# A-Engrossed House Bill 2212

Ordered by the House February 7 Including House Amendments dated February 7

Ordered printed by the Speaker pursuant to House Rule 12.00A (5). Presession filed (at the request of Governor Theodore R. Kulongoski for State Department of Energy)

### **SUMMARY**

The following summary is not prepared by the sponsors of the measure and is not a part of the body thereof subject to consideration by the Legislative Assembly. It is an editor's brief statement of the essential features of the

Expands residential alternative energy device tax credit to permit increased capacity wind electric systems and fuel cell systems to qualify for credit. Allows credit for each alternative energy device. Makes conforming changes.

Applies to alternative energy devices constructed or installed on or after January 1, 2007.

Takes effect on 91st day following adjournment sine die.

A BILL FOR AN ACT

2	Relating to renewable energy; creating new provisions; amending ORS 316.116, 469.160, 469.165,
3	469.170, 469.172, 469.176 and 469.180 and section 5a, chapter 832, Oregon Laws 2005; and pre-
4	scribing an effective date.
5	Be It Enacted by the People of the State of Oregon:
6	SECTION 1. ORS 469.160 is amended to read:
7	469.160. As used in ORS 316.116, 317.115 and 469.160 to 469.180:
8	[(1) "Alternative energy device" means:]
9	[(a) Any system, mechanism or series of mechanisms, including photovoltaic systems, that uses so-
10	lar radiation or wind for space heating, cooling or electrical energy for one or more dwellings;]
11	[(b) Any system that uses solar radiation for:]
12	[(A) Domestic water heating; or]
13	[(B) Swimming pool, spa or hot tub heating and that meets the requirements set forth in ORS
14	316.116;]
15	[(c) A ground water heat pump and ground loop system;]
16	[(d) A wind powered turbine that generates electricity;]
17	[(e) Any wind powered device used to offset or supplement the use of electricity by performing a
18	specific task such as pumping water;]
19	[(f) Equipment used in the production of alternative fuels;]
20	[(g) A generator powered by alternative fuels and used to produce electricity;]
21	[(h) A fuel cell;]
22	[(i) An energy efficient appliance; or]
23	[(j) An alternative fuel device.]
24	(1) "Alternative energy device" means a category one alternative energy device or a
25	category two alternative energy device.

NOTE: Matter in boldfaced type in an amended section is new; matter [italic and bracketed] is existing law to be omitted. New sections are in **boldfaced** type.

(2) "Alternative fuel device" means any of the following:

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- 1 (a) An alternative fuel vehicle;
- 2 (b) Related equipment; or

