
  - (a) The person who is the subject of the inquiry or investigation;
  - (b) The appointing authority, if any;
  - (c) The Attorney General, if the findings relate to a state public official;
  - (d) The appropriate district attorney, if the findings relate to a local public official; and
  - (e) The Commission on Judicial Fitness and Disability, if the findings relate to a judge.
- (9) Hearings conducted under this chapter must be held before an administrative law judge assigned from the Office of Administrative Hearings established under ORS 183.605. The procedure shall be that for a contested case under ORS chapter 183.
- [(9)] (10) The Oregon Government Ethics Commission [shall] may not inquire into or investigate any [complaint or act at its own instigation on alleged] conduct that occurred more than four years before [the] a complaint is filed or [action is undertaken] a motion is approved under subsection (1) of this section.
- [(10)] (11) [Nothing in this section is intended to] This section does not prevent the commission and the [public official or other] person alleged to have violated any provision of this chapter or any rule adopted by the commission under this chapter from stipulating to a finding of fact

concerning the violation and consenting to an appropriate penalty. The commission shall enter an order [accordingly] based on the stipulation and consent.

- (12) At any time during proceedings conducted under this section, the commission may enter into a negotiated settlement with the person who is the subject of action under this section.
  - [(11)] (13) As used in this section:
- (a) "Cause" means that there is a substantial, objective basis for believing that an offense or violation may have been committed and the person who is the subject of an inquiry may have committed the offense or violation.
- (b) "Pending" means that a prosecuting attorney is either actively investigating the factual basis of the alleged criminal conduct, is preparing to seek or is seeking an accusatory instrument, has obtained an accusatory instrument and is proceeding to trial or is in trial or in the process of negotiating a plea.

### **SECTION 24.** ORS 171.778 is amended to read:

171.778. [(1) Upon its own instigation or signed complaint of any person, the Oregon Government Standards and Practices Commission may undertake action in the Preliminary Review Phase with respect to any alleged violation of ORS 171.725 to 171.785. The person who is the subject of a complaint or of the commission's own action shall be notified immediately upon receipt of the complaint or upon adoption of a motion by the commission to undertake any action concerning the person. The notice shall be given by telephone if the person can be reached and a notice shall also be mailed to the person. The notice shall include the nature of the complaint or motion and a copy of all materials submitted along with the complaint or materials which give rise to the commission's instigation of action on its own motion. However, the person must also be notified in advance if an issue that may give rise to a motion to undertake action on the commission's own instigation is to be discussed at a commission meeting. Before investigating any complaint or undertaking an investigation on its own instigation, the commission shall make a finding that there is cause to undertake an investigation, notify the person who is the subject of the investigation, identify the issues to be examined and shall confine its investigation to those issues. If the commission finds reason to expand its investigation, it shall move to do so and shall record in its minutes the issues to be examined before expanding the scope of its investigation and formally notify the complainant and the person who is the subject of the complaint of the expansion and the scope thereof. If the commission does not make a finding of cause, it shall dismiss the complaint or rescind its motion and shall formally enter the dismissal or rescission on its records. The commission shall notify the person of the dismissal or rescission. After dismissal or rescission, the commission shall take no further action involving the person unless a new and different complaint is filed or action at its own instigation is undertaken based on different conduct.]

- [(2) The commission may:]
- [(a) During the Preliminary Review Phase, seek, solicit or otherwise obtain any books, papers, records, memoranda or other additional information, administer oaths, and take depositions necessary to determine whether there is cause; and]
- [(b) During the Investigatory Phase, require any additional information, administer oaths, take depositions and issue subpoenas to compel attendance of witnesses and the production of books, papers, records, memoranda or other information necessary to complete the investigation. If any person fails to comply with any subpoena issued under this section or refuses to testify on any matters on which the person may be lawfully interrogated, the procedure provided in ORS 183.440 shall be followed to compel compliance.]
- [(3) The person conducting any inquiry or investigation shall do so in an impartial, objective manner. All favorable and unfavorable information collected by the investigator shall be turned over to the commission.]
- [(4) The findings of the commission in any inquiry or investigation shall be reported impartially, including both favorable and unfavorable findings, and shall be made available to the person who is the subject thereof and to any employer of the person.]

