## 74th OREGON LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY - 2007 Regular Session MEASURE: HB 2486 STAFF MEASURE SUMMARY CARRIER: Rep. Holvey

House Committee on Business and Labor

**REVENUE: Revenue statement issued** 

FISCAL: No fiscal impact

**Action:** Do Pass **Vote:** 5 - 0 - 2

Yeas: Berger, Edwards C., Holvey, Rosenbaum, Schaufler

Nays: 0

**Exc.:** Esquivel, Smith P.

**Prepared By:** Theresa Van Winkle, Administrator

**Meeting Dates:** 2/19, 4/2

**WHAT THE MEASURE DOES:** Establishes that the bond required by Oregon Liquor Control Commission (OLCC) for the operation of a winery cover taxes on the sale and use of the winery's agricultural equipment. Allows the OLCC to waive bond for wineries if the licensee was not liable for a privilege tax in the immediate preceding calendar year, and does not expect to be liable in the current calendar year, or if the winery was established in the current calendar year and does not expect to be liable for a privilege tax in the current calendar year.

## **ISSUES DISCUSSED:**

- Dollar amount of the required surety bond
- Small wineries will be able to avoid the expense of paying for a surety bond because they do not produce enough wine for a privilege tax to be imposed
- Difference between privilege tax and tonnage tax

## **EFFECT OF COMMITTEE AMENDMENT:** No amendment.

**BACKGROUND:** Oregon wineries are required to provide a surety bond to the Oregon Liquor Control Commission (OLCC) to cover unpaid wine taxes. However, the surety bond does not cover grape tonnage taxes, and the OLCC is denied from easily seeking payment of unpaid tonnage tax. HB 2486 permits the surety bond to cover unpaid tonnage tax, and also creates a discretionary exception to the surety bond requirement for small wineries that are eligible for the small production exception from wine privilege taxes.

A winery pays a tonnage tax for grapes they use to process into wine at the current rate of \$25 per ton, with the tax proceeds going primarily toward research at institutions such as Oregon State University to further the state's horticulture industry. A winery is exempt from paying a privilege tax on the first 40,000 gallons, or 151,000 liters, of wine sold annually in Oregon, which comes from a United States manufacturer of wines annually producing less than 100,000 gallons, or 379,000 liters.