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- 3 (c) A fueling station necessary to operate an alternative fuel vehicle.
- 4 (3) "Alternative fuel vehicle" means a motor vehicle as defined in ORS 801.360 that is:
  - (a) Registered in this state; and
- 6 (b) Manufactured or modified to use an alternative fuel, including but not limited to electricity,
  7 natural gas, ethanol, methanol, propane and any other fuel approved in rules adopted by the Direc8 tor of the State Department of Energy that produces less exhaust emissions than vehicles fueled by
  9 gasoline or diesel. Determination that a vehicle is an alternative fuel vehicle shall be made without
  10 regard to energy consumption savings.
  - (4) "Category one alternative energy device" means:
  - (a) Any system, mechanism or series of mechanisms that uses solar radiation for space heating or cooling for one or more dwellings;
    - (b) Any system that uses solar radiation for:
    - (A) Domestic water heating; or
  - (B) Swimming pool, spa or hot tub heating and that meets the requirements set forth in ORS 316.116;
    - (c) A ground water heat pump and ground loop system;
  - (d) Any wind powered device used to offset or supplement the use of electricity by performing a specific task such as pumping water;
    - (e) Equipment used in the production of alternative fuels;
  - (f) A generator powered by alternative fuels and used to produce electricity;
    - (g) An energy efficient appliance;
- 24 (h) An alternative fuel device; or
  - (i) A premium efficiency biomass combustion device that includes a dedicated outside combustion air source and that meets minimum performance standards that are established by the State Department of Energy.
  - (5) "Category two alternative energy device" means a fuel cell system, solar electric system or wind electric system.
  - [(4)] (6) "Coefficient of performance" means the ratio calculated by dividing the usable output energy by the electrical input energy. Both energy values must be expressed in equivalent units.
  - [(5)] (7) "Contractor" means a person whose trade or business consists of offering for sale an alternative energy device, construction service, installation service or design service.
  - [(6)(a)] (8)(a) "Cost" means the actual cost of the acquisition, construction and installation of the alternative energy device [or solar electric system] paid by the taxpayer for the alternative energy device [or solar electric system].
  - (b) For an alternative fuel vehicle, "cost" means the difference between the cost of the alternative fuel vehicle and the same vehicle or functionally similar vehicle manufactured to use conventional gasoline or diesel fuel or, in the case of modification of an existing vehicle, the cost of the modification. "Cost" does not include any amounts paid for remodification of the same vehicle.
  - (c) For a fueling station necessary to operate an alternative fuel vehicle, "cost" means the cost to the contractor of constructing or installing the fueling station in a dwelling and of making the fuel station operational in accordance with the specifications issued under ORS 469.160 to 469.180 and any rules adopted by the Director of the State Department of Energy.
    - (d) For related equipment, "cost" means the cost of the related equipment and any modifications

- or additions to the related equipment necessary to prepare the related equipment for use in converting a vehicle to alternative fuel use.
  - [(7)] (9) "Domestic water heating" means the heating of water used in a dwelling for bathing, clothes washing, dishwashing and other related functions.
    - [(8)] (10) "Dwelling" means real or personal property ordinarily inhabited as a principal or secondary residence and located within this state. "Dwelling" includes, but is not limited to, an individual unit within multiple unit residential housing.
    - [(9)] (11) "Energy efficient appliance" means a clothes washer, clothes dryer, water heater, refrigerator, freezer, dishwasher, appliance designed to heat or cool a dwelling or other major household appliance that has been certified by the State Department of Energy to have premium energy efficiency characteristics.
    - [(10)] (12) "First year energy yield" of an alternative energy device is the usable energy produced under average environmental conditions in one year.
    - (13) "Fuel cell system" means any system, mechanism or series of mechanisms that uses fuel cells or fuel cell technology to generate electrical energy for a dwelling.
    - [(11)] (14) "Fueling station" includes but is not limited to a compressed natural gas compressor fueling system or an electric charging system for vehicle power battery charging.
      - [(12)] (15) "Placed in service" means:

- (a) The date an alternative energy device [or solar electric system] is ready and available to produce usable energy or save energy.
  - (b) For an alternative fuel vehicle:
- (A) In the case of purchase, the date that the alternative fuel vehicle is first purchased as an alternative fuel vehicle ready and available for use.
- (B) In the case of modification, the date that the modification is completed and the vehicle is ready and available for use as an alternative fuel vehicle.
- (c) For a fueling station necessary to operate an alternative fuel vehicle, the date that the fueling station is first operational.
  - (d) For related equipment, the date that the equipment is first operational.
- [(13)] (16) "Related equipment" means equipment necessary to convert a vehicle to use an alternative fuel.
- [(14)] (17) "Solar electric system" means any system, mechanism or series of mechanisms, including photovoltaic systems, that uses solar radiation to generate electrical energy for a dwelling.
- (18) "Wind electric system" means any system, mechanism or series of mechanisms that uses wind to generate electrical energy for a dwelling.
  - **SECTION 2.** ORS 316.116 is amended to read:
- 316.116. (1)(a) A resident individual shall be allowed a credit against the taxes otherwise due under this chapter for costs paid or incurred for construction or installation of [an] each of one or more alternative energy [device] devices in a dwelling.
- (b) A resident individual shall be allowed a credit against the taxes otherwise due under this chapter for costs paid or incurred to modify or purchase an alternative fuel vehicle or related equipment.
- [(c) A resident individual shall be allowed a credit against the taxes otherwise due under this chapter for costs paid or incurred for construction or installation of a solar electric system in a dwelling.]
- (2)(a) [Except in the case of an alternative fuel device or a solar electric system] In the case of