- [(5) Hearings relating to any charge of alleged violation of ORS 171.725 to 171.785 must be held before an administrative law judge assigned from the Office of Administrative Hearings established under ORS 183.605. The procedure shall be that for a contested case under ORS chapter 183.]
- (1)(a) Any person may file with the Oregon Government Ethics Commission a signed written complaint alleging that there has been a violation of any provision of ORS 171.725 to 171.785 or of any rule adopted by the commission under ORS 171.725 to 171.785. The complaint shall state the person's reason for believing that a violation occurred and include any evidence relating to the alleged violation.
- (b) If at any time the commission has reason to believe that there has been a violation of a provision of ORS 171.725 to 171.785 or of a rule adopted by the commission under ORS 171.725 to 171.785, the commission may proceed under this section on its own motion as if the commission had received a complaint.
- (2)(a) Not later than two business days after receiving a complaint under this section, the commission shall notify the person who is the subject of the complaint.
- (b) Before approving a motion to proceed under this section without a complaint, the commission shall provide notice to the person believed to have committed the violation of the time and place of the meeting at which the motion will be discussed. If the commission decides to proceed on its own motion, the commission shall give notice to the person not later than two business days after the motion is approved.
- (c) The commission shall give notice of the complaint or motion under paragraph (a) or (b) of this subsection by mail and by telephone if the person can be reached by telephone. The notice must describe the nature of the alleged violation. The mailed notice must include copies of all materials submitted with a complaint. If the commission will consider a motion to proceed without a complaint, the notice must provide copies of all materials that the commission will consider at the hearing on the motion.
- (3) After receiving a complaint or deciding to proceed on its own motion, the commission shall undertake action in the Preliminary Review Phase to determine whether there is cause to undertake an investigation.
- [(6)(a)] (4)(a) [The period of time from the filing of a complaint or from acting on the commission's own instigation to the finding of cause or dismissal of the complaint or rescission of the motion shall be termed the Preliminary Review Phase and shall not exceed 90 days] The Preliminary Review Phase begins on the date the complaint is filed or the date the commission decides to proceed on its own motion and ends on the date the commission determines there is cause to undertake an investigation, dismisses the complaint or rescinds its own motion. The Preliminary Review Phase may not exceed 135 days unless a delay is stipulated to by both the subject person and the [Oregon Government Standards and Practices] commission, with the commission reserving a portion of the delay period to complete its actions.
- (b) During the Preliminary Review Phase, the commission may seek, solicit or otherwise obtain any books, papers, records, memoranda or other additional information, administer oaths and take depositions necessary to determine whether there is cause to undertake an investigation.
- [(b)] (c) The Preliminary Review Phase [shall be] is confidential. Commission members and staff may acknowledge receipt of a complaint but [shall make no] may not make any public comment or publicly disclose any materials relating to a case during the Preliminary Review Phase. A person who intentionally violates this paragraph is subject to a civil penalty in an amount not to exceed \$1,000. Any person aggrieved as a result of a violation of this paragraph by a member of the commission or its staff may file a petition in a court of competent jurisdiction in the county in which the petitioner resides in order to enforce the civil penalty provided in this paragraph.
- [(c)] (d) [The commission's deliberations of a case at the conclusion of the Preliminary Review Phase shall be conducted] At the conclusion of the Preliminary Review Phase, the commission shall conduct its deliberations in executive session. All case related materials and proceedings shall be open to the public after the commission makes a finding of cause to undertake an inves-

tigation, dismisses a complaint or rescinds a motion. Prior to the end of the Preliminary Review Phase, the executive director of the commission shall prepare a statement of the facts determined during the phase, including appropriate legal citations and relevant authorities. Before presentation to the commission, the executive director's statement shall be reviewed by legal counsel to the commission.

- [(d)] (e) The time limit imposed in this subsection and the commission's inquiry are suspended if:
- (A) There is a pending criminal investigation that relates to the issues arising out of the underlying facts or conduct at issue in the matter before the commission, unless the parties stipulate otherwise; or
  - (B) A court has enjoined the commission from continuing its inquiry.
- (5)(a) If the commission determines that there is not cause to undertake an investigation, the commission shall dismiss the complaint or rescind its motion and formally enter the dismissal or rescission in its records. The commission shall notify the person who is the subject of the inquiry of the dismissal or rescission. After dismissal or rescission, the commission may not take further action involving the person unless a new and different complaint is filed or action on the commission's own motion is undertaken based on different conduct.
- (b) If the commission makes a finding of cause to undertake an investigation, the commission shall undertake action in the Investigatory Phase. The commission shall notify the person who is the subject of the investigation, identify the issues to be examined and confine the investigation to those issues. If the commission finds reason to expand the investigation, the commission shall move to do so, record in its minutes the issues to be examined before expanding the scope of its investigation and formally notify the complainant, if any, and the person who is the subject of the investigation of the expansion and the scope of the investigation.
- [(7)(a)] (6)(a) [The period of time from the finding of cause to the beginning of any contested case proceedings shall be termed the Investigatory Phase and shall] The Investigatory Phase begins on the date the commission makes a finding of cause to undertake an investigation and ends on the date the commission dismisses the complaint, rescinds its own motion, issues a settlement order, moves to commence a contested case proceeding or takes other action justified by the findings. The Investigatory Phase may not exceed [120] 180 days unless a delay is stipulated to by both the subject person and the [Oregon Government Standards and Practices] commission, with the commission reserving a portion of the delay period to complete its actions.
- (b) During the Investigatory Phase, the commission may seek any additional information, administer oaths, take depositions and issue subpoenas to compel attendance of witnesses and the production of books, papers, records, memoranda or other information necessary to complete the investigation. If any person fails to comply with any subpoena issued under this paragraph or refuses to testify on any matters on which the person may be lawfully interrogated, the commission shall follow the procedure described in ORS 183.440 to compel compliance.
- [(b)] (c) The time limit imposed in this subsection and the commission's investigation are suspended if:
- (A) There is a pending criminal investigation that relates to the issues arising out of the underlying facts or conduct at issue in the matter before the commission, unless the parties stipulate otherwise; or
  - (B) A court has enjoined the commission from continuing its investigation.
- [(c)] (d) At the end of the Investigatory Phase, the commission shall take action by order, which]. The action may include:
  - (A) Dismissal, with or without comment;

