

C-Engrossed
House Bill 2140

Ordered by the Senate June 22
Including House Amendments dated May 9 and Senate Amendments dated
June 4 and June 22

Ordered printed by the Speaker pursuant to House Rule 12.00A (5). Pre-session filed (at the request of Attorney General Hardy Myers for Department of Justice)

SUMMARY

The following summary is not prepared by the sponsors of the measure and is not a part of the body thereof subject to consideration by the Legislative Assembly. It is an editor's brief statement of the essential features of the measure.

Makes technical changes to Public Contracting Code.

Modifies provisions governing prevailing wage rates.

Directs State Treasurer to report to certain persons on or before July 1, 2008, regarding loan programs under which moneys derived from bond sales are loaned to private entities.

Declares emergency, effective July 1, 2007.

A BILL FOR AN ACT

1
2 Relating to the Public Contracting Code; creating new provisions; amending ORS 279A.010,
3 279A.025, 279A.050, 279A.200, 279B.005, 279B.050, 279B.080, 279B.085, 279B.130, 279B.200,
4 279B.270, 279B.405, 279B.415, 279C.320, 279C.335, 279C.345, 279C.350, 279C.355, 279C.365,
5 279C.375, 279C.390, 279C.400, 279C.405, 279C.410, 279C.460, 279C.800, 279C.810, 279C.815,
6 279C.830, 279C.836 and 279C.870 and sections 105, 105b, 110, 113 and 132, chapter 794, Oregon
7 Laws 2003; repealing section 332a, chapter 794, Oregon Laws 2003; and declaring an emergency.

8 **Be It Enacted by the People of the State of Oregon:**

9 **SECTION 1.** ORS 279A.010 is amended to read:

10 279A.010. (1) As used in the Public Contracting Code, unless the context or a specifically ap-
11 plicable definition requires otherwise:

12 (a) "Bidder" means a person that submits a bid in response to an invitation to bid.

13 (b) "Contracting agency" means a public body authorized by law to conduct a procurement.
14 "Contracting agency" includes, but is not limited to, the Director of the Oregon Department of Ad-
15 ministrative Services and any person authorized by a contracting agency to conduct a procurement
16 on the contracting agency's behalf. "Contracting agency" does not include the judicial department
17 or the legislative department.

18 (c) "Days" means calendar days.

19 (d) "Department" means the Oregon Department of Administrative Services.

20 (e) "Director" means the Director of the Oregon Department of Administrative Services or a
21 person designated by the director to carry out the authority of the director under the Public Con-
22 tracting Code.

23 (f) "Emergency" means circumstances that:

24 (A) Could not have been reasonably foreseen;

25 (B) Create a substantial risk of loss, damage or interruption of services or a substantial threat

NOTE: Matter in **boldfaced** type in an amended section is new; matter [*italic and bracketed*] is existing law to be omitted.
New sections are in **boldfaced** type.

1 to property, public health, welfare or safety; and

2 (C) Require prompt execution of a contract to remedy the condition.

3 (g) "Energy savings performance contract" means a public contract between a contracting
4 agency and a qualified energy service company for the identification, evaluation, recommendation,
5 design and construction of energy conservation measures, including a design-build contract, that
6 guarantee energy savings or performance.

7 (h) "Executive department" has the meaning given that term in ORS 174.112.

8 (i) **"Goods" includes supplies, equipment, materials, personal property, including any**
9 **tangible, intangible and intellectual property and rights and licenses in relation thereto, and**
10 **combinations of any of the items identified in this paragraph.**

11 (j) **"Goods and services" or "goods or services" includes combinations of any of the items**
12 **identified in the definitions of "goods" and "services."**

13 [(i)(A)] (k)(A) "Grant" means:

14 (i) An agreement under which a contracting agency receives moneys, property or other assist-
15 ance, including but not limited to federal assistance that is characterized as a grant by federal law
16 or regulations, loans, loan guarantees, credit enhancements, gifts, bequests, commodities or other
17 assets, from a grantor for the purpose of supporting or stimulating a program or activity of the
18 contracting agency and in which no substantial involvement by the grantor is anticipated in the
19 program or activity other than involvement associated with monitoring compliance with the grant
20 conditions; or

21 (ii) An agreement under which a contracting agency provides moneys, property or other assist-
22 ance, including but not limited to federal assistance that is characterized as a grant by federal law
23 or regulations, loans, loan guarantees, credit enhancements, gifts, bequests, commodities or other
24 assets, to a recipient for the purpose of supporting or stimulating a program or activity of the re-
25 cipient and in which no substantial involvement by the contracting agency is anticipated in the
26 program or activity other than involvement associated with monitoring compliance with the grant
27 conditions.

28 (B) "Grant" does not include a public contract for a public improvement, for public works, as
29 defined in ORS 279C.800, or for emergency work, minor alterations or ordinary repair or mainte-
30 nance necessary to preserve a public improvement, when under the public contract a contracting
31 agency pays, in consideration for contract performance intended to realize or to support the real-
32 ization of the purposes for which grant funds were provided to the contracting agency, moneys that
33 the contracting agency has received under a grant.

34 [(j)] (L) "Industrial oil" means any compressor, turbine or bearing oil, hydraulic oil, metal-
35 working oil or refrigeration oil.

36 [(k)] (m) "Judicial department" has the meaning given that term in ORS 174.113.

37 [(L)] (n) "Legislative department" has the meaning given that term in ORS 174.114.

38 [(m)] (o) "Local contract review board" means a local contract review board described in ORS
39 279A.060.

40 [(n)] (p) "Local contracting agency" means a local government or special government body au-
41 thorized by law to conduct a procurement. "Local contracting agency" includes any person author-
42 ized by a local contracting agency to conduct a procurement on behalf of the local contracting
43 agency.

44 [(o)] (q) "Local government" has the meaning given that term in ORS 174.116.

45 [(p)] (r) "Lowest responsible bidder" means the lowest bidder who:

1 (A) Has substantially complied with all prescribed public contracting procedures and require-
2 ments;

3 (B) Has met the standards of responsibility set forth in ORS 279B.110 or 279C.375;

4 (C) Has not been debarred or disqualified by the contracting agency under ORS 279B.130 or
5 279C.440; and

6 (D) If the advertised contract is a public improvement contract, is not on the list created by the
7 Construction Contractors Board under ORS 701.227.

8 [(q)] (s) “Lubricating oil” means any oil intended for use in an internal combustion crankcase,
9 transmission, gearbox or differential or an automobile, bus, truck, vessel, plane, train, heavy equip-
10 ment or machinery powered by an internal combustion engine.

11 [(r)] (t) “Person” means a natural person capable of being legally bound, a sole proprietorship,
12 a corporation, a partnership, a limited liability company or partnership, a limited partnership, a
13 for-profit or nonprofit unincorporated association, a business trust, two or more persons having a
14 joint or common economic interest, any other person with legal capacity to contract or a public
15 body.

16 [(s)] (u) “Post-consumer waste” means a finished material that would normally be disposed of
17 as solid waste, having completed its life cycle as a consumer item. “Post-consumer waste” does not
18 include manufacturing waste.

19 [(t)] (v) “Price agreement” means a public contract for the procurement of goods or services at
20 a set price with:

21 (A) No guarantee of a minimum or maximum purchase; or

22 (B) An initial order or minimum purchase combined with a continuing contractor obligation to
23 provide goods or services in which the contracting agency does not guarantee a minimum or maxi-
24 mum additional purchase.

25 [(u)] (w) “Procurement” means the act of purchasing, leasing, renting or otherwise acquiring
26 goods or services. “Procurement” includes each function and procedure undertaken or required to
27 be undertaken by a contracting agency to enter into a public contract, administer a public contract
28 and obtain the performance of a public contract under the Public Contracting Code.

29 [(v)] (x) “Proposer” means a person that submits a proposal in response to a request for pro-
30 posals.

31 [(w)] (y) “Public body” has the meaning given that term in ORS 174.109.

32 [(x)] (z) “Public contract” means a sale or other disposal, or a purchase, lease, rental or other
33 acquisition, by a contracting agency of personal property, services, including personal services,
34 public improvements, public works, minor alterations, or ordinary repair or maintenance necessary
35 to preserve a public improvement. “Public contract” does not include grants.

36 [(y)] (aa) “Public contracting” means procurement activities described in the Public Contracting
37 Code relating to obtaining, modifying or administering public contracts or price agreements.

38 [(z)] (bb) “Public Contracting Code” or “code” means ORS chapters 279A, 279B and 279C.

39 [(aa)] (cc) “Public improvement” means a project for construction, reconstruction or major ren-
40 ovation on real property by or for a contracting agency. “Public improvement” does not include:

41 (A) Projects for which no funds of a contracting agency are directly or indirectly used, except
42 for participation that is incidental or related primarily to project design or inspection; or

43 (B) Emergency work, minor alteration, ordinary repair or maintenance necessary to preserve a
44 public improvement.

45 [(bb)] (dd) “Public improvement contract” means a public contract for a public improvement.

1 “Public improvement contract” does not include a public contract for emergency work, minor al-
2 terations, or ordinary repair or maintenance necessary to preserve a public improvement.

3 [(cc)] (ee) “Recycled material” means any material that would otherwise be a useless, unwanted
4 or discarded material except for the fact that the material still has useful physical or chemical
5 properties after serving a specific purpose and can, therefore, be reused or recycled.

6 [(dd)] (ff) “Recycled oil” means used oil that has been prepared for reuse as a petroleum product
7 by refining, rerefining, reclaiming, reprocessing or other means, provided that the preparation or
8 use is operationally safe, environmentally sound and complies with all laws and regulations.

9 [(ee)] (gg) “Recycled paper” means a paper product with not less than:

10 (A) Fifty percent of its fiber weight consisting of secondary waste materials; or

11 (B) Twenty-five percent of its fiber weight consisting of post-consumer waste.

12 [(ff)] (hh) “Recycled PETE” means post-consumer polyethylene terephthalate material.

13 [(gg)] (ii) “Recycled product” means all materials, goods and supplies, not less than 50 percent
14 of the total weight of which consists of secondary and post-consumer waste with not less than 10
15 percent of its total weight consisting of post-consumer waste. “Recycled product” includes any
16 product that could have been disposed of as solid waste, having completed its life cycle as a con-
17 sumer item, but otherwise is refurbished for reuse without substantial alteration of the product’s
18 form.

19 [(hh)] (jj) “Secondary waste materials” means fragments of products or finished products of a
20 manufacturing process that has converted a virgin resource into a commodity of real economic
21 value. “Secondary waste materials” includes post-consumer waste. “Secondary waste materials”
22 does not include excess virgin resources of the manufacturing process. For paper, “secondary waste
23 materials” does not include fibrous waste generated during the manufacturing process such as fibers
24 recovered from waste water or trimmings of paper machine rolls, mill broke, wood slabs, chips,
25 sawdust or other wood residue from a manufacturing process.

26 (kk) “Services” mean services other than personal services designated under ORS
27 279A.055, except that, for state contracting agencies with procurement authority under ORS
28 279A.050 or 279A.140, “services” includes personal services as designated by the state con-
29 tracting agencies.

30 [(ii)] (LL) “Special government body” has the meaning given that term in ORS 174.117.

31 [(jj)] (mm) “State agency” means the executive department, except the Secretary of State and
32 the State Treasurer in the performance of the duties of their constitutional offices.

33 [(kk)] (nn) “State contracting agency” means an executive department entity authorized by law
34 to conduct a procurement.

35 [(LL)] (oo) “State government” has the meaning given that term in ORS 174.111.

36 [(mm)] (pp) “Used oil” has the meaning given that term in ORS 459A.555.

37 [(nn)] (qq) “Virgin oil” means oil that has been refined from crude oil and that has not been
38 used or contaminated with impurities.

39 (2) Other definitions appearing in the Public Contracting Code and the sections in which they
40 appear are:

- 41
- 42 (a) “Adequate”ORS 279C.305
- 43 (b) “Administering contracting
- 44 agency”ORS 279A.200
- 45 (c) “Affirmative action”ORS 279A.100

- 1 (d) "Architect"ORS 279C.100
- 2 (e) "Architectural, engineering
- 3 and land surveying
- 4 services".....ORS 279C.100
- 5 (f) "Bid documents"ORS 279C.400
- 6 (g) "Bidder"ORS 279B.415
- 7 (h) "Bids"ORS 279C.400
- 8 (i) "Brand name".....ORS 279B.405
- 9 (j) "Brand name or equal
- 10 specification"ORS 279B.200
- 11 (k) "Brand name
- 12 specification"ORS 279B.200
- 13 (L) "Class special
- 14 procurement"ORS 279B.085
- 15 (m) "Consultant"ORS 279C.115
- 16 (n) "Contract-specific
- 17 special procurement"ORS 279B.085
- 18 (o) "Cooperative
- 19 procurement"ORS 279A.200
- 20 (p) "Cooperative procurement
- 21 group".....ORS 279A.200
- 22 (q) "Donee".....ORS 279A.250
- 23 (r) "Engineer"ORS 279C.100
- 24 (s) "Findings".....ORS 279C.330
- 25 (t) "Fire protection
- 26 equipment"ORS 279A.190
- 27 (u) "Fringe benefits".....ORS 279C.800
- 28 (v) "Funds of a public
- 29 agency".....ORS 279C.810
- 30 (w) "Good cause".....ORS 279C.585
- 31 (x) "Good faith dispute"ORS 279C.580
- 32 (y) "Goods"ORS 279B.115
- 33 [(z) "*Goods and services*" or
- 34 "*goods or services*".....ORS 279B.005]
- 35 (z) "**Housing**"**ORS 279C.800**
- 36 (aa) "Interstate cooperative
- 37 procurement"ORS 279A.200
- 38 (bb) "Invitation to bid"ORS 279B.005
- 39and 279C.400
- 40 (cc) "Joint cooperative
- 41 procurement"ORS 279A.200
- 42 (dd) "Labor dispute".....ORS 279C.650
- 43 (ee) "Land surveyor".....ORS 279C.100
- 44 (ff) "Legally flawed"ORS 279B.405
- 45 (gg) "Locality"ORS 279C.800

- 1 (hh) “Nonprofit
- 2 organization”.....ORS 279C.810
- 3 (ii) “Nonresident bidder”.....ORS 279A.120
- 4 (jj) “Not-for-profit
- 5 organization”ORS 279A.250
- 6 (kk) “Original contract”ORS 279A.200
- 7 (LL) “Permissive cooperative
- 8 procurement”ORS 279A.200
- 9 (mm) “Person”ORS 279C.500
- 10and 279C.815
- 11 (nn) “Personal services”ORS 279C.100
- 12 (oo) “Prevailing rate of
- 13 wage”ORS 279C.800
- 14 (pp) “Procurement
- 15 description”ORS 279B.005
- 16 (qq) “Property”ORS 279A.250
- 17 (rr) “Public agency”.....ORS 279C.800
- 18 (ss) “Public contract”.....ORS 279A.190
- 19 [(tt) “*Public contract for*
- 20 *goods or services*”ORS 279B.005]
- 21 [(uu)] (tt) “Public works”ORS 279C.800
- 22 [(vv)] (uu) “Purchasing contracting
- 23 agency”ORS 279A.200
- 24 [(ww)] (vv) “Regularly organized fire
- 25 department”ORS 279A.190
- 26 [(xx)] (ww) “Related services”ORS 279C.100
- 27 [(yy)] (xx) “Request for proposals”ORS 279B.005
- 28 [(zz)] (yy) “Resident bidder”ORS 279A.120
- 29 [(aaa)] (zz) “Responsible bidder”.....ORS 279A.105
- 30and 279B.005
- 31 [(bbb)] (aaa) “Responsible proposer”ORS 279B.005
- 32 [(ccc)] (bbb) “Responsive bid”.....ORS 279B.005
- 33 [(ddd)] (ccc) “Responsive proposal”ORS 279B.005
- 34 [(eee)] (ddd) “Retainage”ORS 279C.550
- 35 [(fff)] (eee) “Special procurement”ORS 279B.085
- 36 [(ggg)] (fff) “Specification”ORS 279B.200
- 37 [(hhh)] (ggg) “State agency”ORS 279A.250
- 38 [(iii)] (hhh) “Substantial
- 39 completion”ORS 279C.465
- 40 [(jjj)] (iii) “Surplus property”ORS 279A.250
- 41 [(kkk)] (jjj) “Unnecessarily
- 42 restrictive”ORS 279B.405

SECTION 2. ORS 279A.025 is amended to read:

279A.025. (1) Except as provided in subsections (2) to (4) of this section, the Public Contracting Code applies to all public contracting.

