

SENATE AMENDMENTS TO RESOLVE CONFLICTS TO A-ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL 2247

By COMMITTEE ON COMMERCE

May 15

1 On page 1 of the printed A-engrossed bill, line 2, after the semicolon insert “creating new pro-
2 visions;”.

3 On page 8, after line 37, insert:

4 **“SECTION 2a. If House Bill 2756 becomes law, section 2 of this 2007 Act (amending ORS**
5 **656.245) is repealed and ORS 656.245, as amended by section 4, chapter 811, Oregon Laws 2003,**
6 **section 4, chapter 26, Oregon Laws 2005, and section 4, chapter __, Oregon Laws 2007 (En-**
7 **rolled House Bill 2756), is amended to read:**

8 “656.245. (1)(a) For every compensable injury, the insurer or the self-insured employer shall
9 cause to be provided medical services for conditions caused in material part by the injury for such
10 period as the nature of the injury or the process of the recovery requires, subject to the limitations
11 in ORS 656.225, including such medical services as may be required after a determination of per-
12 manent disability. In addition, for consequential and combined conditions described in ORS 656.005
13 (7), the insurer or the self-insured employer shall cause to be provided only those medical services
14 directed to medical conditions caused in major part by the injury.

15 “(b) Compensable medical services shall include medical, surgical, hospital, nursing, ambulances
16 and other related services, and drugs, medicine, crutches and prosthetic appliances, braces and
17 supports and where necessary, physical restorative services. A pharmacist or dispensing physician
18 shall dispense generic drugs to the worker in accordance with ORS 689.515. The duty to provide
19 such medical services continues for the life of the worker.

20 “(c) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, medical services after the worker’s
21 condition is medically stationary are not compensable except for the following:

22 “(A) Services provided to a worker who has been determined to be permanently and totally
23 disabled.

24 “(B) Prescription medications.

25 “(C) Services necessary to administer prescription medication or monitor the administration of
26 prescription medication.

27 “(D) Prosthetic devices, braces and supports.

28 “(E) Services necessary to monitor the status, replacement or repair of prosthetic devices,
29 braces and supports.

30 “(F) Services provided pursuant to an accepted claim for aggravation under ORS 656.273.

31 “(G) Services provided pursuant to an order issued under ORS 656.278.

32 “(H) Services that are necessary to diagnose the worker’s condition.

33 “(I) Life-preserving modalities similar to insulin therapy, dialysis and transfusions.

34 “(J) With the approval of the insurer or self-insured employer, palliative care that the worker’s
35 attending physician referred to in ORS 656.005 (12)(b)(A) prescribes and that is necessary to enable

1 the worker to continue current employment or a vocational training program. If the insurer or
2 self-insured employer does not approve, the attending physician or the worker may request approval
3 from the Director of the Department of Consumer and Business Services for such treatment. The
4 director may order a medical review by a physician or panel of physicians pursuant to ORS 656.327
5 (3) to aid in the review of such treatment. The decision of the director is subject to review under
6 ORS 656.704.

7 “(K) With the approval of the director, curative care arising from a generally recognized, non-
8 experimental advance in medical science since the worker’s claim was closed that is highly likely
9 to improve the worker’s condition and that is otherwise justified by the circumstances of the claim.
10 The decision of the director is subject to review under ORS 656.704.

11 “(L) Curative care provided to a worker to stabilize a temporary and acute waxing and waning
12 of symptoms of the worker’s condition.

13 “(d) When the medically stationary date in a disabling claim is established by the insurer or
14 self-insured employer and is not based on the findings of the attending physician, the insurer or
15 self-insured employer is responsible for reimbursement to affected medical service providers for
16 otherwise compensable services rendered until the insurer or self-insured employer provides written
17 notice to the attending physician of the worker’s medically stationary status.

18 “(e) Except for services provided under a managed care contract, out-of-pocket expense re-
19 imbursement to receive care from the attending physician **or nurse practitioner authorized to**
20 **provide compensable medical services under this section** shall not exceed the amount required
21 to seek care from an appropriate **nurse practitioner or** attending physician of the same specialty
22 who is in a medical community geographically closer to the worker’s home. For the purposes of this
23 paragraph, all physicians **and nurse practitioners** within a metropolitan area are considered to be
24 part of the same medical community.