- (B) Continuation of the investigation [to determine further facts, but no more than one continuation, not to exceed 30 days' duration, shall be taken] for a period not to exceed 30 days for the purpose of additional fact-finding;
  - (C) Moving to a contested case proceeding;
  - [(D) Seeking a negotiated settlement; or]
  - (D) Entering into a negotiated settlement; or
  - (E) Taking other appropriate action if justified by the findings.
- (e) The commission may move to a contested case proceeding if the commission determines that the information presented to the commission is sufficient to make a preliminary finding of a violation of any provision of ORS 171.725 to 171.785 or of any rule adopted by the commission under ORS 171.725 to 171.785.
- [(8) If, at the end of the Investigatory Phase, the commission takes action by order to move to a contested case proceeding, a person may notify the commission that the person elects to have the commission file a lawsuit against the person in the Marion County Circuit Court in lieu of the contested case proceeding. The court may impose the penalty described in ORS 171.992. The person shall notify the commission of the election in writing no later than 21 days after receiving notification of the commission's action by order to move to the contested case proceeding. The commission shall file suit within 30 days after receiving notice that the person has elected the lawsuit procedure.]
  - (7) A person conducting any inquiry or investigation under this section shall:
  - (a) Conduct the inquiry or investigation in an impartial and objective manner; and
- (b) Provide to the commission all favorable and unfavorable information the person collects.
- (8) The commission shall report the findings of any inquiry or investigation in an impartial manner. The commission shall report both favorable and unfavorable findings and shall make the findings available to:
  - (a) The person who is the subject of the inquiry or investigation; and
  - (b) Any employer of the person.
- (9) Hearings conducted under ORS 171.725 to 171.785 must be held before an administrative law judge assigned from the Office of Administrative Hearings established under ORS 183.605. The procedure shall be that for a contested case under ORS chapter 183.
- [(9)] (10) The commission [shall] may not inquire into or investigate any [complaint or act at its own instigation on alleged] conduct that occurred more than four years before [the] a complaint is filed or [action is undertaken] a motion is approved under subsection (1) of this section.
- [(10)] (11) [Nothing in this section is intended to] This section does not prevent the commission and the person alleged to have violated any provision of ORS 171.725 to 171.785 or any rule adopted by the commission under ORS 171.725 to 171.785 from stipulating to a finding of fact concerning the violation and consenting to an appropriate penalty. The commission shall enter an order [accordingly] based on the stipulation and consent.
- (12) At any time during proceedings conducted under this section, the commission may enter into a negotiated settlement with the person who is the subject of action under this section.
- [(11)] (13) As used in this section, "cause" and "pending" have the meanings given those terms in ORS 244.260.

**SECTION 25.** ORS 244.370 is amended to read:

- 244.370. (1) Any civil penalty under ORS 244.350 or 244.360 shall be imposed in the manner prescribed by ORS 183.745.
- (2) Notwithstanding ORS 183.745, a hearing [shall be] is required in all cases prior to imposition of a penalty unless the public official or candidate waives the hearing. The public official or candidate to whom the notice is addressed [shall have] has 10 days from the date of service of the notice in which to waive a hearing before the Oregon Government [Standards and Practices] Ethics Commission and the public official or candidate shall be so notified.

(3) All penalties recovered under ORS 244.350 and 244.360 shall be paid into the State Treasury and credited to the General Fund.