- 1 (2) The Public Contracting Code does not apply to:
- 2 (a) Contracts between [*contracting agencies or between contracting agencies and the federal gov-*
- 3 *ernment;*] **a contracting agency and:**
- 4 **(A) Another contracting agency;**
- 5 **(B) The Oregon Health and Science University;**
- 6 **(C) The Oregon State Bar;**
- 7 **(D) A governmental body of another state;**
- 8 **(E) The federal government;**
- 9 **(F) An American Indian tribe or an agency of an American Indian tribe;**
- 10 **(G) A nation, or a governmental body in a nation, other than the United States; or**
- 11 **(H) An intergovernmental entity formed between or among:**
- 12 **(i) Governmental bodies of this or another state;**
- 13 **(ii) The federal government;**
- 14 **(iii) An American Indian tribe or an agency of an American Indian tribe;**
- 15 **(iv) A nation other than the United States; or**
- 16 **(v) A governmental body in a nation other than the United States.**
- 17 **(b) Agreements authorized by ORS chapter 190 or by a statute, charter provision, ordi-**
- 18 **nance or other authority for establishing agreements between or among governmental bodies**
- 19 **or agencies or tribal governing bodies or agencies;**
- 20 [(b)] (c) Insurance and service contracts as provided for under ORS 414.115, 414.125, 414.135 and
- 21 414.145 for purposes of source selection;
- 22 [(c)] (d) Grants;
- 23 [(d)] (e) Contracts for professional or expert witnesses or consultants to provide services or
- 24 testimony relating to existing or potential litigation or legal matters in which a public body is or
- 25 may become interested;
- 26 [(e)] (f) Acquisitions or disposals of real property or interest in real property;
- 27 [(f)] (g) Sole-source expenditures when rates are set by law or ordinance for purposes of source
- 28 selection;
- 29 [(g)] (h) Contracts for the procurement or distribution of textbooks;
- 30 [(h)] (i) Procurements by a contracting agency from an Oregon Corrections Enterprises program;
- 31 [(i)] (j) The procurement, transportation or distribution of distilled liquor, as defined in ORS
- 32 471.001, or the appointment of agents under ORS 471.750 by the Oregon Liquor Control Commission;
- 33 [(j)] (k) Contracts entered into under ORS chapter 180 between the Attorney General and pri-
- 34 vate counsel or special legal assistants;
- 35 [(k)] (L) Contracts for the sale of timber from lands owned or managed by the State Board of
- 36 Forestry and the State Forestry Department;
- 37 [(L)] (m) Contracts for forest protection or forest related activities, as described in ORS 477.406,
- 38 by the State Forester or the State Board of Forestry;
- 39 [(m)] (n) Sponsorship agreements entered into by the State Parks and Recreation Director in
- 40 accordance with ORS 565.080 (4);
- 41 [(n)] (o) Contracts entered into by the Housing and Community Services Department in exer-
- 42 cising the department's duties prescribed in ORS chapters 456 and 458, except that the department's
- 43 public contracting for goods and services[, *as defined in ORS 279B.005,*] is subject to ORS chapter
- 44 279B;
- 45 [(o)] (p) Contracts entered into by the State Treasurer in exercising the powers of that office

1 prescribed in ORS chapters 178, 286, 287, 288, 289, 293, 294 and 295, including but not limited to
2 investment contracts and agreements, banking services, clearing house services and collateralization
3 agreements, bond documents, certificates of participation and other debt repayment agreements, and
4 any associated contracts, agreements and documents, regardless of whether the obligations that the
5 contracts, agreements or documents establish are general, special or limited, except that the State
6 Treasurer's public contracting for goods and services[, *as defined in ORS 279B.005,*] is subject to
7 ORS chapter 279B;

8 [(p)] (q) Contracts, agreements or other documents entered into, issued or established in con-
9 nection with:

10 (A) The incurring of debt by a public body, including but not limited to the issuance of bonds,
11 certificates of participation and other debt repayment obligations, and any associated contracts,
12 agreements or other documents, regardless of whether the obligations that the contracts, agreements
13 or other documents establish are general, special or limited;

14 (B) The making of program loans and similar extensions or advances of funds, aid or assistance
15 by a public body to a public or private body for the purpose of carrying out, promoting or sustaining
16 activities or programs authorized by law; or

17 (C) The investment of funds by a public body as authorized by law, and other financial trans-
18 actions of a public body that by their character cannot practically be established under the com-
19 petitive contractor selection procedures of ORS 279B.050 to 279B.085;

20 [(q)] (r) Contracts for employee benefit plans as provided in ORS 243.105 (1), 243.125 (4), 243.221,
21 243.275, 243.291, 243.303 and 243.565; or

22 [(r)] (s) Any other public contracting of a public body specifically exempted from the code by
23 another provision of law.

24 (3) The Public Contracting Code does not apply to the [public] contracting activities of:

25 (a) The Oregon State Lottery Commission;

26 (b) The Oregon University System and member institutions, except as provided in ORS 351.086;

27 (c) The legislative department;

28 (d) The judicial department;

29 (e) Semi-independent state agencies listed in ORS 182.451 and 182.454, except as provided in ORS
30 279.835 to 279.855 and 279A.250 to 279A.290;

31 (f) Oregon Corrections Enterprises;

32 (g) The Oregon Film and Video Office, except as provided in ORS 279A.100 and 279A.250 to
33 279A.290;

34 (h) The Travel Information Council, except as provided in ORS 279A.250 to 279A.290;

35 (i) The Oregon 529 College Savings Network and the Oregon 529 College Savings Board;

36 (j) The Oregon Innovation Council; [or]

37 **(k) The Oregon Utility Notification Center; or**

38 [(k)] (L) Any other public body specifically exempted from the code by another provision of law.

39 (4) ORS 279A.200 to 279A.225 and 279B.050 to 279B.085 do not apply to contracts made with
40 qualified nonprofit agencies providing employment opportunities for disabled individuals under ORS
41 279.835 to 279.855.

42 **SECTION 3.** ORS 279A.050 is amended to read:

43 279A.050. [(1)] (1)(a) Except as otherwise provided in the Public Contracting Code, a contracting
44 agency shall exercise all [rights, powers and] **procurement** authority in accordance with the pro-
45 visions of the Public Contracting Code.

1 **(b) When a contracting agency has authority under this section to carry out functions**
2 **described in this section, or has authority to make procurements under a provision of law**
3 **other than the Public Contracting Code, the contracting agency is not required to exercise**
4 **that authority in accordance with the provisions of the code if, under ORS 279A.025, the code**
5 **does not apply to the contract or contracting authority.**

6 (2) Except as otherwise provided in the Public Contracting Code, for state agencies the Director
7 of the Oregon Department of Administrative Services has all *[of the rights, powers and]* **the** au-
8 thority *[necessary]* to carry out the provisions of the Public Contracting Code.

9 (3) Except as otherwise provided in the Public Contracting Code, the Director of Transportation
10 has all *[of the rights, powers and]* **the** authority to:

11 (a) Procure or supervise the procurement of all services and personal services to construct, ac-
12 quire, plan, design, maintain and operate passenger terminal facilities and motor vehicle parking
13 facilities in connection with any public transportation system in accordance with ORS 184.689 (5);

14 (b) Procure or supervise the procurement of all goods, services, public improvements and per-
15 sonal services relating to the operation, maintenance or construction of highways, bridges and other
16 transportation facilities that are subject to the authority of the Department of Transportation; and

17 (c) Establish standards for, prescribe forms for and conduct the prequalification of prospective
18 bidders on public improvement contracts related to the operation, maintenance or construction of
19 highways, bridges and other transportation facilities that are subject to the authority of the De-
20 partment of Transportation.

21 (4) Except as otherwise provided in the Public Contracting Code, the Secretary of State has all
22 *[of the rights, powers and]* **the** authority to procure or supervise the procurement of goods, services
23 and personal services related to programs under the *[direct]* authority of the Secretary of State.

24 (5) Except as otherwise provided in the Public Contracting Code, the State Treasurer has all
25 *[of the rights, powers and]* **the** authority to procure or supervise the procurement of goods, services
26 and personal services related to programs under the authority of the State Treasurer.

27 *[(6) The following specific limited authorities are subject to the provisions of the Public Contracting*
28 *Code:]*

29 **(6) The state agencies listed in this subsection have all the authority to do the following**
30 **in accordance with the Public Contracting Code:**

31 (a) The Department of Human Services to procure or supervise the procurement of goods, ser-
32 vices and personal services for the construction, demolition, exchange, maintenance, operation and
33 equipping of housing:

34 (A) For the chronically mentally ill, subject to applicable provisions of ORS 426.504; and

35 (B) For the purpose of providing care to individuals with mental retardation or other develop-
36 mental disabilities, subject to applicable provisions of ORS 427.335;

37 *[(b) The State Department of Fish and Wildlife to procure or supervise the procurement of all*
38 *goods, services, public improvements and personal services relating to dams, fishways, ponds and re-*
39 *lated fish and game propagation facilities;]*

40 **(b) The State Department of Fish and Wildlife to procure or supervise the procurement**
41 **of construction materials, equipment, supplies, services and personal services for public im-**
42 **provements, public works or ordinary construction described in ORS 279C.320 that is subject**
43 **to the authority of the State Department of Fish and Wildlife;**

44 (c) The State Parks and Recreation Department to procure or supervise the procurement of all
45 goods, services, public improvements and personal services relating to state parks;

1 *[(d) The Oregon Department of Aviation to procure or supervise the procurement of all goods,*
2 *services, public improvements and personal services related to airports owned or operated by the*
3 *state;]*

4 **(d) The Oregon Department of Aviation to procure or supervise the procurement of**
5 **construction materials, equipment, supplies, services and personal services for public im-**
6 **provements, public works or ordinary construction described in ORS 279C.320 that is subject**
7 **to the authority of the Oregon Department of Aviation;**

8 (e) The Economic and Community Development Department to procure or supervise the pro-
9 curement of all goods, services, personal services and public improvements related to its foreign
10 trade offices operating outside the state;

11 *[(f) The Attorney General to enter into contracts as necessary to exercise the authority granted in*
12 *ORS chapter 180;]*

13 *[(g)]* **(f) The Housing and Community Services Department to procure or supervise the procure-**
14 **ment of goods, services and personal services as provided in ORS 279A.025 (2)(o);**

15 *[(h) The Department of Corrections to procure or supervise the procurement of goods, services and*
16 *personal services for the construction of all new buildings or additions for its institutions;]*

17 **(g) The Department of Corrections to procure or supervise the procurement of con-**
18 **struction materials, equipment, supplies, services and personal services for public improve-**
19 **ments, public works or ordinary construction described in ORS 279C.320 that is subject to**
20 **the authority of the Department of Corrections;**

21 *[(i)]* **(h) The Department of Corrections, subject to any applicable provisions of ORS 279A.120,**
22 **279A.125, 279A.145 and 283.110 to 283.395, to procure or supervise the procurement of goods for its**
23 **institutions;**

24 *[(j)]* **(i) The Department of Veterans' Affairs to procure or supervise the procurement of real**
25 **estate broker and principal real estate broker services related to programs under the department's**
26 **authority; [and]**

27 **(j) The Oregon Military Department to procure or supervise the procurement of con-**
28 **struction materials, equipment, supplies, services and personal services for public improve-**
29 **ments, public works or ordinary construction described in ORS 279C.320 that is subject to**
30 **the authority of the Oregon Military Department; and**

31 (k) Any state agency to *[make procurements]* **conduct a procurement** when the agency is spe-
32 cifically authorized by any provision of law other than the Public Contracting Code to enter into a
33 contract.

34 **(7) Notwithstanding this section and ORS 279A.140 (1), the Director of the Oregon De-**
35 **partment of Administrative Services has exclusive authority to procure or supervise the**
36 **procurement of all state agency information technology contracts and all price agreements**
37 **on behalf of the state agencies identified in subsection (6)(a) to (j) of this section under which**
38 **more than one state agency may order goods, services or personal services unless the di-**
39 **rector delegates this authority. This subsection does not apply to contracts under which the**
40 **contractor delivers to the state agency information technology products or services inci-**
41 **dental to the performance of personal services contracts described in ORS chapter 279C or**
42 **construction contracts described in ORS chapter 279C. A state agency identified in sub-**
43 **section (3) or (6)(a) to (j) of this section may not establish a price agreement or enter into**
44 **a contract for goods, services or personal services without the approval of the director if the**
45 **director has established a price agreement for the goods, services or personal services.**

1 **SECTION 4.** ORS 279A.200 is amended to read:

2 279A.200. (1) As used in ORS 279A.200 to 279A.225:

3 (a) “Administering contracting agency” means a [*contracting agency*] **governmental body in**
4 **this state or in another jurisdiction** that solicits and establishes the original contract for **the**
5 procurement of goods, services or public improvements in a cooperative procurement.

6 (b) “Cooperative procurement” means a procurement conducted [*by or*] on behalf of [*one or*]
7 more [*contracting agencies*] **than one governmental body**. “Cooperative procurement” includes but
8 is not limited to [*multiparty*] **multiagency** contracts and price agreements. **“Cooperative procure-**
9 **ment” does not include an agreement formed among only governmental bodies under ORS**
10 **chapter 190 or by a statute, charter provision, ordinance or other authority for establishing**
11 **agreements between or among governmental bodies or agencies or tribal governing bodies**
12 **or agencies.**

13 (c) “Cooperative procurement group” means a group of [*contracting agencies*] **governmental**
14 **bodies** joined through an intergovernmental agreement for the [*purposes*] **purpose** of facilitating
15 cooperative procurements.

16 (d) “Interstate cooperative procurement” means a permissive cooperative procurement in which
17 the administering contracting agency is a governmental body, domestic or foreign, that is authorized
18 under the governmental body’s laws, rules or regulations to enter into public contracts and in which
19 one or more of the participating [*agencies*] **governmental bodies** are located outside this state.

20 (e) “Joint cooperative procurement” means a cooperative procurement in which the participat-
21 ing [*contracting agencies*] **governmental bodies** or the cooperative procurement group and the
22 [*agencies’*] **bodies’** or group’s contract requirements or estimated contract requirements for price
23 agreements are identified.

24 (f) “Original contract” means the initial contract or price agreement solicited and awarded
25 during a cooperative procurement by an administering contracting agency.

26 (g) “Permissive cooperative procurement” means a cooperative procurement in which the pur-
27 chasing contracting agencies are not identified.

28 (h) “Purchasing contracting agency” means a [*contracting agency*] **governmental body** that
29 procures goods, services or public improvements from a contractor based on the original contract
30 established by an administering contracting agency.

31 (2) As used in ORS 279A.210 (1)(a), 279A.215 (1)(a) and 279A.220 (1)(a), an administering con-
32 tracting agency’s solicitation and award process uses source selection methods “substantially
33 equivalent” to those identified in ORS 279B.055, 279B.060 or 279B.085 if the solicitation and award
34 process:

35 (a) Calls for award of a contract on the basis of a lowest responsible bidder or a lowest and best
36 bidder determination in the case of competitive bids, or on the basis of a determination of the
37 proposer whose proposal is most advantageous based on evaluation factors set forth in the request
38 for proposals in the case of competitive proposals;

39 (b) Does not permit the application of any geographic preference that is more favorable to bid-
40 ders or proposers who reside in the jurisdiction or locality favored by the preference than the
41 preferences provided in ORS 279A.120 (2); and

42 (c) Uses reasonably clear and precise specifications that promote suitability for the purposes
43 intended and that reasonably encourage competition.

44 **SECTION 5.** ORS 279B.005 is amended to read:

45 279B.005. (1) As used in this chapter, unless the context or a specifically applicable definition

1 requires otherwise:

2 [(a) “Goods and services” or “goods or services” means supplies, equipment, materials and services
3 other than personal services designated under ORS 279A.055 and any personal property, including any
4 tangible, intangible and intellectual property and rights and licenses in relation thereto, that a con-
5 tracting agency is authorized by law to procure. “Goods and services” or “goods or services” includes
6 combinations of any of the items identified in this paragraph.]

7 [(b)] (a) “Invitation to bid” means all documents, whether attached or incorporated by reference,
8 used for soliciting bids.