25 “(2)(a) The worker may choose an attending doctor, [or] physician **or nurse practitioner** within
26 the State of Oregon. The worker may choose the initial attending physician **or nurse practitioner**
27 and may subsequently change attending physician **or nurse practitioner** two times without ap-
28 proval from the director. If the worker thereafter selects another attending physician **or nurse**
29 **practitioner**, the insurer or self-insured employer may require the director’s approval of the se-
30 lection and, if requested, the director shall determine with the advice of one or more physicians,
31 whether the selection by the worker shall be approved. The decision of the director is subject to
32 review under ORS 656.704. The worker also may choose an attending doctor or physician in another
33 country or in any state or territory or possession of the United States with the prior approval of
34 the insurer or self-insured employer.

35 “(b) A medical service provider who is not a member of a managed care organization is subject
36 to the following provisions:

37 “(A) A medical service provider who is not qualified to be an attending physician may provide
38 compensable medical service to an injured worker for a period of 30 days from the date of injury
39 or occupational disease or for 12 visits, whichever first occurs, without the authorization of an at-
40 tending physician. Thereafter, medical service provided to an injured worker without the written
41 authorization of an attending physician is not compensable.

42 “(B) A medical service provider who is not an attending physician cannot authorize the payment
43 of temporary disability compensation. A medical service provider qualified to serve as an attending
44 physician under ORS 656.005 (12)(b)(B) may authorize the payment of temporary disability compen-
45 sation for a period not to exceed 30 days from the date of the first visit on the initial claim.

1 “(C) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, only a physician qualified to serve as an at-
2 tending physician under ORS 656.005 (12)(b)(A) who is serving as the attending physician at the time
3 of claim closure may make findings regarding the worker’s impairment for the purpose of evaluating
4 the worker’s disability.

5 “(D) **Notwithstanding subparagraphs (A) and (B) of this paragraph, a nurse practitioner**
6 **licensed under ORS 678.375 to 678.390:**

7 “(i) **May provide compensable medical services for 90 days from the date of the first visit**
8 **on the claim;**

9 “(ii) **May authorize the payment of temporary disability benefits for a period not to ex-**
10 **ceed 60 days from the date of the first visit on the initial claim; and**

11 “(iii) **When an injured worker treating with a nurse practitioner authorized to provide**
12 **compensable services under this section becomes medically stationary within the 90-day pe-**
13 **riod in which the nurse practitioner is authorized to treat the injured worker, shall refer the**
14 **injured worker to a physician qualified to be an attending physician as defined in ORS 656.005**
15 **for the purpose of making findings regarding the worker’s impairment for the purpose of**
16 **evaluating the worker’s disability. If a worker returns to the nurse practitioner after initial**
17 **claim closure for evaluation of a possible worsening of the worker’s condition, the nurse**
18 **practitioner shall refer the worker to an attending physician and the insurer shall compen-**
19 **sate the nurse practitioner for the examination performed.**

20 “(3) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, the director, by rule, upon the advice
21 of the committee created by ORS 656.794 and upon the advice of the professional licensing boards
22 of practitioners affected by the rule, may exclude from compensability any medical treatment the
23 director finds to be unscientific, unproven, outmoded or experimental. The decision of the director
24 is subject to review under ORS 656.704.

25 “(4) Notwithstanding subsection (2)(a) of this section, when a self-insured employer or the
26 insurer of an employer contracts with a managed care organization certified pursuant to ORS
27 656.260 for medical services required by this chapter to be provided to injured workers:

28 “(a) Those workers who are subject to the contract shall receive medical services in the manner
29 prescribed in the contract. Workers subject to the contract include those who are receiving medical
30 treatment for an accepted compensable injury or occupational disease, regardless of the date of in-
31 jury or medically stationary status, on or after the effective date of the contract. If the managed
32 care organization determines that the change in provider would be medically detrimental to the
33 worker, the worker shall not become subject to the contract until the worker is found to be med-
34 ically stationary, the worker changes physicians **or nurse practitioners**, or the managed care or-
35 ganization determines that the change in provider is no longer medically detrimental, whichever
36 event first occurs. A worker becomes subject to the contract upon the worker’s receipt of actual
37 notice of the worker’s enrollment in the managed care organization, or upon the third day after the
38 notice was sent by regular mail by the insurer or self-insured employer, whichever event first oc-
39 curs. A worker shall not be subject to a contract after it expires or terminates without renewal. A
40 worker may continue to treat with the attending physician **or nurse practitioner authorized to**
41 **provide compensable medical services under this section** under an expired or terminated man-
42 aged care organization contract if the physician **or nurse practitioner** agrees to comply with the
43 rules, terms and conditions regarding services performed under any subsequent managed care or-
44 ganization contract to which the worker is subject. A worker shall not be subject to a contract if
45 the worker’s primary residence is more than 100 miles outside the managed care organization’s