**SECTION 26.** ORS 244.400 is amended to read:

- 244.400. (1) A [public official or person described in ORS 171.778] **person** who prevails following a contested case hearing under this chapter **or ORS 171.778** [or a lawsuit under ORS 244.260] shall be awarded reasonable attorney fees at the conclusion of the contested case or on appeal.
- (2) Upon prevailing following [the conclusion of] a contested case **hearing** or lawsuit, the [public official or] person may petition the [Circuit Court for] Marion County Circuit Court for the purpose of determining the award of reasonable attorney fees. The Oregon Government [Standards and Practices] Ethics Commission shall be named as a respondent in the petition. The petitioner and respondent shall follow the procedure provided in ORCP 68 for the determination of reasonable attorney fees. The court shall give precedence on its docket to petitions filed under this subsection as the circumstances may require.
- (3) [The Court of Appeals] An appellate court shall award reasonable attorney fees to the [public official or] person if the [public official] person prevails on appeal from any [decisions] decision of the commission [or of the Marion County Circuit Court].
- (4) Attorney fees to be awarded under this section shall be only those fees incurred by the [public official or] person from the time the commission notifies the [public official or] person that it has entered an order to move to a contested case proceeding.
- (5) Any attorney fees awarded to the [public official] **person** pursuant to this section shall be paid by the commission from moneys appropriated or allocated to the commission from the General Fund.

### **NEPOTISM**

SECTION 26a. Sections 26b to 26d of this 2007 Act are added to and made a part of ORS chapter 244.

SECTION 26b. As used in sections 26c and 26d of this 2007 Act:

- (1) "Governing body" has the meaning given that term in ORS 192.610.
- (2) "Member of the household" means any person who resides with the public official.
- (3) "Public body" has the meaning given that term in ORS 174.109.
- (4) "Relative" means the spouse or domestic partner of the public official, any children of the public official or of the public official's spouse or domestic partner, and brothers, sisters, half brothers, half sisters, brothers-in-law, sisters-in-law, sons-in-law, daughters-in-law, mothers-in-law, fathers-in-law, aunts, uncles, nieces, nephews, stepparents, stepchildren or parents of the public official or of the public official's spouse or domestic partner.

SECTION 26c. (1) Except as provided in subsections (2) to (4) of this section:

- (a) A public official may not appoint, employ or promote a relative or member of the household to, or discharge, fire or demote a relative or member of the household from, a position with the public body that the public official serves or over which the public official exercises jurisdiction or control, unless the public official complies with the conflict of interest requirements of this chapter.
- (b) A public official may not participate as a public official in any interview, discussion or debate regarding the appointment, employment or promotion of a relative or member of the household to, or the discharge, firing or demotion of a relative or member of the household from, a position with the public body that the public official serves or over which the public official exercises jurisdiction or control. As used in this paragraph, "participate" does not include serving as a reference, providing a recommendation or performing other ministerial acts that are part of the normal job functions of the public official.
- (2) A member of the Legislative Assembly may appoint, employ, promote, discharge, fire or demote, or advocate for the appointment, employment, promotion, discharge, firing or

demotion of, a relative or member of the household to or from a position on the personal legislative staff of the member of the Legislative Assembly.

- (3)(a) A public official may appoint, employ, promote, discharge, fire or demote, or advocate for the appointment, employment, promotion, discharge, firing or demotion of, a relative or member of the household to or from a position as an unpaid volunteer with the public body that the public official serves or over which the public official exercises jurisdiction or control.
- (b) Paragraph (a) of this subsection does not apply to the appointment, employment, promotion, discharge, firing or demotion of a relative or member of the household to a position as an unpaid member of a governing body of the public body that the public official serves or over which the public official exercises jurisdiction or control.
- (c) A relative or member of the household described in paragraph (a) of this subsection may receive reimbursement of expenses provided in the ordinary course of business to similarly situated unpaid volunteers.
- (4) This section does not prohibit a public body from appointing, employing, promoting, discharging, firing or demoting a person who is a relative or member of the household of a public official serving the public body.

SECTION 26d. (1) Notwithstanding ORS 659A.309 and except as provided in subsections (2) to (4) of this section, a public official acting in an official capacity may not directly supervise a person who is a relative or member of the household.

- (2) A member of the Legislative Assembly may directly supervise a person who:
- (a) Is a relative or member of the household; and
- (b) Serves as a public official in a position on the personal legislative staff of the member of the Legislative Assembly.
- (3)(a) A public official acting in an official capacity may directly supervise a person who is a relative or member of the household if the person serves as an unpaid volunteer.
- (b) Paragraph (a) of this subsection does not apply to service by a person in a position as an unpaid member of a governing body that a public official of whom the person is a relative or member of the household serves or over which the public official exercises jurisdiction or control.
- (c) A relative or member of the household serving as an unpaid volunteer described in paragraph (a) of this subsection may receive reimbursement of expenses provided in the ordinary course of business to similarly situated unpaid volunteers.
- (4) A public body may adopt policies specifying when a public official acting in an official capacity may directly supervise a person who is a relative or member of the household.

### MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

# SECTION 27. ORS 171.772 is amended to read:

- 171.772. In carrying out the provisions of ORS 171.725 to 171.785, the Oregon Government [Standards and Practices] Ethics Commission shall:
- (1) Prescribe **by rule** forms for registrations, statements and reports required to be filed by ORS 171.725 to 171.785, and provide [*such*] **the** forms to persons required to register and to file [*such*] **the** statements and reports;
- (2) Accept and file any information voluntarily supplied that exceeds the requirements of ORS 171.725 to 171.785; and
- (3) Make registrations, statements and reports filed available for public inspection and copying during regular office hours, and make copying facilities available at a charge not to exceed actual cost.

# **SECTION 28.** ORS 244.010 is amended to read:

244.010. (1) The Legislative Assembly [hereby] declares that [a public office] service as a public official is a public trust[,] and that, as one safeguard for that trust, the people require all public

officials to [adhere to the code of ethics set forth in ORS 244.040] comply with the applicable provisions of this chapter.

(2) The Legislative Assembly recognizes that it is the policy of the state to have serving on many state and local boards and commissions state and local officials who may have potentially conflicting public responsibilities by virtue of their positions as public officials and also as members of the boards and commissions, and declares it to be the policy of the state that the holding of such offices does not constitute the holding of incompatible offices unless expressly stated in the enabling legislation.

# **SECTION 29.** ORS 244.055 is amended to read:

244.055. (1) In addition to the statement required by ORS 244.050, the State Treasurer and any person listed under ORS 244.050 (1)(q) and this subsection shall file quarterly at a time fixed by the State Treasurer a trading statement listing all stocks, bonds and other types of securities purchased or sold during the preceding quarter:

- (a) Directors of the Cash Management Division and the Debt Management Division.
- (b) Equities, fixed income, short term fund, real estate, equities real estate and commercial and mortgage real estate investment officers and assistant investment officers.
  - (c) Fixed income and short term fund investment analysts.
- (2) The statement required by subsection (1) of this section shall be filed for review with the State Treasurer, the Attorney General and the Division of Audits of the office of the Secretary of State. The content of the statement is confidential.
- (3) If the State Treasurer or the Chief Deputy State Treasurer determines that a conflict of interest exists for an officer or employee, the State Treasurer shall subject the person to appropriate discipline, including dismissal or termination of the contract, or both, pursuant to rule. If the State Treasurer has cause to believe that a violation of this chapter has occurred, the State Treasurer shall file a complaint with the Oregon Government [Standards and Practices] Ethics Commission under ORS 244.260.
- (4) If the State Treasurer fails to act on an apparent conflict of interest under subsection (3) of this section or if the statement of the State Treasurer or the Chief Deputy State Treasurer appears to contain a conflict of interest, the Director of the Division of Audits shall report the failure or apparent conflict to the Attorney General, who may file a complaint with the commission.
- [(5) A person filing the statement required by subsection (1) of this section must verify that the statement is complete and accurate. A person who intentionally fails to file a complete and accurate statement commits a Class C felony and may also be subject to ORS 162.075.]

SECTION 30. Section 31 of this 2007 Act is added to and made a part of ORS chapter 244. SECTION 31. A person who intentionally fails to file a complete and accurate statement under ORS 244.055 commits a Class C felony.

SECTION 32. ORS 244.090 is amended to read:

- 244.090. (1) Each public official [of this state] or candidate required to [make] file a statement of economic interest under this chapter shall [report by] include on the statement the name of any compensated lobbyist who, during the preceding calendar year, was associated with a business with which the public official or candidate or a member of the household of the public official or candidate was also associated. [Holding stock in a publicly traded corporation in which the lobbyist also holds stock is not a relationship for which a statement is required.]
- (2) Subsection (1) of this section does not apply if the only relationship between the public official or candidate and the lobbyist is that the public official or candidate and lobbyist hold stock in the same publicly traded corporation.
- [(2)] (3) As used in this section, "lobbyist" has the meaning [set forth] given that term in ORS 171.725.

SECTION 33. ORS 244.115 is amended to read:

244.115. (1) Each member of Congress from this state and each candidate for [a seat in Congress] nomination or election to the office of United States Representative in Congress or United States Senator from this state shall file with the Oregon Government [Standards and

Practices] Ethics Commission a copy of the federal ethics filing required under federal law or by congressional rule.

- (2) The member or candidate shall file the information required under subsection (1) of this section not later than [within] 30 days after the filing date required under federal law or congressional rule. If the filing is not made in a timely manner, the commission shall obtain copies of the filing and indicate [thereon] on the filing that the filing was not made with the commission by the member [of Congress] or candidate.
  - (3) All [such] filings made under this section are public records available for public inspection. **SECTION 34.** ORS 244.160 is amended to read:
- 244.160. (1) Any political subdivision in this state, other than a city or county, by resolution may require any public official of the subdivision to file a verified statement of economic interest[. The filing shall be made] with the Oregon Government [Standards and Practices] Ethics Commission.
- (2) The political subdivision shall file a copy of the resolution [A copy of the ordinance shall be filed] with the commission.