9 [(c)] (b) “Procurement description” means the words used in a solicitation to describe the goods
10 or services to be procured. “Procurement description” includes specifications attached to or made
11 a part of the solicitation.

12 [(d) “Public contract for goods or services” includes, for state contracting agencies with procure-
13 ment authority under ORS 279A.050, contracts for personal services as designated by the state con-
14 tracting agencies.]

15 [(e)] (c) “Request for proposals” means all documents, whether attached or incorporated by ref-
16 erence, used for soliciting proposals.

17 [(f)] (d) “Responsible bidder” or “responsible proposer” means a person who meets the standards
18 of responsibility described in ORS 279B.110.

19 [(g)] (e) “Responsive bid” or “responsive proposal” means a bid or proposal that substantially
20 complies with the invitation to bid or request for proposals and all prescribed procurement proce-
21 dures and requirements.

22 (2) ORS 279A.010 [(1)] contains general definitions applicable throughout this chapter.

23 **SECTION 6.** ORS 279B.050 is amended to read:

24 279B.050. (1) Except as provided in subsection (2) of this section, a contracting agency shall
25 award a public contract for goods or services by competitive sealed bidding under ORS 279B.055 or
26 competitive sealed proposals under ORS 279B.060.

27 (2) The requirements of subsection (1) of this section do not apply to public contracts established
28 as provided in ORS 279B.065, 279B.070, 279B.075, 279B.080 or 279B.085.

29 (3) Notwithstanding the applicability of ORS 279B.065, 279B.070, 279B.075, 279B.080 or 279B.085
30 to a public contract, a contracting agency nevertheless may award the public contract under sub-
31 section (1) of this section.

32 [(4) Notwithstanding that the term “goods and services” as defined in ORS 279B.005 does not in-
33 clude personal services:]

34 [(a)] (4) A local contracting agency may elect, by rule, charter, ordinance or other appropriate
35 legislative action, to award contracts for personal services, as designated under ORS 279A.055, un-
36 der the procedures of ORS 279B.050 to 279B.085.

37 [(b)] (5) State contracting agencies shall solicit contracts for personal services in accordance
38 with ORS 279B.050 to 279B.085.

39 **SECTION 6a.** ORS 279B.080 is amended to read:

40 279B.080. (1) The head of a contracting agency, or a person designated under ORS 279A.075,
41 may make or authorize others to make emergency procurements of goods or services in an emer-
42 gency. The contracting agency shall document the nature of the emergency and describe the method
43 used for the selection of the particular contractor.

44 (2) **For an emergency procurement of construction services that are not public im-**
45 **provements, the contracting agency shall ensure competition for a contract for the emer-**

1 **gency work that is reasonable and appropriate under the emergency circumstances. In**
2 **conducting the procurement, the contracting agency shall set a solicitation time period that**
3 **the contracting agency determines to be reasonable under the emergency circumstances and**
4 **may issue written or oral requests for offers or make direct appointments without competi-**
5 **tion in cases of extreme necessity.**

6 **SECTION 7.** ORS 279B.085 is amended to read:

7 279B.085. (1) As used in this section and ORS 279B.400:

8 (a) "Class special procurement" means a contracting procedure that differs from the procedures
9 described in ORS 279B.055, 279B.060, 279B.065 and 279B.070 and is for the purpose of entering into
10 a series of contracts over time [*for the acquisition of a specified class of goods or services*] **or for**
11 **multiple projects.**

12 (b) "Contract-specific special procurement" means a contracting procedure that differs from the
13 procedures described in ORS 279B.055, 279B.060, 279B.065 and 279B.070 and is for the purpose of
14 entering into a single contract or a number of related contracts [*for the acquisition of specified goods*
15 *or services*] on a one-time basis or for a single project.

16 (c) "Special procurement" means, unless the context requires otherwise, a class special pro-
17 curement, a contract-specific special procurement or both.

18 (2) Except as provided in subsection (3) of this section, to seek approval of a special procure-
19 ment, a contracting agency shall submit a written request to the Director of the Oregon Department
20 of Administrative Services or the local contract review board, as applicable, that describes the
21 [*proposed*] contracting procedure, the goods or services or the class of goods or services [*to be ac-*
22 *quired through*] **that are the subject of** the special procurement and the circumstances that justify
23 the use of a special procurement under the standards set forth in subsection (4) of this section.

24 (3) When the contracting agency is the office of the Secretary of State or the office of the State
25 Treasurer, to seek approval of a special procurement, the contracting agency shall submit a written
26 request to the Secretary of State or the State Treasurer, as applicable, that describes the
27 [*proposed*] contracting procedure, the goods or services or the class of goods or services [*to be ac-*
28 *quired through*] **that are the subject of** the special procurement and the circumstances that justify
29 the use of a special procurement under the standards set forth in subsection (4) of this section.

30 (4) The director, a local contract review board, the Secretary of State or the State Treasurer
31 may approve a special procurement if the director, board, Secretary of State or State Treasurer finds
32 that a written request submitted under subsection (2) or (3) of this section demonstrates that the
33 use of a special procurement as described in the request, or an alternative procedure prescribed by
34 the director, board, Secretary of State or State Treasurer[, *will*]:

35 (a) [*Be*] **Is** unlikely to encourage favoritism in the awarding of public contracts or to substan-
36 tially diminish competition for public contracts; and

37 (b)(A) **Is reasonably expected to** result in substantial cost savings to the contracting agency
38 or to the public; or

39 (B) Otherwise substantially [*promote*] **promotes** the public interest in a manner that could not
40 practicably be realized by complying with requirements that are applicable under ORS 279B.055,
41 279B.060, 279B.065 or 279B.070 or under any rules adopted thereunder.

42 (5) Public notice of the approval of a [*proposed*] special procurement must be given in the same
43 manner as provided in ORS 279B.055 (4).

44 (6) [*If a contract is awarded*] **If a contracting agency intends to award a contract** through
45 a special procurement **that calls for competition among prospective contractors**, the contracting

1 agency shall award the contract to the offeror [*whose offer*] the contracting agency determines [*in*
2 *writing*] to be the most advantageous to the contracting agency.

3 (7) When the director, a local contract review board, the Secretary of State or the State
4 Treasurer approves a class special procurement under this section, the contracting agency may
5 award contracts to acquire goods or services within the class of goods or services in accordance
6 with the terms of the approval without making a subsequent request for a special procurement.

7 **SECTION 8.** ORS 279B.130 is amended to read:

8 279B.130. (1)(a) A contracting agency may debar a prospective bidder or proposer from consid-
9 eration for award of the contracting agency's contracts for the reasons listed in subsection (2) of
10 this section after providing the prospective bidder or proposer with notice and a reasonable oppor-
11 tunity to be heard.

12 (b) A contracting agency may not debar a prospective bidder or proposer under this section for
13 more than three years.

14 (2) A prospective bidder or proposer may be debarred from consideration for award of a con-
15 tracting agency's contracts if:

16 (a) The prospective bidder or proposer has been convicted of a criminal offense as an incident
17 in obtaining or attempting to obtain a public or private contract or subcontract or in the perform-
18 ance of [*such*] **a public or private** contract or subcontract.

19 (b) The prospective bidder or proposer has been convicted under state or federal statutes of
20 embezzlement, theft, forgery, bribery, falsification or destruction of records, receiving stolen prop-
21 erty or any other offense indicating a lack of business integrity or business honesty that currently,
22 seriously and directly affects the prospective bidder's or proposer's responsibility as a contractor.

23 (c) The prospective bidder or proposer has been convicted under state or federal antitrust stat-
24 utes.

25 (d) The prospective bidder or proposer has committed a violation of a contract provision [*and*
26 *debarment for such a violation was listed in the contract terms and conditions as a potential penalty*]
27 **that is regarded by the contracting agency or the Construction Contractors Board to be so**
28 **serious as to justify disqualification.** A violation may include but is not limited to a failure to
29 perform the terms of a contract or an unsatisfactory performance in accordance with the terms of
30 the contract. However, a failure to perform or an unsatisfactory performance caused by acts beyond
31 the control of the contractor may not be considered to be a basis for debarment.

32 (e) The prospective bidder or proposer does not carry workers' compensation or unemployment
33 insurance as required by statute.

34 (3) A contracting agency shall issue a written decision to debar a prospective bidder or proposer
35 under this section. The decision must:

36 (a) State the reasons for the action taken; and

37 (b) Inform the debarred prospective bidder or proposer of the appeal rights of the prospective
38 bidder or proposer under ORS 279B.425.

39 (4) A copy of the decision issued under subsection (3) of this section must be mailed or otherwise
40 furnished immediately to the debarred prospective bidder or proposer.

41 (5) A prospective bidder or proposer that wishes to appeal debarment shall, within three busi-
42 ness days after receipt of notice of debarment, notify the contracting agency that the prospective
43 bidder or proposer appeals the debarment as provided in ORS 279B.425.

44 **SECTION 9.** ORS 279B.200 is amended to read:

45 279B.200. As used in ORS 279B.200 to 279B.240:

1 (1) "Brand name or equal specification" means a specification that uses one or more manufac-
2 turers' names, makes, catalog numbers or similar identifying characteristics to describe the standard
3 of quality, performance, functionality or other characteristics needed to meet the contracting agen-
4 cy's requirements and that authorizes bidders or proposers to offer goods or services that are
5 equivalent or superior to those named or described in the specification.

6 (2) "Brand name specification" means a specification limited to one or more products, brand
7 names, makes, manufacturer's names, catalog numbers or similar identifying characteristics.

8 (3) "Specification" means any description of the physical or functional characteristics of, or of
9 the nature of, goods or services to be procured by a contracting agency. "Specification" may include
10 a description of any requirement for inspecting, testing or preparing goods or services for delivery.
11 When a solicitation required or authorized by ORS 279B.050 (4) **or** (5) to be conducted under ORS
12 279B.055 or 279B.060 calls in whole or in part for the performance of personal services as designated
13 under ORS 279A.055, "specification" also includes any description of the characteristics or nature
14 of the personal services.

15 **SECTION 10.** ORS 279B.270 is amended to read:

16 279B.270. (1) A state contracting agency procuring goods[, *materials, equipment*] or personal
17 services shall:

18 (a) Review the contracting agency's current procurement specifications in order to eliminate,
19 wherever economically feasible, discrimination against the procurement of recovered resources or
20 recycled materials.

21 (b) Provide incentives, wherever economically feasible, in all procurement specifications issued
22 by the contracting agency for the maximum possible use of recovered resources and recycled mate-
23 rials.

24 (c) Develop procurement practices that, to the maximum extent economically feasible, ensure the
25 procurement of materials that are recycled or that may be recycled or reused when discarded.

26 (d) Establish management practices that minimize the volume of solid waste generated by reus-
27 ing paper, envelopes, containers and all types of packaging and by limiting the amount of materials
28 consumed and discarded.

29 (e) Use, or require persons with whom the contracting agency contracts to use in the perform-
30 ance of the contract work, to the maximum extent economically feasible, recycled paper and recy-
31 cled PETE products as well as other recycled plastic resin products.

32 (2) An invitation to bid or a request for proposals issued by a state contracting agency under
33 this chapter shall include the following language: "Vendors shall use recyclable products to the
34 maximum extent economically feasible in the performance of the contract work set forth in this
35 document."

36 (3) Each state contracting agency shall strive to meet a recycled product procurement level es-
37 tablished by rule by the Oregon Department of Administrative Services.

38 **SECTION 11.** ORS 279B.405 is amended to read:

39 279B.405. (1) As used in this section:

40 (a) "Brand name" means a brand name specification as defined in ORS 279B.200.

41 (b) "Legally flawed" means that a solicitation document contains terms or conditions that are
42 contrary to law.

43 (c) "Unnecessarily restrictive" means that specifications limit competition arbitrarily, without
44 reasonably promoting the fulfillment of the procurement needs of a contracting agency.

45 [(2)(a)] (2) A prospective bidder, proposer or offeror for a public contract solicited under ORS

1 279B.055, 279B.060 or 279B.085 may file a protest with the contracting agency if the prospective
2 bidder, proposer or offeror believes that the procurement process is contrary to law or that a so-
3 licitation document is unnecessarily restrictive, is legally flawed or improperly specifies a brand
4 name. If a prospective bidder, proposer or offeror fails to timely file such a protest, the prospective
5 bidder, proposer or offeror may not challenge the contract on grounds under this subsection in any
6 future legal or administrative proceeding.

7 *[(b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a) of this subsection, a contract-specific special procurement under*
8 *ORS 279B.085 may not be protested, challenged or reviewed unless the approval of the special pro-*
9 *curement by the Director of the Oregon Department of Administrative Services or a local contract re-*
10 *view board, as applicable, has been invalidated by a reviewing circuit court under ORS 279B.400.]*

11 (3) The contracting agency, pursuant to rules adopted under ORS 279A.065, shall notify pro-
12 spective bidders, proposers or offerors of the time and manner in which a protest under this section
13 may be filed and considered. Before seeking judicial review, a prospective bidder, proposer or offeror
14 must file a protest with the contracting agency and exhaust all available administrative remedies.

15 (4) The contracting agency shall consider the protest if the protest is timely filed and contains
16 the following:

17 (a) Sufficient information to identify the solicitation that is the subject of the protest;

18 (b) The grounds that demonstrate how the procurement process is contrary to law or how the
19 solicitation document is unnecessarily restrictive, is legally flawed or improperly specifies a brand
20 name;

21 (c) Evidence or supporting documentation that supports the grounds on which the protest is
22 based; and

23 (d) The relief sought.

24 (5) If the protest meets the requirements of subsection (4) of this section, the contracting agency
25 shall consider the protest and issue a decision in writing. Otherwise, the contracting agency shall
26 promptly notify the prospective bidder, proposer or offeror that the protest is untimely or that the
27 protest failed to meet the requirements of subsection (4) of this section and give the reasons for the
28 failure.

29 (6) The contracting agency shall issue a decision on the protest in accordance with rules
30 adopted under ORS 279A.065 no *[less]* **fewer** than three business days before bids, proposals or offers
31 are due, unless a written determination is made by the agency that circumstances exist that
32 *[require]* **justify** a shorter time limit.

33 (7) A decision of a contracting agency on a protest under this section, including a protest of a
34 special procurement, is subject to judicial review only if the *[suit]* **action** or writ of review is filed
35 before the opening of bids, proposals or offers.

36 (8)(a) A decision of a state contracting agency on a protest under this section is reviewable by
37 the Circuit Court for Marion County or the circuit court for the county in which the principal of-
38 fices of the state contracting agency are located.

39 (b) A decision of a local contracting agency on a protest under this section is reviewable by the
40 circuit court for the county in which the principal offices of the local contracting agency are lo-
41 cated.

42 (9) If judicial review of a contracting agency's decision on a protest under this section is sought,
43 the contracting agency may not proceed with contract execution unless the contracting agency de-
44 termines that there is a compelling governmental interest in proceeding or that the goods and ser-
45 vices are urgently needed. If the contracting agency makes such a determination, the contracting

1 agency shall set forth the reasons for the determination in writing and immediately provide them
 2 to the prospective bidder, proposer or offeror that filed the protest. Thereafter, after joining the
 3 contractor as a party to the litigation and upon motion from the person filing the protest, the court
 4 may nonetheless stay the performance of the contract if the court finds that the contracting agen-
 5 cy's determination of the existence of a compelling governmental interest in proceeding with con-
 6 tract execution, or the contracting agency's determination that the goods or services were urgently
 7 needed, was not supported by substantial evidence or constituted a manifest abuse of discretion. In
 8 granting a stay, the court may require the person seeking the stay to post a bond in an amount
 9 sufficient to protect the contracting agency and the public from costs associated with delay in con-
 10 tract performance.

11 (10) In its review, the court shall give due deference to any factual decision made by the con-
 12 tracting agency and may not substitute its judgment for that of the contracting agency, but shall
 13 review all questions of law de novo. Thereafter:

14 (a) If a contract has not been executed and the court rules in favor of the party that sought
 15 judicial review, the court shall remand the procurement process to the contracting agency for a
 16 determination of whether and how to continue with the procurement process in light of the court's
 17 decision.