- a category one alternative energy device that is not an alternative fuel device, the credit shall be based upon the first year energy yield of the alternative energy device that qualifies under ORS 469.160 to 469.180. The amount of the credit shall be the same whether for collective or noncollective investment.
- (b) The credit allowed under this section for **each category one alternative energy device for** each dwelling [shall] **may** not exceed the lesser of:
- (A) \$1,500 or the first year energy yield in kilowatt hours per year multiplied by 60 cents per dwelling utilizing the alternative energy device used for space heating, cooling, electrical energy or domestic water heating for tax years beginning on or after January 1, 1990, and before January 1, 1996.
- (B) \$1,200 or the first year energy yield in kilowatt hours per year multiplied by 48 cents per dwelling utilizing the alternative energy device used for space heating, cooling, electrical energy or domestic water heating for tax years beginning on or after January 1, 1996, and before January 1, 1998.
- (C) \$1,500 or the first year energy yield in kilowatt hours per year multiplied by 60 cents per dwelling utilizing the alternative energy device used for space heating, cooling, electrical energy or domestic water heating for tax years beginning on or after January 1, 1998.
- (c) For [an] **each category one** alternative energy device used for swimming pool, spa or hot tub heating, the credit allowed under this section shall be based upon 50 percent of the cost of the device or the first year's energy yield in kilowatt hours per year multiplied by 15 cents, whichever is lower, up to:
  - (A) \$1,500 for tax years beginning on or after January 1, 1990, and before January 1, 1996.
  - (B) \$1,200 for tax years beginning on or after January 1, 1996, and before January 1, 1998.
  - (C) \$1,500 for tax years beginning on or after January 1, 1998.
- (d) For [an] **each** alternative fuel device, the credit allowed under this section is 25 percent of the cost of the alternative fuel device but the total credit shall not exceed \$750 if the device is placed in service on or after January 1, 1998.
- (e)(A) For each category two alternative energy device that is a solar electric system or fuel cell system, the credit allowed under this section shall equal \$3 per watt of installed output, but the installed output that is used to determine the amount of credit under this paragraph may not exceed 2,000 watts.
- (B) For each category two alternative energy device that is a wind electric system, the credit allowed under this section may not exceed the lesser of \$6,000 or the first year energy yield in kilowatt hours per year multiplied by \$2.
- [(B)] (C) Notwithstanding subparagraph (A) or (B) of this paragraph, the total amount of the [credit] credits allowed in any one tax year may not exceed the tax liability of the taxpayer or \$1,500 for each alternative energy device, whichever is less. Unused credit amounts may be carried forward as provided in subsection (7) of this section, but may not be carried forward to a tax year that is more than five tax years following the first tax year for which any credit was allowed with respect to the [solar electric system] category two alternative energy device that is the basis for the credit.
- [(C)] (D) Notwithstanding subparagraph (A) or (B) of this paragraph, the total amount of the credit for each device allowed under this paragraph may not exceed 50 percent of the total installed cost of the [solar electric system] category two alternative energy device.
  - (3)(a) In the case of a credit for [an] a category one alternative energy device that is an energy

efficient appliance, the credit allowed **for each appliance** to a resident individual under this section shall equal:

- (A) 48 cents per first year kilowatt hour saved, or the equivalent for other fuel saved, not to exceed \$1,200 for each tax year beginning on or after January 1, 1998, and before January 1, 1999; and
- (B) 40 cents per kilowatt hour saved, or the equivalent for other fuel saved, not to exceed \$1,000 for each tax year beginning on or after January 1, 1999.
- (b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a) of this subsection, the credit allowed for an energy efficient appliance [shall] **may** not exceed 25 percent of the cost of the appliance.
  - (4) To qualify for a credit under this section, all of the following are required:
- (a) The alternative energy device [or solar electric system] must be purchased, constructed, installed and operated in accordance with ORS 469.160 to 469.180 and a certificate issued thereunder.
- (b) Except for credits claimed for alternative fuel devices, the taxpayer who is allowed the credit must be the owner or contract purchaser of the dwelling or dwellings served by the alternative energy device [or solar electric system] or the tenant of the owner or of the contract purchaser and must:
- (A) Use the dwelling or dwellings served by the alternative energy device [or solar electric system] as a principal or secondary residence; or
- (B) Rent or lease, under a residential rental agreement, the dwelling or dwellings to a tenant who uses the dwelling or dwellings as a principal or secondary residence, unless the basis for the credit is the installation of an energy efficient appliance. If the basis for the credit is the installation of an energy efficient appliance, the credit shall be allowed only to the taxpayer who actually occupies the dwelling as a principal or secondary residence.
- (c) In the case of an alternative fuel device, if the device is a fueling station necessary to operate an alternative fuel vehicle, unless the verification form and certificate are transferred as authorized under ORS 469.170 (8), the taxpayer who is allowed the credit must be the contractor who constructs the dwelling that incorporates the fueling station into the dwelling or installs the fueling station in the dwelling. If the **category one** alternative energy device is an alternative fuel vehicle, the credit must be claimed by the owner as defined under ORS 801.375 or contract purchaser. If the **category one** alternative energy device is related equipment **for an alternative fuel vehicle**, the credit may be claimed by the owner or contract purchaser.
- (d) The credit must be claimed for the tax year in which the alternative energy device [or solar electric system] was purchased if the device [or system] is operational by April 1 of the next following tax year.
- (5) The credit provided by this section does not affect the computation of basis under this chapter.
- (6) The [credit] total credits allowed under this section in any one year may not exceed the tax liability of the taxpayer.
- (7) Any tax credit otherwise allowable under this section that is not used by the taxpayer in a particular year may be carried forward and offset against the taxpayer's tax liability for the next succeeding tax year. Any credit remaining unused in the next succeeding tax year may be carried forward and used in the second succeeding tax year, and likewise any credit not used in that second succeeding tax year may be carried forward and used in the third succeeding tax year, and any credit not used in that third succeeding tax year may be carried forward and used in the fourth succeeding tax year, and any credit not used in that fourth succeeding tax year may be carried

- forward and used in the fifth succeeding tax year, but may not be carried forward for any tax year thereafter.
- 3 (8) A nonresident shall be allowed the credit under this section in the proportion provided in 4 ORS 316.117.
  - (9) If a change in the taxable year of a taxpayer occurs as described in ORS 314.085, or if the Department of Revenue terminates the taxpayer's taxable year under ORS 314.440, the credit allowed by this section shall be prorated or computed in a manner consistent with ORS 314.085.
  - (10) If a change in the status of a taxpayer from resident to nonresident or from nonresident to resident occurs, the credit allowed by this section shall be determined in a manner consistent with ORS 316.117.
  - (11) A husband and wife who file separate returns for a taxable year may each claim a share of the tax credit that would have been allowed on a joint return in proportion to the contribution of each. However, a husband or wife living in a separate principal residence may claim the tax credit in the same amount as permitted a single person.
    - (12) As used in this section, unless the context requires otherwise:
  - (a) "Collective investment" means an investment by two or more taxpayers for the acquisition, construction and installation of an alternative energy device for one or more dwellings.
    - [(b) "First year energy yield" has the meaning given in ORS 469.160.]
  - [(c)] (b) "Noncollective investment" means an investment by an individual taxpayer for the acquisition, construction and installation of an alternative energy device for one or more dwellings.
  - [(13)] (c) [As used in this section,] "Taxpayer" includes a transferee of a verification form under ORS 469.170 (8).
  - [(14)] (13) Notwithstanding any provision of subsection (1) or (2) of this section, the sum of the credit allowed under subsection (1) of this section plus any similar credit allowed for federal income tax purposes [shall] may not exceed the cost to the taxpayer for the acquisition, construction and installation of the alternative energy device [or solar electric system].