SECTION 35. ORS 244.300 is amended to read:

- 244.300. (1) Records of the Oregon Government [Standards and Practices] Ethics Commission [shall constitute] are public records of this state.
- (2) All information submitted to the commission in any statement required under this chapter is a public record.

SECTION 36. ORS 244.320 is amended to read:

- 244.320. (1) The Oregon Government [Standards and Practices] Ethics Commission shall [cause to have prepared and published] prepare and publish a manual on government ethics that explains in terms understandable to legislative and public officials and the public the requirements of this chapter and the commission's interpretation of those requirements whether stated by rule or in an opinion. The manual shall set forth recommended uniform reporting methods for use by persons filing statements under this chapter.
- (2) In preparing the manual, the commission shall [be guided in preparing its manual by] consider the format of the manual prepared by the Attorney General to guide public officials and the public in the requirements of ORS chapter 192.
- (3) The [manual required by this section shall be updated] **commission shall update the manual** as often as the commission believes necessary but no less frequently than once every four years.
- (4) The commission shall make copies of the manual available in an electronic format on the Internet.

SECTION 37. ORS 244.340 is amended to read:

244.340. The Oregon Government [Standards and Practices] Ethics Commission shall prepare and present a program of continuing education for public officials. [and lobbyists. For this purpose,] The commission may use its own staff or may contract for the preparation [and] or presentation of [this program, or both] the program of continuing education.

**SECTION 38.** ORS 469.810 is amended to read:

- 469.810. (1) A Pacific Northwest Electric Power and Conservation Planning Council member[,] or member of the council member's household[, as defined in ORS 244.020, shall] **may** not own or have any beneficial interest in any stock or indebtedness of any utility or direct service industry.
- (2) A council member[,] or a member of [a] **the** council member's household[, as defined in ORS 244.020, shall] **may** not be a director, officer, agent or employee of any utility or direct service industry.
- (3) A council member[,] or a member of [a] **the** council member's household[, as defined in ORS 244.020, shall] **may** not be a director, officer, agent or employee of or hold any proprietary interest in any consulting firm [which] **that** does business with any utility or direct service industry.
- (4) A council member[,] or a member of the council member's household[, as defined in ORS 244.020, shall] **may** not receive any compensation from any utility or direct service industry arising out of the member's business, trade or profession.

- (5) A council member [shall be considered] is a public official [and be] subject to the provisions and reporting requirements of ORS chapter 244[, including the reporting requirements thereof].
- (6) A council member [shall] **must** be a citizen of the United States and [have been a resident of] **must have resided in** the State of Oregon for **at least** one year preceding appointment.
- (7) A council member [shall] **may** not hold any other elected or appointed [public] lucrative **public** office or be principally engaged in any other business or vocation.
  - (8) As used in this section:
- (a) "Beneficial interest" does not include an interest in a pension fund, a mutual fund or an insurance fund.
- (b) "Consulting firm" means any corporation, partnership or sole proprietorship whose principal business is providing personal services.
  - (c) "Member of the household" means any relative who resides with the council member.
- (d) "Relative" means the spouse of the council member, any children of the council member or of the council member's spouse, and brothers, sisters or parents of the council member or of the council member's spouse.
- [(c)] (e) "Utility or direct service industry" means a utility or direct service industry customer that purchases electrical energy directly from the Bonneville Power Administration.

### **CONFORMING CHANGES**

# SECTION 39. ORS 171.745 is amended to read:

- 171.745. (1) A lobbyist registered with the Oregon Government [Standards and Practices] **Ethics** Commission or required to register with the commission shall, on January 31 and July 31, of each even-numbered year, and on January 31, April 30 and July 31 of each odd-numbered year, file with the commission a statement showing:
- (a) The total amount of all moneys expended by the lobbyist for the purpose of lobbying in the preceding reporting period for:
  - (A) Food, refreshments and entertainment;
  - (B) Printing, postage and telephone;
  - (C) Advertising, public relations, education and research; and
  - (D) Miscellaneous; and
- (b) The name of any legislative or executive official to whom or for whose benefit, on any one occasion, an expenditure in excess of \$25 is made for the purposes of lobbying, and the date, name of payee, purpose and amount of that expenditure.
- (2) Beginning on July 1, 1979, the dollar amount specified in subsection (1)(b) of this section shall be adjusted annually by the commission based upon the change in the Portland Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers for All Items as prepared by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the United States Department of Labor or its successor during the preceding 12-month period. The amount determined under this subsection shall be rounded to the nearest dollar.
- (3) Statements required by this section need not include amounts expended by the lobbyist for personal living and travel expenses and office overhead, including salaries and wages paid for staff and secretarial assistance, and maintenance expenses. If the amount of any expenditure required to be included in a statement is not accurately known at the time the statement is required to be filed, an estimate of the expenditure shall be submitted in the statement and designated as an estimate. The exact amount expended for which a previous estimate was made shall be submitted in a subsequent report when the information is available.
- (4) Notwithstanding ORS 171.735, 171.740 and subsections (1) to (3) of this section, a registered lobbyist, who engages in lobbying activities without compensation on behalf of an organization is not required to register as a lobbyist for the organization as long as the lobbying activity does not exceed the financial or time limits set in ORS 171.735 (4).
- (5) A statement required by this section shall include a copy of any notice provided to a public official under ORS 244.100 [(3)].