18 (b) In addition to the relief provided for in paragraph (a) of this subsection, if a contract has
 19 been executed, the court shall include in its order a determination whether the party that signed
 20 the contract with the contracting agency is entitled to reimbursement under the conditions of, and
 21 calculated in the same manner as provided in, ORS 279C.470. Notwithstanding that ORS 279C.470
 22 otherwise applies only to public improvement contracts, under this paragraph the court shall apply
 23 ORS 279C.470 to both public improvement contracts and other public contracts of contracting
 24 agencies.

25 (c) The court may award costs and attorney fees to the prevailing party.

26 **SECTION 12.** ORS 279B.415 is amended to read:

27 279B.415. (1) As used in this section, "bidder" includes a person who submits a proposal to a
 28 public contracting agency pursuant to a request for proposals.

29 (2) A decision by a state contracting agency on a protest of a contract award is reviewable by
 30 the Circuit Court for Marion County or the circuit court for the county in which the principal of-
 31 fices of the state contracting agency are located. A decision by a local contracting agency on a
 32 protest of a contract award is reviewable by the circuit court for the county in which the principal
 33 offices of the local contracting agency are located.

34 (3) To obtain review, a complainant [*shall file a complaint with the court*] **must commence an**
 35 **action** before the contract that is the subject of the protest is approved by the Attorney General,
 36 if required by ORS 291.047, and executed by the contracting agency. In the complaint, the
 37 complainant shall state the nature of the complainant's interest, the facts showing how the
 38 complainant is adversely affected or aggrieved by the contracting agency's decision and the basis
 39 upon which the decision should be reversed or remanded. The complainant shall join as parties all
 40 bidders that would be in line for an award of the contract ahead of the complainant. If injunctive
 41 relief is sought, the court may require the person seeking a stay to post a bond in an amount suf-
 42 ficient to protect the contracting agency and the public from costs associated with delay in exe-
 43 cution of the contract.

44 (4) When judicial review is sought, the contracting agency may not proceed with contract exe-
 45 cution unless the contracting agency determines that there is a compelling governmental interest

1 in proceeding or that the goods and services are urgently needed. If the contracting agency makes
2 such a determination, the contracting agency shall set forth the reasons for the determination in
3 writing and immediately provide them to the complainant. Thereafter, upon motion from the
4 complainant, the court may nonetheless stay the performance of the contract if the court finds that
5 the contracting agency's determination of the existence of a compelling governmental interest in
6 proceeding with contract execution, or the contracting agency's determination that the goods or
7 services were urgently needed, was not supported by substantial evidence or constituted a manifest
8 abuse of discretion. In granting a stay, the court may require the person seeking the stay to post
9 a bond in an amount sufficient to protect the contracting agency and the public from costs associ-
10 ated with delay in contract performance.

11 (5) The court shall review the matter without a jury and shall consider only those grounds the
12 complainant raised in the protest to the contracting agency.

13 (6) The court shall remand the matter to the contracting agency for a further decision if:

14 (a) Substantial evidence does not exist to support the contracting agency's decision. Substantial
15 evidence exists to support a finding of fact when the record, viewed as a whole, would permit a
16 reasonable person to make that finding;

17 (b) The contracting agency's decision was outside the range of discretion delegated to the con-
18 tracting agency by law;

19 (c) The decision was inconsistent with a contracting agency rule, an officially stated contracting
20 agency position or an officially stated prior contracting agency practice, if the inconsistency is not
21 explained by the contracting agency; or

22 (d) The decision was in violation of a constitutional or statutory provision.

23 (7)(a) In addition to remanding the decision to the contracting agency, the court may order such
24 ancillary relief, such as the cost of bid preparation, as the court finds necessary to redress the ef-
25 fects of official action wrongfully taken or withheld. Ancillary relief does not include the award of
26 a contract to the complainant or the award of lost profits or other damages.

27 (b) If a contract has not been executed and the court rules in favor of the complainant, the court
28 shall remand the matter to the contracting agency for a determination whether to continue with the
29 procurement process in light of the court's decision.

30 (c) If a contract has been executed, in addition to the relief provided for in paragraph (a) of this
31 subsection, the court shall include in its order a determination whether the party that signed the
32 contract with the contracting agency is entitled to reimbursement under the conditions of, and cal-
33 culated in the same manner as provided in, ORS 279C.470. Notwithstanding that ORS 279C.470 oth-
34 erwise applies only to public improvement contracts, under this paragraph the court shall apply ORS
35 279C.470 to both public improvement contracts and other public contracts of contracting agencies.

36 (d) The court may award costs and attorney fees to the prevailing party.

37 **SECTION 13.** ORS 279C.320 is amended to read:

38 279C.320. (1) Contracting agencies shall enter into contracts for **emergency work**, minor al-
39 teration, ordinary repair or maintenance of public improvements, as well as any other construction
40 contract that is not defined as a public improvement under ORS 279A.010, in accordance with the
41 provisions of ORS chapter 279B. [*This subsection does not apply to emergency contracts regulated*
42 *under ORS 279C.335.*] **Contracts for emergency work are regulated under ORS 279B.080.**

43 (2) Nothing in this section relieves contracting agencies or contractors of any other relevant
44 requirements under this chapter, including payment of prevailing wage rates when applicable.

45 (3) When construction services are not considered to be a public improvement under this chap-

1 ter because no funds of a public agency are directly or indirectly used, except for participation that
2 is incidental or related primarily to project design or inspection, the benefiting public body may
3 nonetheless condition acceptance of the services on receipt of such protections as the public body
4 considers to be in the public interest, including a performance bond, a payment bond and appropri-
5 ate insurance.

6 **SECTION 14.** ORS 279C.335 is amended to read:

7 279C.335. (1) All public improvement contracts shall be based upon competitive bids except:

8 (a) Contracts made with qualified nonprofit agencies providing employment opportunities for
9 disabled individuals under ORS 279.835 to 279.855.

10 (b) A public improvement contract exempt under subsection (2) of this section.

11 (c) A public improvement contract with a value of less than \$5,000.

12 (d) A contract not to exceed \$100,000[, *or not to exceed \$50,000 in the case of a contract for a*
13 *highway, bridge or other transportation project,*] made under procedures for competitive quotes in
14 sections 132 and 133, chapter 794, Oregon Laws 2003.

15 (e) Contracts for repair, maintenance, improvement or protection of property obtained by the
16 Department of Veterans' Affairs under ORS 407.135 and 407.145 (1).

17 (f) Energy savings performance contracts entered into in accordance with rules of procedure
18 adopted under ORS 279A.065.

19 *[(g) A public improvement contract awarded under subsection (6) of this section in response to an*
20 *emergency.]*

21 (2) Subject to subsection (4)(b) of this section, the Director of the Oregon Department of Ad-
22 ministrative Services, a local contract review board or, for contracts described in ORS 279A.050
23 (3)(b), the Director of Transportation may exempt a public improvement contract or a class of public
24 improvement contracts from the competitive bidding requirements of subsection (1) of this section
25 upon approval of the following findings submitted by the contracting agency **or, if a state agency**
26 **is not the contracting agency, the state agency** seeking the exemption:

27 (a) It is unlikely that the exemption will encourage favoritism in the awarding of public im-
28 provement contracts or substantially diminish competition for public improvement contracts.[: *and*]

29 (b) The awarding of public improvement contracts under the exemption will **likely** result in
30 substantial cost savings to the contracting agency, **to the state agency based upon the justi-**
31 **fication and information described in ORS 279C.330** or, if the contracts are for public improve-
32 ments described in ORS 279A.050 (3)(b), to the contracting agency or the public. In making the
33 finding, the Director of the Oregon Department of Administrative Services, the Director of Trans-
34 portation or the local contract review board may consider the type, cost and amount of the contract,
35 the number of persons available to bid and such other factors as may be deemed appropriate.

36 (c) **As an alternative to the finding described in paragraph (b) of this subsection, when**
37 **a contracting agency or state agency seeks an exemption that would allow the use of an al-**
38 **ternate contracting method that the agency has not previously used, the agency may make**
39 **a finding that identifies the project as a pilot project for which the agency intends to deter-**
40 **mine whether the use of the alternate contracting method actually results in substantial cost**
41 **savings to the contracting agency, to the state agency or, if the contract is for a public im-**
42 **provement described in ORS 279A.050 (3)(b), to the contracting agency or the public. The**
43 **agency shall include an analysis and conclusion regarding actual cost savings, if any, in the**
44 **evaluation required under ORS 279C.355.**

45 (3) In making findings to support an exemption for a class of public improvement contracts, the

1 contracting agency **or state agency** shall clearly identify the class using the class's defining char-
 2 acteristics. Those characteristics shall include some combination of project descriptions or locations,
 3 time periods, contract values, methods of procurement or other factors that distinguish the limited
 4 and related class of public improvement contracts from the [*contracting*] agency's overall con-
 5 struction program. The [*contracting*] agency may not identify a class solely by funding source, such
 6 as a particular bond fund, or by the method of procurement, but shall identify the class using
 7 characteristics that reasonably relate to the exemption criteria set forth in subsection (2) of this
 8 section.

9 (4) In granting exemptions under subsection (2) of this section, the Director of the Oregon De-
 10 partment of Administrative Services, the Director of Transportation or the local contract review
 11 board shall:

12 (a) When appropriate, direct the use of alternate contracting methods that take account of
 13 market realities and modern practices and are consistent with the public policy of encouraging
 14 competition.

15 (b) Require and approve or disapprove written findings by the contracting agency **or state**
 16 **agency** that support the awarding of a particular public improvement contract or a class of public
 17 improvement contracts, without the competitive bidding requirement of subsection (1) of this section.
 18 The findings must show that the exemption of a contract or class of contracts complies with the
 19 requirements of subsection (2) of this section.

20 (5)(a) Before final adoption of the findings required by subsection (2) of this section exempting
 21 a public improvement contract or a class of public improvement contracts from the requirement of
 22 competitive bidding, a contracting agency **or state agency** shall hold a public hearing.

23 (b) Notification of the public hearing shall be published in at least one trade newspaper of
 24 general statewide circulation a minimum of 14 days before the hearing.

25 (c) The notice shall state that the public hearing is for the purpose of taking comments on the
 26 [*contracting agency's*] draft findings for an exemption from the competitive bidding requirement. At
 27 the time of the notice, copies of the draft findings shall be made available to the public. At the op-
 28 tion of the contracting agency **or state agency**, the notice may describe the process by which the
 29 findings are finally adopted and may indicate the opportunity for any further public comment.

30 (d) At the public hearing, the contracting agency **or state agency** shall offer an opportunity for
 31 any interested party to appear and present comment.

32 (e) If a contracting agency **or state agency** is required to act promptly due to circumstances
 33 beyond the [*contracting*] agency's control that do not constitute an emergency, notification of the
 34 public hearing may be published simultaneously with the [*contracting*] agency's solicitation of con-
 35 tractors for the alternative public contracting method, as long as responses to the solicitation are
 36 due at least five days after the meeting and approval of the findings.

37 [(6) *After declaring that an emergency exists in accordance with rules adopted under ORS*
 38 *279A.065, a contracting agency may award a public improvement contract in response to the emergency*
 39 *without using a competitive solicitation.*]

40 **(6) The purpose of an exemption is to exempt one or more public improvement contracts**
 41 **from competitive bidding requirements. The representations in and the accuracy of the**
 42 **findings, including any general description of the resulting public improvement contract, are**
 43 **the bases for approving the findings and granting the exception. The findings may describe**
 44 **anticipated features of the resulting public improvement contract, but the final parameters**
 45 **of the contract are those characteristics or specifics announced in the solicitation document.**

1 (7) A public improvement contract awarded under the competitive bidding requirement of sub-
2 section (1) of this section may be amended only in accordance with rules adopted under ORS
3 279A.065.

4 (8) Public improvement contracts excepted from competitive bid requirements under subsection
5 (1)(a), (c), (d), (e)[, (f) or (g)] **or (f)** of this section are not subject to the exemption requirements of
6 subsection (2) of this section.

7 **SECTION 15.** ORS 279C.335, as amended by section 104, chapter 794, Oregon Laws 2003, section
8 13, chapter 103, Oregon Laws 2005, and section 59, chapter 625, Oregon Laws 2005, is amended to
9 read:

10 279C.335. (1) All public improvement contracts shall be based upon competitive bids except:

11 (a) Contracts made with qualified nonprofit agencies providing employment opportunities for
12 disabled individuals under ORS 279.835 to 279.855.

13 (b) A public improvement contract exempt under subsection (2) of this section.

14 (c) A public improvement contract with a value of less than \$5,000.

15 **(d) A contract not to exceed \$100,000 made under procedures for competitive quotes in**
16 **sections 132 and 133, chapter 794, Oregon Laws 2003.**

17 [(d)] (e) Contracts for repair, maintenance, improvement or protection of property obtained by
18 the Department of Veterans' Affairs under ORS 407.135 and 407.145 (1).

19 [(e)] (f) Energy savings performance contracts entered into in accordance with rules of proce-
20 dure adopted under ORS 279A.065.

21 [(f) A public improvement contract awarded under subsection (6) of this section in response to an
22 emergency.]

23 (2) Subject to subsection (4)(b) of this section, the Director of the Oregon Department of Ad-
24 ministrative Services, a local contract review board or, for contracts described in ORS 279A.050
25 (3)(b), the Director of Transportation may exempt a public improvement contract or a class of public
26 improvement contracts from the competitive bidding requirements of subsection (1) of this section
27 upon approval of the following findings submitted by the contracting agency **or, if a state agency**
28 **is not the contracting agency, the state agency** seeking the exemption:

29 (a) It is unlikely that the exemption will encourage favoritism in the awarding of public im-
30 provement contracts or substantially diminish competition for public improvement contracts.[: and]

31 (b) The awarding of public improvement contracts under the exemption will **likely** result in
32 substantial cost savings to the contracting agency, **to the state agency based upon the justi-**
33 **fication and information described in ORS 279C.330** or, if the contracts are for public improve-
34 ments described in ORS 279A.050 (3)(b), to the contracting agency or the public. In making the
35 finding, the Director of the Oregon Department of Administrative Services, the Director of Trans-
36 portation or the local contract review board may consider the type, cost and amount of the contract,
37 the number of persons available to bid and such other factors as may be deemed appropriate.

38 (c) **As an alternative to the finding described in paragraph (b) of this subsection, when**
39 **a contracting agency or state agency seeks an exemption that would allow the use of an al-**
40 **ternate contracting method that the agency has not previously used, the agency may make**
41 **a finding that identifies the project as a pilot project for which the agency intends to deter-**
42 **mine whether the use of the alternate contracting method actually results in substantial cost**
43 **savings to the contracting agency, to the state agency or, if the contract is for a public im-**
44 **provement described in ORS 279A.050 (3)(b), to the contracting agency or the public. The**
45 **agency shall include an analysis and conclusion regarding actual cost savings, if any, in the**

1 **evaluation required under ORS 279C.355.**

2 (3) In making findings to support an exemption for a class of public improvement contracts, the
 3 contracting agency **or state agency** shall clearly identify the class using the class's defining char-
 4 acteristics. Those characteristics shall include some combination of project descriptions or locations,
 5 time periods, contract values, methods of procurement or other factors that distinguish the limited
 6 and related class of public improvement contracts from the [contracting] agency's overall con-
 7 struction program. The [contracting] agency may not identify a class solely by funding source, such
 8 as a particular bond fund, or by the method of procurement, but shall identify the class using
 9 characteristics that reasonably relate to the exemption criteria set forth in subsection (2) of this
 10 section.

11 (4) In granting exemptions under subsection (2) of this section, the Director of the Oregon De-
 12 partment of Administrative Services, the Director of Transportation or the local contract review
 13 board shall:

14 (a) When appropriate, direct the use of alternate contracting methods that take account of
 15 market realities and modern practices and are consistent with the public policy of encouraging
 16 competition.

17 (b) Require and approve or disapprove written findings by the contracting agency **or state**
 18 **agency** that support the awarding of a particular public improvement contract or a class of public
 19 improvement contracts, without the competitive bidding requirement of subsection (1) of this section.
 20 The findings must show that the exemption of a contract or class of contracts complies with the
 21 requirements of subsection (2) of this section.

22 (5)(a) Before final adoption of the findings required by subsection (2) of this section exempting
 23 a public improvement contract or a class of public improvement contracts from the requirement of
 24 competitive bidding, a contracting agency **or state agency** shall hold a public hearing.

25 (b) Notification of the public hearing shall be published in at least one trade newspaper of
 26 general statewide circulation a minimum of 14 days before the hearing.