#### SECTION 3. ORS 469.165 is amended to read:

- 469.165. (1) For the purposes of carrying out ORS 469.160 to 469.180, the State Department of Energy may adopt rules prescribing minimum performance criteria for alternative energy devices for dwellings [and solar electric systems].
- (2) The department, in adopting rules under this section for solar heating and cooling systems, shall take into consideration applicable standards of federal performance criteria prescribed pursuant to the provisions of section 5506, title 42, United States Code (Solar Heating and Cooling Act of 1974).
- (3) The Director of the State Department of Energy shall adopt rules governing the determination of eligibility, verification and certification of an alternative fuel device for purposes of the tax credits granted under ORS 316.116 and 317.115, including but not limited to rules that further define an alternative fuel vehicle, related equipment or fueling station necessary to operate an alternative fuel vehicle, that govern the computation of costs eligible for credit and that require equitable allocation of the tax credit benefits between the lessor and the lessee of an alternative fuel vehicle as a condition of tax credit eligibility.

#### **SECTION 4.** ORS 469.170 is amended to read:

- 469.170. (1) Any person may claim a tax credit under ORS 316.116 (or ORS 317.115, if the person is a corporation) if the person:
  - (a) Meets the requirements of ORS 316.116 (or ORS 317.115, if applicable);

(b) Meets the requirements of ORS 469.160 to 469.180; and

- (c) Pays, subject to subsection (9) of this section, all or a portion of the costs of an alternative energy device [or a solar electric system].
- (2) A credit under ORS 317.115 may be claimed only if the alternative energy device is a fueling station necessary to operate an alternative fuel vehicle.
- (3)(a) In order to be eligible for a tax credit under ORS 316.116 or 317.115, a person claiming a tax credit for construction or installation of an alternative energy device (including a fueling station) [or a solar electric system] shall have the device [or system] certified by the State Department of Energy or constructed or installed by a contractor certified by the department under subsection (5) of this section. This paragraph does not apply to an alternative fuel vehicle or to related equipment.
- (b) Certification of an alternative fuel vehicle or related equipment shall be accomplished under rules that shall be adopted by the Director of the State Department of Energy.
- (4) Verification of the purchase, construction or installation of an alternative energy device [or solar electric system] shall be made in writing on a form provided by the Department of Revenue and, if applicable, shall contain:
  - (a) The location of the alternative energy device [or solar electric system];
  - (b) A description of the type of device [or system];
- (c) If the device [or system] was constructed or installed by a contractor, evidence that the contractor has any license, bond, insurance and permit required to sell and construct or install the alternative energy device [or solar electric system];
- (d) If the device [or system] was constructed or installed by a contractor, a statement signed by the contractor that the applicant has received:
  - (A) A statement of the reasonably expected energy savings of the device [or system];
  - (B) A copy of consumer information published by the State Department of Energy;
  - (C) An operating manual for the alternative energy device [or solar electric system]; and
- (D) A copy of the contractor's certification certificate or alternative energy device system certificate for the alternative energy device [or solar electric system], as appropriate;
  - (e) If the device [or system] was not constructed or installed by a contractor, evidence that:
- (A) The State Department of Energy has issued an alternative energy device system certificate for the alternative energy device [or solar electric system]; and
- (B) The taxpayer has obtained all building permits required for construction or installation of the device [or system];
- (f) A statement, signed by both the taxpayer claiming the credit and the contractor if the device [or system] was constructed or installed by a contractor, that the construction or installation meets all the requirements of ORS 469.160 to 469.180 or, if the device is a fueling station and the taxpayer is the contractor, a statement signed by the contractor that the construction or installation meets all of the requirements of ORS 469.160 to 469.180;
  - (g) The date the alternative energy device [or solar electric system] was purchased;
  - (h) The date the alternative energy device [or solar electric system] was placed in service; and
- (i) Any other information that the Director of the State Department of Energy or the Department of Revenue determines is necessary.
- (5)(a) When the State Department of Energy finds that an alternative energy device [or solar electric system] can meet the standards adopted under ORS 469.165, the Director of the State Department of Energy may issue a contractor system certification to the person selling and con-

