74th OREGON LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY - 2007 Regular Session MEASURE: HB 2713 A STAFF MEASURE SUMMARY CARRIER: Sen, Atkinson

Senate Committee on Environment and Natural Resources

REVENUE: No revenue impact FISCAL: No fiscal impact

Action: Do Pass the A-Engrossed Measure

Vote: 4 - 0 - 1

Yeas: Atkinson, Beyer, Prozanski, Avakian

Nays: 0 Exc.: Bates

Prepared By: Sue Marshall, Administrator

Meeting Dates: 5/17

WHAT THE MEASURE DOES: Authorizes utility easements for private utility infrastructure. Prohibits the placement of public or private utility easements within one foot of a survey monument on a subdivision or partition plat. Modifies the definition of "partition land" to mean to divide land to create no more than three parcels of land within a calendar year.

ISSUES DISCUSSED:

- Level of support from stakeholders
- Application of the measure's provisions in creating utility easements
- Whether there was any impact to siting manufactured homes

EFFECT OF COMMITTEE AMENDMENT: No amendment.

BACKGROUND: A utility easement is the right for a local utility (i.e. a power or telecommunications provider) to control the use of an owner's property near objects such as overhead and underground power lines, gas pipelines and substations. The rationale behind a utility holding this right is to ensure the property owner's safety and to allow the utility access to work on the facilities at all times in order to maintain and safely operate public utility infrastructure. House Bill 2713-A adds private utility infrastructure to the definition of a utility easement.

An easement affects the use of property by controlling what can be built on the easement, what can be planted or maintained, and/or what types of outdoor activities can be carried out. For instance, farming can often be performed on an easement, but swimming pools are often prohibited due to potential safety hazards. Current statute allows the governing body of a city or county to not require a utility easement on a property except for an easement abutting a street, unless specifically requested by a public utility provider, but there is nothing in place regarding viable survey monument protection for corner markers in subdivisions and partitions.

HB 2713-A specifies that utility infrastructure may not be placed within one foot of a property corner in a subdivision or partition plat. The measure also changes the definition of "partition land" to help ease the problem of property owners who purchased unlawfully divided property. Many parcels have been created throughout Oregon prior to the current partitioning statute. In most cases, deeds were issued, and property ownership has changed several times since the initial division. When the latest property owner approaches their local planning authority to develop their land, they often find that their parcel was illegally divided.