27 (c) The notice shall state that the public hearing is for the purpose of taking comments on the
 28 [contracting agency's] draft findings for an exemption from the competitive bidding requirement. At
 29 the time of the notice, copies of the draft findings shall be made available to the public. At the op-
 30 tion of the contracting agency **or state agency**, the notice may describe the process by which the
 31 findings are finally adopted and may indicate the opportunity for any further public comment.

32 (d) At the public hearing, the contracting agency **or state agency** shall offer an opportunity for
 33 any interested party to appear and present comment.

34 (e) If a contracting agency **or state agency** is required to act promptly due to circumstances
 35 beyond the [contracting] agency's control that do not constitute an emergency, notification of the
 36 public hearing may be published simultaneously with the [contracting] agency's solicitation of con-
 37 tractors for the alternative public contracting method, as long as responses to the solicitation are
 38 due at least five days after the meeting and approval of the findings.

39 *[(6) After declaring that an emergency exists in accordance with rules adopted under ORS*
 40 *279A.065, a contracting agency may award a public improvement contract in response to the emergency*
 41 *without using a competitive solicitation.]*

42 **(6) The purpose of an exemption is to exempt one or more public improvement contracts**
 43 **from competitive bidding requirements. The representations in and the accuracy of the**
 44 **findings, including any general description of the resulting public improvement contract, are**
 45 **the bases for approving the findings and granting the exception. The findings may describe**

1 **anticipated features of the resulting public improvement contract, but the final parameters**
2 **of the contract are those characteristics or specifics announced in the solicitation document.**

3 (7) A public improvement contract awarded under the competitive bidding requirement of sub-
4 section (1) of this section may be amended only in accordance with rules adopted under ORS
5 279A.065.

6 (8) Public improvement contracts excepted from competitive bid requirements under subsection
7 (1)(a), (c), (d), (e) or (f) of this section are not subject to the exemption requirements of subsection
8 (2) of this section.

9 **SECTION 16.** Section 105, chapter 794, Oregon Laws 2003, as amended by section 19, chapter
10 103, Oregon Laws 2005, is amended to read:

11 **Sec. 105.** The amendments to ORS 279C.335 by section 104, chapter 794, Oregon Laws 2003, and
12 the amendments to ORS 279C.375 by section 18, **chapter 103, Oregon Laws 2005**, [of this 2005
13 Act] become operative on [July 1, 2009] **the effective date of this 2007 Act.**

14 **SECTION 17.** ORS 279C.335, as amended by sections 104 and 105a, chapter 794, Oregon Laws
15 2003, sections 13 and 14, chapter 103, Oregon Laws 2005, and sections 59 and 60, chapter 625,
16 Oregon Laws 2005, is amended to read:

17 279C.335. (1) All public improvement contracts shall be based upon competitive bids except:

18 (a) Contracts made with qualified nonprofit agencies providing employment opportunities for
19 disabled individuals under ORS 279.835 to 279.855.

20 (b) A public improvement contract exempt under subsection (2) of this section.

21 (c) A public improvement contract with a value of less than \$5,000.

22 **(d) A contract not to exceed \$100,000 made under procedures for competitive quotes in**
23 **sections 132 and 133, chapter 794, Oregon Laws 2003.**

24 [(d)] (e) Contracts for repair, maintenance, improvement or protection of property obtained by
25 the Department of Veterans' Affairs under ORS 407.135 and 407.145 (1).

26 [(e)] (f) Energy savings performance contracts entered into in accordance with rules of proce-
27 dure adopted under ORS 279A.065.

28 [(f) A public improvement contract awarded under subsection (6) of this section in response to an
29 emergency.]

30 (2) Subject to subsection (4)(b) of this section, the Director of the Oregon Department of Ad-
31 ministrative Services, [or] a local contract review board **or, for contracts described in ORS**
32 **279A.050 (3)(b), the Director of Transportation** may exempt a public improvement contract or a
33 class of public improvement contracts from the competitive bidding requirements of subsection (1)
34 of this section upon approval of the following findings submitted by the contracting agency **or, if**
35 **a state agency is not the contracting agency, the state agency** seeking the exemption:

36 (a) It is unlikely that the exemption will encourage favoritism in the awarding of public im-
37 provement contracts or substantially diminish competition for public improvement contracts. [; and]

38 (b) The awarding of public improvement contracts under the exemption will **likely** result in
39 substantial cost savings to the contracting agency, **to the state agency based upon the justi-**
40 **fication and information described in ORS 279C.330 or, if the contracts are for public im-**
41 **provements described in ORS 279A.050 (3)(b), to the contracting agency or the public.** In
42 making the finding, the Director **of the Oregon Department of Administrative Services, the**
43 **Director of Transportation** or the local contract review board may consider the type, cost and
44 amount of the contract, the number of persons available to bid and such other factors as may be
45 deemed appropriate.

1 (c) As an alternative to the finding described in paragraph (b) of this subsection, when
2 a contracting agency or state agency seeks an exemption that would allow the use of an al-
3 ternate contracting method that the agency has not previously used, the agency may make
4 a finding that identifies the project as a pilot project for which the agency intends to deter-
5 mine whether the use of the alternate contracting method actually results in substantial cost
6 savings to the contracting agency, to the state agency or, if the contract is for a public im-
7 provement described in ORS 279A.050 (3)(b), to the contracting agency or the public. The
8 agency shall include an analysis and conclusion regarding actual cost savings, if any, in the
9 evaluation required under ORS 279C.355.

10 (3) In making findings to support an exemption for a class of public improvement contracts, the
11 contracting agency **or state agency** shall clearly identify the class using the class's defining char-
12 acteristics. Those characteristics shall include some combination of project descriptions or locations,
13 time periods, contract values, methods of procurement or other factors that distinguish the limited
14 and related class of public improvement contracts from the [*contracting*] agency's overall con-
15 struction program. The [*contracting*] agency may not identify a class solely by funding source, such
16 as a particular bond fund, or by the method of procurement, but shall identify the class using
17 characteristics that reasonably relate to the exemption criteria set forth in subsection (2) of this
18 section.

19 (4) In granting exemptions under subsection (2) of this section, the Director **of the Oregon**
20 **Department of Administrative Services, the Director of Transportation** or the local contract
21 review board shall:

22 (a) When appropriate, direct the use of alternate contracting methods that take account of
23 market realities and modern practices and are consistent with the public policy of encouraging
24 competition.

25 (b) Require and approve or disapprove written findings by the contracting agency **or state**
26 **agency** that support the awarding of a particular public improvement contract or a class of public
27 improvement contracts, without the competitive bidding requirement of subsection (1) of this section.
28 The findings must show that the exemption of a contract or class of contracts complies with the
29 requirements of subsection (2) of this section.

30 (5)(a) Before final adoption of the findings required by subsection (2) of this section exempting
31 a public improvement contract or a class of public improvement contracts from the requirement of
32 competitive bidding, a contracting agency **or state agency** shall hold a public hearing.

33 (b) Notification of the public hearing shall be published in at least one trade newspaper of
34 general statewide circulation a minimum of 14 days before the hearing.

35 (c) The notice shall state that the public hearing is for the purpose of taking comments on the
36 [*contracting agency's*] draft findings for an exemption from the competitive bidding requirement. At
37 the time of the notice, copies of the draft findings shall be made available to the public. At the op-
38 tion of the contracting agency **or state agency**, the notice may describe the process by which the
39 findings are finally adopted and may indicate the opportunity for any further public comment.

40 (d) At the public hearing, the contracting agency **or state agency** shall offer an opportunity for
41 any interested party to appear and present comment.

42 (e) If a contracting agency **or state agency** is required to act promptly due to circumstances
43 beyond the [*contracting*] agency's control that do not constitute an emergency, notification of the
44 public hearing may be published simultaneously with the [*contracting*] agency's solicitation of con-
45 tractors for the alternative public contracting method, as long as responses to the solicitation are

1 due at least five days after the meeting and approval of the findings.

2 [(6) After declaring that an emergency exists in accordance with rules adopted under ORS
3 279A.065, a contracting agency may award a public improvement contract in response to the emergency
4 without using a competitive solicitation.]

5 **(6) The purpose of an exemption is to exempt one or more public improvement contracts**
6 **from competitive bidding requirements. The representations in and the accuracy of the**
7 **findings, including any general description of the resulting public improvement contract, are**
8 **the bases for approving the findings and granting the exception. The findings may describe**
9 **anticipated features of the resulting public improvement contract, but the final parameters**
10 **of the contract are those characteristics or specifics announced in the solicitation document.**

11 (7) A public improvement contract awarded under the competitive bidding requirement of sub-
12 section (1) of this section may be amended only in accordance with rules adopted under ORS
13 279A.065.

14 (8) Public improvement contracts excepted from competitive bid requirements under subsection
15 (1)(a), (c), (d), (e) or (f) of this section are not subject to the exemption requirements of subsection
16 (2) of this section.

17 **SECTION 18.** Section 105b, chapter 794, Oregon Laws 2003, is amended to read:

18 **Sec. 105b.** The amendments to [section 103 of this 2003 Act] **ORS 279C.335** by section 105a,
19 **chapter 794, Oregon Laws 2003,** [of this 2003 Act] become operative on [July 1, 2012] **the effective**
20 **date of this 2007 Act.**

21 **SECTION 19.** ORS 279C.345 is amended to read:

22 279C.345. (1) Specifications for public improvement contracts may not expressly or implicitly
23 require any product by any brand name or mark, nor the product of any particular manufacturer
24 or seller unless the product is exempt under subsection (2) of this section.

25 (2) The Director of the Oregon Department of Administrative Services, [or] a local contract re-
26 view board **or, for contracts described in ORS 279A.050 (3)(b), the Director of Transportation**
27 may exempt certain products or classes of products from subsection (1) of this section upon any of
28 the following findings:

29 (a) It is unlikely that the exemption will encourage favoritism in the awarding of public im-
30 provement contracts or substantially diminish competition for public improvement contracts;

31 (b) The specification of a product by brand name or mark, or the product of a particular man-
32 ufacturer or seller, would result in substantial cost savings to the contracting agency;

33 (c) There is only one manufacturer or seller of the product of the quality required; or

34 (d) Efficient utilization of existing equipment or supplies requires the acquisition of compatible
35 equipment or supplies.

36 **SECTION 20.** ORS 279C.350, as amended by section 109, chapter 794, Oregon Laws 2003, is
37 amended to read:

38 279C.350. (1) Exemptions granted by the Director of the Oregon Department of Administrative
39 Services under ORS 279C.335 (2) or 279C.345 (2) constitute rulemaking and not contested cases un-
40 der ORS chapter 183. However, an exemption granted with regard to a specific public improvement
41 contract by the Director **of the Oregon Department of Administrative Services, or an ex-**
42 **emption granted by the Director of Transportation with regard to a specific public improve-**
43 **ment contract or class of public improvement contracts described in ORS 279A.050 (3)(b),**
44 shall be granted by order [of the director]. The order shall set forth findings supporting the decision
45 [of the director] to grant or deny the request for the exemption. The order is reviewable under ORS

1 183.484 and does not constitute a contested case order. Jurisdiction for review of the order is with
2 the Circuit Court of Marion County. The court may award costs and attorney fees to the prevailing
3 party.

4 (2) Any person except the contracting agency or anyone representing the contracting agency
5 may bring a petition for a declaratory judgment to test the validity of any rule adopted by the Di-
6 rector **of the Oregon Department of Administrative Services** under ORS 279C.335 or 279C.345
7 in the manner provided in ORS 183.400.

8 (3) Any person except the contracting agency or anyone representing the contracting agency
9 may bring an action for writ of review under ORS chapter 34 to test the validity of an exemption
10 granted under ORS 279C.335 or 279C.345 by a local contract review board.

11 **SECTION 21.** Section 110, chapter 794, Oregon Laws 2003, is amended to read:

12 **Sec. 110.** The amendments to [section 108 of this 2003 Act] **ORS 279C.350** by section 109,
13 **chapter 794, Oregon Laws 2003,** [of this 2003 Act] become operative on [July 1, 2012] **the effective**
14 **date of this 2007 Act.**

15 **SECTION 22.** ORS 279C.355 is amended to read:

16 279C.355. (1) Upon completion of and final payment for any public improvement contract, or
17 class of public improvement contracts [described in ORS 279A.050 (3)(b)], in excess of \$100,000 for
18 which the contracting agency did not use the competitive bidding process, the contracting agency
19 shall prepare and deliver to the Director of the Oregon Department of Administrative Services, the
20 local contract review board or, for [a class of] public improvement contracts described in ORS
21 279A.050 (3)(b), the Director of Transportation an evaluation of the public improvement contract or
22 the class of public improvement contracts.

23 (2) The evaluation must include but is not limited to the following matters:

24 (a) The actual project cost as compared with original project estimates;

25 (b) The amount of any guaranteed maximum price;

26 (c) The number of project change orders issued by the contracting agency;

27 (d) A narrative description of successes and failures during the design, engineering and con-
28 struction of the project; and

29 (e) An objective assessment of the use of the alternative contracting process as compared to the
30 findings required by ORS 279C.335.

31 (3) The evaluations required by this section:

32 (a) Must be made available for public inspection; and

33 (b) Must be completed within 30 days of the date the contracting agency accepts:

34 (A) The public improvement project; or

35 (B) The last public improvement project if the project falls within a class of public improvement
36 contracts [described in ORS 279A.050 (3)(b)].

37 **SECTION 23.** ORS 279C.355, as amended by section 112, chapter 794, Oregon Laws 2003, is
38 amended to read:

39 279C.355. (1) Upon completion of and final payment for any public improvement contract, or
40 class of public improvement contracts, in excess of \$100,000 for which the contracting agency did
41 not use the competitive bidding process, the contracting agency shall prepare and deliver to the
42 Director of the Oregon Department of Administrative Services, [or] the local contract review board
43 **or, for public improvement contracts described in ORS 279A.050 (3)(b), the Director of**
44 **Transportation** an evaluation of the public improvement contract or the class of public improve-
45 ment contracts.

1 (2) The evaluation *[shall]* **must** include but is not limited to the following matters:

2 (a) The actual project cost as compared with original project estimates;

3 (b) The amount of any guaranteed maximum price;

4 (c) The number of project change orders issued by the contracting agency;

5 (d) A narrative description of successes and failures during the design, engineering and con-
6 struction of the project; and

7 (e) An objective assessment of the use of the alternative contracting process as compared to the
8 findings required by ORS 279C.335.

9 (3) The evaluations required by this section:

10 (a) Must be made available for public inspection; and

11 (b) Must be completed within 30 days of the date the contracting agency accepts:

12 (A) The public improvement project; or

13 (B) The last public improvement project if the project falls within a class of public improvement
14 contracts.

15 **SECTION 24.** Section 113, chapter 794, Oregon Laws 2003, is amended to read:

16 **Sec. 113.** The amendments to *[section 111 of this 2003 Act]* **ORS 279C.355** by section 112,
17 **chapter 794, Oregon Laws 2003, [of this 2003 Act]** become operative on *[July 1, 2012]* **the effective**
18 **date of this 2007 Act.**

19 **SECTION 25.** ORS 279C.365 is amended to read:

20 279C.365. (1) A contracting agency preparing solicitation documents for a public improvement
21 contract shall, at a minimum, include:

22 (a) The public improvement project;

23 (b) The office where the specifications for the project may be reviewed;

24 (c) The date that prequalification applications must be filed under ORS 279C.430 and the class
25 or classes of work for which bidders must be prequalified if prequalification is a requirement;

26 (d) The date and time after which bids will not be received, which must be at least five days
27 after the date of the last publication of the advertisement, and may, in the sole discretion of the
28 contracting agency, direct or permit the submission and receipt of bids by electronic means;

29 (e) The name and title of the person designated for receipt of bids;

30 (f) The date, time and place that the contracting agency will publicly open the bids;

31 (g) A statement that, if the contract is for a public works **project** subject to **the state pre-**
32 **vailing rates of wage under** ORS 279C.800 to 279C.870, *[or]* **the federal prevailing rates of wage**
33 **under the Davis-Bacon Act** (40 U.S.C. 276a) **or both the state and federal prevailing rates of**
34 **wage**, no bid will be received or considered by the contracting agency unless the bid contains a
35 statement by the bidder that ORS **279C.838 or** 279C.840 or 40 U.S.C. 276a will be complied with;

36 (h) A statement that each bid must identify whether the bidder is a resident bidder, as defined
37 in ORS 279A.120;

38 (i) A statement that the contracting agency may reject any bid not in compliance with all pre-
39 scribed public contracting procedures and requirements and may reject for good cause all bids upon
40 a finding of the agency that it is in the public interest to do so;

41 (j) Information addressing whether a contractor or subcontractor must be licensed under ORS
42 468A.720; and

43 (k) A statement that a bid for a public improvement contract may not be received or considered
44 by the contracting agency unless the bidder is licensed by the Construction Contractors Board or
45 the State Landscape Contractors Board.