structing or installing the alternative energy device [or solar electric system].

- (b) Any person who sells or installs more than 12 alternative energy devices [or solar electric systems] in one year shall apply for a contractor system certification. An application for a contractor system certification shall be made in writing on a form provided by the State Department of Energy and shall contain:
- (A) A statement that the contractor has any license, bonding, insurance and permit that is required for the sale and construction or installation of the alternative energy device [or solar electric system];
- (B) A specific description of the alternative energy device [or solar electric system], including, but not limited to, the material, equipment and mechanism used in the device [or system], operating procedure, sizing and siting method and construction or installation procedure;
- (C) The addresses of three installations of the device [or system] that are available for inspection by the State Department of Energy;
  - (D) The range of installed costs to purchasers of the device [or system];
  - (E) Any important construction, installation or operating instructions; and
  - (F) Any other information that the State Department of Energy determines is necessary.
- (c) A new application for contractor system approval shall be filed when there is a change in the information supplied under paragraph (b) of this subsection.
- (d) The State Department of Energy may issue contractor system certificates to each contractor who on October 3, 1989, has a valid dealer system certification, which shall authorize the sale and installation of the same domestic water heating alternative energy devices authorized by the dealer certification.
- (e) If the State Department of Energy finds that an alternative energy device [or solar electric system] can meet the standards adopted under ORS 469.165, the Director of the State Department of Energy may issue an alternative energy device system certificate to the taxpayer constructing or installing or having an alternative energy device [or solar electric system] constructed or installed.
- (f) An application for an alternative energy device system certificate shall be made in writing on a form provided by the State Department of Energy and shall contain:
- (A) A specific description of the alternative energy device [or solar electric system], including, but not limited to, the material, equipment and mechanism used in the device [or system], operating procedure, sizing, siting method and construction or installation procedure;
  - (B) The constructed or installed cost of the device [or system]; and
- (C) A statement that the taxpayer has all permits required for construction or installation of the device [or system].
- (6) To claim the tax credit, the verification form described in subsection (4) of this section shall be submitted with the taxpayer's tax return for the year the alternative energy device [or solar electric system] is placed in service or the immediately succeeding tax year. A copy of the contractor's certification certificate, alternative energy device system certificate or alternative fuel vehicle or related equipment certificate also shall be submitted.
- (7) The verification form and contractor's certificate, alternative energy device system certificate or alternative fuel vehicle or related equipment certificate described under this section shall be effective for purposes of tax relief allowed under ORS 316.116 or 317.115.
- (8) The verification form and contractor's certificate described under this section may be transferred to the first purchaser of a dwelling or, in the case of construction or installation of a fueling station in an existing dwelling, the current owner, who intends to use or is using the

1 dwelling as a principal or secondary residence.

