A-Engrossed House Bill 2256

Ordered by the House April 4 Including House Amendments dated April 4

Ordered printed by the Speaker pursuant to House Rule 12.00A (5). Presession filed (at the request of Commissioner of the Bureau of Labor and Industries Dan Gardner)

SUMMARY

The following summary is not prepared by the sponsors of the measure and is not a part of the body thereof subject to consideration by the Legislative Assembly. It is an editor's brief statement of the essential features of the measure.

Allows employer and employee to agree [to authorize employer to issue, or cause financial institution or other person to issue, electronic payment device for payment of wages] that employer may pay wages through electronic transfer if employee may make initial withdrawal of entire amount of net pay without cost to employee or employee may choose other means of payment that involves no cost to employee. Allows Commissioner of Bureau of Labor and Industries to assess civil penalty for violation of law relating to medium of paying wages.

A BILL FOR AN ACT

Relating to payment of wages; amending ORS 652.110, 652.200 and 652.900.

Be It Enacted by the People of the State of Oregon:

SECTION 1. ORS 652.110 is amended to read:

652.110. (1) [No] A person engaged in any business or enterprise of any kind in this state [shall] may not issue, in payment of or as evidence of indebtedness for wages due an employee, any order, check, memorandum or other [acknowledgment] instrument of indebtedness[,] unless the [same] instrument is negotiable[,] and [is] payable without discount in cash on demand at some bank or other established place of business in the county where the [same is issued,] employee lives or works and where a sufficient amount of funds have been provided and are or will be available for the payment of [such order, check or other acknowledgment of indebtedness] the instrument when due. [Such] The person shall, upon presentation and demand, pay [any such order, check, memorandum or other acknowledgment of indebtedness,] the instrument in lawful money of the United States.

- (2) This section does not in any way limit or interfere with the right of any employee to accept from any person, as an evidence or acknowledgment of indebtedness for wages due the employee, a negotiable instrument, payable at some future date with interest.
- (3) An employer and an employee may agree to authorize [an] the employer to deposit without discount wages due the employee in the employee's account in a financial institution, as defined in ORS 706.008, in this state.
- (4) An employer and an employee may agree that the employer may pay wages through a direct deposit system, automated teller machine card, payroll card or other means of electronic transfer if the employee may:
- (a) Make an initial withdrawal of the entire amount of net pay without cost to the employee; or
 - (b) Choose to use another means of payment of wages that involves no cost to the em-

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ployee.

(5) To revoke an agreement described in subsection (4) of this section, an employee shall give the employer a written notice of revocation of the agreement. Unless the employer and employee agree otherwise, the agreement is revoked 30 days after the date the notice is received by the employer.

SECTION 2. ORS 652.200 is amended to read:

652.200. (1) In any action for the collection of any order, check, memorandum or other [acknowledgment] instrument of indebtedness referred to in ORS 652.110, if it is shown that the order, check, memorandum or other [acknowledgment] instrument of indebtedness was not paid for a period of 48 hours, excluding Saturdays, Sundays and holidays, after presentation and demand for the payment thereof, the court shall, upon entering judgment for the plaintiff, include in [such] the judgment, in addition to the costs and disbursements otherwise prescribed by statute, a reasonable sum for attorney fees at trial and on appeal for prosecuting [said] the action, unless it appears that the employee has willfully violated the contract of employment.

(2) In any action for the collection of wages, if it is shown that the wages were not paid for a period of 48 hours, excluding Saturdays, Sundays and holidays, after the [same] wages became due and payable, the court shall, upon entering judgment for the plaintiff, include in [such] the judgment, in addition to the costs and disbursements otherwise prescribed by statute, a reasonable sum for attorney fees at trial and on appeal for prosecuting [said] the action, unless it appears that the employee has willfully violated the contract of employment or unless the court finds that the plaintiff's attorney unreasonably failed to give written notice of the wage claim to the employer before filing the action.

SECTION 3. ORS 652.900 is amended to read:

652.900. (1) In addition to any other penalty provided by law, the Commissioner of the Bureau of Labor and Industries may assess a civil penalty not to exceed \$1,000 against any person who violates ORS 652.020, **652.110**, 652.140 or 652.145 or any rule adopted pursuant thereto.

- (2) Civil penalties under this section shall be imposed as provided in ORS 183.745.
- (3) All penalties recovered under this section shall be paid into the State Treasury and credited to the General Fund and are available for general governmental expenses.