1 **(2) A contracting agency may provide solicitation documents by electronic means.**

2 [(2)] (3) All bids made to the contracting agency under ORS 279C.335 or 279C.400 must be:

3 (a) In writing;

4 (b) Filed with the person designated for receipt of bids by the contracting agency; and

5 (c) Opened publicly by the contracting agency immediately after the deadline for submission of
6 bids.

7 [(3)] (4) After having been opened, the bids must be made available for public inspection.

8 [(4)] (5) A surety bond, irrevocable letter of credit issued by an insured institution as defined
9 in ORS 706.008, cashier's check or certified check of each bidder shall be submitted with or posted
10 for all bids as bid security unless the contract for which a bid is submitted has been exempted from
11 this requirement under ORS 279C.390. The security may not exceed 10 percent of the amount bid for
12 the contract.

13 [(5)] (6) Subsection [(4)] (5) of this section applies only to public improvement contracts with a
14 value, estimated by the contracting agency, of more than \$100,000 or, in the case of contracts for
15 highways, bridges and other transportation projects, more than \$50,000.

16 **SECTION 26.** ORS 279C.375 is amended to read:

17 279C.375. (1) After bids are opened and a determination is made that a public improvement
18 contract is to be awarded, the contracting agency shall award the contract to the lowest responsible
19 bidder.

20 (2) At least seven days before the award of a public improvement contract, unless the con-
21 tracting agency determines that seven days is impractical under rules adopted under ORS 279A.065,
22 the contracting agency shall issue to each bidder or post, electronically or otherwise, a notice of
23 the contracting agency's intent to award a contract. This subsection does not apply to a contract
24 excepted or exempted from competitive bidding under ORS 279C.335 (1)(c) or (d) [or (6)]. The notice
25 and its manner of posting or issuance must conform to rules adopted under ORS 279A.065.

26 (3) In determining the lowest responsible bidder, a contracting agency shall do all of the fol-
27 lowing:

28 (a) Check the list created by the Construction Contractors Board under ORS 701.227 for bidders
29 who are not qualified to hold a public improvement contract.

30 (b) Determine whether the bidder has met the standards of responsibility. In making the deter-
31 mination, the contracting agency shall consider whether a bidder has:

32 (A) Available the appropriate financial, material, equipment, facility and personnel resources
33 and expertise, or the ability to obtain the resources and expertise, necessary to meet all contractual
34 responsibilities.

35 (B) A satisfactory record of performance. The contracting agency shall document the record of
36 performance of a bidder if the contracting agency finds the bidder not to be responsible under this
37 subparagraph.

38 (C) A satisfactory record of integrity. The contracting agency shall document the record of in-
39 tegrity of a bidder if the contracting agency finds the bidder not to be responsible under this sub-
40 paragraph.

41 (D) Qualified legally to contract with the contracting agency.

42 (E) Supplied all necessary information in connection with the inquiry concerning responsibility.
43 If a bidder fails to promptly supply information requested by the contracting agency concerning re-
44 sponsibility, the contracting agency shall base the determination of responsibility upon any available
45 information, or may find the bidder not to be responsible.

1 (c) Document the contracting agency's compliance with the requirements of paragraphs (a) and
2 (b) of this subsection in substantially the following form:

3 _____

4
5 RESPONSIBILITY DETERMINATION FORM

6 Project Name: _____

7 Bid Number: _____

8 Business Entity Name: _____

9 CCB License Number: _____

10 Form Submitted By (Contracting Agency): _____

11 Form Submitted By (Contracting Agency Representative's Name): _____

12 Title: _____

13 Date: _____

14 (The contracting agency must submit this form with attachments, if any, to the Construction
15 Contractors Board within 30 days after the date of contract award.)

16 The contracting agency has (check all of the following):

17 Checked the list created by the
18 Construction Contractors Board
19 under ORS 701.227 for bidders who
20 are not qualified to hold a public
21 improvement contract.

22 Determined whether the bidder has
23 met the standards of responsibility.
24 In so doing, the contracting agency
25 has considered whether the bidder:

26 Has available the appropriate
27 financial, material, equipment,
28 facility and personnel resources
29 and expertise, or the ability to
30 obtain the resources and expertise,
31 necessary to meet all contractual
32 responsibilities.

33 Has a satisfactory record of
34 performance.

35 Has a satisfactory record of
36 integrity.

37 Is qualified legally to contract with
38 the contracting agency.

39 Has supplied all necessary
40 information in connection with the
41 inquiry concerning responsibility.

42 Determined the bidder to be
43 (check one of the following):

44 Responsible under ORS 279C.375
45 (3)(a) and (b).

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[] Not responsible under ORS 279C.375

(3)(a) and (b).

(Attach documentation if the contracting agency finds the bidder not to be responsible.)

(d) Submit the form described in paragraph (c) of this subsection, with any attachments, to the Construction Contractors Board within 30 days after the date the contracting agency awards the contract.

(4) The successful bidder shall:

(a) Promptly execute a formal contract; and

(b) Execute and deliver to the contracting agency a performance bond and a payment bond when required under ORS 279C.380.

(5) Based on competitive bids, a contracting agency may award a public improvement contract or may award multiple public improvement contracts when specified in the invitation to bid.

SECTION 27. ORS 279C.375, as amended by section 18, chapter 103, Oregon Laws 2005, is amended to read:

279C.375. (1) After bids are opened and a determination is made that a public improvement contract is to be awarded, the contracting agency shall award the contract to the lowest responsible bidder.

(2) At least seven days before the award of a public improvement contract, unless the contracting agency determines that seven days is impractical under rules adopted under ORS 279A.065, the contracting agency shall issue to each bidder or post, electronically or otherwise, a notice of the contracting agency's intent to award a contract. This subsection does not apply to a contract excepted or exempted from competitive bidding under ORS 279C.335 (1)(c) or [(6)] (d). The notice and its manner of posting or issuance must conform to rules adopted under ORS 279A.065.

(3) In determining the lowest responsible bidder, a contracting agency shall do all of the following:

(a) Check the list created by the Construction Contractors Board under ORS 701.227 for bidders who are not qualified to hold a public improvement contract.

(b) Determine whether the bidder has met the standards of responsibility. In making the determination, the contracting agency shall consider whether a bidder has:

(A) Available the appropriate financial, material, equipment, facility and personnel resources and expertise, or the ability to obtain the resources and expertise, necessary to meet all contractual responsibilities.

(B) A satisfactory record of performance. The contracting agency shall document the record of performance of a bidder if the contracting agency finds the bidder not to be responsible under this subparagraph.

(C) A satisfactory record of integrity. The contracting agency shall document the record of integrity of a bidder if the contracting agency finds the bidder not to be responsible under this subparagraph.

(D) Qualified legally to contract with the contracting agency.

(E) Supplied all necessary information in connection with the inquiry concerning responsibility. If a bidder fails to promptly supply information requested by the contracting agency concerning responsibility, the contracting agency shall base the determination of responsibility upon any available

1 information, or may find the bidder not to be responsible.

2 (c) Document the contracting agency's compliance with the requirements of paragraphs (a) and
3 (b) of this subsection in substantially the following form:

4 _____

5
6 RESPONSIBILITY DETERMINATION FORM

7 Project Name: _____

8 Bid Number: _____

9 Business Entity Name: _____

10 CCB License Number: _____

11 Form Submitted By (Contracting Agency): _____

12 Form Submitted By (Contracting Agency Representative's Name): _____

13 Title: _____

14 Date: _____

15 (The contracting agency must submit this form with attachments, if any, to the Construction
16 Contractors Board within 30 days after the date of contract award.)

17 The contracting agency has (check all of the following):

18 Checked the list created by the
19 Construction Contractors Board
20 under ORS 701.227 for bidders who
21 are not qualified to hold a public
22 improvement contract.

23 Determined whether the bidder has
24 met the standards of responsibility.

25 In so doing, the contracting agency
26 has considered whether the bidder:

27 Has available the appropriate
28 financial, material, equipment,
29 facility and personnel resources
30 and expertise, or the ability to
31 obtain the resources and expertise,
32 necessary to meet all contractual
33 responsibilities.

34 Has a satisfactory record of
35 performance.

36 Has a satisfactory record of
37 integrity.

38 Is qualified legally to contract with
39 the contracting agency.

40 Has supplied all necessary
41 information in connection with the
42 inquiry concerning responsibility.

43 Determined the bidder to be
44 (check one of the following):

45 Responsible under ORS 279C.375

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(3)(a) and (b).

[] Not responsible under ORS 279C.375

(3)(a) and (b).

(Attach documentation if the contracting agency finds the bidder not to be responsible.)

(d) Submit the form described in paragraph (c) of this subsection, with any attachments, to the Construction Contractors Board within 30 days after the date the contracting agency awards the contract.

(4) The successful bidder shall:

(a) Promptly execute a formal contract; and

(b) Execute and deliver to the contracting agency a performance bond and a payment bond when required under ORS 279C.380.

(5) Based on competitive bids, a contracting agency may award a public improvement contract or may award multiple public improvement contracts when specified in the invitation to bid.

SECTION 28. ORS 279C.390 is amended to read:

279C.390. (1) Subject to the provisions of subsection (2) of this section, the Director of the Oregon Department of Administrative Services, **a state contracting agency with procurement authority under ORS 279A.050**, a local contract review board or, for contracts described in ORS 279A.050 (3)(b), the Director of Transportation may exempt certain contracts or classes of contracts from all or a portion of the requirement for bid security and from all or a portion of the requirement that good and sufficient bonds be furnished to ensure performance of the contract and payment of obligations incurred in the performance.

(2) The contracting agency may require bid security and a good and sufficient performance bond, a good and sufficient payment bond, or any combination of such bonds, even though the public improvement contract is of a class exempted [*by the Director of the Oregon Department of Administrative Services, the local contract review board or, for contracts described in ORS 279A.050 (3)(b), the Director of Transportation*] **under subsection (1) of this section.**

(3) The Director of Transportation may:

(a) Exempt contracts or classes of contracts financed from the proceeds of bonds issued under ORS 367.620 (3)(a) from the requirement for bid security and from the requirement that a good and sufficient bond be furnished to ensure performance of the contract; or

(b) Reduce the amount of the required performance bond for contracts or classes of contracts financed from the proceeds of the bonds issued under ORS 367.620 (3)(a) to less than 100 percent of the contract price.

(4) Any recoverable damages that exceed the amount of the performance bond required under subsection (3) of this section shall be the sole responsibility of the Department of Transportation.

SECTION 29. ORS 279C.400 is amended to read:

279C.400. (1) When authorized or required by an exemption granted under ORS 279C.335, a contracting agency may **solicit and** award a public improvement contract, **or may award multiple public improvement contracts when specified in the request for proposals, by requesting and evaluating** competitive proposals. A contract awarded under this section may be amended only in accordance with rules adopted under ORS 279A.065.

(2) Except as provided in ORS 279C.330 to 279C.355, 279C.360 to 279C.390, 279C.395 and 279C.430

1 to 279C.450, competitive proposals shall be subject to the following requirements of competitive
2 bidding:

3 (a) Advertisement under ORS 279C.360;

4 (b) Requirements for solicitation documents under ORS 279C.365;

5 (c) Disqualification due to a Construction Contractors Board listing as described in ORS
6 279C.375 (3)(a);

7 (d) Contract execution and bonding requirements under ORS 279C.375 and 279C.380;

8 (e) Determination of responsibility under ORS 279C.375 (3)(b);

9 (f) Rejection of bids under ORS 279C.395; and

10 (g) Disqualification and prequalification under ORS 279C.430, 279C.435 and 279C.440.

11 (3) For the purposes of applying the requirements listed in subsection (2) of this section to
12 competitive proposals, when used in the sections listed in subsection (2) of this section, "bids" in-
13 cludes proposals, and "bid documents" and "invitation to bid" include requests for proposals.

14 (4) Competitive proposals are not subject to the following requirements of competitive bidding:

15 (a) First-tier subcontractor disclosure under ORS 279C.370; and

16 (b) Reciprocal preference under ORS 279A.120.

17 (5) [*When award of a public improvement contract advertised by the issuance of a request for*
18 *proposals may be made without negotiation,*] The contracting agency may require proposal security
19 that serves the same function with respect to proposals as bid security serves with respect to bids
20 under ORS 279C.365 [(4)] (5) and 279C.385, as follows:

21 (a) The contracting agency may require proposal security in a form and amount as may be de-
22 termined to be reasonably necessary or prudent to protect the interests of the contracting agency.

23 (b) The contracting agency shall retain the proposal security if a proposer who is awarded a
24 contract fails to promptly and properly execute the contract and provide any required bonds or in-
25 surance.

26 (c) The contracting agency shall return the proposal security to all proposers upon the exe-
27 cution of the contract, or earlier in the selection process.

28 (6) In all other respects, and subject to rules adopted under ORS 279A.065, references in this
29 chapter to invitations to bid, bids or bidders shall, to the extent practicable within the proposal
30 process, be deemed equally applicable to requests for proposals, proposals or proposers. However,
31 notwithstanding ORS 279C.375 (1), a contracting agency may not be required to award a contract
32 advertised under the competitive proposal process based on price, but may award the contract in
33 accordance with ORS 279C.410 (8).

34 **SECTION 30.** ORS 279C.405 is amended to read:

35 279C.405. (1) **A contracting agency may issue a request for information, a request for in-**
36 **terest, a request for qualifications or other preliminary documents to obtain information**
37 **useful in the preparation or distribution of a request for proposals.**

38 (2) In addition to the general requirements of ORS 279C.365, a contracting agency preparing a
39 request for proposals shall include:

40 [(1)] (a) All required contractual terms and conditions. The request for proposals also may:

41 [(a)] (A) Identify those contractual terms or conditions the contracting agency reserves, in the
42 request for proposals, for negotiation with proposers;

43 [(b)] (B) Request that proposers propose contractual terms and conditions that relate to subject
44 matter reasonably identified in the request for proposals; and

45 [(c)] (C) Contain or incorporate the form and content of the contract that the contracting agency

1 will accept, or suggested contract terms and conditions that nevertheless may be the subject of ne-
2 negotiations with proposers.

3 [(2)] (b) The method of contractor selection, which may include but is not limited to award
4 without negotiation, negotiation with the highest ranked proposer, competitive negotiations,
5 multiple-tiered competition designed either to identify a class of proposers that fall within a com-
6 petitive range or to otherwise eliminate from consideration a class of lower ranked proposers, or
7 any combination of methods, as authorized or prescribed by rules adopted under ORS 279A.065.

8 [(3)] (c) All evaluation factors that will be considered by the contracting agency when evaluat-
9 ing the proposals, including the relative importance of price and any other evaluation factors.

10 **SECTION 31.** ORS 279C.410 is amended to read:

11 279C.410. (1) Notwithstanding the public records law, ORS 192.410 to 192.505:

12 (a) Proposals may be opened so as to avoid disclosure of contents to competing proposers during,
13 when applicable, the process of negotiation.

14 (b) Proposals are not required to be open for public inspection until after the notice of intent
15 to award a contract is issued.

16 (2) For each request for proposals, the contracting agency shall prepare a list of proposals.

17 (3) Notwithstanding any requirement to make proposals open to public inspection after the
18 contracting agency's issuance of notice of intent to award a contract, a contracting agency may
19 withhold from disclosure to the public trade secrets, as defined in ORS 192.501, and information
20 submitted to a public body in confidence, as described in ORS 192.502, that are contained in a pro-
21 posal. The fact that proposals are opened at a public meeting as defined in ORS 192.610 does not
22 make their contents subject to disclosure, regardless of whether the public body opening the pro-
23 posals fails to give notice of or provide for an executive session for the purpose of opening pro-
24 posals. If a request for proposals is canceled after proposals are received, the contracting agency
25 may return a proposal to the proposer that made the proposal. The contracting agency shall keep
26 a list of returned proposals in the file for the solicitation.