- (9) Any person that pays the present value of the tax credit for an alternative energy device [or solar electric system] provided under ORS 316.116 or 317.115 and 469.160 to 469.180 to the person who constructs or installs the alternative energy device [or solar electric system] shall be entitled to claim the credit in the manner and subject to rules adopted by the Department of Revenue to carry out the purposes of this subsection. The State Department of Energy may establish by rule uniform discount rates to be used in calculating the present value of a tax credit under this subsection.
- **SECTION 5.** ORS 469.172 is amended to read:
- 10 469.172. The following devices are not eligible for the tax credit under ORS 316.116:
- 11 (1) Standard efficiency furnaces;

- (2) Standard back-up heating systems;
- (3) Woodstoves or wood furnaces, or any part of a heating system that burns wood, unless the woodstove, furnace or system constitutes a premium efficiency biomass combustion device described in ORS 469.160 (4)(i);
  - (4) Heat pump water heaters that are part of a geothermal heat pump space heating system;
  - (5) Structures that cover or enclose a swimming pool;
  - (6) Swimming pools, hot tubs or spas used to store heat;
- (7) Above ground, uninsulated swimming pools, hot tubs or spas;
  - (8) Photovoltaic systems installed on recreational vehicles;
- 21 (9) Conversion of an existing alternative energy device [or solar electric system] to another type 22 of alternative energy device [or solar electric system];
  - (10) Repair or replacement of an existing alternative energy device [or solar electric system];
  - (11) A [solar electric system] category two alternative energy device, if the equipment or other property that comprises the [solar electric system] category two alternative energy device is [also] the basis for an allowed credit for [an] a category one alternative energy device under ORS 316.116;
  - (12) [An] A category one alternative energy device, if the equipment or other property that comprises the category one alternative energy device is also the basis for an allowed credit for a [solar electric system] category two alternative energy device under ORS 316.116; or
  - (13) Any other device identified by the State Department of Energy. The department may adopt rules defining standards for eligible and ineligible devices under this section.

# **SECTION 6.** ORS 469.176 is amended to read:

- 469.176. (1) Except for alternative fuel vehicles or related equipment, in order to carry out ORS 469.160 to 469.180, the State Department of Energy shall develop performance assumptions and prescriptive measures to determine the eligibility and tax credit amount for alternative energy devices [and solar electric systems] constructed or installed in a dwelling.
- (2) The department shall use the performance assumptions and prescriptive measures to develop information for the Department of Revenue to use to allow taxpayers to determine their eligibility and tax credit amount. The State Department of Energy may review this information on an annual basis to take into consideration new technology and performance assumption accuracy.
- (3) For the purpose of determining the first year energy yield of an alternative energy device, the department shall use the following assumptions and test standards:
- (a) Solar Rating and Certification Corporation standard SRCC 100, 200, American Society of Heating, Refrigerating and Air-Conditioning Engineers 93-77, or the American Refrigeration Institute

- standard 325-85 test at 50 degrees entering water temperature, as appropriate. The testing requirements under this paragraph shall not apply to an owner-built alternative energy device.
- (b) For an alternative energy device used as a source for domestic water heating energy, a hot water use of 75 gallons per day at 120 degrees Fahrenheit. The load of 75 gallons per day at 120 degrees Fahrenheit shall be achieved by including conservation measures in the construction or installation of the alternative energy device.
- (c) For an alternative energy device used as a source for space heating or cooling, the heating or cooling energy load as determined by a heat loss or gain calculation performed in accordance with the methods established by the American Society of Heating, Refrigerating and Air-Conditioning Engineers. Except for an owner-built or site-built system, an alternative energy device used as a source for domestic hot water heating must meet the SRCC OG 300 systems test or comply with comparable requirements as determined by the department.
- (d) For an alternative energy device used as a source for electrical energy, the first year energy yield shall be based upon the electrical energy load of the dwelling as determined according to the procedure established by the department.
- (e) For an alternative energy device used as a source for swimming pool, spa or hot tub heating, the first year energy yield shall be based on the heating load of the swimming pool, spa or hot tub as determined according to the procedure established by the department.