1 certified geographical area. Each such contract must comply with the certification standards pro-
2 vided in ORS 656.260. However, a worker may receive immediate emergency medical treatment that
3 is compensable from a medical service provider who is not a member of the managed care organ-
4 ization. Insurers or self-insured employers who contract with a managed care organization for med-
5 ical services shall give notice to the workers of eligible medical service providers and such other
6 information regarding the contract and manner of receiving medical services as the director may
7 prescribe. Notwithstanding any provision of law or rule to the contrary, a worker of a noncomplying
8 employer is considered to be subject to a contract between the State Accident Insurance Fund
9 Corporation as a processing agent or the assigned claims agent and a managed care organization.

10 “(b)(A) For initial or aggravation claims filed after June 7, 1995, the insurer or self-insured em-
11 ployer may require an injured worker, on a case-by-case basis, immediately to receive medical ser-
12 vices from the managed care organization.

13 “(B) If the insurer or self-insured employer gives notice that the worker is required to receive
14 treatment from the managed care organization, the insurer or self-insured employer must guarantee
15 that any reasonable and necessary services so received, that are not otherwise covered by health
16 insurance, will be paid as provided in ORS 656.248, even if the claim is denied, until the worker
17 receives actual notice of the denial or until three days after the denial is mailed, whichever event
18 first occurs. The worker may elect to receive care from a primary care physician **or nurse practi-**
19 **tioner authorized to provide compensable medical services under this section** who agrees to
20 the conditions of ORS 656.260 (4)(g). However, guarantee of payment is not required by the insurer
21 or self-insured employer if this election is made.

22 “(C) If the insurer or self-insured employer does not give notice that the worker is required to
23 receive treatment from the managed care organization, the insurer or self-insured employer is under
24 no obligation to pay for services received by the worker unless the claim is later accepted.

25 “(D) If the claim is denied, the worker may receive medical services after the date of denial from
26 sources other than the managed care organization until the denial is reversed. Reasonable and
27 necessary medical services received from sources other than the managed care organization after
28 the date of claim denial must be paid as provided in ORS 656.248 by the insurer or self-insured em-
29 ployer if the claim is finally determined to be compensable.

30 “[5] *Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, the director, by rule, shall authorize*
31 *nurse practitioners certified by the Oregon State Board of Nursing who practice in areas served by*
32 *Type A or Type B rural hospitals described in ORS 442.470 to authorize the payment of temporary*
33 *disability compensation for injured workers for a period not to exceed 30 days from the date of the first*
34 *visit on the claim. In addition, the director, by rule, may authorize such practitioners who practice in*
35 *areas served by a Type C rural hospital described in ORS 442.470 to authorize such payment.]*

36 “(5) **A nurse practitioner licensed under ORS 678.375 to 678.390 who is not a member of**
37 **the managed care organization, is authorized to provide the same level of services as a pri-**
38 **mary care physician as established by ORS 656.260 (4), if at the time the worker is enrolled**
39 **in the managed care organization, the nurse practitioner maintains the worker’s medical**
40 **records and with whom the worker has a documented history of treatment, if that nurse**
41 **practitioner agrees to refer the worker to the managed care organization for any specialized**
42 **treatment, including physical therapy, to be furnished by another provider that the worker**
43 **may require and if that nurse practitioner agrees to comply with all the rules, terms and**
44 **conditions regarding services performed by the managed care organization.**

45 “(6) Subject to the provisions of ORS 656.704, if a claim for medical services is disapproved, the

1 injured worker, insurer or self-insured employer may request administrative review by the director
2 pursuant to ORS 656.260 or 656.327.”.

3 On page 27, after line 19, insert:

4 “**SECTION 9a. If House Bill 2244 becomes law, section 9 of this 2007 Act (amending ORS**
5 **656.726) is repealed.**”.

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