27 (4) As provided in the request for proposals, a contracting agency may conduct discussions with
28 proposers who submit proposals the agency has determined to be closely competitive or to have a
29 reasonable chance of being selected for award. The discussions may be conducted for the purpose
30 of clarification to ensure full understanding of, and responsiveness to, the solicitation requirements.
31 The contracting agency shall accord proposers fair and equal treatment with respect to any oppor-
32 tunity for discussion and revision of proposals. Revisions of proposals may be permitted after the
33 submission of proposals and before award for the purpose of obtaining best and final offers. In con-
34 ducting discussions, the contracting agency may not disclose information derived from proposals
35 submitted by competing proposers.

36 (5) When provided for in the request for proposals, the contracting agency may employ methods
37 of contractor selection including but not limited to award based solely on the ranking of proposals,
38 negotiation with the highest ranked proposer, competitive negotiations, multiple-tiered competition
39 designed to identify a class of proposers that fall within a competitive range or to otherwise elimi-
40 nate from consideration a class of lower ranked proposers, or any combination of methods, as au-
41 thorized or prescribed by rules adopted under ORS 279A.065. When applicable, in any instance in
42 which the contracting agency determines that impasse has been reached in negotiations with a
43 highest ranked proposer, the contracting agency may terminate negotiations with that proposer and
44 commence negotiations with the next highest ranked proposer.

45 (6) The cancellation of requests for proposals and the rejection of proposals shall be in accord-

1 ance with ORS 279C.395.

2 (7) At least seven days before the award of a public improvement contract, unless the con-
3 tracting agency determines that seven days is impractical under rules adopted under ORS 279A.065,
4 the contracting agency shall issue to each proposer or post, electronically or otherwise, a notice
5 of intent to award.

6 (8) If a public improvement contract is awarded, the contracting agency shall award a public
7 improvement contract to the responsible proposer whose proposal is determined in writing to be the
8 most advantageous to the contracting agency based on the evaluation factors set forth in the re-
9 quest for proposals and, when applicable, the outcome of any negotiations authorized by the request
10 for proposals. Other factors may not be used in the evaluation.

11 [(9) *The contracting agency may issue a request for information, a request for interest, a request*
12 *for qualifications or other preliminary documents to obtain information useful in the preparation or*
13 *distribution of a request for proposals.*]

14 **SECTION 32.** Section 132, chapter 794, Oregon Laws 2003, is amended to read:

15 **Sec. 132.** (1) A public improvement contract estimated by the contracting agency not to exceed
16 \$100,000[, or not to exceed \$50,000 in the case of contracts for highways, bridges and other transpor-
17 tation projects,] may be awarded in accordance with intermediate procurement procedures for com-
18 petitive quotes established by rules adopted under [section 10 of this 2003 Act] **ORS 279A.065.** A
19 contract awarded under this section may be amended to exceed [the thresholds set forth in this sub-
20 section] **\$100,000** only in accordance with rules adopted under [section 10 of this 2003 Act] **ORS**
21 **279A.065.**

22 (2) A procurement may not be artificially divided or fragmented so as to constitute an interme-
23 diate procurement under this section or to circumvent competitive bidding requirements under
24 [sections 88 to 179 of this 2003 Act] **this chapter.**

25 (3) Intermediate procurements under this section need not be made through competitive bidding.
26 However, nothing in this section may be construed as prohibiting a contracting agency from con-
27 ducting a procurement that does not exceed [the thresholds in subsection (1) of this section] **\$100,000**
28 under competitive bidding procedures.

29 **SECTION 33.** ORS 279C.460 is amended to read:

30 279C.460. (1) Any bidder or proposer adversely affected or any trade association of construction
31 contractors acting on behalf of a member of the association to protect interests common to con-
32 struction contractor members may commence [a suit] **an action** in the circuit court for the county
33 where the principal offices of a contracting agency are located, for the purpose of requiring com-
34 pliance with, or prevention of violations of, ORS 279C.300 to 279C.470 or to determine the applica-
35 bility of ORS 279C.300 to 279C.470 to matters or decisions of the contracting agency.

36 (2) The court may order such equitable relief as the court considers appropriate in the circum-
37 stances. In addition to or in lieu of any equitable relief, the court may award an aggrieved bidder
38 or proposer any damages suffered by the bidder or proposer as a result of violations of ORS 279C.300
39 to 279C.470 for the reasonable cost of preparing and submitting a bid or proposal. A decision of the
40 contracting agency may not be voided if other equitable relief is available.

41 (3) If the contracting agency is successful in defending the contracting agency's actions against
42 claims of violation or potential violation of ORS 279C.300 to 279C.470, the court may award to the
43 aggrieved contracting agency any damages suffered as a result of the [suit] **court action.**

44 (4) The court may order payment of reasonable attorney fees and costs on trial and on appeal
45 to a successful party in [a suit] **an action** brought under this section.

1 (5) This section does not apply to personal services contracts under ORS 279C.100 to 279C.125.

2 **SECTION 34.** ORS 279C.800 is amended to read:

3 279C.800. As used in ORS 279C.800 to 279C.870, unless the context requires otherwise:

4 (1) "Fringe benefits" means the amount of:

5 (a) The rate of contribution irrevocably made by a contractor or subcontractor to a trustee or
6 to a third person under a plan, fund or program; and

7 (b) The rate of costs to the contractor or subcontractor that may be reasonably anticipated in
8 providing benefits to workers pursuant to an enforceable commitment to carry out a financially re-
9 sponsible plan or program that is committed in writing to the workers affected, for medical or hos-
10 pital care, pensions on retirement or death, compensation for injuries or illness resulting from
11 occupational activity, or insurance to provide any of the foregoing, for unemployment benefits, life
12 insurance, disability and sickness insurance or accident insurance, for vacation and holiday pay, for
13 defraying costs of apprenticeship or other similar programs or for other bona fide fringe benefits,
14 but only when the contractor or subcontractor is not required by other federal, state or local law
15 to provide any of these benefits.

16 **(2) "Housing" has the meaning given that term in ORS 456.055.**

17 [(2)] **(3)** "Locality" means the following district in which the public works, or the major portion
18 thereof, is to be performed:

19 (a) District 1, composed of Clatsop, Columbia and Tillamook Counties;

20 (b) District 2, composed of Clackamas, Multnomah and Washington Counties;

21 (c) District 3, composed of Marion, Polk and Yamhill Counties;

22 (d) District 4, composed of Benton, Lincoln and Linn Counties;

23 (e) District 5, composed of Lane County;

24 (f) District 6, composed of Douglas County;

25 (g) District 7, composed of Coos and Curry Counties;

26 (h) District 8, composed of Jackson and Josephine Counties;

27 (i) District 9, composed of Hood River, Sherman and Wasco Counties;

28 (j) District 10, composed of Crook, Deschutes and Jefferson Counties;

29 (k) District 11, composed of Klamath and Lake Counties;

30 (L) District 12, composed of Gilliam, Grant, Morrow, Umatilla and Wheeler Counties;

31 (m) District 13, composed of Baker, Union and Wallowa Counties; and

32 (n) District 14, composed of Harney and Malheur Counties.

33 [(3)] **(4)** "Prevailing rate of wage" means the rate of hourly wage, including all fringe benefits,
34 paid in the locality to the majority of workers employed on projects of similar character in the same
35 trade or occupation, as determined by the Commissioner of the Bureau of Labor and Industries. [*In*
36 *making such determinations, the commissioner shall rely on an independent wage survey to be con-*
37 *ducted once each year. However, if it appears to the commissioner that the data derived from the survey*
38 *alone are insufficient to establish the rate, the commissioner also shall consider additional information*
39 *such as collective bargaining agreements, other independent wage surveys and the prevailing rates of*
40 *wage determined by appropriate federal agencies or agencies of adjoining states. If there is not a ma-*
41 *majority in the same trade or occupation paid at the same rate, the average rate of hourly wage, including*
42 *all fringe benefits, paid in the locality to workers in the same trade or occupation shall be the pre-*
43 *vailing rate. If the wage paid by any contractor or subcontractor to workers on any public works is*
44 *based on some period of time other than an hour, the hourly wage shall be mathematically determined*
45 *by the number of hours worked in that period of time.*]

1 [(4)] (5) “Public agency” means the State of Oregon or any political subdivision thereof or any
2 county, city, district, authority, public corporation or entity and any [*of their instrumentalities*]
3 **instrumentality thereof** organized and existing under law or charter.

4 [(5)] (6)(a) “Public works” includes, but is not limited to[,]:

5 (A) Roads, highways, buildings, structures and improvements of all types, the construction, re-
6 construction, major renovation or painting of which is carried on or contracted for by any public
7 agency to serve the public interest; [*but does not include the reconstruction or renovation of privately*
8 *owned property that is leased by a public agency.*]

9 (B) **A project for the construction, reconstruction, major renovation or painting of a**
10 **privately owned road, highway, building, structure or improvement of any type that uses**
11 **funds of a private entity and \$750,000 or more of funds of a public agency; or**

12 (C) **A project for the construction of a privately owned road, highway, building, structure**
13 **or improvement of any type that uses funds of a private entity and in which 25 percent or**
14 **more of the square footage of the completed project will be occupied or used by a public**
15 **agency.**

16 (b) “Public works” does not include:

17 (A) **The reconstruction or renovation of privately owned property that is leased by a**
18 **public agency; or**

19 (B) **The renovation of publicly owned real property that is more than 75 years old by a**
20 **private nonprofit entity if:**

21 (i) **The real property is leased to the private nonprofit entity for more than 25 years;**

22 (ii) **Funds of a public agency used in the renovation do not exceed 15 percent of the total**
23 **cost of the renovation; and**

24 (iii) **Contracts for the renovation were advertised or, if not advertised, were entered into**
25 **before July 1, 2003, but the renovation has not been completed on or before the effective date**
26 **of this 2007 Act.**

27 **SECTION 35.** ORS 279C.810 is amended to read:

28 279C.810. (1) As used in this section:

29 (a) “Funds of a public agency” does not include:

30 (A) Funds provided in the form of a government grant to a nonprofit organization, unless the
31 government grant is issued for the purpose of construction, **reconstruction, major renovation or**
32 **painting;**

33 (B) Building and development permit fees paid or waived by the public agency;

34 (C) **Tax credits or tax abatements;**

35 (D) **Land that a public agency sells to a private entity at fair market value;**

36 (E) **The difference between:**

37 (i) **The value of land that a public agency sells to a private entity as determined at the**
38 **time of the sale after taking into account any plan, requirement, covenant, condition, re-**
39 **striction or other limitation, exclusive of zoning or land use regulations, that the public**
40 **agency imposes on the development or use of the land; and**

41 (ii) **The fair market value of the land if the land is not subject to the limitations described**
42 **in subparagraph (i) of this paragraph;**

43 [(C)] (F) Staff resources of the public agency used to manage a project or to provide a principal
44 source of supervision, coordination or oversight of a project; [*or*]

45 [(D)] (G) Staff resources of the public agency used to design or inspect one or more components

1 of a project[.];

2 **(H) Moneys derived from the sale of bonds that are loaned by a state agency to a private**
3 **entity, unless the moneys will be used for a public improvement;**

4 **(I) Value added to land as a consequence of a public agency's site preparation, demolition**
5 **of real property or remediation or removal of environmental contamination, except for value**
6 **added in excess of the expenses the public agency incurred in the site preparation, demolition**
7 **or remediation or removal when the land is sold for use in a project otherwise subject to**
8 **ORS 279C.800 to 279C.870; or**

9 **(J) Bonds, or loans from the proceeds of bonds, issued in accordance with ORS chapter**
10 **289 or ORS 441.525 to 441.595, unless the bonds or loans will be used for a public improve-**
11 **ment.**

12 (b) "Nonprofit organization" means an organization or group of organizations described in sec-
13 tion 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code that is exempt from income tax under section 501(a) of
14 the Internal Revenue Code.

15 (2) ORS 279C.800 to 279C.870 do not apply to:

16 (a) Projects for which the contract price does not exceed \$50,000. In determining the price of a
17 project, a public agency:

18 (A) May not include the value of donated materials or work performed on the project by indi-
19 viduals volunteering to the public agency without pay; and

20 (B) Shall include the value of work performed by every person paid by a contractor or subcon-
21 tractor in any manner for the person's work on the project.

22 (b) Projects for which no funds of a public agency are directly or indirectly used. In accordance
23 with ORS chapter 183, the Commissioner **of the Bureau of Labor and Industries** shall adopt rules
24 to carry out the provisions of this paragraph.

25 **(c) Projects:**

26 **(A) That are privately owned;**

27 **(B) That use funds of a private entity;**

28 **(C) In which less than 25 percent of the square footage of a completed project will be**
29 **occupied or used by a public agency; and**

30 **(D) For which less than \$750,000 of funds of a public agency are used.**

31 **(d) Projects for residential construction that are privately owned and that predominantly**
32 **provide affordable housing. As used in this paragraph:**

33 **(A) "Affordable housing" means housing that serves occupants whose incomes are no**
34 **greater than 60 percent of the area median income or, if the occupants are owners, whose**
35 **incomes are no greater than 80 percent of the area median income.**

36 **(B) "Predominantly" means 60 percent or more.**

37 **(C) "Privately owned" includes:**

38 **(i) Affordable housing provided on real property owned by a public agency if the real**
39 **property and related structures are leased to a private entity for 50 or more years; and**

40 **(ii) Affordable housing owned by a partnership, nonprofit corporation or limited liability**
41 **company in which a housing authority, as defined in ORS 456.005, is a general partner, di-**
42 **rector or managing member and the housing authority is not a majority owner in the part-**
43 **nership, nonprofit corporation or limited liability company.**

44 **(D) "Residential construction" includes the construction, reconstruction, major reno-**
45 **vation or painting of single-family houses or apartment buildings not more than four stories**

1 in height and all incidental items, such as site work, parking areas, utilities, streets and
2 sidewalks, pursuant to the United States Department of Labor’s “All Agency Memorandum
3 No. 130: Application of the Standard of Comparison “Projects of a Character Similar” Under
4 Davis-Bacon and Related Acts,” dated March 17, 1978. However, the commissioner may
5 consider different definitions of residential construction in determining whether a project is
6 a residential construction project for purposes of this paragraph, including definitions that:

7 (i) Exist in local ordinances or codes; or

8 (ii) Differ, in the prevailing practice of a particular trade or occupation, from the United
9 States Department of Labor’s description of residential construction.

10 [(3)(a) A public agency may not divide a public works project into more than one contract for the
11 purpose of avoiding compliance with ORS 279C.800 to 279C.870.]

12 [(b) When the commissioner determines that a public agency has divided a public works project for
13 the purpose of avoiding compliance with ORS 279C.800 to 279C.870, the commissioner shall issue an
14 order compelling compliance.]

15 [(c) In making determinations under this subsection, the commissioner shall consider:]

16 [(A) The physical separation of the project structures;]

17 [(B) The timing of the work on project phases or structures;]

18 [(C) The continuity of project contractors and subcontractors working on project parts or phases;
19 and]

20 [(D) The manner in which the public agency and the contractors administer and implement the
21 project.]

22 **SECTION 36.** ORS 279C.815 is amended to read:

23 279C.815. (1) As used in this section, “person” includes any employer, labor organization or any
24 official representative of an employee or employer association.

25 (2)(a) The Commissioner of the Bureau of Labor and Industries shall determine the prevailing
26 rate of wage for workers in each trade or occupation in each locality described in ORS 279C.800
27 at least once each year by means of an independent wage survey and make this information avail-
28 able at least twice each year. The commissioner may amend the rate at any time.