## SECTION 7. ORS 469.180 is amended to read:

- 469.180. (1) Upon the Department of Revenue's own motion, or upon request of the State Department of Energy, the Department of Revenue may initiate proceedings for the forfeiture of a tax credit allowed under ORS 316.116 or 317.115 if:
- (a) The verification was fraudulent because of a misrepresentation by the taxpayer or investor owned utility;
  - (b) The verification was fraudulent because of a misrepresentation by the contractor;
- (c) In the case of [a solar electric system or] an alternative energy device other than an alternative fuel vehicle or related equipment, the [solar electric system or] alternative energy device has not been constructed, installed or operated in substantial compliance with the requirements of ORS 469.160 to 469.180; or
- (d) The taxpayer or investor owned utility failed to consent to an inspection of the constructed or installed alternative energy device [or solar electric system] by the State Department of Energy after a reasonable, written request for such an inspection by the State Department of Energy. This paragraph does not apply to an alternative fuel vehicle or to related equipment.
- (2) Pursuant to the procedures for a contested case under ORS chapter 183, the Director of the State Department of Energy may order the revocation of a contractor certificate issued under ORS 469.170 if the director finds that:
- (a) The contractor certificate was obtained by fraud or misrepresentation by the contractor certificate holder;
- (b) The contractor's performance for the alternative energy device [or solar electric system] for which the contractor is issued a certificate under ORS 469.170 does not meet industry standards; or
- (c) The contractor has misrepresented to the customer either the tax credit program or the nature or quality of the alternative energy device [or solar electric system].
- (3) If the tax credit allowed under ORS 316.116 or 317.115 for the purchase, construction or installation of an alternative energy device [or solar electric system] is ordered forfeited due to an

action of the taxpayer or investor owned utility under subsection (1)(a), (c) or (d) of this section, all prior tax relief provided to the taxpayer or investor owned utility shall be forfeited and the Department of Revenue shall proceed to collect those taxes not paid by the taxpayer or utility as a result of the tax credit relief under ORS 316.116 or 317.115.

(4) If the tax credit for the construction or installation of an alternative energy device [or solar electric system] is ordered forfeited due to an action of the contractor under subsection (1)(b) of this section, the Department of Revenue shall proceed to collect, from the contractor, an amount equivalent to those taxes not paid by the taxpayer or investor owned utility as a result of the tax credit relief under ORS 316.116 or 317.115. As long as the forfeiture is due to an action of the contractor and not to an action of the taxpayer or utility, the assessment of such taxes shall be levied on the contractor and not on the taxpayer or utility. Notwithstanding ORS 314.835, the Department of Revenue may disclose information from income tax returns or reports to the extent such disclosure is necessary to collect amounts from contractors under this subsection.

(5) In order to obtain information necessary to verify eligibility and amount of the tax credit, the State Department of Energy or its representative may inspect an alternative energy device [or solar electric system] that has been purchased, constructed or installed. The inspection shall be made only with the consent of the owner of the dwelling. Failure to consent to the inspection is grounds for the forfeiture of any tax credit relief under ORS 316.116 or 317.115. The Department of Revenue shall proceed to collect any taxes due according to subsection (4) of this section. For electrical generating alternative energy devices [or solar electric systems], the State Department of Energy may obtain energy consumption records for the dwelling the device [or system] serves, for a 12-month period, in order to verify eligibility and amount of the tax credit.

SECTION 8. Section 5a, chapter 832, Oregon Laws 2005, is amended to read:

**Sec. 5a.** A taxpayer may not be allowed a credit under ORS 316.116 if the first tax year for which the credit would otherwise be allowed with respect to an alternative energy device[, solar electric system] or alternative fuel vehicle or related equipment is on or after January 1, 2016.

SECTION 9. The amendments to ORS 316.116, 469.160, 469.165, 469.170, 469.172, 469.176 and 469.180 and section 5a, chapter 832, Oregon Laws 2005, by sections 1 to 8 of this 2007 Act apply to alternative energy devices constructed or installed on or after January 1, 2007.

SECTION 10. This 2007 Act takes effect on the 91st day after the date on which the regular session of the Seventy-fourth Legislative Assembly adjourns sine die.