(6) For each statement required by this section, an entity comprised of more than one lobbyist may file one statement that reports expenditures by the entity and not by individual lobbyists.

**SECTION 40.** ORS 171.750 is amended to read:

- 171.750. (1) Any person on whose behalf a lobbyist was registered, or was required to register with the Oregon Government [Standards and Practices] Ethics Commission at any time during the preceding calendar year, shall file with the commission, by January 31st of each year, a statement showing, for the preceding calendar year:
- (a) The total amount of all moneys expended for lobbying activities on the person's behalf, excluding living and travel expenses incurred for a lobbyist performing lobbying services.
- (b) The name of any legislative or executive official to whom or for whose benefit, on any one occasion, an expenditure in excess of \$25 for the purpose of lobbying is made by the person, but not including information previously reported in compliance with ORS 171.745, and the date, name of payee, purpose and amount of that expenditure.
- (2) Using July 1, 1979, as the base, the dollar amount specified in subsection (1)(b) of this section shall be adjusted annually by the commission based upon the change in the Portland Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers for All Items as prepared by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the United States Department of Labor, or its successor, during the preceding 12-month period. The amount determined under this subsection shall be rounded to the nearest dollar.
- (3) A statement required under subsection (1) of this section shall include a copy of any notice provided to a public official under ORS 244.100 [(3)].

SECTION 40a. ORS 244.345 is amended to read:

244.345. The Oregon Government [Standards and Practices] Ethics Commission Account is established separate and distinct from the General Fund. All moneys received by the Oregon Government [Standards and Practices] Ethics Commission, other than appropriations from the General Fund, shall be deposited into the account and are continuously appropriated to the commission to carry out the duties, functions and powers of the commission.

<u>SECTION 40b.</u> (1) The amendments to ORS 244.250 by section 1 of this 2007 Act are intended to change the name of the "Oregon Government Standards and Practices Commission" to the "Oregon Government Ethics Commission."

- (2) The amendments to ORS 244.345 by section 40a of this 2007 Act are intended to change the name of the "Oregon Government Standards and Practices Commission Account" to the "Oregon Government Ethics Commission Account."
- (3) For the purpose of harmonizing and clarifying statute sections published in Oregon Revised Statutes, the Legislative Counsel may substitute for words designating the "Oregon Government Standards and Practices Commission," wherever they occur in Oregon Revised Statutes, other words designating the "Oregon Government Ethics Commission."
- (4) For the purpose of harmonizing and clarifying statute sections published in Oregon Revised Statutes, the Legislative Counsel may substitute for words designating the "Oregon Government Standards and Practices Commission Account," wherever they occur in Oregon Revised Statutes, other words designating the "Oregon Government Ethics Commission Account."

### TRANSITION PROVISIONS

SECTION 41. ORS 244.030, 244.080, 244.180, 244.190 and 244.201 are repealed.

<u>SECTION 42.</u> ORS 244.340 and 244.345 are added to and made a part of ORS chapter 244. <u>SECTION 43.</u> (1) Sections 4, 5, 13, 14, 15, 26a to 26d, 30 and 31 of this 2007 Act, the amendments to ORS 162.005, 171.745, 171.750, 171.772, 171.778, 244.010, 244.020, 244.050, 244.055, 244.090, 244.100, 244.110, 244.115, 244.130, 244.160, 244.195, 244.250, 244.260, 244.270, 244.280, 244.290, 244.300, 244.310, 244.320, 244.340, 244.345, 244.350, 244.360, 244.370, 244.380, 244.390, 244.400, 293.708 and 469.810 by sections 1 to 3, 6 to 12, 16 to 29 and 32 to 40a of this 2007 Act

and the repeal of ORS 244.030, 244.080, 244.180, 244.190 and 244.201 by section 41 of this 2007 Act become operative on January 1, 2008.

(2) The Oregon Government Ethics Commission, a state agency as defined in ORS 183.750 and any statewide association of public bodies as defined in ORS 174.109 may adopt rules or policies or take any other action before the operative date specified in subsection (1) of this section that is necessary to enable the commission, the state agency or any public body that is a member of a statewide association of public bodies to exercise, on or after the operative date specified in subsection (1) of this section, all the duties, functions and powers conferred on the commission, state agency or public body by this 2007 Act.