29 (b) **If it appears to the commissioner that the data derived only from the survey de-**
30 **scribed in paragraph (a) of this subsection are insufficient to determine the prevailing rate**
31 **of wage, the commissioner also shall consider additional information such as collective bar-**
32 **gaining agreements, other independent wage surveys and the prevailing rates of wage de-**
33 **termined by appropriate federal agencies or agencies of adjoining states. If there is not a**
34 **majority in the same trade or occupation paid at the same rate, the average rate of hourly**
35 **wage, including all fringe benefits, paid in the locality to workers in the same trade or oc-**
36 **cupation shall be the prevailing rate. If the wage paid by any contractor or subcontractor**
37 **to workers on any public works is based on some period of time other than an hour, the**
38 **hourly wage shall be mathematically determined by the number of hours worked in that pe-**
39 **riod of time.**

40 [(b)] (c) The commissioner shall compare the prevailing rate of wage determined under para-
41 graph (a) of this subsection with the federal prevailing rate of wage required under the Davis-Bacon
42 Act (40 U.S.C. 276a) and determine which rate is higher for workers in each trade or occupation in
43 each locality. The commissioner shall make this information, showing which prevailing rate of wage
44 is higher for workers in each trade or occupation in each locality, available at the same time as the
45 commissioner makes information available under paragraph (a) of this subsection.

1 (3) A person shall make such reports and returns to the Bureau of Labor and Industries as the
2 commissioner may require to determine the prevailing rates of wage. The reports and returns shall
3 be made upon forms furnished by the bureau and within the time prescribed by the commissioner.
4 The person or an authorized representative of the person shall certify to the accuracy of the reports
5 and returns.

6 (4) Notwithstanding ORS 192.410 to 192.505, all reports and returns or other information pro-
7 vided to the commissioner under this section are confidential and not available for inspection by the
8 public.

9 (5) In order to assist the commissioner in making determinations of the prevailing rates of wage,
10 the commissioner may enter into contracts with public or private parties to obtain relevant data and
11 information. Any such contract may include provisions for the manner and extent of the market
12 review of affected trades and occupations and such other requirements regarding timelines of re-
13 ports, accuracy of data and information and supervision and review as the commissioner may pre-
14 scribe.

15 **SECTION 37.** ORS 279C.830 is amended to read:

16 279C.830. (1)(a) **Except as provided in paragraph (d) of this subsection,** the specifications for
17 every contract for public works shall contain a provision stating the existing state prevailing rate
18 of wage and, if applicable, the federal prevailing rate of wage required under the Davis-Bacon Act
19 (40 U.S.C. 276a) that may be paid to workers in each trade or occupation required for the public
20 works employed in the performance of the contract either by the contractor or subcontractor or
21 other person doing or contracting to do the whole or any part of the work contemplated by the
22 contract.

23 (b) If a public agency is required under paragraph (a) of this subsection to include the state and
24 federal prevailing rates of wage in the specifications, the public agency also shall include in the
25 specifications information showing which prevailing rate of wage is higher for workers in each trade
26 or occupation in each locality, as determined by the Commissioner of the Bureau of Labor and In-
27 dustries under ORS 279C.815 [(2)(b)] **(2)(c).**

28 (c) Every contract and subcontract shall contain a provision that the workers shall be paid not
29 less than the specified minimum hourly rate of wage in accordance with ORS 279C.838.

30 **(d) A public works project described in ORS 279C.800 (6)(a)(B) or (C) is subject to the**
31 **existing state prevailing rate of wage or, if applicable, the federal prevailing rate of wage**
32 **required under the Davis-Bacon Act that is in effect at the time a public agency enters into**
33 **an agreement with a private entity for the project. After that time, the specifications for any**
34 **contract for the public works shall include the applicable prevailing rate of wage.**

35 (2) The specifications for every contract for public works between a public agency and a con-
36 tractor shall contain a provision stating that a fee is required to be paid to the Commissioner of the
37 Bureau of Labor and Industries as provided in ORS 279C.825 (1). The contract shall contain a pro-
38 vision that the fee shall be paid to the commissioner under the administrative rule of the commis-
39 sioner.

40 (3) The specifications for every contract for public works shall contain a provision stating that
41 the contractor and every subcontractor must have a public works bond filed with the Construction
42 Contractors Board before starting work on the project, unless exempt under ORS 279C.836 (4), (7)
43 or (8). Every contract awarded by a contracting agency shall contain a provision requiring the
44 contractor:

45 (a) To have a public works bond filed with the Construction Contractors Board before starting

1 work on the project, unless exempt under ORS 279C.836 (4), (7) or (8).

2 (b) To include in every subcontract a provision requiring the subcontractor to have a public
3 works bond filed with the Construction Contractors Board before starting work on the project, un-
4 less exempt under ORS 279C.836 (4), (7) or (8).

5 **SECTION 38.** ORS 279C.836 is amended to read:

6 279C.836. (1) Except as provided in subsection (4), (7) or (8) of this section, before starting work
7 on a contract or subcontract for a public works project, a contractor or subcontractor shall file with
8 the Construction Contractors Board a public works bond with a corporate surety authorized to do
9 business in this state in the amount of \$30,000. The bond must provide that the contractor or sub-
10 contractor will pay claims ordered by the Bureau of Labor and Industries to workers performing
11 labor upon public works projects. The bond must be a continuing obligation, and the surety's li-
12 ability for the aggregate of claims that may be payable from the bond may not exceed the penal sum
13 of the bond. The bond must remain in effect continuously until depleted by claims paid under this
14 section, unless the surety sooner cancels the bond. The surety may cancel the bond by giving 30
15 days' written notice to the contractor or subcontractor, to the board and to the Bureau of Labor
16 and Industries. When the bond is canceled, the surety is relieved of further liability for work per-
17 formed on contracts entered into after the cancellation. The cancellation does not limit the surety's
18 liability for work performed on contracts entered into before the cancellation.

19 (2) Before permitting a subcontractor to start work on a public works project, the contractor
20 shall verify that the subcontractor has filed a public works bond as required under this section,
21 [or] has elected not to file a public works bond under subsection (7) of this section **or is exempt**
22 **under subsection (4) or (8) of this section.**

23 (3) A contractor or subcontractor is not required under this section to file a separate public
24 works bond for each public works project for which the contractor or subcontractor has a contract.

25 (4) A person that is not required under ORS 279C.800 to 279C.870 to pay prevailing rates of
26 wage on a public works project is not required to file a public works bond under this section.

27 (5) A public works bond required by this section is in addition to any other bond the contractor
28 or subcontractor is required to obtain.

29 (6) The board may, by rule, require a contractor or subcontractor to obtain a new public works
30 bond if a surety pays a claim out of an existing public works bond. The new bond must be in the
31 amount of \$30,000. The board may allow a contractor or subcontractor to obtain, instead of a new
32 bond, a certification that the surety remains liable for the full penal sum of the existing bond,
33 notwithstanding payment by the surety on the claim.

34 (7)(a) A disadvantaged, minority, women or emerging small business enterprise certified under
35 ORS 200.055 may, for up to one year after certification, elect not to file a public works bond as re-
36 quired under subsection (1) this section. If a business enterprise elects not to file a public works
37 bond, the business enterprise shall give the board written verification of the certification and writ-
38 ten notice that the business enterprise elects not to file the bond.

39 (b) A business enterprise that elects not to file a public works bond under this subsection shall
40 notify the public agency for whose benefit the contract was awarded or, if the business enterprise
41 is a subcontractor, the contractor of the election before starting work on a public works project.
42 When a business enterprise elects not to file a public works bond under this subsection, a claim for
43 unpaid wages may be made against the payment bond of the business enterprise or, if the business
44 enterprise is a subcontractor, the payment bond of the contractor.

45 (c) An election not to file a public works bond expires one year after the date the business en-

1 terprise is certified. After an election has expired and before starting or continuing work on a
2 contract or subcontract for a public works project, the business enterprise shall file a public works
3 bond with the board as required under subsection (1) of this section.

4 (8) In cases of emergency, or when the interest or property of the public agency for whose
5 benefit the contract was awarded probably would suffer material injury by delay or other cause, the
6 requirement for filing a public works bond may be excused, if a declaration of the emergency is
7 made in accordance with rules adopted under ORS 279A.065.

8 (9) The board shall make available on a searchable public website information concerning public
9 works bonds filed with the board, claims made on those bonds, elections made by certified business
10 enterprises not to file those bonds and the expiration date of each election. The board may adopt
11 rules necessary to perform the duties required of the board by this section.

12 (10) The Commissioner of the Bureau of Labor and Industries, with approval of the board, shall
13 adopt rules that establish language for public works bonds.

14 **SECTION 39.** ORS 279C.870 is amended to read:

15 279C.870. (1) The Commissioner of the Bureau of Labor and Industries or any other person may
16 bring a civil action in any court of competent jurisdiction to require a public agency under a public
17 contract with a contractor to withhold twice the wages in dispute if it is shown that the contractor
18 or subcontractor on the contract has intentionally failed or refused to pay the prevailing rate of
19 wage to workers employed on that contract and to require the contractor to pay the prevailing rate
20 of wage and any deficiencies that can be shown to exist because of improper wage payments already
21 made. In addition to other relief, the court may also enjoin the contractor or subcontractor from
22 committing future violations. The contractor or subcontractor involved shall be named as a party
23 in all civil actions brought under this section. In addition to other costs, the court may award the
24 prevailing party reasonable attorney fees at the trial and on appeal. However, attorney fees may
25 not [*may*] be awarded against the commissioner under this section.

26 (2) The court shall require any party, other than the commissioner, that brings a civil action
27 under this section to post a bond sufficient to cover the estimated attorney fees and costs to the
28 public agency and to the contractor or subcontractor of any temporary restraining order, prelimi-
29 nary injunction or permanent injunction awarded in the action, in the event that the party bringing
30 the action does not ultimately prevail.

31 (3) In addition to any other relief, the court in a civil action brought under this section may
32 enjoin the public agency from contracting with the contractor or subcontractor if the court finds
33 that the commissioner would be entitled to place the contractor or subcontractor on the ineligible
34 list established under ORS 279C.860 (1). If the court issues such an injunction, the commissioner
35 shall place the contractor or subcontractor on the list for a period of three years, subject to the
36 provision of ORS 279C.860 (2).

37 **SECTION 40.** Section 41 of this 2007 Act is added to and made a part of ORS 279C.100 to
38 **279C.125.**

39 **SECTION 41.** (1) **Notwithstanding the public records law, ORS 192.410 to 192.505, if a**
40 **contracting agency solicits a contract for architectural, engineering or land surveying ser-**
41 **vices or related services by a competitive proposal:**

42 (a) **Proposals may be opened so as to avoid disclosure of contents to competing proposers**
43 **during, when applicable, the process of negotiation.**

44 (b) **Proposals are not required to be open for public inspection until after the notice of**
45 **intent to award a contract is issued.**

1 (2) Notwithstanding any requirement to make proposals open to public inspection after
2 the contracting agency's issuance of notice of intent to award a contract, a contracting
3 agency may withhold from disclosure to the public trade secrets, as defined in ORS 192.501,
4 and information submitted to a public body in confidence, as described in ORS 192.502, that
5 are contained in a proposal. The fact that proposals are opened at a public meeting as defined
6 in ORS 192.610 does not make their contents subject to disclosure, regardless of whether the
7 public body opening the proposals fails to give notice of or provide for an executive session
8 for the purpose of opening proposals. If a request for proposals is canceled after proposals
9 are received, the contracting agency may return a proposal to the proposer that made the
10 proposal. The contracting agency shall keep a list of returned proposals in the file for the
11 solicitation.

12 **SECTION 42.** Sections 43, 44 and 45 of this 2007 Act are added to and made a part of ORS
13 279C.800 to 279C.870.

14 **SECTION 43.** (1) The Commissioner of the Bureau of Labor and Industries shall, upon the
15 request of a public agency or other interested person, make a determination about whether
16 a project or proposed project is or would be a public works on which payment of the pre-
17 vailing rate of wage is or would be required under ORS 279C.840.

18 (2) The requester shall provide the commissioner with information necessary to enable
19 the commissioner to make the determination.

20 (3) The commissioner shall make the determination within 60 days after receiving the
21 request or 60 days after the requester has provided the commissioner with the information
22 necessary to enable the commissioner to make the determination, whichever is later. The
23 commissioner may take additional time to make the determination if the commissioner and
24 the requester mutually agree that the commissioner may do so.

25 (4) The commissioner shall afford the requester or a person adversely affected or
26 aggrieved by the commissioner's determination a hearing in accordance with ORS 183.413 to
27 183.470. An order the commissioner issues under ORS 183.413 to 183.470 is subject to judicial
28 review as provided in ORS 183.482.

29 (5) The commissioner shall adopt rules establishing the process for requesting and mak-
30 ing the determinations described in this section.

31 **SECTION 44.** (1)(a) A public agency may not divide a public works project into more than
32 one contract for the purpose of avoiding compliance with ORS 279C.800 to 279C.870.

33 (b) When the Commissioner of the Bureau of Labor and Industries determines that a
34 public agency has divided a public works project into more than one contract for the purpose
35 of avoiding compliance with ORS 279C.800 to 279C.870, the commissioner shall issue an order
36 compelling compliance.

37 (c) In making determinations under this subsection, the commissioner shall consider:

38 (A) The physical separation of the project structures;

39 (B) The timing of the work on project phases or structures;

40 (C) The continuity of project contractors and subcontractors working on project parts
41 or phases;

42 (D) The manner in which the public agency and the contractors administer and imple-
43 ment the project;

44 (E) Whether a single public works project includes several types of improvements or
45 structures; and

1 (F) Whether the combined improvements or structures have an overall purpose or func-
2 tion.

3 (2) If a project is a public works of the type described in ORS 279C.800 (6)(a)(B) or (C),
4 the commissioner shall divide the project, if appropriate, after applying the considerations
5 set forth in subsection (1)(c) of this section to separate the parts of the project that include
6 funds of a public agency or that will be occupied or used by a public agency from the parts
7 of the project that do not include funds of a public agency and that will not be occupied or
8 used by a public agency. If the commissioner divides the project, any part of the project that
9 does not include funds of a public agency and that will not be occupied or used by a public
10 agency is not subject to ORS 279C.800 to 279C.870.

11 (3) If a project includes parts that are owned by a public agency and parts that are owned
12 by a private entity, the commissioner shall divide the project, if appropriate, after applying
13 the considerations set forth in subsections (1)(c) and (2) of this section to separate the parts
14 of the project that are public works from the parts of the project that are not public works.
15 If the commissioner divides the project, parts of the project that are not public works are
16 not subject to ORS 279C.800 to 279C.870.

17 SECTION 45. In accordance with applicable provisions of ORS chapter 183, the Commis-
18 sioner of the Bureau of Labor and Industries shall adopt rules necessary to administer ORS
19 279C.800 to 279C.870.

20 SECTION 46. (1) On or before July 1, 2008, the State Treasurer shall report to the advi-
21 sory committee appointed under ORS 279C.820 and to the President of the Senate and the
22 Speaker of the House of Representatives on the loan programs under which moneys derived
23 from the sale of bonds by the State Treasurer are loaned to private entities. The report shall
24 include, for each loan described in this section for which a closing occurred between January
25 1, 2002, and December 31, 2007:

- 26 (a) Identification of the state agency for which bonds are issued;
- 27 (b) The purposes of the loan program under which the bond proceeds are issued; and
- 28 (c) The constitutional and statutory provisions authorizing the loan program.

29 (2) Information the State Treasurer reports under this section shall be information that
30 the state agency involved keeps in the ordinary course of its business and that is not exempt
31 from public disclosure under ORS 192.410 to 192.505. The information may include, but need
32 not be limited to:

- 33 (a) Identification of the private borrowers to whom loans were made;
- 34 (b) The amount of each loan;
- 35 (c) The interest rate applied to repayment of each loan; and
- 36 (d) If known by the agency, the purpose for which the loan funds were advanced.

37 SECTION 47. Section 332a, chapter 794, Oregon Laws 2003, is repealed.

38 SECTION 48. (1) Sections 41, 43 and 44 of this 2007 Act, the amendments to ORS 279A.010,
39 279A.025, 279A.050, 279A.200, 279B.005, 279B.050, 279B.085, 279B.130, 279B.200, 279B.270,
40 279B.405, 279B.415, 279C.320, 279C.335, 279C.345, 279C.350, 279C.355, 279C.365, 279C.375,
41 279C.390, 279C.400, 279C.405, 279C.410, 279C.460, 279C.800, 279C.810, 279C.815, 279C.830, 279C.836
42 and 279C.870 and sections 105, 105b, 110, 113 and 132, chapter 794, Oregon Laws 2003, by
43 sections 1 to 39 of this 2007 Act and the repeal of section 332a, chapter 794, Oregon Laws
44 2003, by section 47 of this 2007 Act apply only to public contracts first advertised, but if not
45 advertised then entered into, on or after the effective date of this 2007 Act.