SECTION 44. (1) Section 5 of this 2007 Act and the amendments to ORS 244.390 by section 2 of this 2007 Act apply to alleged violations of any provision of ORS chapter 244 that occur on or after January 1, 2008.

- (2) The amendments to ORS 244.280 by section 12 of this 2007 Act apply to commission advisory opinions issued on or after January 1, 2008.
- (3) Section 14 of this 2007 Act applies to staff advisory opinions issued on or after January 1, 2008.
  - (4) Section 15 of this 2007 Act applies to staff advice issued on or after January 1, 2008.
- SECTION 45. The amendments to ORS 244.130 by section 9 of this 2007 Act apply to decisions or actions made or taken by public officials on or after January 1, 2008.

SECTION 46. (1) The amendments to ORS 244.050 by section 17 of this 2007 Act apply to statements of economic interest required to be filed on or after January 1, 2008.

- (2) The amendments to ORS 244.350 by section 18 of this 2007 Act apply to:
- (a) Violations of any provision of ORS chapter 244 or any resolution adopted under ORS 244.160 occurring on or after January 1, 2008;
  - (b) Violations of ORS 293.708 occurring prior to, on or after January 1, 2008; and
  - (c) Statements of economic interest required to be filed on or after January 1, 2008.
- (3) The amendments to ORS 244.360 and 244.370 by sections 19 and 25 of this 2007 Act apply to violations of any provision of ORS chapter 244 or any resolution adopted under ORS 244.160 occurring prior to, on or after January 1, 2008.
- (4) The amendments to ORS 244.390 by section 2 of this 2007 Act apply to penalties or sanctions imposed for violations that occur on or after January 1, 2008.
- (5) The amendments to ORS 244.270 by section 11 of this 2007 Act apply to violations of any provision of ORS chapter 244 or any rule adopted under ORS chapter 244 occurring on or after January 1, 2008.
- (6) The amendments to ORS 244.380 by section 20 of this 2007 Act apply to statements of economic interest required to be filed prior to, on or after January 1, 2008.
- (7) The amendments to ORS 293.708 by section 21 of this 2007 Act apply to violations of ORS 293.708 occurring prior to, on or after January 1, 2008.
- (8) Section 31 of this 2007 Act and the amendments to ORS 244.055, 244.090 and 244.110 by sections 7, 29 and 32 of this 2007 Act apply to statements required to be filed on or after January 1, 2008.
- (9) The amendments to ORS 162.005 by section 22 of this 2007 Act apply to violations that occur on or after January 1, 2008.
- (10) The amendments to ORS 171.778, 244.260 and 244.400 by sections 23, 24 and 26 of this 2007 Act apply to complaints filed on or after January 1, 2008, and actions first commenced by the Oregon Government Ethics Commission on its own motion on or after January 1, 2008
- (11) The amendments to ORS 244.100 by section 6 of this 2007 Act apply to notices for expenses incurred on or after the effective date of this 2007 Act.
- (12) The amendments to ORS 244.195 by section 10 of this 2007 Act apply to copies of statements and explanations required to be provided to public officials who are elected or appointed on or after January 1, 2008.

(13) The amendments to ORS 244.300 by section 35 of this 2007 Act apply to information submitted on or after January 1, 2008.

SECTION 47. (1) Any proceeding, action, prosecution or other business or matter undertaken or commenced before January 1, 2008, by the Oregon Government Ethics Commission under any provision of ORS chapter 244 and still pending on January 1, 2008, shall be conducted and completed by the commission in the same manner, under the same terms and conditions and with the same effect as though undertaken, conducted or completed before January 1, 2008.

(2) Nothing in this 2007 Act relieves any person of any obligation with respect to any tax, fee, fine, civil penalty or other charge, interest, penalty, forfeiture or other liability, duty or obligation.

<u>SECTION 48.</u> (1) Section 26c of this 2007 Act applies to appointments, employment, promotions, discharges, firings, demotions or advocacy that first occurs on or after January 1, 2008.

(2) Section 26d of this 2007 Act applies to supervisory relationships that first occur on or after January 1, 2008.

SECTION 49. The unit captions used in this 2007 Act are provided only for the convenience of the reader and do not become part of the statutory law of this state or express any legislative intent in the enactment of this 2007 Act.

SECTION 50. This 2007 Act being necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health and safety, an emergency is declared to exist, and this 2007 Act takes effect July 1, 2007.

Passed by House June 7, 2007	Received by Governor:
Repassed by House June 25, 2007	, 2007
	Approved:
Chief Clerk of House	, 2007
Speaker of House	Governo
Passed by Senate June 24, 2007	Filed in Office of Secretary of State:
	, 2007
President of Senate	
	Sparotory of State